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# CHETHOLT 

AR JOMANGEN.


WITH I\&LUSTRATIONS BY H.K.BROWNE

## CRICHTON

## B7

## IILLIAN HARRISON AINSWORTI

Ergo, flos jurenum, Scotiæ spes, Palladis ingens, Ereptimque decus Musarum e dulcibus ulnis, Te, quamvis sileant alii, Critone, poetæ,
Teque, tuamque necem nunquam mea Musa silebit. Abernethy. Musa Campestris

WITH ILLUSTRATIONS BY HABLOT K. BROWNE

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## preface.

There is a passage in David Buchanan's memorial of Crichton, in which, alluding to the deadly emmity borne towards the Admirable Scot by Vincenzo di Gonzaga, he assigns as the cause-" quod amasiam principis deperiret." This passage may be regarded as the text of the narrative of Sir Thomas Urquhart, and of the following Romance. To a certain extent I have pursued the course taken by the never-sufficiently-to-be-admired Knight of Cromarty, whose "Discoverie of a Jewel" is, indeed, a jewel of a book. Urquhart's descriptions of the masque and duel at Mantua are inimitable. So thoroughly was this singular writer imbued with the spirit of Rabelais (of whom he has left an unfnished, but, so far as it goes, most exquisite translation), that in his account of the disputation in the college of Navarre, he seems to have unconsciously imitated Panurge's controversy with Thaumast, the Englishman, while, in the " true pedigree and lineal descent of the ancient and honourable family of Urquhart," he appears anxious to emulate the mį̧hty genealogical honours of the good Pantagruel. Sir Thomas, however, is a joyous spirit-a right Pantagruelist; and if he occasionally

Projicit ampullas et sesquiped̃alia verba,
he has an exuberance of wit and playfulness of fancy that amply redeems his tendency to fanfaronade.

In my endearour to illustrate the various shades of Criehton's many* coloured character, I have, perhaps, touched too lightly on its scholastis features. But feeling that adequately to exhibit one of the scenes of intellectual digladiation in which he was so frequently and so triumphantly engaged, it would require the possession of a depth of learning little inferior to that of the invincible disputant himself, I have elected as the safer and more suitable course to portray him as the preux cheva lier and all-accomplished gallant, rather than as the philosopher and dialectitian.

Boccalini's "Satiric Sketch," Sir Thomas Urquhart's "Jewel," and other allusions of more accredited biographers, would justify me in giving my hero an air of gallantry, were it possible to conceive that lie who surpassed all the aspiring spirits of the age in which he flourished in the feats of arts and arms (and whose aim was to excel in everything), could be behind them in their excesses, especially when those very excesses tended to advance his reputation. The manners of the time were corrupt in the extreme; and the fascinations of the belles et honnêtes dames et demoiselles of the Court of Catherine de Medicis were such as required more stoicism to withstand than the handsome Scot cared to practise. The reader may, if he chooses, speedily gather a notion of the universal profligacy of the period from the bons contes of Brantôme, and the different memoirs included in the "Journal of Henri III."

What I have advanced respecting Margaret de Valois is fully borne out by the Divorce Satirique, and the details of Scipio Dupleix. The majestic and terrible figure of Catherine de Medicis is too deeply 1 m pressed upon the page of history to make it necessary to advert to the sources whence I have transferred its lineaments tc riy canvas.

It only now remains to speak of Vincenzo di Gonzaga, whose cause has been warmly but unsuccessfully advocated by Dr. Black. Notwithstanding his patronage of men of letters (extended towards them as much from ostentation as any other motive by the varicus Italian rulers of the time), this prince was, we learn from Muratori, exceedingly luxurious and profuse in his habits-" gran giocatore, grande scialacquator dal danaro, sempre involto fra il lusso, egli amori, sempre in lieti pasJatempi o di festi, o di balli, o di musiche, o di commedie." Sismondi, who has given an excellent summary of his character, says-"il amait arce passion lcs femmes le jeu, la danse, le théâtre." And Possevino, the annalist (and, therefore, the panegyrist) of his family, expressly alludes to his vindictive disposition - "quidam cindicte nimium, ideoque in abrupta trachom opinantur." For the rest, I may affirm with Victor Hugo-" que souvent les fables the peuple font la vérité du poète."

## CONTENTS．

## 1300K II

CHAP． PAOB ..... 1
I．The Scholars
I．The Scholars
II．The Gelosa ..... 18
III．The Rectur ..... 21
IV．An English Bulldoo ..... 33
V．Cosmo Ruggieri ..... 39
VI．The Mask ..... 43
3book 非．
I．The Court of Henry III． ..... 51
II．Esclairmonde ． ..... 64
III．Henri III． ..... 72
IV．Catherine de Medicis ..... 76
V．Margcerite de Valois ..... 84
VI．The（bratory ..... 92
VII．The Bezoar ..... 104
VIII．The Jester ..... 119
IX．Tue Sabarcane ..... 126
X．Tife Hotel de Soissons ..... 141
XI．The Laboratory ..... 149
XII．The Incantation ..... 157
Xili．Tife Magic Ring ..... 172
XIV．The Two Masks ..... 181
XV．Tife Column of Catrerine de Medicls ..... 191
3book 形止．
I．Hic Bibitur： ..... 199
II．The Huguenot ..... 219
III．The Procession ..... 226
IV．The Lists ..... 232
V．Tile Pavilion ..... 242
VI．The Bearnais ..... 255
VII．The Barb ..... 268
VIIf．The Englishman ..... 273
IX．The Two Henris ..... 282
X．Tife Missal ..... 295
XI．Tife Buld ..... 308
XiI．The Prize ..... 318
XIII．The Dungeon ..... 325
XIV．The Conspiracy ..... 332
前prícs．
The Scotitisa Cavalier ..... 17
The Admirable Scot ..... 50
Margderite ..... 101
A． ..... 110
The Thirty Requisites ..... 111
PAGE
＇Tue＇Tempration of Sant Axthosy ..... 113
The Tuiree Ongies ..... 117
The Legeni）of Valide\％， ..... 121
Anacreontic Ode ..... 124
The litage of Bourbons ..... id．
Tife Ditty of Degiesctif ..... 128
Tue Sword of Bayard ..... 129
luser and Zorayd．a ..... 132
Yolanie ..... 133
Esclailimonde ..... 135
Ale ayd fack ..... 14.3
Incantation ..... 170
Song of the Spirit ..... 172
Invocation ..... 174
Tue Surcemek＇s Sapibati ..... 175
Venite Potenus ..... 206
Song of tie Scholar ..... 209
The Curonicle of Gargeavtia ..... 210
Song of the Sorbonist． ..... 214
Charles IX．at Montradcon ..... 217
Les ples rovges y sont pits ..... － 260
Druid ..... 278
Love＇s Homily ..... 334
Appcnðix．
Epicediun on the Cardinal Borroneo ..... 343
To Gaspar Visconti ..... 349
ILLUSTRATIONS．
PAGE
1．THE DESCENT OF THE COLUMN ..... 196
2．CIICHTON AT TIE GATE OF THE COLLEGE OF NAVARRE •（TITLE） ..... 1
3．TIIF：CONFLICL WITII THE STUDENTS ..... 38
4．PLEFENTATION OF FSCLAIRMGNDE TO HENBI LIX． ..... 66
5．THL Mol：TA：DEFIANCE BY THE MASK ..... 81
6．THE OlRATOLY ..... 97
7．THE VGNICE ERASS ..... 119
४．HENRI AN゙り TIIE HENOISELHE TORIGNI ..... 139
9．CRICHTON＇S RENCOUNTER WITII OGIINV AND B\＆OLNT BEFORE TILE FAl．CON ..... 144
10．TIIE LABOHATOEY ..... 156
11．THE F F．Z7に ..... 189
12．HENRY OF NAVARIE AT IHE FALCOS ..... － 212
13．HEBOURS RECOGNISINGG HENIS ..... 223
14．TIIE PROCESSION ..... 228
15．TILE LISTS ..... 238
16．TIIE PAVILION ..... 249
17．THE BCLL ..... 317
 ..... 321

## CRICHTON.

## BOOK TIIE FIRST.-CIIAPTER I.

## THE SCHOLARS.

Tu viens doncques de Paris? dist Pantagruel-Et à quoy passez-vous le temps vous aultres Messieurs Estudians au dict Paris?-Rabelais.-P'antagruel.Liv. II., chap. vi.

Towards the close of Wednestay, the 4 th of February, 5579 , a vast assemblage of scholars was collected before the Gothic grateway of the ancient college of Navarre. So numerous was this concourse, that it not merely blocked up the area in front of the renowned seminary in question, but extended far down the Rue de la Montagne Sainte-Génćviève, in which it is situated. Never had such a disorderly rout been brought together since the days of the uproar in 1557, when the predecessors of these turbulent students took up arms, marched in a body to the Pré-aux-Cleres, set fire to three houses in the vicimity, and slew a sergeant of the giuard, who vainly endeavoured to restrain their fury. Their last election of a rector, Messire Adrien D'Amboise, "puter eruditionum," as he is kleseribed in his epitaph, when the same body congregated within the cloisters of the Mathurins, and thence proceeded, in tumultuous array, to the church of Saint-Louis, in the isle of the same name,-had been nothing to it. Erery scholastic hive sent forth: its drones. Sorbonne, and Montaign, Cluny, Harcourt, the Four Nations, and a host of minor establishments-in all, amounting to forty-two-cach added its swarms; and a pretty buzzing they ereated! The fair of Saint-Germain had only commenced the day before; but though its festivities were to continue till Palm Sunday, and though it was the constant resort of the scholars, who committed, during their days of carnival, ten thousand excesses, it was now absolutely deserted.

The Pomme-de-l'in, the Castel, the Magdaleine, and the Mule.
those tabernes méritoires, celebrated in Pantagruel's conference with. the Limosin student, which has conferred upon them an immortality like that of our own hostel, the Mermaid, were wholly neglected; the diec-box was laid aside for the nonce; and the wellused cards were thrust into the doublets of these thirsty tipplers of the schools.

But not alone did the crowd consist of the brawler, the gambler, the bully, and the debtuchee, though these, it must be confessed, predominated. It was a grand medley of all seets and classes. 'The modest demeanotio of the retilitg, fale-browed student, was contrasted witt the ferocious aspect and reekless bearing of his immediate neighbour, whose appearance was little better than that of a bravo. The grave theologian and embryo ecelesiastic were placed in juxta-position with the scolling and licentious acolyte; while lawyer in posse, and the law-breaker in esse, were numbered amongst a group, whose pursuits were those of violence and fiatd.

Various as were the characters that composed it, not less diversiffed were the costumes of this heterogeneous assemblage. Subject to no particular regulations as to dress, or rather openly infueting them, if any such were attempted to be enforeed,--each seliolar, to whatever college he belonged, attired himself in such garments as best suited his taste or his finances. Taking it altogether, the mob was neither remarkable for the fashion, nor the cleanliness of the apparel of its members.

From Rabelais we learn that the passion of play was so strongly implanted in the students of his day, that they would frequently stake the points of their doublets at trie-trac or trou-madame ; and Dut little inprovement had taken place in their morals or manners some half century afterwards. '1 he buckle at their girdle-the mantle on their shoulders-the shirt to their back-often stood the hazard of the die; and hence it not mnfrequently heppened, that a rusty pourpoint and ragred chausses were all the covering which the luckless dicers could enumerate, owing, no doubt, "to the extreme rarity and penury of pecune in their marsupres."

Round or square caps, hoods and cloaks of black, grey, or other sombre hue, were, however, the prevalent gar'o of the members of the university ; but here and there might be seen some gayer specimen of the tribe, whose broad-rimmed, high-erowned felt hat and flaunting feather; whose puifed-out sleeves and exagrerated ruff-with starched plaits of such amplitude that they had been not inappropriately named plats de S'aint Jean Baptiste, from the resemblance which the wearer's head bore to that of the saint, when deposited in the charger of the danghter of Herodias, were intended to ape the leading mode of the elegant court of their sovereign Henri Trois.
'Io such an extent had these insolent youngsters carried their licence of imitation, that certain of their members, fresh from the fair
of St. Germain, and not wholly unacquainted with the hippocras of the suttlers crowding its mart, wore around their throats cnormous collars of paper, eut in rivalry of the legitimate plaits of muslin, and bore in their hands long hollow sticks, from which they discharged peas and other missiles in imitation of the surbacanes then in rogue with the monarch and his favourites.

Thus funtastically tricked out, on that same day-nay, only a few hours before, and at the fair above-mentioned. had these facetions wights, with more merriment than diseretion, ventured to exhibit themselves before the coriege of Hemi, and to exclaim lond enough to reach the cars of royalty, "a la fraise on comnot le vean!"-a piece of pleasantry for which they subsequently paid dear.

Notwithstanding its shablby appearance in detail, the general eflect of this schclastic rabble was striking and pieturesque. The thick moustaches and pointed beards with which the lips and chins of most of them were decorated, gave to their physiognomics a manly and determined air, fuily borne out by their unrestrainel carriage and deportment. To a man, almort all were armed with a tough vine-wood bludgeon, called in their language an estoc volant, tipped and shod with steel-a weapon fully understood by them, and rendered, by their dexterity in the use of it, formidable to their adversaries. Not a few carried at their girdles the short rapier, so celcbrated in their ducls and brawls, or concealed within their bosom a poignard or a two-edged knife.

The scholars of Paris have ever been a turbulent and magovernable race ; and at the period of which this history treats, and, indeed, long. before, were little better than a licensed horde of robbers, consisting of a pack of idle and wayward youths drafted from all parts of Europe, as well as from the remoter provinces of their own nation. There was little in common between the mass of students and their brethren, excepting the fellowship resulting from the miversal licence in which all indulged. Hence their thousand combats amongst themselves-combats almost invariably attended with fatal consequences-and which the heads of the university found it impossible to check.

Their own scanty resources, eked out by what little they could derive from beggary or robbery, formed their chief subsistence ; for many of them were positive mendicants, and were so denominated; and, being possessed of a sanctuary within their own quarters, to which they could at convenience retire, they submitted to the constraint of no laws except those enfored within the jurisdiction of the university, and hesitated at no means of enriching themselves at the expense of their neighbours. Hence, the frequent warfire waged between them and the brethren of Saint Germain des Prés, whose monastic domains adjoined their territorics, and wiose meadows were the constant chainp clos of their skirmishes; accordinge to Duhare-presque tnujours un théâtic de tumulte, de
galanterie, de combats, de ducls, de débauches, ct àe sedition. Hence their sangminary conflicts with the grood eitizens of Paris, to whom they were wholly obnoxious, and who occasionally repaid their aggressions with interest. In 1407 , two of their number, convicted of assassination and robbery, were condemned to the gibbet, and the sentence was carried into excention; but so great was the uproar occasioned in the university by this violation of its immumities, that the provost of Paris, Guillaume de Ti,gnonville, was compelled to take down their bodies from Montfaucon, and sce them honourably and ceremonionsly intered. This recognition of their rights only served to make matters worse, and for a series of years the nuisance contimed unabated.

It is not our purpose to record all the excesses of the miversity, nor the means taken for their suppression. Vainly were the civil authorities arrayed against them. Vainly were bulls thundered from the Vatican. No amendment was effected. The weed might be cut down, but was never entircly extirpated. Their fouds were transmitted from generation to gencration, and their old bone of contention with the abbot of Saint Germain (the Préanx-Cleres') was, after an uninterrupted strife for thirty years, submitted to the arbitration of the Pope, who very equitably refused to pronounce judgment in favour of cither party.

Such were the scholars of Paris in the sixteenth century-such the character of the clamorous crew who besieged the portals of the college of Navarre.

The object that summoned together this unruly multitude, was, it appears, a desire on the part of the scholars to be present at a public controversy, or learned disputation, then occurring within the great hall of the college before which they were congregated, and the disappeintment caused by their finding the gates closed, and all entrance denied to them, oceasioned their present disposition to riot.

It was in vain they were assured by the halberdiers stationed at the gates, and who, with crossed pikes, strove to resist the onward pressure of the mob, that the hall and court were already crammed to overflowing, that there was not room even for the sole of a foot of a doctor of the facultics, and that their orders were positive and imperative that none beneath the degree of a bachelor or licentiate should be admitted, and that a troop of marrinets* and bejaunes $\dagger$ could have no possible claim to admission. In vain they were told this was no ordinary disputation, no common controversy, that all were alike entitled to license of ingress, that the disputant was no undistinguished scholar, whose renown did not extend beyon his own trilling sphere, and whose opinions, therefore, few would care to hear, and still fewer to

[^0]oppergn, but a foreigner of high rank, in high favour and fashion, and not more remarkable for lis extraordinary intellectual endowments, than for his brilliant personal accomplishments. In vain the trembling oflicials sought to elinch their arguments by stating, that not alone did the conclave consist of the chief members of the university, the senior doctors of theology, medicine, and law, the professors of the humanities, rhetoric, and philosophy, and all the various other dignitaries; but that the debate was honoured by the presence of Monsien' Christophe de 'Thou, first president of parliament ; by that of the learned Jacques Augustin, of the same name; by one of the secretaries of state and governor of Paris, M. René de Villequier; by the ambassadors of Elizabeth, Queen of England; and of Philip II., King of Spain, and several of their suite; by Abbé de Brantome; by M. Miron, the court physician; by Cosino Ruggieri, the Queen Mother's astrologer; by the renowned pocts and masque writers, Maítres Ronsard, Maif, and Philippe Desportes; by the well-known advocate of parliament, Messire Etienne Pasquier; but, also (and here came the gravamen of the objection to their admission) by the two especial favourites of his majesty and leaders of aftiirs, the seigneurs of Joycuse and D'Epernon.

It was in vain the students were informed that, for the preservation of strict decormm, they had been commanded by the rector to make fast the gates. No excuses would avail them. 'The scholars were cogent reasoners, and a show of staves soon brought their opponents to a nomplus. In this line of argument they were perfectly aware of their ability to prove a major.
"'To the wall with them-to the wall!" eried a hundred infuri ated voices. "Down with the halberdiers-down with the gatesdown with the disputants-down with the rector himself!-Deny our privileges! 'l's the wall with old Adrien d'Amboisc-erslude the disciples of the university from their own halls!-cury favour with the court minions!-hold a public controversy in pri-vate!-down with him! We will issue a mandamus for a new election on the spot!"

Whereupon a deep groan resomnded throughout the crowd. It was succeeded by a volley of fresh execrations against the rector, and an angry demonstration of bludgeons, accompanied by a brisk shower of peas from the sarbacanes.

The officials turned pale, and calculated the chamee of a broken neek in reversion, with that of a broken crown in immediate possession. The former being at least contingent, appeared the mider alternative, and they might have been inclined to adopt it, had not a further obstacle stood in their way. The gate was barred withinside, and the vergers and bedels who had the custorly of the door, though alarmed at the tumult without, positively redsed to unfusten it.

Again, the threats of the scholars were renewed, and further intimations of violence were exhibited. Again the peas rattled upon the hands and faces of the halberdiers, till their ears tingled with pain. "Prate to us of the king's favourites," cried one of the formost of the scholars, a youth decorated with a paper collar; "they may rule within the precincts of the Louvre, but not within the walls of the miversity. Mangreblen! We hold them cheap enough. We heed not the idle bark of these full-fed court lapdogs. What to us is the bearer of a bilboquet? By the four evangelists, we will have none of them here! Let the Gasconeadet, D'Epernon, reflect on the fate of Quélus and Maugiron, and let our gay Joyeuse beware of the dog's death of Saint Mégrin. Place for better men-place for the schools-away with frills and sarbacanes!"
"What to us is a president of parliament, or a governor of the city?" shouted another of the same gentry. "W'e care nothing for their ministration. We recognise them not, save in their own courts. All their authority fell to the ground at the gate of the Rue Saint Jacques, when they entered our dominions. We eare for no partics. We are politiques, and stece a middle course. We hold the Guisards as cheap as the Huguenots, and the brethren of the League weigh as little with us as the followers of Calvin. Our only sovereign is Gregory XIII., Pontifl' of Rome. Away with the Guise and the Béanais!"
"Away with Ilemri of Navarre, if you please," cried a scholar of Harcourt; " or Hemri of Valois, if you list, but, by all the saints, not with Henri of Lorraine, he is the fast friend of the true faith. No !-no!-live the Guise-live the Holy Union !"
"Away with Elizabeth of England," cricd a scholar of Cluny; "what doth her representative here? Seeks he a spouse for her amongst our schools? She will have no great bargain, I own, if she bestows her royal hand upon our Duc d'Anjou."
"If you value your buff jerkin, I counsel you to say nothing elighting of the Queen of England in my hearing," returned a bluff, broad-shouldered fellow, raising his bludgeon after a menacing fashion. He was an Englishman belonging to the Four Nations, and had a huge bull-dog at his heels.
"Away with Philip of Spain and his ambassador," cried a Bernardin.
": Por los ojos de mi Dama!" ericd a Spaniard belonging to the College of Narbonne, with huge monstaches curled hall way up lis bronzed and insolent visage, and a slonehed hat pulled over his lrow. "This may not pass muster. The represcntative of the King of Spain must be respected even by the Academics of Lutetia. Which of you shall gainsay me? -ha!".
"What bnsiness has he here with his suite, on occasions like to the present?" returned the Bernardin. "T'ête-Dicu! this disputation is one that little concerns the interest of your politic king;
and methinks Dom Philip, or his representative, has regard for little else than whatsoever advances his own interest. Your ambassador hath, I doubt not, some latent motive for his present atten dance in our schools."
"Perchance," returned the Spaniard. "We will discuss that point anon."
"And what doth the pander of the Sybarite within the dusty halls of learuing?" cjaculated a scholar of Lemoine. "What doth the jealons-pated slayer of his wife and unborn child within the reach of free-spoken voices, and mayhap of well-directed blades? Methinks it were more prudent to tarry within the bowers of his harem, than to hazard his perfumed person among us."
"Well said," rejoined the scholar of Cluny-" down with René de Villequier, though he be Gorernor of Paris."
"What title hath the Abbé de Brantome to a seat amongst us?" said the scion of Harcourt; "certes he hath a reputation for wit, and scholarship, and gallantry. But what is that to us? Ilis place might now be filled by worthier men."
"And what, in the devil's name, brings Coamo Ruggieri hithere" asked the Bernardin. "What doth the wrinkled old dealer in the black art hope to learn from us? We are not givea to alchemy, and the necult seiences; we practise no hidden my'sterics; we brew no philtres; we componind no slow poisons; we rend no waxen images. What doth he here, I say! 'Tís a scandal in the rector to permit his presence. And what if he came under the safeguard, and by the authority of his mistress, Catherine de Medicis! Shall we regard her passport? Down with the leathen abbé, his abominations have been endured too long; they smell rank in our nostrils. Think how he ensnared La Molethink on his numberless victims. Who mixed the infernal potion of Charles IX.? Let him answer that. Down with the infidelthe Jew-the sorecrer! The stake were too good for him. Down with Ruggicri, I say."
"Ay, down with the accursed astrologer," echoed the whole crew. "He has done abondant mischief in his time. A day of reckoning has arrived. Hath he east his own horoscope? Did he foresce his own fate? IIa! ha!"
"And then the poets," eried another member of the Foun Nations,-" a plaguc on all three. Would they were elsewhere. In what does this disputation concern them? Pierre Ronsard, being an offlhoot of this same College of Navarre, hath indubitably a clam upon our consideration. But he is old, and I marrel that his gout permitted him to hobble so farr. O, the merecnary old scribbler! His late verses halt like himself, yet he lowereth not the price of his masques. Besides which he is grown moral, and unsays all his former good things. Mort-Dicu! your superamuated bards ever recant the indiscretions of their nonage. Clement Marot took to psalm-writing in his old age.

As to Baif, his name will searee outlast the scencry of his ballets, his plays are out of fashion since the Gelosi arrived. He deserves no place amongst ins. And Philip Desportes owes all his present preferment to the Vicomede de Joyense. However, he is not altogether devoid of merit--let him wear his bays, so he trouble us not with his company. Lioom for the sophisters of Narbome, I say. To the dogs with poctry!"
"Morblen!" exelaimed another. "What are the sophisters of Narbome to the decretists of the Sorbomne, who will discuss you a position of Cornelins is Lapide, or a sentence of l'eter lombard, as readily as you would a tlask of hippocras, or a slice of botargo. Ay, and cry transeat to a thesis of Aristotle, though it be against rule. What sayst thou, Capète?" continued he, addressing his neighbour, a scholar of Montaigu, whose modest grey eapuchin procured him this appellation; "Are we the men to be thus scurvily entreated?"
"I see not that your merits are greater than ours," returned he of the eapuch, "though our boasting be less. The followers of the lowly John Standoncht are as well able to maintain their tenets in controversy as those of Robert of Sorbon? and I see no reason why entrance should be denied us. The honour of the university is at stake, and all its strength should be mustered to assert it."
"Rightly spoken," returned the Bernardin, "and it were a lasting disgrace to our schools were this arrogant Scot to carry off their laurels when so many who might have been found to lower his crest are allowed no share in their defence. The contest is one that concerns us all alike. We at least can arbitrate in case of ${ }^{\circ}$ need."
"I care not for the honours of the university," refoined one of the Ecossais, or Scotch College, then existing in the Rue des Amandiers, "lut I care much for the giory of my countryman, and I would gladly have witnessed the triumph of the disciples of Rutherford, and of the chassic Buchanam. But if the arbitrament to which you would resort is to be that of voices merely, I am glacl the rector in his wisdom has thought fit to keep you without, even though I myself be personally inconvenienced by it."
"Hijo di Dios! what fine talking is this?" retorted the Spaniard. "There is litt'e chance of the triumph you predicate for your countryman. Trust me, we shall have to greet his departure from the debate with many hisses and few cheers; and if we could penetrate through the plates of yon iron door and gaze into the court it conceals from our view, we should find that the loftiness of his pretensions has been already hmmbled, and his arguments gravelled. Por la Litamia de los Santos! to think of comparing an obscure student of the pitiful College of Saint Andrew with the crudite doctors of the most erudite university in the world, always excepting those of Valencia and Salamanca. It needs all thy country's assurance to kecp the blush of shame from mantling in thy cheeks."
"The seminary you revile," replied the Seot, haughtily, "has been the nursery of our Scottish kings. Nay, the youthful James Stuart pursued his studie : under the same roof, beneath the sume wise instruction, and at the self-same time as our noble and gified James Crichton, whom you have falsely denominated an adventurer, but whose lineage is not less distinguished than his learning. Ilis renown has preceded him hither, and he was not unknown to your doctors when he alfixed hisprogramme to these college walls. Hark!" continued the speaker, exultingly, "and listen to yon evidence of his trimmph."

And as he spoke, a loud and continued elapping of hands proceeding from within was distinctly heard above the rour of the students.
"That may be at his defeat," muttered the Spaniard, between his tecth.
"No such thing," replied the Scot. "I heard the name of Crichton mingled with the plaudits."
"And who may be this l'honix-this Gargantua of intellectwho is to vanquish us all, as Panurge did Thammast, the English. man?" asked the Sorbonist of the Scot.- "W' ho is he that is more philosophic than Pythagoras?-ha!"
"Who is more studious than Carneades!" said the Bernardin.
" More versatile than Alcibiades!" said Montaigu.
" More subtle than Averroès!" cried Inarcomrt.
"More mystical than Plotinus!" said one of the Fonr Nations.
" More visionary than Artemidorus!" said Cluny.
" More infallible than the Pope!" added Icmoinc.
"And who pretends to dispute de omni scï̈ili!" shouted tho Spaniard.
" Et quolibet erte !" added the Sorbonist.
" Mine ears are stumned with your vociferations," replied the Scot. "You ask me who James Crichton is, and yourselves give the response. You have mockingly said he is a rara avis; a prodigy of wit and learning; and you have umintentionally spoken the truth. He is so. But I will tell yon that of him of which you are wholly ignorant, or which you have desienedly overlooked. His condition is that of a Scottish gentleman of high rank. Jike your Spanish grandee, he need not doff his cap to kings. On either side hath he the best of blood in his reins. His mother was a Sturart directly descended from that reasl line. His father, who ownetly the fair domains of Eliock and Chmy, was Lord Advocate to our bonny and luckless Mary (whom Heaven assoilzie!) and still holds his high office. Methinks the Lairds of Crichton might have been heard of here. Howbeit, they are well known to me, who being an Ogilvy of Balfour, have often heard tell of a certain contract or obligation, whereby-"
"Basta !" interrupted the Spaniard, " heed not thine own affairs, worthy Scot. Tell us of this Crichton-ha!"
"I have told you alroaly more than I ought to have told," replied Ogilvy, sullenly. "And if you lack further information respecting James Crichton's favour at the Louvre, his feats of arms, and the esteem in which he is held by all the dames of honour in attendance upon your Queon Mother, Catherine de Medicis-and moreover," he added, with somewhat of sarcasm, "with her fair danghter, Marguerite de Valois-you will do well to address yourself to the King's buffoon Maitre Chicot, whom I see not far off. Few there are, mothinks, who could in such short space have won so much favour, or acquired such bright renown."
" Humph!" muttered the Englishman, "your Scotsmen stick by each other all the world over. This James Crichton may or may not be the hero he is vaunted, but I shall mistrust his praises from that quarter, till I find their truth confirmed."
"He las, to be sure, acquired the character of a stout swordsman," said the Bernardin, "to give the devil his due."
"He has not met with his match at the salle-d'armes, thongh he has crossed blales with the first in France," replied Ogilyy.
"I have seen him at the Mamerge," said the Sorbonist, " go through his course of equitation, and being a not altogether unskilful l:orseman myself, I can report favourably of his performance."
"'There is none among your youtly can sit a steed like him," returned Ogilvy, " nor can any of the jousters carry off the ring with more certainty at the lists. I would fain hold my tongue, but you enforce me to speak in his praise."
"Cuerpo di Dios !" exclumed the Spaniard, half unsheathing the lengthy weapon that hung by his side. "I will hold you a wager of ten rose-nobles to as many silver reals of Spain, that with this stameh Toledo I will orercome your vaunted Crichton in close fight in any manner or practice of fence or digladiation which he may appoint-sword and dagger, or sword only-stripped to the girdle or armed to the tecth. Por la sunta Trinidad ! I will have satisfaction for the contumelions affiont he hath put upon the very leamed gymmasium to which I belong; and it would gladden me to clip the wings of this loud-crowing cock, or of any of his dunghill crew," added he, with aseomfily westure at the Scoteman.
"If that be ell you seek, you shall not need to go far in your quest," returned Ogily. "Tary till this controversy be ended, and if I match not your Spanish blade with a Scotti-h broadsword, and approve you as recreant at lieart as you are boaschil and ingurious of specelh, may Saint Andrew for ever after withhold from me his protection."
"Diablo!" exclamed the Spaniard. "Thy Scottish saint will little avail thee, since thou hast incurred my indignation. Betake thee, therefore, to thy paternosters, if thou hast grace withal to
matter them ; for within the hour thou art assuredry food for the kites of the Pré-aux-Cleres-st-ha !"
" Look to thyrelf, vile bracrgart !" rejoined Ogilvy, scornfully ; "I promise thee thon shalt need other intercession than thine own to purchase safety at my hands."
"Courage, Master Ogilvy," said the Englishman, " thou wilt do well to slit the eris of this Spanish swash-buekler. I warmat me he hides a craven spirit bencath that slashed pourpoint. Thou art in the right, man, to make him eat his words. Be this Cichton what he may, he is, at least, thy countryman, and in part mine own."
"And as such I will uphold him," said Ogilly, "against any odds."
"Bravo! my valorous Don Diego Carava u," said the Sorbonist, slapping the Spaniard on the shoulder, and spaking in his ear. "Shall these seurvy Seots carry all before them? - I warrant me, no. We will make common cause against the whole bergarly nation; and in the meanwhile we intrust thee with this particular quarrel. See thou acquit thyself in it as beseemeth a descendant of the Cid."
"Account him already abased," returned Caravaja. "By Pelayo, I would the other were at his back, that both might be transfixed at a blow-ha!"
"To return to the subject of difference," said the Sorbonist, who was too much delighted with the prospect of a ducl to allow the quarrel a chance of subsiding, while it we's in his power to fan the flame; "to return to the difference," said he, aloud, glancing at Ogilvy; "it must be conceded that, as a wassailer, this Crichton is without a peer. None of us may preslume to cope with him in the matter of the flask and the flagon, though we number amongst us some jolly topers. Frier John, with the Priestess of Bacbuc, was a washy bibber compared with hinn."
"He worships at the shrines of other priestesses besides hers of l3acbuc, if I be not wrongly intormed;" added Montaigu, who understood the drift of his companion.
"Else wherefore our rejoinder to his cartels?" returned the Sorbonist. "Do you not call to mind that bencath his arrogant deffance of our learned body, affixed to the walls of the Sorbonne, it was written, "That he who would behold this miracle of leaming must hie to the tavern or the bordel ?" Wias it not so, my hidalgo ?"
"I have myself seen him at the temulentive tavern of the Falcon," retumed Caravaja, "and at the lupanarian haunts in the Champ-Gaillard and the Val-d'Amour. You understand me-ha!"
"Ha! ha! ha!" chorussed the scholars. "Jannes Crichton is no stoic. He is a disciple of Epicurus. Vel in puellam impingit, vel in poculum-ha! ha!"
""Tis said that he hath dealings with the Evil One," observedi the man of Harcourt, with a mysterious air; "and that, like Jeane
d'Are, he hath surrendered his soul for his tomporal welfare Hence his wondrous lore; hence his supernatural beauty and accomplishments; hence his power of fascinating the fair sex; hence his constant run of luck with the dice; hence, also, his invulnerablenes to the sword."
"'Tis said, also, that he has a frmiliar spirit, who attends him in the semblance of a black dor," said Montaigu.
"Or in that of a dwarf, like the sooty imp of Cosmo Rurgieri," said llarcourt. "Is it not so ?" he asked, turning to the Scot.
" He lies in his throat who says so," eried Ogilvy, losing ail patience. "To one and all of you 1 breathe defiance; and there is not a brother in the college to which I belong who will not maintain my quarcel."

A loud laugh of derision followed this sally; and, ashamed of having justly exposed himself to ridicule by his idle and unworthy display of passion, the Scotsman held his peace and enceavoured to turm a deaf car to their tamis.

## CilAPTER II.

## TIIE GELOSO.

Ham.-Will you play upon this pipe?
Guil.-My lord, I cannot.
Hum.-I pray you. Sharispeare.
Winile his cye glanced fiercely round upon his tormentors, Ogilvy suddenly encountered the dark and carnest orbs of a youth, standing at a little distance from him, but fully within hearing of their contention, who appeared to take a lively interest in the cause of quarrel, though his sympathy was evidently strongly enlisted in behalf of the Scotsinan. 'There was something in the appearance of this youth that, despite the excitement of his feelings, at once arrested the attention of Ogilvy.

In age, the youth could not be more than eighteen, perhaps not so much, as lis slight, though exquisitely symmetrical figure, fragile eren to effeminacy, denoted immaturity. But the fire and intelligence of his glances showed that his spirit and resolution were far in advance of his years. Tresses of jetty hair overshadowed his flushed cheek-the oliye tint of which, together with his intensely black eyes, proclaimed him a native of some more southern clime-while his attire, though not otherwise singular, was neither that of a member of the university nor accordant with any of the received usages then adopted by the good citizens of Paris. A cap of green Genoa velset fell on one side of his head; a mantle of the same material, and of ampler fold than was the mode, was clasped with a chain of gold, and disposed so as best to hide his slender shape, and to give a semblance of more manly width to his narrow proportion of shoulder.
"You are moved in my behalf, young sir," said Ogilvy, remarking that the youth still kept his eye fixed upon him, forcing his way at the same time towards the spot where he stood. "May I ask to which of our academies you belong ?"
"I belong to none of your schools," replied the youth, now shrinking from the Scot's approach as much as he had courted his attention from afar. "I came hither as a stranger, attracted solely
by curiosity to learn the result of a disputation with which all Paris rings; and having unwittingly entered this crowd, though I would fain retire, I must now perforce abide its issue, which," he added, with some hesitation, and a slight increase of colour, " will, I trust, result in the trimmph of your peerless countryman, in whose success I am, I own, nearly as much interested as yourseli."

There was a music in the tones that vibrated in a strange manner upon the heart of Ogilvy.
"As I have a soul to be saved," he thought, " but that they are boy's lips that uttered that speech, I could have swom it was the wery voice of Alarion; and, but that the eyes are darker, and it may be larger, I could swear they had the same look too. By Saint Andrew, but it is singular how like they are. I would gladly know, if he be not from my own country, what can make him express himself so warmly in behalf of James Crichton. Hark ye, young sir," he ericd aloud, "you are not, I suppose, from Scotland, are you?"

The youth could scarce forbear a smile at the inquiry; but he shook his head in denial. The smile that severed the lips displayed a row of pearls. "The very tecth are Marion's," thought Ogrilv'y.
"From Scotland?" shouted the Sorbonist. "Can any good come from out that rascal country? I know this youth well-he is one of the Gelosi-one of the Venetian troop who have the king's licence to enact their plays at the Hôtel de Bourbon. I thought I knew the face and figure, but the voice was not to be mistaken. 'Tis he who singeth the airs in the comedies; and right well, too, I warrant him. Ah!-a thought strikes me-we have a minute or two to spare, -why not employ it in a song? What say you, comrades, shall we lose this golden opportunity? - A song! -a song !"
"Bravo!-bravo!" eried the scholars, clapping their hamds. "Nothing can be better. A song by all means ;" and a cirele of faces was presently formed round the Geloso.

Meanwhile Ogilvy, not less annoyed at the turn which affairs had taken, than at the supposed imputations thrown out against the stranger, for, not being untinctured by the prejudices of his country, as to the morality of stage representations, he entertained a feeling of contempt, amounting almost to abhorrence, for the vocation of an actor, thus addressed him:-" Hath he not belied thee?" he said, with something of distrust. "Say he hath spoken falsely-say thou art no player-no hired mimic, and, by the pions memory of John Knox, I will hurl back the foul aspersion in his teeth."
"Peace !" cried the scholar of Montaigu. "Down with the froward Scot, if he ofler further interruption."
"Let him answer me, and I am dumb," returned the resolute Ogilvy. "Once more, stranger,-have I misconstrued thee?"
" You have done so if you supposed me other than I am," replied the youth, raising his head. "I am one of the Gelosi!"
"You hear him," cried the Sorbonist. "He admits it. Now, give us the song without more ado."
"I deny not my calling," 1 eplied the Gcloso, " but I will not sing at your bidding."
"W'e will sec that," returned the Sorbonist. "There are pumps within our courts whose waters are as song-compelling as those of Helicon. 'Their virtue is marvellous."
"Singre di Dios! let us drag the young spark thither," cried Caravaja ; "he"ll find his roice, I'll engage, rather than brook the catarths likely to be engendered by the gelid fount."

So saying he laid his hand rudely upon the Geloso's shoulder. The latter started back-his dark eyes shot lightnings at the aggressor, while, quick as thought, he drew forth a stiletto, and placerl it at Caravaja's throat.
"Withdraw thy hand from my person," he cried, "or by St. Mark I will strike!"

And Caravaja, secing from his mamer that the Geloso was in earnest, deemed it prudent to relinquish his hold, which he did with a shrug and his habitual braggadocio exclamation.
"Bravissimo!" shonted the bystanders with renewed acclamation; "a capital tableau. It would tell famously at the Hotel de Bourbon."
"By my faith!" said the Englishman, laughing heartily, "our Spaniard hath the worst of it."
"I pray you, signori," said the Geloso, heedless of their sareasm, taking off his cap and displaying at the same time a shower of raven ringlets. "I besecel you to let me depart without further molcstation; I have it not in my power to comply with your whises, neither do I see your title to require my compliance. Though a player, I am not wholly unfriended; and if-"
"He threatens us," said the Sorbonist ; " marked you that if? It will never do to give up our point. The song, Signor Geloso, and then depart as soon as you list."
"Never!" replied the Geloso ; " and I counsel you to beware how you drive me to extremities."
" Il none other will take the youth's part I will." said the Englishman ; "I care not if he be Geloso or Diaboloso. If all are aqainst him I am for him. The Blounts ever take the weaker side, and Simon Blount will not disgrace the name he bears. Come, Sir Scot, this quarrel is partly yours. Draw your blade, man, and stand by this poor lad, who looks as if he had never seen a blow struck betore."

A blithe jingle of small silver bells was heard amongst the crowd, offering a scasonable interruption to the brawl, and a very fantastic personage, from whom the sound proceched, strove to press forward. He was clad in a singular parti-coloured raiment, composed of white, crimson, and blue damask, so quaintly fashioned, and striped with such numberless straight and horizontal lines, that it produced the most whimsical effect imaginable. His slashed juste-au-corps was puffed out at the hips in the most extravagant
style, and served as an admivalle foil to his thin mis-shapen legs, deeked in hose of amaranthine huc. Over his shoulders was thrown a sureoat which resembled nothing so nearly as the vestment Wherewith the knave of chabs is arrayed, and which depended in huge slecves over his arms.

At the back of this surcoat the royal arms were emblazoned in gold tissue, and again displayed on either sleeve. Innumerable tares, to which, as well as to the edges of his slecves, hung the bells in question, adorned each knec. Around his neck he wore a chain of small medallions, stamped with devices à le folie, the gift of his cher Henriot, as he fraternally termed his royal master, and his tall conical cap-which had superseded the old orthodox cock's-comb, then quite out of date-had the triple points à la comette, borne by all the servitors of the court. In his hand he carried his ensign of office-the bauble, an ebony truncheon decorated with the fool's head, cast in wrought silver. A luge eseareclle, or pouch, filled with confectionery, of which he was immorlerately fond, hung at his girdle, and near it was stuck a formidable dagrger of lath.
'This bizaree figure was the king's favomite buffion Chicot.
"Sy your leave, my masters," he eried, shouldering his way throngh the erowd, and bestowing buffets with his bauble upon all "ho opposed his progress. "Why would you stop me? Folly was ever current in the University of Paris. Besides, all my wisdom is needed. They are about to souse a singer in cold water to give him a roice. That were a feat worthy the first fool in France. I should lose my post were I not to assist. Have a care, I say. Make way for the Abbé of the Béjaunes, though he be not mounted on his ass as at the Feast of the Innocents."

And planting himself immediately before the Geloso, to whom he nodded in the most familiar manner, Chieot drew his lathen dapger, and, with abundance of gesticulations and grimaces, brandished it in the face of the students. "This youth, who is my foster-brother," said the jester (here there was a loud laugh), ". is in the right to refuse you. He is engaged for the masque to-night, and must not exhibit himself before-hand. Our gossip Henriot is chary of his services. If you want music, come with us to the gates of the Louvic. The bind of the Swiss Guard is celebrated for its quick movement."
"Exasperate them not, kind sir," whispered the Geloso, "I will rather comply with their demands, unreasonable though they be, than endanger another's safety by refisal. Signori," he continued, addressing his persecutors, "I will do your bidding, provided I am free to depart when my song is ended."
"Agreed!" shouted the scholars, waving their caps. In an instant the clamour ceased. A dense ring was formed around the Geloso, while in a roice of the most exquisite modulation, though with something of sarcasm in its tone, he sang the following strain, cridently the inspiration of the moment:-

## THE SCOTTISH CAVALIER.

## I.

Frim Scotia's elime to laughing France 'lhe perless Crichton came;
Like him no knight could shiver lance, Wield sword, or worship ciame.
Alas : each maiden sighs in vain, lie turns a careless ear :
For quenly fetters hast enchain 'the Scottisheavalier !
II.

Lut not ocer camp and court, alone, Resistless ( richiton rules ;
Logiciaus next, defeated, own His empire o'er the Schools.
'Gainst soplists shrewd shall wit prevail, 'Alonght the on tome they rear;
And pedants pale, as victor, hail 'the scottish cavalier!
"No more of this," cried the Sorbonist, "this is not the song we bareaned for. We wilh have thy favomite air from La Maddalena, or the canzonet from La Florinda, or thou stirrest not, mon mignon."
"Bah!" ejaculated Chicot; "you are no judges. The song was charming, and I vate for its repetition. But the buffonery of the toop at the hôtel of the Abbe de Clugni, in the liue des Mati:iurins, would be more in your way. What say you to a motet. from their last sotie-La Farce joyeuse des béjaunes sophiste ?"
"W Ventrebleu! What mockery is this ?" eried one of the scholars with the preposterous paper collars. "Are we to be claflicred. out of our projects by yon magot-pie, who, having newly-escaped his eage, hath flown hither to babble at his case?"
"'lisis well," returned Chicot, "that, like some I wot of, I have not arrayed myself in peacock's plumes. Strut as it may, the daw will out; and roar as loudly and lion-like as lie may, the ass is an ass still. Fool as I am, I am not folly's counterfeit. The ape, but not the ape's shadow, compere. 'By the caul you may know the calf;' that is your cry, they tell me. Now. were your call-ship to be judred by that rule, we could scarce find subject fitter for the shambles."
"A thousand devils !" cried the enrared scholar. "Were yout ten times the licensed fool you are, you shall repent this insolence."
"Back!" exclaimed Blount, interposing his bludgcon so as to ward off the blow aimed at the jester's sconce. "A bloody coek'scomb were an unsecmly consummation to such gay apparel. Rescree your blows for one more able to requite them. Sce you not his weapon is of lath ?",
"Let him heep better rule over his tongue, then," replied tile angry scholar.
"Ha! ha! ha!" crice Chicot, screaming with laughter. "stay me not. 1 will conkat with him to the outrance. My marette
to his rufí, but I slay him on the exchange of a stoccata. My fecole shall prove his reveras."
"In the mean time we are losing sight of our songster," said the Sorbonist. "What liath become of the Geluso?"
" Vanished, as I think," exelaimed Caravaja. "I nowhere behold him."
"I had not remarked his departure," thonght Ogilvy, "but 'tis better thes. I could not have refused the poor youth aid in case of need, and yet my soul revolts at the thought of being embroiled in the quarrel of a stage-player. 'Tis strange the face should haunt me so much. I will think of him no more."

But, in spite of his resolution, Ogilvy could not prevent his eyes from wandering amongst the distant ranks of the scholars in search of the fugitive. His cuest was vain. During the confusion created by the jester's deliance of the student, and not improbably by his comnivance, or that of the Englishman, the Geloso had contrived, unobserved, to make good his retreat.
" Itath Maitre Chicot secreted him in his escarcelle? It is large enough," said Harcourt.
" ()r in the sleeves of lis surcoat?" said the Bernardin.
"Or. swallowed him, as Gargantua did the pilgrim," added Caravaja, laughing.
"Or as thou wouldst a cup of Val de Penas, were it proffere? thee; or thine own words, if need be, Scnor Caballaro." said the jester.
"Scinor Satan!" roared Caravaja, unsheathing his sword; "I will carve thece into as many slices as there are patehes in thy jerkin-sa-ha!"
"Or as there are dints on thy sword, of thine own notching," rejoined Chicot, with a malignant grin; "or oaths in thy mouth, of thine own coining. Or lies in thy brain, of thine own hateling. Or dice in thy procket, of thine own loading. Or pence in thy ponch, of time own pilfering. Or sears in thy back, of thine own procuring -ha! ha! Shred me into as many pieces as a Spanish onion, and the number shall yet be far below thy own countless pecea-dillocs-sa-ha!"
"S: Sigro di Dios! Give me way to the scurrilous ribald," vociferated Caravaja, furious as a bull chafed by the matador, flourshing his rapier and stamping on the ground, and with difficulty withheld by the students. But nothing could check the wild exhitatation of the jester, who was nigh convulsed with lausiter at the incffectual attempts of the vindictive Spaniard to reach him. He exhibited no alarm, but stood his ground as carclessly as if no danger threatened him. Nay, he even continued his galling mockery, and might, in all probability, have paid the penalty of his rashness, if a new incident had not occurred, which operated as a diversion in his favour.

The gates of the College of Navarre were suddenly thrown open,
and a long-continned thunder of applause bursting from within, announced the conclusion of the debate. That it had terminated in favour of Crichton could no longer be doubted, as his name formed the burden of all the plaudits with which the courts were ringing. All was excitement: there was a general movement. Ogilvy could no longer restrain himself. Pushing forward by prodigious efforts, he secured himself a position at the portal.

The first person who presented himself to his inquiring eyes, was a gallant figure in a glittering steel corslet, crossed by a silken sash, who bore at his side a long sword with a magnificent handle, and upon his shoulder a lance of some six feet in length, headed with ia long scarlet tassel, and brass half-moon pendant. "Is not Crichton victorious?" asked Ogilvy of Captain Lavchant, for he it was.
"He hath acquitted himself to admiration," replied the guardsman, who, contrary to the custom of such gentry (for captains of the guard have been fine gentlemen in all ages), did not appear to be displeased at this appeal to his courtesy, "and the rector hath adjudged him all the honours that can be bestowed by the university."
"IIurrah for old Scotland," shouted Ogilvy, throwing his bonnet in the air, "I was sure it would be so; this is a day worth living for. Hac olim meminisse juvabit!"
"Thon at least shall have reason to remember it," muttered Caravaja, who being opposite to him, heard the exclamation-" and he too, perchance," he added, frowning gloomily, and drawing his cloak over his shoulder.
"If the noble Crichton be compatriot of yours, you are in the right to be proud of him," replied Captain Larchant, "for the memory of his deeds of this day will live as long as learning shati be held in reverence. Never before hath such a marvellous display of universal erudition been heard within these schools. By my faith, I am absolutely wonder-stricken, and not I alone, but all. In prool' of which I need only tell you, that coupling his matchless scholarship with his extraordinary accomplishments, the professors in their address to him at the close of the controversy, have bestowed upon him the epithet of 'admirable'-an appellation by which he will ever after be distinguished."
"The Admirable Crichton !" echoed Ogilvy-" hear you that!a title adjudged to him by the whole conclave of the miversityhurah! The Avmimabe Crichton! 'Tis a name will find an echo in the heart of every true Scot. By Saint Andrew! this is a proud day for us."
"' In the meantime," said Larchant, smiling at Ogilvy's exulta' tions, and describing a circle with the point of his lance, "I must trouble you to stand back, Messicurs Scholars, and leave free passade for the rector and his train.-Archers advance, and make eleay
the way, and let the companies of the Baron D'Epernon and of the Vicomte de Joyeuse be summoned as well as the guard of his excellency, Seigneur René de Villequier. Patience, messicurs, you will hear all particulars anon."

So saying, he retired, and the men-at-arms, less complaisant than their leaders. soon succeeded in forcing back the crowd.

## CIIAPTER IIL

## tIIE RECTOR OF TIIE UNIVERSITY OF PARIS.


#### Abstract

The rector now finding it high time to give some reaxation to these worthy spirits, which, during such a long space lad been so intensely bent upon the abstrusest speculations, rose up, and saluting the divine Crichton, after he lad made an elegant panegyric, or encomiastic speech of half an hours continuance, tending to nothing else but the extolling of him for the rare and most singular gifts with which God and nature hat endowed him, presented him with a diamond ring, and a purse full of gold.-Sir Thomas Ureuinit.


As the arehers adranced, and posted one of their number at crery interval of ten paces, the scholars drew back, and, with almost military precision, formed themselves into two solid bodics.

A profound hush of expectation reigned throughout their lines: Each eye was directed towards the cmbrowned archway of the Academy, but not a word was uttered. Alĭ remained in postures as motionless as those of the statnes of Philippe-le-Bel and Jeanne de Navarre his spouse (the foundress of the institution), who looked from their niches on the portal like mute spectators of the scene.

Meanwhile, from out the gateway there issucd such a constant stream of grave and gowned dignitaries, that the space between the two files of students was presently filled up by a moving mass of robes and caps. First, flourishing his rod of office; a blue wand plentifully besprinkled with fleurs-de-lis of gold, alternately planting it on the groumd, or elevating it in the air, with a strut and simper worthy of Malvolio, strode forth the clerk of the messencers, who bore upon his tunic the blazon of the university, namely, a hand descending from the sky, holding a book, surrounded by three ilcurs-de-lis, or, on a ficld, azure. Glancing at the scholars with a supercilions smile, the herald passed on. Next came the bedels and the minor bedels of all Facultics, who by some accident were so jumbled together that it was impossible to determine or arrange any order of precedence. All put their best feet foremost. Medicine trod hard on the lecels of Theology and the Arts, while Civil Law appeared most uncivilly inclined to outstrip all three. These bedels or areffiers were jolly robustious sonls, bending beneath the weight of their ponderous silver maces, and attired in gowns of black, blue, violet, or dark red, each colour
denoting the Faculty to which the wearer pertained. To the bedels succeeded a confusion worse confounded, in the heads of the Faculties themselves, who strove in vain to collect together their seattered forecs, or to form them into any thing like processional array.

Violations of collegiate etiquette took place each instant. Here was a Doctor of Theology in his black cope edged with ermine, by the side of a procurcur of the Nations, in his red robe of office; a propinguity which the Theologian internally excerated, and openly resented. There a Doctor of Medicine in his searlet cope, trimmed with minever, was elbowed by a licentiate of Theology, who lappened to be suppler of joint, and who was arrayed in eope of sable berdered with white fur. No degrees were respected. The Doctors of the Canon and Civil Law, who had kept together during the debate, and whose costume consisted of scarlet robes with hoods of fur, were most scandalously hustled in maintaining their ground against a rush of youthful bachelors of Medicine.

Notwithstanding all this confusion of raments, which were so massed and heaped together as to present an almost rainbow varicty of tints in the rays of the setting sun-notwithstanding the utter want of order which oceasioned much objurgation on the part of the seniors, and not a little expenditure of patience as well as of ermine, by their too close proximity to each other-notwithstanding all this, the whole body of Doctors, Professors, Bachelors, and Licentiates, were unamimous upon one point-viz. that the disputation at which they had assisted had been more admirably contested than any controversy since the days of Petrus Abelardus, and Berengarius, and that in vanquishing them Crichton had vanquished the whole world of science and learning.

Suddenly the shrill blast of a trumpet shook the air, and echoed far down the hill of St. Gencriève. The call was immediately answered by the trampling of a troop of horsemen in the distance. Presently the clatter of hoofs drew nearer, and a few seconds had not elapsed ere two companies, each consisting of fifty archers of the body-guard, fully accoutred and superbly mounted, rode into the area and drew up in the rear of the students. Besides this array of soldiery might be seen the numerous retinue of Rene de Villequier, composed not merely of his own lacaucys and attendants in their sumptuons apparel of blue and red cloth, but of certain armed cross-bowmen of the Guet Romal, headed by their cheralier, who surrounded the governor's hage unwicldy caroche of state and richly caparisoned Flanders horses. Altogether it was a gallant sight; and the scholars, though not entirely satisfied with the presence of so many intruders, and perhaps not wholly unawed by their numbers, manifested no further show of discontent.

A pause now took place in the procession. The foremost in advance came to a halt, and the whole body wheeled round and faced the college. Three semicireles were thus formed, of which the professors described the inner and the lesser, the archers on
horseback the outer and wider, and the students the intermediate and denser circle. Still, however, a small vacant space was pre. served before the portal.

At this instant a murmur arose amongst the schoolmen. "He comes, -he comes"-flew from one to other with the rapidity of lightning. Four other mace-bearers, walking abrenst, strode deliberately through the gateway, as if they had been the only objects of interest, and drew up two on either side.

The course was now completely unobstructed. The rector appeared. He was a man of venerable aspect and majestic mien, and well became the magnificent apparel-the ample stole of scarlet, and mantle of snowy crmine, in which, as chief of the miversity, he was clad. A sash of sky-blue silk crossed his robe, and sustained a sumptuous velvet escarcelle, fringed with lace and decorated with buttons of grold. Upon his head he wore the square cap of a Doctor of Thcology.

At his side, and on his right, walked one on whom all eyes were bent with wonder and curiosity. The rector and his companion stopped without the gateway, when, as if they were influenced by some sudden and uncontrollable impulse, one long, loud, continuous acclamation burst from the ranks of the scholars. Nor were the graver members of the university silent. Even the Doctors of Theology lent the aid of their voices; while the archers, raising themselves in their stirups, lifted their helmets from their brows, and waving them in the air, increased and prolonged the -lamour by their vocifcrations.

James Crichton possessed an exterior so striking and a manner so eminently preposscssing, that his mere appcarance seemed to act like a spell on the beholders. The strongest sympathy was instantly and universally excited in his favour. Youth is ever interesting; but youth so richly graced as his could not fail to produce an extraordinary impression. At the sight of him the whole aspect of things was changed. Enthusiasm, amounting almost to derotion, usurped the place of animosity, and all vindietive feelings resulting from wounded pride or other petty an oyances, were obliterated or forgotten. Even discomfiture wore the aspect of victory.

But in the demeanour of the victor no external sign of selfelation was perceptible. He might not be insensible to the distuction of his achicvement, but he did not plume himself upon it, or rather, with the modesty ever inherent in true greatness, appea ed to underrate his own suceess. His cheek was slightly flushed, and a smile of tempered satisfaction played upon his comentence as he acknowledged the stmming applauses of the concourse before him. No traces of over-exertion or excitement were visible in his features or deportment. His brow was unclouded, his look serene, his step buoyant ;-and, as his bight eye wandered over the multitude, there was not an individual upon whom his gaze momentar ly rested, but he felt his heart leas within his breast.

The comntenance of Crichton was one that Phidias might have pourtrayed, so nearly did its elevated character of beauty approach to the standard of perfection erected by the great Athenian sculptor. Chiselled like those of some ancient head of the Delphic god, the features were wrought with the utmost fineness and precision -the contour of the face was classical and harmonious-the lips were firm, full, and fraught with sensibility, yet giving token of dauntless resolution-the chin was proudly curved-the nose Grecian-the nostril thin and haughty-the brow ample and majestical, shaded by hair of light brown, disposed in thick ringlets, after the mamer of the antique.* There was a brilliancy and freshness in Crichton's complexion, the more surprising, as the pallid hue and debilitated look of the toil-worn student might more naturally be expected in his features than the sparkling bloom of health. A slight moustache feathered his upper lip, and a short, pointed beard, clothed his chin, and added to the manliness of his aspect.

Crichton's attire, which partook more of his chivalrons than of his scholastic character, was that of a complete gentleman of the period, and was calculated to display to the utmost advantage the faultless symunctry of figure with which nature, not less lavish than art and science in her gifts, had endowed him. A doublet of white damask, slashed with black bands of the same material, crossed by other bands, so as to form a sort of grating, buttoned from the thruat to the girdle, and fitting closely to the person, revealed the outline of his full Antinous-like chest, as well as his slender cireumference of waist; while the just proportions of his lower limbs were as accurately defined by the satin hose, similar in colour to his doublet, and similarly slashed, in which they were enveloped. A short Spanish cloak of black velvet, edged with gold lace, hung from his left shoulder, and descended as low as the elbow. His arms were a rapier and a poignard, suspended from a richly ormamented girdle. Boots of bulli-skin, sharply pointed at the top, as was then the mode, were fitted upon feet that scemed almost diminutive in comparison with the lofty stature of the wearer. His hat was looped with a diamond buckle, and erested by a single green feather.

To the modern observer, perhaps the triple folds of his zuff and the roluminous width of his sleeve might appear formal and redundant; but these exuberances were then altogether umoticed, or possibly regarded with as much complacency as a sleceve àgigot might be at the present time. in soothe, despite its stiffiness and extravagance, there was something picturesque and imposing in the court costume of Hemi 'lrois (who, if he had no especial genius for monarehy, had unquestionably a great talent for the toilet), that amply redecined its incongruities of taste. Crichton's figure, how-

[^1]ever, owed little to the adventitious circunstance of dress, and in fact was wholly independent of it.

As Crichton lingered for an instant beneath the shadow of the archway, the rector laid his hand upon his shoulder, with the intention, apparently, of arresting for a short space his further progress. He was not, perlaps, unwilling to afford the junior members of the university, who had been debarred frem attending the disputation, at momentary opportunity of noting the striking personal appearance of ene, whose name would long be associated with its annals, or it might be that he was influenced by some ulterior motive. Whatever occasioned the delay, it was a matter of gratulation to the scholars, who renewed their applanses in consequence.
" By the rood!" exclaimed the Sorbonist, "I am glad they have come to a pause. We were out in our reckoning, Don Diego; this Crichton is a perfect knight of romance, a bayard as well as a Politian. Was there ever such a combination of qualitics? I can searee eredit my senses when I look at lim. Why, he hath barely a beard upon his chin, and yet to ranquish all our reverend doctors! Shame and confusion to them, and glory and renown to him."
" Humph!" muttered Caravaja, "Will he pass by us, think you ?"
"I know not," returned the Sorbonist, " let us, if possible, get nearer. Methinks old Adrien is making up his mouth to a specel. He deserves to be hooted for his pains-the toothless mumbler! But we will hear what he has to say. Perhaps he may make out a good casc. Our Scot, I see, is in the fore ranks, and shouting loud enough to split our ears and his own lungs. Peace, in front, I say! Keep him in view, my hidalgo, or we may lose him in the confusion."
"I will do more," returned Caravaja, "I will dog him tike his own shadow. Cucrpo! he 'scapes me not, rely on it. Canst thou not aid me to approach him?"
" My elbows are at your service," repliced the Sorbonist, "bravely alone! We have effected a passage with more ease tham I anticipated, thanks to thy sharp bones. By my faith, we are in the very nick of time. Look at the Seigneurs d'Epernon and Joyeuse. They, are accounted the handsomest, as they are the bravest of our king's court; and yet, certes, peerless cavaliers though they be, they bear no comparison with this northern luminary."
"You own it!" cricd Ogilvy, whom the speakers had approashed; " you admit my countryman's superiority-I am satisfied. Let not our quarrel go further. How say you, Sir Spaniard, will you refuse me your hand? I was hasty, and reck'd not what I said. We will drown the remembrance of our brawl over a stoop of claret. I would willingly drink a cup to the health of our admirable Crichton."

Ogilvy stretched out his hand. Caravaja, however, hesitated to accept it. "By the cinders of St. Anthony!" he muttered, "the duélo must take its course."
"St. Anthony forefend!" whispered the Sorbonist. "A cup of claret shed in the tavern is better than blood spilt in the duelo. liesides," he added, in a still lower key; "that need be no hindrance to the subsequent arrangement of the affair, if you see fitting. I warrant me, you will readily find new gromds for offence. Swallow thy indignation," he continued, aloud, "and take the hand of the valiant Scot."
"Bien," said Caravaja, apparently convinced by the reasoning of the Sorbonist; "I assent. We will compotate to the health of 'The Admirable Crichton,' since such is the epithet by which he is henceforth to be distinguished.."
" Enough," sail Ogilvy, grasping the hand of the Spaniard; "quit not my side in the press-or meet me anon at the l'ine $\Lambda_{\text {Pple." }}$
"Conclude me there already," returned Caravaja.
Meantime, all the more distinguished auditors of the disputation, including the Governor of Paris, the ambassadors, the Vicomte de Joyense, and the Baron d'Epernon, who, with some others (ushered forth by the grand master of the College of Navarre, Doctor Launoi, and escorted by the two principals of dialectics and philosophy), had followed close upon the steps of the rector, were drawn up in a small phalanx beside them, and appeared to await their further movements. Amidst this group, the stately figures and magnificent accoutrements of the two favourites of the king stood out conspictuously. Both were estemed the flower of the chivalry of their time, and both were equally remarkable for their gallantry, their good looks, and reckless comage. Jean-Louis de Nogaret de la Valette, Baron d'Epernon possessed many brilliant qualities. 'To his vigour and address, Henri was subsequently indebted for the preservation of his throne; and to him might be traced the ultimate overthrow of the Guises, whom he bitterly hated, and uniformly opposed. D'Epernon still wore a suit of sables in memory of his brother-in-arms, Saint Mégrin, assussinated by orde: of the Duke of Mayenne, on suspicion of an anour with his sister-in-law, the Duchess of Guise. His mourning, however, was of the most costly description, and his black mantle was embroidered with the cross of the Holy Ghost in orange-coloured velvet, passmented with silver, of which newly-instituted order, he, as well as his companion, was a knight-commander. Joycuse was radiant in orange-colomed satin, and velvet of the most dazzling hues. Nothing could be more splendid than his attire, unless, perhaps, it was that of Rene de Villequier, who, being also a Knight Commander of the Holy Ghost, was upon this oceasion bedizened in all the finery of its full paraphernalia, the doublet and hose of silver tissuc, and the sweeping mantle of black velvet bordered with fleurs-de-lis of gold and tongues of dlame intermingled with the royal cypher. From the neeks of all three, suspended by a blue riband, hung the decoration of the lesser order, a small elaborately chased cross and dove of silver.

Amongst this group also were to be seen the Abbé de Brantôme and the poet Ronsard. Brantiome had a piercing eye, a thin visage, and a nose slightly aquiline. Immense monstaches elothed his long upper lip, but his lolty brow was almost entirely destitute of hair. There was much of the courtier in his manner, but his smile was sareastic, and a vein of irony might be detected even in his most flowery compliments. A sneer was habitual to his lips, and his eye, though full and keen, was enclosed within lids of a pinkish hue and blear expression, sulliciently indicating the libertimage of his character. His attire was in the conrt fashion. His doublet was of a deep bluc, slashed with white, the colours of Marguenite de Valois, whose miniature he wore attached to a chain of medallions. He bore, also, the order of St. Michael, then, however, in great disrepute, and called le Collier à toute lête. The Abbe de Brantome was then a man of middle age, somewhat on the wane; and his frame appeared prematurelv withered. His shoulders were bent, and his legs shrmk within his hose. His look was sharp, suspicions, penetrating; and his general manner that of a shrewd and aceurate observer.

Age, and perhaps the life of sensuality he was known to have led, had indeed committed sad havoc upon the once well-favoured person of the poct Ronsard. He was no longer the bean Page whose manner fascinated James of Scotland, and, perehance, his Queen. Nor was he what he sung of himself, when, near his forticth ycar, he said-

> "Trente et sept ans passec, et encore nai-je atteint D'ans, ni de maladie, et en toutes les sories Mes nerfs sont bien tendus, et mes veines bien fortes ; It si jai le teint pâle et le cheveu grison, Mes membres toutefuis sont hors de saison."

He now complained both of ill health and years. Such locks as remained had become " sable silvered." His tint of skin was duil and deadly pale; and, so grievonsly tormented was he with his old enemy, the gout, that he was compelled to support his frame, at least on the present occasion, upon a crutch. Nevertheless, though gross of person, the comatenance of the poet was handsome and intelligent, and, except when an awkward twinge crossed it, expressive of extreme good humour.
"Methinks, my dear Abbé," said lionsard, looking around with some measiness, and addressing Brantome, "it were searce wise to have calied together this tumultuous array. Our Casar may be crowned in the Capitol while we are sacrificed at his ovation. I am too well acquainted with the force of the poet's words-

## Monstrari digito et dicier 'hic est'-

as oceasionally exemplified towards me by the students, to desire any further illustration of their abilities in my own person."
"You have changed your tune since the reception of your last
masque, brother bard," said Chicot, who had forced himself, unperecived, anongst them. "These same scholars, I remember, were once the only patrons of the Muses. Now they have lost their discrimination. But give yourself no trouble: you will pass umnticed this time, depend on't, gossip. Even I, you sce, for a marvel, have escaped attention."
": Then, of a surety, I will put myself under thy escort," said the poet, scizing the arm of the jester. "It was the abandonment of folly that hath brought me into disrepute. Thou shalt help me to amend. But what hath brought one of thy calling into the haunts of wisdom, my merry gossip?"
"Wiedom and filly are nearer akin than you suppose," returned Chicot; " and fools who have soared to a greater height than I can ever aspire, have been caught within these owl-roosts. I like a fine sight as well as my neighbours; and though I care not to be bespattered with a shower of ans and utrums, or sit out a twelvehours bout of thetmic and philosophy, where, if one man hath not all the talk to himself; he, at least, doth his best to silence his comrades, I am mightily pleased to come in, as it were, for the last act of a dull comedy, and to enjoy a laugh at the veteran stagers who have been driven off the boards by a youthful actor, who, though he hath spent but a tithe of the time in the service, understandeth their craft better than themselves."
"Have a care, sirrah," said Brantôme; "thou art within hearing of James Crichton."
"James Crichton will acquit me of flattery, then," rejoined the jester. "I am one of those who speak truth behind a man's back, and falsehood to his face, and care not to avouch it. Pierre de Bourdeille, a word in thine car! Thou wearest thy mistress's colours on thy pourpoint, and her miniature at thy neck, but she hath another image than thine at her heart. Take a fool's counsel, and forget her."

Brantome reddened with anger; but Chicot, who had all the galling pertinacity of a gadfly, continued,
" You who are so well versed in history, scigneur, will assuredly recolleet the tradition of the fair queen, who founded this old pile, and whose statne graces its doorway, how, above all her courtly train, she smiled upon the scholar Buridan; and how, within her bower upon the Seine, she-but you mind the tale, I sec-methinks we might find a modern parallel to that ancient lerend. After all, Jeame de Navarre was but a fickle jade, and played her lovers scurvy tricks. Ha! ha!" And bursting into a loud laugh, the jester flew to the side of the Vicomte de Joyeuse for protection.
"W'ell encomatered, cousin D'Arques," he said; " our dear Hemriot needed thy presence at the fair of Saint Germain this morning. Hadst thou or D'Epernon been with him, the insult he brooked would not lawe passed unnoticed."
"What insult do you allude to?" asked the vicomte, cagerly. "Let me hear it, that I may yet avenge it !"
"'lis a matter of little moment," returned Chicot; " you shall know anon-that is, when your escort draws up to the gateway. It relates to yon graceless students, who have been studying court fashons rather than scholarly discourse ; and having plucked a leaf out of your books, have twisted it fool-fashion round their neeks, as you perceive."
"I obserse them," replied Joyense. "Tis an insolent device of the Cuise or his faction. I would brain the knaves, but it were idle to bestow a thourht on the puppets while the charlatan showman is to be met with."
"Our gossip, Henriot, thought otherwise," said the jester, "when these varlets roared within ear-shot of him, 'a la fraise on comnôt le verm!""
" Mort-Dieu!" exclaimed Joycuse. "What ho! there, Captain Larchant! summon my company of archers, and give me my horse! To the saddle, D'Epernon, and bring up thy quarante-cinq. We will disperse this rabble rout! We will bind them hand and heel-scourge them to the bone-slay in ease of resistance!-to the saddle, I say!"
"Moderate your choler, Joyeuse," said D'Epernon, laoldiner back the vicomte, and addressing him in a low tone. "You will only incur his majesty's displeasure by invelving yourself in a broil with the University, and gladden the hearts of the Guisards and the Leaguers, who would rejoice in your rashness. The present is not fitting season for retaliation. We will find surer means of vengeance."
" I would spurn the canaille beneath my charger's feet," replied Joyense, "but be it as you will. The rector, I know, is as jealous of his privileges as the Guise of his duchess, and we might not, perhaps, have sufficient plea of justification. Let him hang the knaves himself, and I am satisfied. 'Twill save the provost marshal a labour."
"All in good time," replied D'Epernon, "and his conference with Crichton concluded, the rector appears inclined to address his cari alummi. I trust in terms of sufficient reprobation."

The rector, who had, apparently much against Crichton's inclination, detained him in carnest conversation at the portal, now turned towards the scholars, intimating his intention of addressing them. The clamour ceased as soon as his gestures were understood.
" Messicurs scholars of the University of Paris," he said, " you have already learned, I doubt not, that your most erudite doctors and professors have this day sustained a defeat; a defeat, however, which, while it reflects no disgrace on the conquered, enhances the glory of the victor. In the whole cirele of science and learning James Crichton hath approved his supremacy, and we willingly surrender to him our laurels. May he long continue
to wear them, and may lis career, the dawn of which is so brilliant, be equally glorious at its close! Like the great poet Dante he came hither unknown. Like Dante he departeth with a reputation which will be blazed throughout all the schools of Europe. In earnest of the profound admiration which, in common with all the principals of the university, I entertain for his transeendant abilitics and matchless scholarship, in their names and in my own name, in your behalf and in that of every member of the miversity by whom learning is reverenced, and with whom genius is held sacred, I would tender for his acceptance, as a mark of our esteem and vencration, this ring; which I trust he will not disdain to wear upon his person as a trophy of the conquest he has this day achieved, and in remembrance of the university he has vanquished. And that every member of the university may participate in this expression of our sentiments towards the Admirable Crichton, I have taken this public opportunity of their manifestation. Scholars of Paris, have I not your approval and concurrence ?"

A thinuder of applause succeeded the rector's oration, and a thousand hurrahs responded to his appeal. All eyes were now turned to Crichton, who, it was evident, only awaited a cessation of the clamour to address the assemblage in his turn. Silence was instantly commanded; and scaree a breath was drawn as he spoke, so intent were all upon eatching each syllable that fell from his lips.
"When the Phomix of his age,"beran Crichton, in a voree distinct and musical, "and the favourite of the Muses, I'icus of Mirandula, was proffered all the honours of the Roman School, he declined them, saying that he felt his own unworthiness, and that he had aequired more distinction than was his due in having obtained a hearing at their hands. In imitation of the conduct of this illustrious prince, though with far less claim to the same honourable note, I would say that I neither deserve nor desire further distinction than I have gained. Fortunc has already faroured me beyond my deserts. I have engaged in amicable strife with men whose intellectual superiority 1 an ready to acknowledge, and who, if I have worsted them in argument, have been foiled solely because I made a better choice of weapons, and happened to be the more skilful in their use. I am not blinded by self-esteem. I do mot attribute my victory to other than its right causes. Like most of the great events of life, its issue has been the result of chance, which has upon this oceasion declared itself in my favour. Were the contest to be renewed on the morrow, I might be placed in the position of my opponents. Courtesy to a stranger, and consideration for his youth, have restrained my adversaries from putting forth their strength. Some such feelings must have had their influence. Grant, however, that I have triumphed. You have bestowed upon me your applanse. I am fully requited. Trophies of victory which may te wrested from me as soon as won are of little avail. Better
men may appear-Plures habet Sparta Brasidâ meliores. My ambition has a hundred goals, which it would fain reach.
" Magnum iter intendo, sed dat milhi gloria vires."
"Live Crichton! Live the Admirable Criehton!-Erege Optime! Euge! Euge!" shouted the scholars.

Crichton gracefully saluted the assemblage and would have retired, if he had not been withheld by the rector. "You must perforce accept this gem," said the latter; "the gifts of the University of laris are not wont to be slighted," and taking a brilliant diamond ring from his forefinger, and loosening the velvet escarcelle from lis sash, Messire Adrien d'Amboise presented them to Crichton.
"I may not decline your offer," replied Crichton, reluctantly reeeiving the proffered gem, "since you thus press it upon me, though I feel how little I merit it. The ring I shall prize, but as to the contents of the purse, you must suffer me to dispose of them as I shall see fitting."
" The purse is yours; do with its contents what you think proper," said the rector.

Crichton removed the ring, and taking forth the crowns of gold with which the escarcelle was filled, threw them amongst the crowd of scholars. A violent commotion ensued. during which many of the students broke through the lines and approached close to the persons of Crichton and the rector. One of these, a youth, who for some space had held his green mantle before his face, now rushed forward, and prostrating himself before Crichton, threw down a garland of twisted bay-leaves at his fect.
"Disdain not my offering, Seigneur Crichton," he said, in a low and timid voice, "simple though it be, and all unworthy your acceptance. I will myself wind it round your brows, if I receive your gracious permission to do so."
"Retire, thou forward youth," said the rector, gravely. "This is presumption."
"I pray you excuse him," said Crichton," the compliment is too flattering to be declined, and, let me add, the mode in which it is conveyed is too graceful to be unwelcome. I accept your wreath, young sir, and beg you to arise. But wherefore," he added, with a smile, "did you imagine I should come off victorious? Surely there was nothing to warrant such a conclusion. And had I returned inglorionsly, this garland would have been wholly thrown away."

The youth arose, and fixed his dark eyes full upon Crichton's countenance. "Whatever the Admirable Crichton shall undertake, in that he will excel all men," he said. "With him to engrare in a conflict is to obtain a victory. I was assured of his success."
" Your looks are sincere, and I will not distrust your words," replicd Crichton. "Your face resembles one I have seen, thourgh where I cannot call to mind. Are you of these colleges?"
"He is one of the Gelosi, sir," said Ogilvy, who, together with Caravaja and the Sorbonist, had forced himself into the vicinity of Crichton. "Be not deceived by his honest look, as I have been. Hence, youth, and take thy mommeries with thee."
" One of the Gelosi !" exelaimed Crichton. "Ha! now I remember the features. 'Tis the youth I have seen so oft. But why arert thy heard, gentle boy? I have said nothing, I trist, to wound thy feelings ?"

The Geloso appeared erimsoned with shame. "Tell me," continued Crichton, "what may mean that masked figure whom I have seen for ever hovering nigh thee in thy walks? nay, that seems like thy shadow at the Hôtcl de Bourbon. Is it a device of thine own to attract curiosity, young sir? If so, I can tell thee thou hast succeeded. Even the royal Henri has noticed the singularity of the figure."
"Have you, likewise, remarked that mask, signor?" replied the Geloso, with an expression of measiness almost amounting to terror. "I have often thought it a trick of my own imagination. But you have seen it likewise!"
"I have," replied Crichton; "but methinks you answer evasirely. I thought more of sineerity dweit in those earnest eyes. Your present action is but, I fear, an artifice to win attention."

So saying he turned from him. The Geloso attempted to reply, but retired abashed. Ogilvy was about to thrust him back, but perceiving that the youth had shrouded his face with his mantle, and voluntarily withdrawn himself, he desisted.

There was something in the manner of the youth that struck Crichton; and his feelings reproached him with undue severity towards him. Laying his hamd upon his shoulder, he addressed a few words to him in a more kindly tone.

The Geloso raised his eyes. The black orbs were filled with tears. He looked with a blinded gaze on Crichton, and thence at the hand which he still suffered to remain upon his shoulder. Suddenly he started. He pressed his hand across his eyes. He pointed to Crichton's finger. "The ring !" he exelamed. "Did you not place it there?"

Surprised at the youth's emotion, and at the inquiry, Crichton looked at the finger upon which he had scarecly a moment ago placed the gift of the rector. The ring was wanting.

Unable to account for this extraordinary occurrence, and not without some suspicions of the youth himself, Crichton fixed a cold serutinising glance upon him. The Geloso shuddered slightly at the expression of his glance, but quailed not beneath it. "He cannot have done it," thought Crichton. "Falschood could not dwell in looks so guileless."

At this instant there was a further rush amongst the scholars. Ogilvy and the Celoso were forcibly propelled against Crichton. i knife was seen to glitter in the air. Fromits position it seemed
to be grasped by the hand of Ogilvy. For an instant the steel was suspended over the head of Crichton. The Geloso saw it. Uttering a loud ery of warning, he finew himself in the way of the blow. 'The blade descended. The arms of the youth were entwined round Crichton's neck. In an instant he found nimselt deluged in blood.

With Crichton to draw his sword-to sustain the almost inamimate body of the Geloso, was the work of an instant.
"This is the assassin !" he shouted. And with the hand that was still at liberty, and with a force that seemed ahost superhuman, he grasped the throat of the paralysed Ogiivy.

## CHAPTER IV.

## AN ENGLISH BULL DOG.

## As sure a dog as ever fo ight at head.-Titus Andromi us.

A criy arose amongst the scholars that Crichton had been assassimated, and such was the confusion that prevailed in his vieinity, that for some space the truth or filschood of the report could not be ascertained.

The crowd was fearfully incensed. They demanded that the assassin should be given up to their vengeance. Yelling, groaning, uttering threats and imprecations, they presed forward-at the sides, in front, in all directions. The archers, stationed as a footguard around the doctors and professors, were incontinently carried off their legs. The principals of the colleges immediately beat a retreat, and betook themselves for refuge to the hall of the institution they had so recently quitted. Affairs assumed a very ominous aspect. Bludgeons were waved in the air; blows were dealt indiscriminately, and many a pretended random stroke wiped off old scores with some rigid disciplinarian who had not been sufficiently alert to efleet his escape. In vain did the Rector strive to cheek this rising storm. His voice, wont to be listened to with awe, was unheard or unhecded amid the tumult.
"Los aux Ecoles!" shouted the scholars, pressing forward.
"Los aux Eecles!" cried Chicot, who, safely enseonced within the gateway, eyed the raging mob at a distance. "I never hear that ery but I think of the screaming of a pack of gulls before a tempest. Mischief is sure to be brewing.'"
"Their cursed croaking resembles that of the frogs in Aristophanes," said honsard; "would it might end in crocitation! I prophesied evil from the moment I beheld this rabble."
"I trust you will rather approve yourself Vates in its poetic than its prophetic sense," replied Brantôme "I own my mind misgives me."
" Methinks, my lord," said René de Villequier to the Rector, " it were well to nip this riot in the bud. Some lives may else be
last. See-they approach the assassin-they scize him-they dray him from the grasp of Crichton. Mort-dieu! miy lord, they will tear him in pieces-this must, be prevented, we must not stand by and see outrage like this committed."
"The butcliers!" shonted Joyeuse. "Crichton himself will be endangered. By my halidom! I will bring down mÿ archers upon them !-"
"Stay, my lord, an instant, I implore of you," said the Rector, " my presence will restrain their violence. I will go amonget them myself--they dare not disobey my mandates."

And accompanied by the grand master of the College of Navarre, the liestor forced his way towaris the principal scene of strife.
" (iive them this further chane," said D'Epernon to the vicomte, who was chafing like :! high-mettled stecd with impatience. "If they heed not. their Rector then-"
"Los aux Ecoles," replied Chicot, with a laugh. "We shall have at pleasant specimen of their chivalry anon. By my marotte, they are in no mood to listen to a dissertation now.'
"' "Tis a waste of time," cried Joyense, "forbearance is thrown away. When the king's majesty is not held sumed by these felon scholars, how can their Rector expect ovediene from them? 'To my side, Larchant-rn avant!" And drawing his sword, and attended by the captain of the guard, the vicomte flung himself headlong into the press.

Intelligence that Crichton was unhurt somewhat abated the frenzy of the multitude. Still they were vehemently excited. Ogilvy had been draged from Crichton's grasp, and was threatened with instant immolation. Deprived of utterance by the choaking gripe of Cifichton ; stumned by the bulfets of the students, it was only in this perilous extremity that he recovered his power of speech. With a foree that conld only have been given him by despair, he burst from their held and shonted to Crichton for aid. He was instantly retaken, and his eries drowned by a roar of mockery from the ruthless mob.
"Caill on Crichton for protection "" shouted Caravaja, who had been a prominent instrment in assailing the unfortunate Scot, and who indulged in a savage rejoicing at his situation. "As well might the serpent sue for protection to the heel it hath bitten, as thon implore succour from him thon wouldst have slain. But thy counteyman, thon seest, turns a deaf ear to thy plaintshat! ha!"
"Surely mine ears deceived me," said Crichton, who, with his broidered kerchief was busied in staunching the wound of the Geloso, and who had only caught this latter exclamation of the Spamiard. "Can it be that the assussin is countryman of mine?"
"'Tis even so, Señor Crichton," replied Caravaja. "To his eternal infany be it spoken."
"Hear-me, noble Crichton!" shouted Ogrilvy, whom the Spaniard vainly endeavoured to silence. "Think me not guilty of this foul offence. I care not for death, but I would not die dishonoured. I would not perish charged with a deed which my soul abhorreth. I am no assassin. I am Jasper Ogilvy, of Balfour."
"Hold !" exclaimed Crichton, consigning his yet inanimate burthen to the care of a bystander, and pressing towards Ogilvy, "let me speak with this man. Give me some to? ${ }^{\text {a }}$ en that I may know thou art he whom thou callest thyself. Thy voice brings back by-gone days; but I can discem nought of Jasper Ogilvy in those blood-stained features."
"You would not know my risage, were it freed from its stain," returned Ogilvy. "We both have grown to manhood since we met ; but you will call to mind a moonlight cruise upon the lake of Cluny, years ago, when a noble youth was saved from perishing in its waters. To me the recollection of that deed hath been ever sweet; to-day it hath been proud. Let me but establish my truth with you, honoured sir, and these hell-hounds may do their worst."
"You have sard enough; I am satisfied, more than satisfied," replicd Crichton. "Messieurs, release this young man. He is wholly guiltless of the crime laid to his charge. I will answer for him with my life."

The scholars replied with a laugh of incredulity.
"We have only his bare word for his innocence," replied the Bernardin. "Appearances are sadly against him."
"This knife was within his vest when we dragged him from the Señor Crichton," added Caravaja, holding up an ensanguined blade. "Por los Revelationes de San Juan! this, methinks, is proof unanswerable."

A volley of execrations answered this appeal to the passions of the multitude.
"Thou liest," cried Ogilvy, struggling to set free his hands; "that poignard is thine own; my dirk hangs at my girdle-would it were now within my grasp!"
"Produce the weapon, then," said Caravaja. And he thrust his hand into the Scot's torn doublet. "Ha !" exelaimed he, suddenly, what have I found? Por nuestra Señora! 'tis the diamond ring, with the cipher of the university. He is a robber as well as an assassim."

A sudden light scemed to break upon Crichton.
"Let the aceuser and the accused both be brought before the Rector," he cried.

A murmur arose amongst the scholars.
"He would shicld his countryman," they vociferated; "we are satisfied of his guilt."
"But you are not to constitute yourselves his judges," replied Crichton, sternly. "Deliver him to the proper authorities; let
that Spaniard, who stands forth his accuser, be sceured; and I are satisfied."
" Nighty well!" returned Caravaja. "All I get for my exertions in seizing the assassin is to be accused of the crime myself. But if you are so readily gulled by your countryman's subterfure, Scinor Crichton, my comrades are not so easily imposed upon. Hijo di Dios ! they know me too well to suspect me of any such enormity."
"The scholars of Paris are apt to take the law into their own hands upon occasions like the present, where the guilt of the oflender is manifestly established," said the Sorbonist. "It is the part of their privileges to adjudicate their own causes, and they are always willing to abide by the consequences of their own decisions. We have sentenced this man to ran the gauntlet of the schools, and he shall not escape. Wherefore do we delay, comrades?"
"Ay, wherefore?" rejoined Caravaja:
"Beware," shouted Crichton, in a voice of thmoder, "how you proceed to further acts of violence. My respect for your university has thus long withheld me; but I will not stand by and see outrage committed."
"I am with you," said the English student, Simon Blount, advancing towards him, and still followed by his huge bull-dog, "Your countryman shall suffer no wrong, while I have staff to wield, or blade to draw in his defence. And as to the merits of his case, I have as little doubt of his innocence, as I have assurance of yon cut-throat Spaniard's guilt. But in any case, he shall not be put to death without judge or jury. What, ho! Druid," added he, glancing significuntly at his dog, "it will be time to slip thy muzzle in case these curs show their teeth."

At this juncture, the Rector and the Doctor Lamoy made their appearance.
"Hear me, my children," said the Rector, in a loud voice, "justice shall be dealt upon this Scot. Deliver him into the custody of the sergeant of the guard now in attendance upon me, and I pledge myself to the instant examination of his case. What more can you require? By your threatened violence, you will only add one crime to another, and increase the scandal you have already brought upon the university."

Crichton conferred an instant with the Rector, who apparentlys acquiesced in the propriety of the suggestion mate to him.
"Disperse at once: and let each man seek his respective college," continued Adrian D'Amboise, with some sererity. "Sergeant, advance, and scize upon the persons of Jasper Ogilvy, of the Ecossais, and Diego Caravaja of the college of Narbonnc. Messicurs Scholars, give hin your aid. Ah! do you hesitate? is it possible that you venture to disobey the patenal injunction of the father of the university-what frenzy is this?"

A sullen murmur ran through the bittalion of the scholars; and
such was their threatening aspect, that the sergeant of the guard hesitated to obey the command of the Rector.
"Why should we respect his mandates?" muttered the Sorbonist. "'Tis plain we are but lightly considered at his paternal hands. Let the Father of the University tell us why his Children were excluded from the disputation this morning, and we will then perpend the propricty of compliance with his request."
"Ay, let him answer that," said the Bernardin.
"'Twould shrewdly perplex him to do so," returned Caravaja. "By the perdition of the world! I will surrender myself to no man living, sergeant or rector, Scot or Englishman ; and to show them how little I regard their threats, if no other can be found to smite this starveling bravo, my hand shall deal the first blow."

Caravaja raised his knife witl: the intent to strike. At that instant, however, he was scized by a nervous grasp, and hurled backwards with such force, that, muttering an oath, he fell heavily to the ground. Crichton, for it was by his hand that the Spaniard had been prostrated, threw himself amongst the ranks of the scholars with such irresistible foree, that their united efforts were unable to withstand him. Shaking off Ogilvy's captors, he placed a poignard within his grasp, and, drawing his own sword, calmly awaited the further assault of the students.

Rugged and resolute as the bull-dog at his heels, Blount followed closely in his rear. Confining himself to the warding off a few blows, amed at Crichton, he at lirst dealt none in return; but he could not long act upon the defensive. A rude buffet on the head aroused his ire. He then laid about him with such goodwill and determination, that an opponent dropped for every blow of his cudgel, which was not a vinc-wood staff, but a huge Englisli crab-stick, seasoned, knotty, and substantial. The might of twenty threshers seemed to reside in Blount's single arm. Sconces were cracked by him with as much ease as a boy for pastime would beat in pieces as many gourds. The Sorbonist ventured to oppose his estoc against the Englishman's club. The sophister, however, had now a more difficult thesis to maintain than any he had hitherto defended. His postulate was effectually blanked by Blount's knotty rejoinder. Yielding to the weighty blow, the supple vinc-staff fled from his grasp, spinning throurh the air to ac considerable distance, while the arm that sustained it, shattered by the stroke, sank powerless to his side.

Meantime, Ogilvy and Crichton were not left ummolested. Placed back to back, both stood in postures of defence. Utteringr frightful yells, and brandishing their staves, the scholars furiously commenced the assault. Caravaja, who had regained his feet, was amongst the foremost of the assailants.
" By Saint James of Compostella!" he roared, "I will wash out, in blood, the stain he hath put on our academies, and on myself. Give way; look to thyself, proud Scot." And pressing forward, he made a desperate thrust at Crichton.

Caravaja was no contemptible swordsman ; but he had to do with an antagonist unequalled in the art of self-defence. His thrust was parried with infinite dexterity, and after the exchange of a few fierce and rapid passes, his long Toledo was twisted from his grasp, and he lay at the mercy of his adversary. Crichton, however, forbore to strike; but dismissed his foe as one unworthy of lis steel. Gnashing his teeth with rage, Caravaja sought a new weapon ; and encouraging each other by shouts and cries, the scholars still pressed madly on.

One amongst their number, of colossal stature, noted amongst his brethren for extraordinary athletic feats, and rejoicing in the Rabelaisian sobriquet of Loupgarou, advanced deliberately towards him. He wiedded a bar of iron, and while Crichton was engaged on all sides, he discharged a tremendous blow full at his head. The ponderous weapon descended, but Crichton had foreseen the stroke and averted it, not, however, without some loss. Such was the force of the blow, that his sword blade, though of the best tempered steel, was shivered at the hilt.

It was now that Crichton's great persomal strength, and remarkable activity, stood him in admirable stead. Without allowing his gigantic antagonist time to repeat his blow, he sprang forward and grappled him with an encrgy that shook his Herculean frame to its foundation. 'The Antrus of the schools reeled. For the first time he had met with his match. Locked in Crichton's gripe, Louprarou couk neither disentangle his right arm, nor bring his muvicldy powers into play. He could scarcely even draw breath, and his brawny chest heaved like a labouring mountain.

Confident of the result of the strife, and unwilling to deprive their champion of the entire honours of conquest, the scholars suspended further hostilities against Crichton, and directed their attacks upon Ogilvy and Blomint. Abandoned by his comrades, Loupgarou was ashamed to roar for aid ; and experienced some such qualms as fell to the share of his namesake when struggling within the clutch of the redoubted Pantagruel. Like a tower shaken from its equilibrium by the blast of the miner, he tottered on his base, and with a concussion heard above the din of the fray, he fell to the ground, deprived of sense and motion.

Suatehing the bar from the relaxed grasp of his adversary, Crichton was about to rejoin his comrades, when his attention was suddenly drawn to a new quarter. Hearing his own name called upon, as he thought, by the voice of the Geloso, followed by a lond shriek for help, lie strove to forec his way in the direction of the somud.

Ogiivy, meantime, found an unexpected and most efficient ally in the Englishman's dor, Druid. Galled by the fieree and pertinacious assaults of his enemies, Blount suddenly slipped the muzzle of the savage animal, and he rushed at the scholars. Blount directed his attacks, and cheered him on. Blows availed nothing

against the tough hide of the hardy animal, and served only to incense him. He raged amongst them like a wolf in a lamb-pisture.

Fain would the students have taken to their heels, but retreat was impossible. Those behind pushed forward the ranks in front. Shrieks and execrations evidenced the devastation of the relentless pursuer. His tecth met in the legs of one, in the arms of another, in the throat of a third.

A space was quickly cleared around Blount and Ogilvy by their staunch partisan. With his back on the ground-his face shiclded by his hands to protect himself from the tecth of the dog, by whom he had been pimed to the earth, lay the prostrate form of the Bernardin. Planting his heavy paws upon his neck, and sprawling over the body of the half-dead scholar, Druid upturned his glowing eyeballs to his master, as if to inquire whether or not he shonld complete his work of destruction. It was a critical moment for the Bernardin.

Just then, however, the clatter of swords, the trampling of steeds, and shouts of "Joyense, to the rescue!" annomed that the vicomte had reached his company of archers. With a swoop like that of an eagle upon a flock of meaner fowl-and with his charger rearing into the air, Joyense dashed amongst the multitude.

On the other hand came the halberdiers of the Rector and the lacqueys of Rene de Villequier with bills and partisans ; and, furthermore, the crowd was invested to the right by the well disciplined Quarante Conf, under the command of the Baron D'Epernon. Thus menaced on all sides, the scholars found themselves in an awkward predicament. At first there was a murmur of "Down with the minions!-Down with the Gascon coupejarrets!" but these cries were specdily silenced. A few strokes from the blunt edges of the swords of the guardsmen, and their staves were thrown to the ground in token of submission.

## CHAPTER V.

## Cosmo ruggieri.

Iey près, dist Epistémon, demoure Her Trippa, vons sçarez comment par art d'Astrologie, Géomancie, Chiromancie, et aultres de pareille farine, il prédict toutes choses futures; conférons de vostre affaire avec lui. De cela, respondit Panurge, je ne sçay rien.-Rabelais.-P'antugruel.-Liv. III.

Tife by-stander to whom Crichton committed the inanimate Geloso, when he rushed to the assistance of Ogilvy, received his charge with an eager readiness, that almost appeared as if he had anticipated the event. Shielding his burden with his arms, and unwilling, it would seem, to attract further attention, he endeavoured to extricate himself from the crowd.

He was a little old man, of singular and inanspicions appearance, dressed in a flowing robe of black tafieta, lined with flame-coloured silk, and edged with sable fur. In lieu of doublet and hose, he
wore a rich gown of erimson velvet, fastened round the waist with a silken cord, in the which was stuck a costly purse, embroidered with the arms of Catherine de Medicis. A collar of medallions, graven with cabalistic characters, hung over his shoulder, and upon his head he wore a small scull-cap of purple velvet. He bore neither arms nor deviee of any sort beyond the blazon of the Queen Mother. His forehead would have appeared venerable from its height, baldness, and innumerable wrinkles, had not his black scowling brows given it a sinister and portentous look. His temples were hollow and sunken; his checks emaciated; the colour of his skin was sallow and jaundiced, and its texture like that of shrivelled parchment. His nose was high and aquiline, tufted between the eyes with a chump of dusky lair; and the whole expression of his features was crafty, suspicious, and malignant. When erect, his stature might have been lofty, but his height was now dwindled to insignificance, by his stooping shoulders and contracted spine. His distorted limbs were concealed from view by the ample folds of his drapery; but his joints had been wrenched from their sockets, and but ill restored, during his confinement in the Bastille, where he had been inearcerated and tortured for supposed practices of sorecry, during the reign of Charles IX.

Cosmo Ruggieri, the forbidding personage described,-by birth a Florentine, by vocation a mathematician, alchemist, nay, even bard, as may be gathered from the Anayramatugraphie of Nicolas Clément Trelcau, Secretary to the Due d'Anjou, where he is eulogised as "Florentinum, mathematicum, et poetan lectissimum ;" -officiated as chief astrologer to Catherine de Medicis, by whom he was brought to Paris. It was to the inlluence of the Queen Mother that he owed his deliverance from the rack and the dungeon; his escape with life; Lis subecquent adivancement to court favour under her third son Ienci, fire whose accession to the throne, it was sadd, indeed. he had paved the way by the removal of his brothers, Francis II. and Charles IX., and ly whom, latitudinarian and heretical, if not wholly heathenish and abominable as his tenets were known to be, he was advanced to the ecelesiastical dignity of Abbé of Saint Mahé, in Brittany. It was to the protection of Catherine's powerful arm that, althourh surrounded by open and secret foes. he was emabled to pursue his mysterious career mmolested; and it was to her he wase indebted fer the wonderful state information he possessed.

In return for these obligations, the stars were nightiy consulted for her by him, and on all emererencies Catherine had recourse to his comsel. Rugrieri was blindly devoted to her will, and mainly instrumental in the execution of her hidden projects and machinations.

Ruggieri, however, did not stand alone. To such an extent did the practice of judicial astrology preval at the time, that the number of professurs in the science was estimated at thirty thou-
eand; a calculation almost incredible, if the number of dupes necessarily required for their support be taken into consideration.

Be this as it may, Ruggieri flourished. But then it was whispered, that he had another and more terrible source of luere. The slow and subtle poisons of Florentine origin, whose treacherons effect was manifested in the gradual decay of the victim, were said to be brewed by him. The blood that nightly bathed the couch of Charles IX. was supposed to be the consequence of one of these diabolical potions; and such was the dread entertained of his villanous drugs, that a cup of wine would have fallen from the grasp of the boldest baechanal, if it had been thought to be medicated by Cosmo Rurgieri.

By the side of the astrologer was a dumb African slave of the most diminutive size and fantastic conliguration, who had the reputation of being his familiar; and strange as was the appearance of the sorcerer, that of his page was many degrees more grotesque. Hidcously deformed and hunchbacked, Elberich was so short in comparison with his width and girth, that, when moving, his squat rotundity of figure looked like a rolling ball of soot, in which, in place of eyes, two flaming carbuncles had been set; and when motionless, he appeared like a black, bloated baboon.
dided by his dwarf, from whose contact all recoiled with disgust, Ruggieri had but little difficulty in making good his retreat; and having gained the shelter of a llying buttress of the college wall, in the angle of which he was secure from interruption, he turned his attention to the restoration of his charge.

As he removed the black and clustering ringlets, fallen in disorder over the features of the Geloso, Ruggieri could not help being struck by their exceeding loveliness. The cheek had indeed lost the warm suffusion that, like a glow of sunshine on a snowy peak, had lit up its bright southern complexion; but the face was not less beautiful; and Ruggieri perused its lineaments with the rapture of a virtuoso. He peered into every line with increasing wonder. It was not so much the harmony and regulanity of the youth's features that struck him with astonishment, as the sof chess of the skin, and the polished whiteness of the throat, on which the azure veins were traced like wandering threads. These were what chiefly excited his admitation. He grew so much absorbed in contemplation of the countenance, that he wholly neglected to apply the phial of purgent spirit, which he held extended in his grasp.

Throwing back the hair as far as it would admit, Ruggieri examined more narrowly the snowy forchead of the Geloso. Thence his glance wandered to the face with renewed surprise. The eyes were closed; but the dark orbs could almost be seen through the thin lids. Then, those long silken lashes-that dark and pencilled brow-- those nostrils, fine and thin-those lins so delicately carved! The astrologer was lost in amazement. Taking the strall white band that hung listlessly at the youth's side, he opened it, and
intently perused its lines. A shade came over his countenance as he pursued his stuly.
"Spirit of Sambethe !" he exclaimed, "can this be? Can I have been so long in error? Can the heavenly influences liave so long deceived their votary?-Impossible! True, the planets have of late assumed malevolent aspects-menacing me with ill. Satum hath rule within the Chamber of 1)eatli. The Lord of the Third House was combust and yetrogade within the Eleventh: presaging peril from the hand of a struger. This day, this hour, is pregnant with calamity. I foresaw my danger, but I foresuw likewise the means whereby it might be averted. Within my path stands Crichton. He is the foe by whom I am thereatened. This day links his fate with mine, and with that of another. That other is my safoguard-that other is within my arms. One of us must perish. A thick curtain hangs between me and the event. Curses on my own imperfect skill, which will only enable me to see so far, and no farther. But I may ward off the stroke."

And he again returned to the serutiny of the Gelesc's countenance. "Wherefore is it," he continued, musingly, "that as I gaze upon these beautiful features, a thonsand forgotten fancies should be awakened within my bosom? This face, though lovelier far, recals to me the image of one long since buried in oblivion-it recals dreams of youth, of passion, fever, delirinm; of a deed of which I will not even think. Who is this youth? or rather, unless mine cyes are wholly sightless, or dim to arght save the midnight glories of the hearens, who is this--"."

The reverie of the astroleger was hexe interrupted by a slight convulsive attempt at respiration on the part of the Geloso. Ruggieri applied the phial, and, with a trembling hand, procecded to unclasp the youth's doublet to give him greater freedom in breathing. In removing the folds of the biood-stained linen, the heaving bosom of a young and lovely female was revealed. His eye glistened through its iilm. "It is as I suspected," he muttered --" a girl in masquerade attire. Most probably the fool hath lost her heart to Criehton-if so, she will be a useful agent. I have need of such an one in my designs upon him. Ha! what have we here?-an amulct-no, by Hermes, a small key of gold, of antique fashioning, attached to a chain of the same metal, which, from its exquisite workmanslip, I judge to be Venetian. Ah, fair maiden, I have here, no doubt, a clue to your history, of which I may aval myself hereafter! By your leave, this key is mine."

And little scrupulous as to the means of accomplishing any object, Ruggieri, without hesitation, mastened the chaim, and was about to commit it to the custody of his pouch, when he was alamed by a monitoyy signal from his sable attendant.

The sound uttered by the dwarf resembled the lissing of a startled snake. Indeed, the vocal powers of the wretched cieature only, ranged between gibbering and sibillation. By the former he
expressed his rejoicing, by the latter his fears. The astrologer well knew how to interpret the present boding noise. Following the direction of the dwarf's red and glowing orbs, he caught sigh of a figure, upon which the angry mannikin was glowering, pufting, and spitting like an owl disturbed by some prowling specimen oi the furry tribe. The figure was masked, and muffled within the folds of a large sable cloak; and ere linggieri could thrust the chain of gold into his girdle, the intruder was by his side.

## CIHAPTER VI.

## TIIE MASK.

## Don Garcia.—Qu'est-ce alors <br> Que ce masque?-Tenez, le voilà.-Victor Hugo. Hernani.

" Be not alarmed, father," said the mask, addressing Ruggieri, I am a fr:ond."
"What assurance have I of that?" returned the astrologer, doubtfully. "Your speech is fair, but your guise and deportment are not calculated to inspire confidence. We are not now in Venice, Signor Maschera; neither is this the season of Carnival. The good citizens of Paris deem the mask but an indifferent excuse for intrusion ; and I have been long enough amongst them to acquire some of their foolish notions on this head. Your pardon, signor, if I misconceive you. Much treachery has made me distrustful."
"You are in the right to be cautions, father," replied the mask; " distrust becomes your years and character ; yet, methinks, the science you profess should enable you to detect a fiiend from a foe."
"I read not men's looks bencath a vizard, my son," replied Ruggieri, "that were, indeed, to see through a glass darkly. Let me behold your features, and I will tell you whether or not you are a friend."
"You wrong me by your doubts, father," replied the mask"that I am well known to you, you shall have ample assurance presently; and that I have some claim to the service 1 am about to require at your hands, you will then, I doubt not, admit. Meantime, as secrecy is my object, and as the disclosure of my features, or even of my name, would only be attended with risk, you will, perhaps, suffer me to preserve my incognito."
"Assuredly, my son," replied Ruggicri, who had now regained his confidence, "I have no desire to penctrate your mystery. Were it an object with me, I could readily gain information. What do you require of me?"
"Before we proceed," returned the mask, "I pray you, father, to accept this purse as an curnest of my sincerity. It will give you a clearer insight into my character than even the display of my features." And as he spoke, he thrust at well-lined purse inte the hands of the astrologer, who received it, nothing loth.
"You have said well, my son," he returned; "this is a medium through which I clearly distinguish the faise from the true friend. How can I assist you? Whatsocver comes within the scope of my art is yours to command."
" In a word, then," returned the mask, "I love-"
"Ah! I understand," replied Ruggieri, significantly, " you love without requital."
" Precisely so, father."
" And would subdue the heart of her for whom you sigh. Is it not so?"

The mask nodded assent.
" Doubt not its accomplishment. Be she chilly as Caucasean snow, I will engage to create a flame within her bosom that shall burn with an ardour fiercer than that created by the cestus of Venus."
"Swear to me. you will do this."
"By Orimasis! she shall be yours."
" Enough-I am content."
"Tell the damsel's name and dwelling-?"
"Neither are neceded-she is here." And the mask pointed to the Venctian girl.
"Jabamiah!" exclaimed the surprised astrologer.
"Nay, I know all," pursued the mask. "Plead not ignorance.
I witnessed the discovery you made."
"And-ana you love her -"
" Love her !"cchoed the mask-" Hear me, father," he continued, with impetuosity. "You, who are of our fiery land, need not be told with what fiereness we Italians love. With all the ardomr of overwhelming passion I pursued this damsel. She was deaf to my entreaties. In vain I used every blandishment, every artifice-in vain lavished gifts upon her that might have won a princess. All my efforts were incflestual. For me she had no smile. Nay, more, the fury of my suit affrighted her. Indifference grew to fear, and fear to hate. Hate in some bosoms is akin to love, but not in hers. She fled my sight. Stung by resentment, I formed plans, that had they not been foiled in execution. must have placed her within my power. By some means she becume acquainted with my projects, and sought safety in flight. Her disappearance added to my torture-I was frantic. While plunged in this despair, I received intelligence that she had flown to Paris. Thither I repaired -traced her-saw through her disguise-hovered round her dwell-ing-haunted her like her shadow, in the hope that chance would, in the end, befriend me. It has befriended me when least expected. The moment has arrived--she has fallen into your power-no further obstacle exists- the is mine."

And the mask would have seized upon the inamimate ginl, if he had not been withheld by the astrologer.
"One obstacle yet exists, my son," said Rugrieri coldly; " you have a rival."
"A rival!" cehoed the mask. "Name him !"
"For whom did she wreathe that garland? For whom endanger her life?"
"Ha!"
"For Crichton!"
"Perdition seize him! But he loves her not-knows her not--they must meet no more."
"'Iake back your purse, signor," said Ruggieri; " I cannot aid you in this matter."
"How?" exclaimed the mask-" Have I not your oath?"
"True; but I knew not what I swore."
" 'Tis binding, nevertheless. 'That is, if aught can be binding on a conscience supple as your own. What interest can you have in this maiden? Are your services already purchased by this accursed Crichton, or do you hope to make a better market with him?"
"Put no further affront upon me, signor," returned Ruggieri. "I am not easily appeased, as you will learn, if you provoke my anger. I am no friend to Crichton, nor is this maiden aught to me. Beyond the accidental discovery of her sex, and what you yourself have told me, I am wholly ignorant in all relating to her; but fate has thrown her upon my protection, and to violence like yours I will never betray her. 'I'ake back your purse, signor, and trouble me no longer:"
"A way!" exelaimed the mask. "Think not, to impose upon me by these idle pretences. Why should I stoop to solicit when I can command? A word from me-and thou art plunged within a dungeon,-whence not even Catherine's mighty arm can accomplish thy deliverance. Of all men living, Rugrgicri, thou hast most cause of dread of me; but of all agents of iniquity, 1 have most nced of thee, therefore thou art safe; but tremble if thon disobeyest me. My vengeance is swifter and more certain than thine own."
"Who, in the devil's name, are you that talk thus?" inquired the astrologer.
"Were I the devil himself, I could not occasion you more disquietude than I should were I to reveal myself," rephied the mask. "Be satisfied, and seek to know nothing further of me."

The haughty imperiousness of tone suddenly assumed by the mask was not without its effect upon the astrologer ; but he struggled to maintain a composed demeanour.
"What if I still refuse compliance?" he demanded.
The mask whispered in his ear. The astrologer started, and trembled from head to font.
"I am content," he said, after a pause. "Command me as you sce fitting. My life is at your disposal."
"I do not require so much," returned the mask, scomfilly. "Deliver up the girl. Yet stay, I am not mattended here. Hast thou no place of refuge, to which thou couldst convey her ?"
"I have," replied liugerieri, after an instant's reflection; " if it be your pleasure, I will convey her to the mystic tower, near the Hotel de Soissons, whither alone her majesty, Catherine de Medicis, and I have access. There she can remain conccaled, till I am acquainted with your further wishes. But can it be that she hath refined your suit? There must be witheraft in the case. You may be spell-bound, noble signor. The Emperor Charlemagne was similarly enslaved to a foul hag - and now I mind me of a strangely-fashioned key, which I discovered upon her bosom. Perchance the charm resides in that. It may be a talisman of potent virtue. I will put it to the proof. In any casc we must have a counter-enchantment."
"As thou wilt," interrupted the mask, " be that thy business. Ha! she stir:-quick, we lose time."

For some moments before it was remarked by the astrologer and his companion, the return of animation had been perecptible in the Venetian girl. Heaving a deep sigh, she opened her laroe and languid eyes, and fixed them upon Ruggieri and Elberich; the former of whom was bending over her, at the instant of her restoration to consciousness, while the latter sustained her within his grasp. In this erouching posture, with his unbared, yellow arms, twined around her person, the hideous dwarf resembleci a messenger from Eblis, sent to bear her to perdition. The objects before her looked like visions in a dream. In rain did Ruggieri yaise his finger to his lips; she neither comprehended her own situation, nor perceived necessity for silence. Just then her wandering gaze chanced upon the mask, and with a wild laugh she pointed to the dusky figure, and muttered some incoherent ejaculations.
"Away," exclaimed the mask, " about it quickly. Why listen to her ravings ? Remove her to the turret."
"That voice!" shrieked the maiden, starting to her feet, and spreading her hand before hur eyes, "it is-it must be he!-where am I? Ha!"
" Seize her," vociferated the mask.
"He haunts me cven while life is ebbing," screamed the distracted girl; "I am dying, yet cannot escape him. Save me from him, Crichton-save me." And, with a wild seream, she broke from the grasp of Ruggieri.

The mask ineflectually endearoured to stay her flight.
" Miscreants!" he cricd, " you lave let her ero."
"The bird hath only fluttered forth," retumed the astrologer ; " we can casily retake it."

It was at this juncture that the cry reached the ears of Crichton. Like a frail bark amidst troubled waters, the enfecbled maid strove against the tumultuous mol, who little heeded either her plaints or frantic cjaculations.
"Poor youth!" cricd one of the scholars," his hurt hath turnea his brain. Get hence, foolish boy! Crichton hath his hands tow
till to give attention to thy shouts. He hath more need of help than thou. Dost see yon tall green phume?-It is Crichton's. Be advised, and venture not where blows shower thick as hail, and where thon mayst come in for thy share of them. Seek shelter in the rear."

But the girl heeded him not, but still continued to ery,
"S Save me, Crichton, save me!"
A thick batalion of scholars opposed themselves to Crichton's progress. "Stand aside !" he vociferated, nothing daunted by their numbers. And, whirling the iron bar over his head, he dashed in the direction of the girl.
she beheld him approach. She saw the scholars gave way before his resistless efforts. She heard his shout of encouragement; and at the very instant when her bosom throbbed highest with hope, and when she almost deemed herself secare beneath his protecting arm, she felt her waist encircled by a sudden clasp.

She looked up. 1 er eyes encountered two dark orbs flathing from a sable mask. Her brain reeled. She saw no more.

Crichton, me:mwhile, pressed fiereely forward. Fresh difficulties were thrown in his path-fresh ranks obstinately opposed themsclves to his progress; but all were at length overcome, and he reached the spot where he beheld the Geloso. It was void. A roar of mockery from the students testified their satisfaction at lis disappointment. "You have arrived too late to succour your friend," shouted a voice from out the crowd;-" he is beyond your reach, and in the care of one who will not readily surrender him. Higrados de Dios! you are foiled, most puissant caballero, nor shall it be my fault if you do not ever find a stumbling-block within your path."

Turning towards the quarter whence the voice proceeded, Crichton beheld the retreating figure of Caravaja. "By Saint Andrew," he murmured, glancing fiereely round, "I would give all the laurels I have this day won to effect that poor youth's deliverance. Curses upon these brawling scholars! It were a labour of Hercules to pursue the quest amidst a scene of such confusion ; and yet I would fain contmue it if I saw a chance of success. Why did Ruggieri, who so eagerly aceepted the charge of this wounded boy, suffier him to incur such peril? The old astrologer shall render me an explanation of his conduct."

Crichton's further self-communion was cut short ly the shouts of the archers and the trampling of their steeds. After a brief, but incffectual, resistance, as before stated, the scholars threw down their arms, and, shouting for quarter, fled. Crichton was left alone. No sooner did Joyeuse, who was carecring among the crowd, perceive him, than he reined his charger by his side.
"Now Heaven and our Lady be praised," exclaimed the vicomte gaily, "you are mhhurt, Scigneur Crichton. By my blazon, it had, indeed, been a blot upon the fair page of chivalry, if its brightest mirrer had perished amid a rascal rout like this. Tête-

Dien! if the Lord Rector reprove not his froward children, our sergeants shall take the task from his hands, and give him a lesson. But see, your page is at hand; your charger paws the ground. Ah, Crichton! brave steed-fair page-both pledgeis of a royal lady's favour;-you are twice fortunate !"
"Thrice fortunate, Joyense, in a brother-in-arms who flies to my rescue in extremities like the present," returned Crichton, in the same lively tone as his companion, vaulting at the same time into the saddle of a superb charger in rich housings, which was led towards him by a page, mounter upon a milk-white palfrey, and bedecked in doublet of white satin and velvet mantle of deepest azure, the colours of Marguerite de Valois. "Methinks," he added, smiling, "this harelfought field is at length our own; and yet, after enacting more wonders than ever were achieved by the doughtiest champions of Romance - Tristan or Launfal, Huon or Parthenopex, when struggling against the powers of sorcelvie and darkness-it moves me to tears to think in what light esteem my exploits will be held by preux chevaliers like yourself, who think there is no honour to be won in such perilous conflicts. Trust me a legion of swarthy gnomes, with the fay Urgandal at their head, were more easily vanquished than these disloyal varlets. I have now encountered this University alike in hall and field; disputed it with them by rule of rhetoric, and by rule of fence; and will freely admit that I prefer the weapons of the principals to those of their disciples, and plume myself rather upo:1 my conquest, if conquest it be, over these hardheaded, cudgel-wielding neophytes, whose stubborn brains were more difficult to be convinced than their renowned and learned seniors. But it is time to bestow a thought upon my luckless countryman, the original cause of all this scene of discord. I think I discem him and his stauncil ally, amid the thickest turmoil. Forward, Joyeuse, I must speak with them."

A few bounds of his steed brought Crichton beside Ogilvy and Blount. The latter, perceiving that the fray was at an end, called off his dog from the Bemardin, but finding that his intination was not attended to by the stubborn animal, he seconded the hint with a heavy blow of his crab-stick, which produced the desired effect. Druid quitted his hold, and with as surly growl plumped down at his master's feet.
"W'e meet tu-morrow, then, Ogilvy," said Crichton, "and such service as I can render, you may command. Meantime, you shall sufler no further molestation. Monsicur le Vicomte, hath he your safe-guard?"
"He has," replied Joycuse. "The brave Scot shall have a post amongst my company of archers, if he choose to barter his gown of gray serge for a steel breast-plate. He will not be the first of his comirymen who hath found the change to his advantage."
"I will reflect upon your offer, my lord," replied (golvy, with
characteristic caution. "Mcantine, my best thanks are due to you for the proposal."
"As you please, sir," replied Joyense, haughtily; " nor are your acknowledgments due to me, but to the Seignenr Crichton. 'To him alone you are indebted for my offer."
"He knows not what he declines, Joyense," returned Crnchton. "I will reason with him on the morrow. And now," he continued, "I would desire better acquaintance with your valiant comrade, whom I judge to be an Englishman."
"I am so," yeturned Blount, " but I deserve not to be called valiant. Harl you bestowed the epithet on my dorr the term might not have been misupplied-on me 'tis wholly thrown away. Druid hath some pretensions to valour-he will never disgrace the soil from which he sprung-nor will his master, for that matter. But since you lave honomed me with your notice, worthy sir, let us join hands upon our new-struck friendship, if I be not too bold in assuming such a feeling on your part to me, and you shall find, if you need them, that in Simon Blount and his dog, for I must not except Druid, who is part and parcel of myself, and indced the best part, you will have two followers upon whose faith you may rely. Audacter et fideliter is my device."
"And a cordial and constant one it is," replied Crichton, as he warmly returned the pressure of the Englishman's luge hand. "I gladly embrace your offer. Come to my hotel with Ogilvy on the morrow, and neglect not to bring with you my new and trusty follower."
"Doubt not that," returned Blount; "Druid and I are inseparable."

Further conversation was interrupted by the sudden arrival of Chicot, who, contrary to his wont, had a somewhat serious countenance.
"Ah! my gay gossip," said Crichton, "why that portentous look? hast thou lost thy bauble in the fray?"
"Far worse than that, brother droll," returned Chicot, "I have lost my reputation. Thou hast fairly won my cap and bells, and shall have them by pre-eminence of wisdom. But bend down thy lordly neck te me, 1 have somewhat for thy private hearing."

And approaching Crichton, the jester breathed his information in a low tone.
"What !" exclaimed Crichton, who appeared struck witlı surprise at Chicot's intelligence, " art sure this Geloso is -?"
"Hush!" muttered the jester, "who is now the fool? Would you betray the secret:"
"And it was the mask who scized her?" asked Crichton, in a whisper. "Whose fcatures doth that vizard hide?"
"I knew not," replied Chicot, "it may be the Balafré, or the Béarnais, for aught I can tell. But this I will venture to assert, that it is neither my gossip, Henriot, nor thou, nor I, nor cven the

Scigncur Joyeuse; I will not say as much for the Duc d'Anjou, whom perchance it mey be."
"But Rur ricri, thou sayst-"
"Was with him. I beheld him and his dwarf Elberich. Both lent assistance to the mask."
" He is gone, thou sayest?"
"I will seek the astrologer in his tower, and compel him to some explanation of this mystery," said Crichton.
"That tower is the kemel of the slie-wolf Catherine--take heed what you do. Many a hand has been thrnst inte a cage, the bearer whereof would have gladly withdrawn it unseathed. But as you will. fools are leaders, wise men receders."
"Adien, Ogilvy !" said Crichton; "remember our appointment of the morrow. Joyense, our rendezvous is at the fexte to-mighit.-Au revoir!"

So saying, Crichton plunged spurs into his horse's sides, and, followed by his page, rode swiftly down the Montagne SainteGeneviève. Chicot shrugged his shoulders.
"Knight-errantry is not wholly extinct, I perecive," he muttered. My gossip, Crichton, is bom at least half a century too late. He should have flomished in the good old times of Triboulet, and the first Francis. He is caught at once by the silken meahes of this dark-haired syren. What will Queen Margot say if this new adventure reach her jealous ears? But I must to the Louvre. This scholastic brawl will divert Hemri's spleen. And as I descend this Parnassian steep of Sainte-Gencviève, to beguile the time I'll invoke the muses in honour of-

## THE ADMIRABLE SCOT.

A song Ill write on
Matchless Crichton;
In wit a bright one,
Form, a slight one,
Love, a light one!
Who talketh Greek with us
Like great Busbequius;
Knoweth the Cabala
Well as Mirandola;
Fate can reveal to us,
Like wise Cornelius;
Reasoncth like Socrates,
Or old Xenoc:ates;
Whose system ethical,
Sound, dialectical,
Aristotelian,
Pantagruclian,
Like to chameleon, Choppeth and changeth,
Everywhere rangeth!
Who rides like Centaur,
Preacles like Mrentor,
Drinks like Ly:aus,
Sings like Tyrteus,
licads like Rudxus

> Vaulteth like 'Tuccaro, Painteth like Zucchere, 1)ieeth like Spaniard, 1) aneeth like galliard, 'Jilts like Orlando, Does all matn ean do ! Qui pupes nobiles Jnnumerabiles, Amat amabiles Alque Reginam Aavarre dieinam! Whose rare prosperity, Grace and dexterity, Courage, temerity, shall, or a verity l'uzzle posterity !

"Ough, ough," gasped the jester, "I am fairly out of breath -as old Marot sings, 'en rimant bien sonvent je m'enrime.' '"

## BOOK THE SECOND.-CHAPTER I.

## THE COURT OF HENLI TROIS.

Les peuples pipés de leur mine,
Les voyant ansi s'enfermer, Jugeoient quilils parloient de s'arme Pour conquérir la Palestine. Ft toutefois leur entreprise Etoit le parfum d'un collet; Le point coupé d'une chemise Et la figure d'un ballet. De leur moliesse léthargique, Le discord sortant des enfers, Des manx que nous avons soufferts Nous ourdit la toile tragique.

Malherbe.

On the same night that the event previously narrated occurred, high festival was held within the Louvre, by its effeminate and voluptuous sovereign, who assembled upon the occasion the whole of his brilliant court, then without a rival in Europe, either for the number and loveliness of the dames who frequented it. or for the bravery and gallantry of the youthful chivalry, by which it was graced. To Jenri Trois the lighter amusements of the revel, the ballet, and the masque, were as captivating as the more manly sports of the chase were to his brother and predecessor, Charles Neuf, of excerable memory. His fêtes were sumptuous and frequent-so frequent, indeed, that the chief part of his time was occupied in the arrangement of these magnificent spectacles. The sums lavished upon the marriage-feasts of his favourites, were enormous : the royal coffers were often drained by his inordinate extravagance ; and, while the state groaned beneath the weight of the burthens constantly imposed upon it, the unbridled licence that reigned at his orgies oceasioned scandal and dis-
content throughout the reputable portion of the community, of which his enemies were not slow to take advantage.
'Two years before the period of which we treat, Henri gave en entertainment to his brother, the Duc D'Alençon, at which the ladies assisted, " vestues de verd, en habits d'homme, a moitié nues, et ayant leurs cheveux épars comme épousées."* The cost of this banquet execeded a hundred thousand franes! In December, 1576, as we learn from the Journal of his reign, he went en masque to the Hotel de Guise, accompanied by thirty princesses and ladies of the court, richly attired in silks and silver tissue, braided with pearls and gems of price; and such was the eonfusion that prevailed, that the more disereet part were obliged to retire, by reason of the licence of the maskers ; for, as it is significantly observed, by Pierre de l'Estoile, "could the walls and tapestry have spoken, they would have, doubtless, found many pleasant paticulars to communicate." Subsequently, in 1583, upon Shrove Tuesday, attended by his favourtes, masked like himself, Henri rushed into the strects, where he committed such frantic and unheard-of follies and insolences, that he was publicly reprimanded the next day by all the preachers in Paris.

Louise de Lorraine, or De Vaudemont, his queen, a prineess of' amiable but feeble character, entirely without ambition (on whicl: account she was selected as a saituble spouse to her son by the crafty Catherine de Medicis, ever apprehensive of a rival near the throne), and possessing the negative merit of passive submission, offered no opposition to the wishes of her royal husband, though she took little part in his festivities. Her gentle existence was divided between her oratory, her garden, the establishment of confréties, and other religious institutions, and the retirement of a secluded apartment; her daily oceupations were embroidery, or the perasal of her book of prayer ; her attire was of the simplest material, fashioned chiefly of woollen cloth ; and, though her complexion had become deathly pale, she relused the aid of rouge. Her immediate attendants and ladies of honour, were recommended to her regard, rather by their piety and decorum of conduct, than for any other dazzling qualifications. Of this queen, many pleasing traits are narratedone, in particular, of a reproof conveyed to the flaunting and overdressed lady of a president, to whom, in the umpretending garb she had adopted, she was wholly unknown. But taken altogether, her nature was too easy and acquiescent, and her frame of mind too infirm, to promote in any way the welfare of the kingdom, or to accomplish the reformation of the monareh to whom she was united. That she found rather sorrow than happiness in her exalted station, can searce be doubted; indeed her woes have been thus embalmed in verse, by the Jesuit Le Mioine :-

Son esprit fut gêné dans la conche royale; La couronne lui fut une chaine fatale,

- Journal de Henri III.-Mai, 1577.


## Le louvre une prison, le trone un échafand Erigé pour montrer son tournent de plus haut.

But, perhaps, the severest of her afllictions consisted in her being denied the blessing of children.

The position which Louise de Vaudemont should have occupicd, was assumed by the queen-mother, who amply supplied whatever n::ght ie wanting in her daughter-in-law. In her hands, her sons were mere puppets; they filled the throne, while she wielded the sceptre. Hers was truly, what it has been described, "a soul of bronze, or of iron." Subtle, secret, Machiavelian-the " Prince" of the ploting Florentine was her constant study-her policy worked in the dark: none could detect her movements till they were disclosed by the results. Inheriting many of the nobler qualities of the Medicis, her hatred was implacable as that of the Borgias; and, like that dread race, her schemes were not suffered to be restrained by any ties of affinity. Rumour attributed to her ageney the mysterious removal of her two elder sons* from the path of the third, who was unquestionably her favourite ; and she was alterwards aecused of being accessory to the sudden death of another, the Due d'Alençon, who perished at Clateau-Thierry, from smelling at a bouquet of poisoned flowers.

The court of Henri Trois numbered three humdred of the loveliest and most illustrious damsels of the land, a list of whom will be found in the pages of Brantôme, who falls into raptures in describing the charms of this galaxy of beanties, proclaiming them to be little short of goodesses, and declaring that the palace which they enlightened was "un vray paradis du monde, escole de toute honnesteté et vertu et ornement de la France." Now, however, we may differ from the vivacious chronicler of the "Dames Galantes" in our estimate of the homenteté et vertu of the ladies in question, remembering, as we do, the adventure of the Demoiselle de Limenil with the Prince de Condé, and the libellous verses which it occasioned, we are quite satisfied, that his enthusiastic admiration of these dames was fully warranted by their personal attractions. In later times the sparkling court of our own Charles II. did not boast so much beauty as that of Henri III.

Surrounded by this fair phalanx, Catherine fult herself irresistible. As in the case of the unfortunate Demoiselle de Limeuil, she only panished their indiscretions when concealinent was impossible. An accurate judge of human nature, she knew that the most inllexible bosom was nu proof against female blandishment, and, armed with this " petite bande des dames de la cour," as they were called, she made use of their ageney to counteract the plans of her enemies, and by their unsuspected influence, which extended over the whole court, became acquainted with the most guarded secrets of all parties. The profound dissimulation that enveloped

[^2]her conduct, has left the character of Catherine a problem which the historian would in vain attempt to solve; and equally futile would in his endeavours to trace to their hidden soures the springs of all her actions. Blindly superstitious, bigoted, yet sceptical, and, if her enemies are at all to be believed, addicted to the idolatrous worship of false gods; proud, yet never guilty of meanness ; a fond wife-an Italian woman, yet exhibiting no jealousy of an inconstant husband; a tender mother, yet accused of sacrificing three of her sons to her ambitious views; a rigid observer of etiquette, yet not unfrequently overlooking its neglect; fiery and vindictive, yet never roused to betray her emotions by any gesture of impatience, but veiling her indignation under a mask of calmness, her supposititious character and actions were a perpetual contradiction to each other.

Catherine's was a genius of a high order. No portion of her time was left unoccupied. She was a lover of letters and of men of letters, a cultivator of the arts, and the most perfect horscwoman of her time. To her the ladies are indebted for the introduction of the pornmel in the saddle (female equitation being, up to that period, conducted à la planchette), a mode which, according to Brantòme, she introduced for the better display of her unequalled symmetry of person.

If Catherine was a paradox, not less so was her son, Henri III., whose youth held forth a brilliant promise not destined to be realised in his riper years. The victor of Jarnac and Montcontour -the envy of the warlike youth of his time-the idol of those whose swords had been fleshed in many battles-the chosen monarch of Joland-a well-judging statesman-a fluent and felicitous orator, endowed with courage, natural grace, a fine person, universally accomplished in ail the exercises of the tilting-yard, the manege, and the hall-of-arms-this chivalrous and comageous prince as soon as he ascended the throne of France, sank into a roluptuous lethargy, from which, except upon extraordinary occasions, he was never afterwards aronsed : his powers of mind-his resolution-his courage, moral and physical, fading beneath the enervating life of sensuality in which he indulged.

Governed by his mother and his favourites, who were Catherinc's chief opponents, and of whose over-weening influence she stood most in fear ; threatened by the Duc de Guise, who scarcely deigned to conceal his bold designs upon the throne; distrusted by the members of the League, of which he had named himself chief, and who were, for the most part, instruments of the Guise; dreaded

Huguenots, to whom he had always shown himself a relentless persecutor, and who remembered with horror his cruelties at the massacre of Saint-Barthélemi, of which dismal tragedy he has avowed himself a principal instrument; opposed by the Yope, and by Philip II. of Spain (his brother-in-law), both of whom were favourable to the claims of Guise ; with Henri of Navarre in the Seld, and his brother the Duc d'Alençon disaffected; fulminated
against by the Sorbome; assailed by one of its doctors, in a pamphlet endeavouring to prove the necessity of his deposition ; Henri, with his crown tottering upon his head, still maintained an exterior of the same easy indifference, abandoned none of his pleasures, or his devotions (for devotion with him took the semblance of amusement-and the oratory and the ball-room were but a step asunder-the mass and the masquerade each the division of an hour') -turned a deaf ear to the remonstrances of his counsellors, and could only be awakened, like the Assyrian monarch, from his luxurious trance, when the armed hand was put forth to grasp his sceptre. Then, indeed, for a briel space, he showed himself a king.

It is not, however, with this portion of his reign that we have to do ; but with that in which this Sybaritic prince was altogether sunk in indolence and dreamy enjoyment.

On the night in question, he had eathered together, within his gorgeous halls, the loveliest and the prondest of his capital. Catherine de Medicis was there witl: her brilliant bevy of beauties. Marguerite de Valois, the fair Queen of Navarre, then in her seven-and-twentieth summer, and glowing in the noontide warmth of her resplendent charms, was present, attended by her train ; nor were the gentle Louise de Vaudemont, and her demure and disereet dames of honour absent. Ali that Henri's court could boast, of grace, wit, youth, beauty, or distinction, were assembled.

Perfumes exhaled from a thousand aromatic lamps; fragrant exotics, filled the air with sweets ; music, solt and low, breathed from a band of unseen minstrels; lofty plumes waved to the cadences of the melody; small elastic feet twinkled in the varied elastic movements of the figure-now attumed to the rapid whirl of the bransle-now to the graceful and majestic pauses of the Spanish pavane, or to the grave, slow, and dignitied deportment of the Italian pazzameno.

It was a masked fête, and all, save the monarch and a few of his privileged followers, wore the vizard. The costumes were endless and diversified, but chosen rather with a view to display the person of the wearer to the best advantage in a guise different from his wont, than with that bizarre taste which characterises a carnival. Bright eyes, not less bright that they were seen peeping like stars through the dusky loopholes of the pretty velvet mask called the couret de uez, which gave additional piquancy and effect, when none was needed, to the ruby lips and polished chin of the wearer, rained their influence around. Of all favourers to flirtation, commend us to the mask. Beneath its shadow a thousand random darts may be shot that would fall pointless, or never be aimed at all were it not for the friendly covering. Blessings, therefore, upon him that invented the mask, who has thereby fumished the bashful and timid lover with a shield to fight under.

The splendid company dispersed throughout the long suite of gilded saloons-listening to the ravishing notes of a concert of harmonious
voices-gathering round the tables where vast sums were lost at trictrac, primero, and other forgotten games of hazard-pausing beneath a scented areade of flowers-loitering within the deep embrasure of a tapestried window, or partaking of the sumptuous banquet set forth within the great hall of earousal. The langh and the jest were loud and high ; the love speech and its response faint and low.

Amidst the glittering throng might be discerned al group who had laid aside their masks, and who held themselves slightly aloof from the proceedings of the assemblage. More mirth, however, might be ebsecred amongst his party than otherwise. Their langhter was heard above the conversation ; and few were there, whether dames or seigneurs, who passed in review before them, if their gait or features could be detected, but were exposed to a galling fire of raillery and sarcastic remark.

One amongst their number was trcated with marked defierence and respect by the others; and it would appear that it was for his amusement that all these witticisms were uttered, as, whenever a successful hit was made, he bestowed upon it his applause. A man of middle height, slender figure, with a slight stoop in the shoulders, he had a countenance charged with an undefinable but sinister expression, something between a sneer and a smile. His features were not handsome; the nose being heary and cinbbed, and the lips coarse and thick; but his complexion was remarkable for its delicacy and freshness of tint; neither were his eyes deficient in lustre, though their glances were shifting, suspicions, and equivocal. He wore short monstaches enrled upwards from the lips, and a beard it la royale tufted his chin. From either ear depended long pearls, adding to his effeminate appearance, while, in lieu of plumes, his black toquet, placed upon the summit of his head, and so adjusted as not to disturb the arrangement of his well-curled hair, was adorned with a brilliant aigrette of many-coloured gems. Around his neck he wore a superb nacklace of pearls, together with a chain of medallions intermingled with ciphers, from which was suspended the lesser order of the Saint-Esprit radiant with diamonds of inestimable value. In fact, the jewels flaming from his belt, the buckles, and the various fastenings of his magnificent attire, were almost beyond computation. On one side this girdle sustained a pouch filled with small silver flacons filled with perfumes, together with a sword with rich hilt and velvet scabbard, and on the other, a chaplet of death's heads, which, ever mindful of a vow to that efiect, he constantly carried about his person, and which indicated the strange mixture of religion, that, together with depravity, went to the composition of the wearer's character. Adomed with the grand order of the SaintLsprit, and edged with silver lace, his chestnut-coloured velvet mantle, cut in the extremity of the mode, was a full inch shorter than that of his companions. His ruff was of ampler circumference, and enjoyed the happiest and most becoming don de la rotomde. Fitting as close to the figure as loops and buttons could
make it, his exquisitely worked and slashed pourpoint sat to a miracle, not less studied was the appointment of the ballon-like hose, swelling orer his reins, and which, together with the doublet, were of yellow satin.

Far be it from us to attempt to portray the exuberant splendour of his slecve; the nice investiture of the graceful limb, with the hose of purple silk, or the sharp point of the satin shoe. No pare of his attire was left mestudied, and the élégant of the nineteenth century may aspire in vain to emulate the finished deconative taste of the royal expuisite of the sixteenth.

Hemri III., for it was the monareh whom we have endeavotired to deseribe, conferreel, as before stated, infinite attention upen the minutio of the toilet, and caricd his consideration of dres somewhat to an extreme. Upon the solemnisation of his espousals with the Queen Louse, so much time was occupied in the arrangement of hiu aself and his spouse for the ceremonial, that mass could not be cel brated until five o'clock in the evening; and the Te Dcum was in eonsequence neglected to be sung, an onission which was regarded as a most uafortunate aucury. Of his personal appeazance, moreover, he was excessively vain ; and so anxious was he to presenve the delicacy and freshness of his complexion, and the smoothn ss of his skin, that during the night he always wore a mask, and gloves prepared with unguents and softening pastes. Few ladies of his court could compete with him in the beauty and smallness of his hand ; a personal grace which he inherited from his mother, and which was enjoyed in common with him by Margucrite de Valois.

Tpon the present occasion he had withdrawn one glove, of silk, woven with silver tissue, and pinked with satin, in colours of white and incarnadine; and suffered his small and snowy fingers, loaded with sumptuons rings, to stray negligently through the luxuriant ears of a little lap-dog, sustained by the jester Chicot, who stood by his side. Of dogs, Henri was so passionately fond, that he generally drove out with a carriage full of the most beautiful of the species, and took possession of any others that pleased his fancy in the course of the ride. Of his foreible abduction of their favourites, loud complaints were made by the nums, the convents being the best canine store-houses, in the days of this great "dog-fancier," and frequently resorted to by him for fresh supplies.

Scarcely less splendidly equippel than their sovereign, were the courtiers stationed around him. Upon the right of Hemri, who supported himself upon the shoulder of his chief valet, Du Halde, was placed the portly person of the Marquis de Villequier, surnamed "le jeune et le gros," though now laying little claim to the former epithet, near to whom was his son-in-law, D'O., superintendent of the finance, occupied in the childish amusement of the bilboquet, then in vogue with all the courtiers, in consequence of their monarch's partiality for it. Even the gallant Joycuse, and
the stately D'Epernon disdaned not to indulge in this frivolous pastime; and both of them carried loner silver sarbacanes in their hands, with which, like the modern Ctalians at a carnival, they occasionally pelted the masquers with confectionery and sugarplumbs, dieplaying infinite quickness of aim.

Engaged in converse with D'Epernon, was François D'Epinay de Saint Lac, Baron de Crèvecomr, another favourite of Henri, and equally distinguished with his companions for a courage, which, in its wild and fierce display, amounted almost to ferocity. Saint Lue was accounted the handsomest man of his time, and miversally obtained the epithet of le beau. Many pages and lacqueys, in the sumptuous liveries and emblazoned array of their lords, were in attendince.
"Joyense," said the king, addressing the young vicomte, in a soft and melodious tone, "canst inform me whose lovely face lurks beneath yon violet mask? -for lovely 'tis, or else the lips and throat belie it-there, within the train of her majesty, our motherthou seest whom I mean ?"
"I do, sire," replied Joyeuse ; " and I quite concur in your majesty's opinion, that the face must be divine which that envious mask shrouds. The throat is superb, the figure that of a Venus. But as to the angelic owner, though I flatter myself I am sufficiently aequainted with the dames of her majesty's suite, to offer a correct conjecture as to nine out of ten of them, let them be ever so carefully disguised, I own I am puzzled by this fair incognita. Her gait is charming. Vive Dien! with your majesty's permission, I will ascertain the point."
"Stay," said the king. "'Tis needless. Saint Luc will resolve our' doubts at once ; 'twas she with whom he danced the pavane. How name you your fair partner, baron?"
"I am equally at a loss with yourself, sire, as to her name," replied Saint Luc, " my eflorts were in vain to obtain a glimpse of the features, and with the tones of the voice I was wholly macquainted."
" Madame la barome may well be jealous of heir handsome husband," said the king, smiling, (the baroness, according to the memoirs of the time, was " bossue, laide et contrefaite et encore pis," if worse can be well conceived); "but if thou, Saint Luc, hast failed in making an impression upon the fair unknown, which of us shall hope to succeed? It camot be, though the figure somewhat resembles hers, the Demoisclle de Chastaigneraye, or the fiar La Bretesche, Villequier would be able to peer through any disguise she might assume; nor Surgères, Ronsard's divinity, nor Teligni, nor Mirmane-Mort-dien !- not one of them is to com. pare with her. She floats in the dance, as if she moved on air."
" You appear interested, sirc," said Saint Lac, smiling, to show his superb tecth, "are we to infer that the damsel may plume herself upon a royal conquest?"
"The damsel hath already made another conquest, upon which she has mere reason to plume herself," said Chicut.
"Indeed !" exclaimed Saint Luc. "Who may that be?"
"Nay, it refers not to thee, beau Francois," returned the jester. "Thon, like our dear Henriot, art the vietim of every passing glance; and neither of ye are a conquest upon which a dansel might especially congratulate herself. Now, he whose love she hath won is one of whose homage a dansel might be prond."
"Ha !" exclaimed the ling, "thou art in the seeret, I perceive. Who is the damsel, and which of my gentlemen is her admirer ?"
"All appear to be so, sire," returned Chicot; "but were I to point out the most devoted of her admirers, I should indicate your majesty's jester ; if the most audacious, suint Luc ; if the most fickle, Joyense ; if the most grave, D'Epernon ; if the most overweening, D'O ; if the most bulky, Villequier ; if the most impcrious, your majesty-"
"And the most successful, thou shouldst add," interrupted Henri.
"No," replied Chicot. "In love affairs kings are never successful. 'They have no bomes fortunes."
" Wherefore not?" asked Hemri, smiling.
"Because their success is due not to themselves but to their station," returned the jester, "and is therefore wholly unworthy of the name good furtune. Can it be termed a triumph to obtain that which may not be refused?"
"My ancestor, the great Francis, found it otherwise," returned the king. "He at least was tolerably successful, even in thy sense of the word."
"I doubt it," replied Chicot. "And so did my ancestor Triboulet. Poh! kings are always detected. Did you ever find it otherwise. Henriot?"
"I shall not make thee my confessor, compère," said Hemri; " but what wouldst thou say were I to hazard the experiment in the case of yon fair unknown? What wager wilt thou hold, that I do not succeed en masque?"
"Never throw away the best card, gossip," returned the jester, "that were poor play, indeed. Approach her en roi, if you would be assured of triumph. Even then I have my doubts. But I will stake my sceptre against yours that in the other case your majesty is foiled."
"I may put it to the proof anon," replied the king, "I am not accustomed to defeat. Meantime, I command thee to disclose all thou knowest concerning the damsel in question."
"All I know may be told in a breath, gossip."
"Her name?"
"Esclairmondc."
"A fair beginning. The name likes us well-Esclairmonde do -give me the surname?"
"Le diable memporte! there I am at fault, sire-she has no surname."
"Sang-Dieu! be serious, compère."
"By your father, the great Pantagruel-an oath I never ejaculate without due reverence-I swear to you, sire, I am serious. The lovely Esclairmonde hath no patronymic. She hath little occasion to consult the herald for her escutcheon."
"How, sirrah! and one of the attendants on our mother?"
"Pardon, sire. You require information-and I am literal in my replies. There is a trifling mystery attached to her birth. Esclairmonde is an orphan-a Huguenot."
"A lluguenot!" exclaimed the king, with an expression of disgust, and hastily erossing himself. "Pardicu! thou must be in error:"
"'The daughter of a Huguenot, I should have said," returned Chicot. "No one would look for heretics in the train of her most Catholic Majesty, Catherine de Medicis. They would flee from her as the fiend from holy water. Martin Luther or John Calvin have few disciples within the Louvre."
"Heaven forbid!" ejaculated the monarch, fervently grasping his chaplet of mort-heads. "'Tis strange," he added, afier a moment's pause, "that I have never before heard of this ginl, or of her story. Are vou sure you are not amusing us with some silly fable?"
"Does Marlame Catherine trust you with all her secrets, gossip?" demanded Chicot. "I trow not. But attend to me, and you shall have the story of Esclairmonde in the true style of a chronicler. Inmured within her chamber, carefully watelied by her Majesty's attendants, suffered to hold no intercourse with any of the palace, and above all no commmion with any suspected of heresy, Esclaimonde until within these few days has led a life of entire seclusion. Whoever her father may have been-and that he was of rauk, and a veritable Inguenot, cannot, methinks, be doabtedhe perished by the edge of the sword at the day of Saint Barthélemy, of blessed memory. While yet a child she was placed within the hands of your royal parent, by whom she hath been reared in the true Catholic and Apostolic faith, and in the mamer I have related."
"Mort-Dien! the tale is curions," replied the king; "and I now remember somewhat of the details thou hast given, though they had long since eseaped my memory. I must see and conserse with the fair Eselairmonde. Our mother hath not used us well in neglecting to present the damsel to us."
" Your royal mother hath nsually good reason for her actions, sire, and I will answer for it in the present instance she had the best of motives for her apparent neglect."
": Beshrew thy ribald tonque, sirrah," returned Henri, laughing; "I have yet, however, another question to put to thec. Have a care thou answerest it not lightly. Of what particular eavalies
nath Esclairmonde made conquest? Of which of these gentlemen? lake no heed of their glances, but reply without fear."
"I should not fear to speak, were it to any of them that I alluded," replied Chicot ; "but it was not so. Let these gentlemen withdraw a few paces, and thou shalt learn thy rival's name."

At a gesture from the king the comrtiers retired to a little distance. --"'Tis Crichton," said Chicot.
"Crichton!" echocd the king in surprise-_" the pectless--the Admirable Crichton, as he hath this day been surnamed - who hath Yanquished our university in close conlliet-he were indeed a rival to be feared. But thou art wrong in maning him, gossip. Crichton is ensuared within the toils of our sister of Navarre, and she is as little likely to brook inconstancy as any dame within the land. We are sate, therefore, on that score. Besides, he hath no thought of' other beanty. A-propos of Crichton, it now oceurs to me that I have not seen him to-night. Will he not grace on festival? Our sister Marguerite languishes in his absence like a pining floweret, nor will she force a smite for Brantome's sprightliest sally, or Ronsard's most fanciful rhapsody. What hath becone of him?"
"I am wholly jgnorant, sire," replied the jester. "He started at full speed from the College of Navarre after our affray with those disloyal scholars, ces bons rustres, as mine uncle Panurge would call them; several of whom, as I already informed your majesty, are sifely lodged within the Grand-Chatelet awaiting your disposal. But what hath since befallen him I know not, save that he may by accident have thrust his hand into the hornet's nest."
"Thou speakest in riddles, compère," said the king, gravely.
"Here cometh one shall read them for you, sire," returned Chicot: "One more learned than Cdipus-Le Ramoneur d'Astro-logie-you will hear all from him."
"Ruggieri!" exclaimed the king. "Is it indeed our astrologer, or hath some masker assumed his garb?"
"A circumstance not very likely," replied Chicot, "unless the wearer has a fancy for being poignarded by accident, as will, in all probability, be the case with Ruggieri, provided he eseape the stake. What hath happened, father?" asked the jester, surveying Rug. gicri with a malignant grin. "Are the stars overcast-is the moon eclipsed-or hath a bearded comet risen in the heavens?- What prodigy hath occurred? Have thy philters failed-are thine images molten-or hast thou poisoned a friend by mistake?-Hath thy dwarf eloped with a suecuba or salamander-thy gold turned to withered leaves-thy jewels proved counterfeit-thy drugs lost their virtues?-By Trismegistus, what hath gone amiss?"
"Can I have an instant's speech with your majesty?" said Ruggieri, with a profound obeisance, and disregarding the taunts of the jester. "What I have to say imports you much."
"Say on, then," replied the king.

Ruggieri looked at Chicot. Henri waved his hand, and the jester reluctantly withdrew.
"I warrant me it is to speak of Crichton and the Gelosa that the accursed old owl hath quitted his roost," he muttered. "Would 1 could eatch a syllable of his speech. Methinks I am afllicted with a more than wonted deafness, or the crafty knave hath practised the art of talking in an under-key to some purpose. His majesty looks wonder-stricken, yet not displeased. He smiles; what pretended secret can the lying old miscreant have to make known""

Henri, memwhile, listened with evident surprise to the communication of Ruggieri, but offered no interruption beyond an occasional exclamation of astonishment, accompanied by a slight shrug of the shoulders. As the astrologer concluded, he mused for a moment, and then addressed him.
"I have observed that mask, Ruggieri," he said, smiling, "at the Hôtel de Bourbon, but little thought whose visage it shrouded. Mort-dieu! thou hast let me into a pretty confidence. I have sufficient, methinks, to answer for in my own indiscretions, without making myself responsible for those of others. However, this young galliard shall have my assistance. Hath he seen the Duc de Nevers?"
"No, sire," returned Ruggieri ; " and whatever may betide, into whatever perils his youth and hot blood may lead him, I implore your majesty to maintain his secret and afford him your protection."
"Fear not. You have our royal word. Corbicu! I delight in mysteries and intrigue of all kinds, and will lend him a helping hand with pleasure. He is a youth after my own heart, to engage in such a madcap frolic. I am charmed with his story, yet I own I can searce comprehend how a player-girl like this can oceasion him so much trouble. Our actresses are not wont to be so hard-hearted-ha, hal, especially to one of our masker's consequenceeh, Ruggieri? This is new, methinks."
"There is magic in the ease, sire," replicd Ruggieri, mysteriously ; "he is spell-bound."
"Mary Mother !" said the king, erossing himself c.evoutly. "Shield us from the devices of the evil one! And yet, Ruggieri, I must own I am somewhat sceptical as to these imaginary temptations. More witeheraft resides in the dark eyes of that Gelosa than in thy subtlest compounds. But from whatever source her attraction originates, it is clear that the charm is sufficiently potent to drive our mask to his wits' ends, or he would never have committed such extravagancies in her pursuit."
"Sire, I have now fulfilled my mission," returned Ruggieri. "I have put your majesty upon your guard against what may be urged by Crichton. Have I your permission to depart ?"
"Stay!" said the king, "a thought strikes me. Du Halde,"
he exclaimed, motioning to the clief valet, "say to the queen, our mother, that we would confer an instant with her; and add our request that her majesty will, at the same time, take an opportunity of presenting the Demoiselle Esclairmonde."

Du Halde bowed and departed.
"I have my mystery, likewise, Ruggieri ; and, singularly enongh, this Crichton is in some way mixed up with it. For the first time this evening I have discovered that a beauty of the first order has been nurtured within the Louvre, whom no one knows, but with whom Crichton is in love. Scarcely have I recovered from the surprise into which I have been thrown by this incident, when thou comest to tell me that the pretty Italian singing boy, with whose canzonettas and romances I have been so much delighted, and who has been the life and soul of our comedies, turns out to be a girl in masquerade, who, pursued by an ardent lover, flings herself into Crichton's arms. What am I to think of all this, knowing, as I do, that this very Crichton is the favourite of our sister Marguerite, who for him has abjured all her old amourettes, and who watches over him with a jealous frenzy like a first passion? What am I to think of it, I say?"
"That Venus smiled upon his nativity, sire," replied Ruggieri, with a profound inclination of his head. "Little is due to him-self-much to the celestial influences-he is predestined to success. By Nostradamus! 'tis fortunate for your majesty that you are not placed in a similar predieament with our mask. Had your affections been fixed upon the same damsel with Crichton, I fear even your chance, sire, would have been a slight one."
"Sang-Dieu!" exclaimed Henri, "they are all of one opinion. These are Chicot's sentiments exactly. Nark me, Ruggieri. As concerns Esclairmonde I have my own designs. In this matter of the Gelosa, thou and thy mask may calculate upon my countenance. In return I shall require thy assistance should any unforescen whetacles present themselves in my own case. As to Crichton, we will leave him to the vigilance of our sister Marguerite. A hint will suffice with her. She will save us a world of trouble. In affairs of gallantry we shall sce whether even the Admirable Crichton can eope with Henri de Valois."
liuggieri shrugged his shoulders. "'Tis vain to struggle with the stars, sire, Che sara, sara."
"But the stars say not that Esclairmonde shall be his, eh, luggieri?"
"His destiny is a proud one," replied Ruggieri; "that, at least, they have foretold."

At this moment Du Halde approached, announcing Her Majesty' Catherine de Medicis, and the Demoiselle Esclairmonde.

Both were unmasked.

## CHAPTER II.

## ESCLAIRMONDE.

La Reyne-Mire avoit ordinairement de fort belles et honorables filles, arec lesquelles tous les jours en son autichambre on conversoit, on discouroit, on devisoit, tant sagement et tant modestemen t que l'en n'eust osé faire autrement. Braniome-Dumes IRustres. Discours II.
Hexri III., though perfectly heartless, was the politest monareh in the world. With all the refined courtesy of manner, therefore, for which he was so eminently distinguished, he gracefully advanced towards Esclairmonde, and, as she tendered to him her homacre, he gallantly raised her hand to his lips, and with his most captivating smile, procceded to culogise her beauty in those soft periods of adulation which kings know so well how to turn, and no king better than Henri; exerting himself so well to relieve her embarrassment, that his efforts were not long unsuccessful. 'To a monarch's attention, indeed, few female hearts are insensible.

Surprised at the sight of Ruggieri, for whose unbidden appearance at the fête she felt unable to account, and who in vain, by sundry significant gestures, sought to convey to her some notion of his errand to the Louvre, Catherine de Medicis, ever suspicious of her confidants, could not, or would not, be made to comprehend his hints; but regarding him with a look of displeasure during the brief ceremonial of presentation, she motioned him aside, so soon as etiquette permitted, and proceeded to question him as to the cause of his presence. Seeing his lynx-eyed mother thus occupied, Henri, not slow to profit by the opportunity which her present distraction affurded him of assailing the heart of her lovely maid of honour, proffered Esclairmonde his hand, and gently drew her towards the deep embrasure of a magnificent window where they might converse unobserved.

Though not habitually sincere in his expressions of admiration, Henri, on this occasion, must be acquitted of any attempt at dissimulation. He was greatly struck, as indeed, he could not fail to be, with the loveliness of Disclairmonde. Aecustomed to the blaze of beauty by which his court was encircled ; with a heart little susceptible of any new emotion, and with a disposition to judge somewhat too nicely each attribute of female perfection, he could not help admitting, that not only were the charms of Eeclairmonde without parallel, but that there was no point either of her countenance or person, or what was of equal importance in his eyes, of her attire, which his critical eye did not pronounce to be faultless.

Alas! how inadequate are mere words to convey a notion of the beauty sought to be portrayed. The creation of the poct's fancy fades in the evanescent colouring he is compelled to employ. The pen cannot trace what the pencil is enabled so vividly to depict: it cannot accuratcly define the exquisite contour of the face, neither can it supply the breathing hues of the cheek, the kinding lustre
of the eye, the dewy gloss of the lip, or the sheen of the hair, be it black as the raven's wing, glowing as a sunbeam, or fleecy as a summer cloud. The imagination alone can furnish these details.

Imagine, then, features moulded in the most harmonious form of beauty, and chiselled with a taste at once softened and severe. The eyes of a dark deep blue, swimming with chastened tenderness. An inexpressible charm reigns about the lips; and a slight dimple, in which a thousand Cupids might bask, softly indents the smooth and rounded chin. Raised from the brow so as completely to display its snowy expanse, the rich auburn hair is gathered in plaits at the top of the head, crisped with light curls at the sides, ornamented with a string of pearls, and secured at the back with a knot of ribands ; a style of head-dress introduced by the unfortunate Mary Stuart, from whom it derived its name, and then universally adopted in the French court. The swan-like throat ${ }_{1} \mathrm{~s}$ encircled by a flat collar of starched muslin edged with pointed lace. Rich purple velvet of Florence, constitutes the material of the dress, the long and sharp boddice of which attracted Henri's attention to the slender shape and distinctly defined bosom of the lovely demoisclle.

In passing, it may be remarked, that the rage for the excessively attenuated waist was then at its highest. Our tight-laced grandmothers were nothing to the wasp-shaped dames of the court of Catherine de Medicis. Fitting, like a cuirass, the corset was tightened around the shape till its fair wearer, if her figure happened to exceed the supposed limits of gracefulness, could searcely gasp beneath the parasite folds, while the same preposterous sleeve which characterised the cavaliers of the period, likewise distinguished the dames. Nor had Esclairmonde neglected due observance of this beauty-outraging mode, or despite her personal attractions she would scarcely have found favour in her sovereign's eyes. Those prodigious coverings of the arms were stuffed out, and sustained by a huge pile of wool, and were of such amplitude and width that they would easily have contained three or four of our modern sleeves. Edged with pointed lace, starched like that of the collar, a ruff of muslin completed the gear of the arm. Around her neck was twined a chain of bronze medallions, and a single pear-shaped pearl descended from the acute extremity of her stomacher.

Tall and majestic in figure, the carriage of Esclairmonde was graceful and dignified ; and as he contemplated her soft and sunny countenance, Henri thought that, with one solitary exception, he had never beheld an approach to its beauty. That exception was Mary of Scotland, whose charms, at the period when she was united to his elder brother, Francis the Sccond, had made a lively impression on his youthful heart, some sense of which he still re. tained, and whose exquisite lineaments those of Esclairmonde so much resembled, as forcibly to recall their remembrance. There
was the same sleepy lancuor of the dark, blue eye-the same ineflable sweetness of smile-the same pearly teeth displayed by the smile-the same petit uez retroussé (that prettiest of all feminine features and well meriting La Fontaine's admiration-

> Nez troussé, c'est un charme encore selon mon sens, C'en est même un des plus puissans-
though perhaps it may evidence a slight tendency to coquetry on the part of the owner) the same arched and even brow-in short, there were a hundred traits of resemblance which Henri was not slow to discover. In a few minutes he became desperately in love; that is as much in love as a king could be under the circumstances, and moreover such a blase king as Henri.
"By Cupilon! belle Esclairmonde," he said, still retaining possession of her hand, "I am half dieposed to charee my mother with leze-majesté in so long denying me the gratification Í now experience in welcoming to my masque the loveliest of my guests. MortDien! ardent admirer as she knows I an of beauty, her majesty's omision savours of positive cruelty ; nor should I so readily overlook the fault, did not my present satisfaction in some degree reconcile me to the previous disappointment."
"Your majesty attaches more importance to the circumstance than it merits," returned Esclairnonde, gently endearouring to disengage her hand. "Flattered as I am by vour notice, it is an honour to which I had no pretension to aspire."
"In faith, not so, fiir demoiselle," rephed the king. "Beanty has a claim upon my attention to which all other recommendations are sccondary: I were no trne Valois were it otherwise. You will not refuse me your hand at the banquet," he added, in a lower. tone, and with an empressement of manner which could not be - aistaken.
't he colour mounted to Esclairmonde's cliceks.
" Sire!" she returnerl, with a thrill of apprehension, "my hand is at your disposal."
"But not your heart"" asked the king, in an impassioncd whisper.
Esclairmonde trembled. She saw at once the danger of her position, and summoned all her firmness to her assistance. " Sire!" she replied, with her eyes fixed upon the ground, and in a tone which struggled to be firm, "my heart is not my own. It is deroted to another."
"Mort-Dicu!" exclaimed the king, unable to control his displeasure. "You avow it-"you love-"
"I said not so, sire."
"How!-and devoted to another?"
"I am betrothed to Heaven; my destiny is the cloister."
"Is that all?" said Henri, recovering his composurc. "I half suspected there were other tics that bound you to earth. But a cloister-no, no-this must never be, mignonne. No monastery shall entomb so fair a saint, while I can hinder it. Such


Presentation of Esclanmonde to liens Mif

Gifts are not lightly bestowed, nor should they be heedlessly thrown away; and I shall fulfil a duty in preventing such an immolation at the shrine of mistaken zeal, as would be your imprisomment in a cloister. If the resolution proceed from the queen mother, my authority shall be interposed to restrain her intentions, for, by our lady! I camot believe that you, child, have any such dissatisfuction with the world as to wish to withdraw yourself from it, when its gayest prospects are opening before your view; when your path is strewn with flowers, and when all the chivalry of France, with their monarch at their head, are eager to contend for your smiles."
"It is your royal mother's will that I accept it," replied Esclairmonde, timidly glancing at Catherine de Medicis, who, still engaged in deep conference with the astrologer, was too much absorbed to observe her look. "From her majesty's resolves there is no alternative. She will dispose of me as she sees fitting."
"But not without my concurrence," returned the king. " Mort-Dieu!-her majesty trifles with the seeptre till she fancies it is her own hand that sways it. I must convince her to the contrary. How she can entertain a notion so absurd as to think of burying one of the loveliest of her attendants within the gloom of a convent, passes our comprehension. Had it been our Queen Madame Louise de Vaudemont, who ever carrics a missal within her gibecière, I could understand it; but that our mother, who, though ze:llous as ourselves at her vespers and masses, has no particular fanaticism, should contemplate an act so preposterous, seems uaaccountable. Morbleu! she must have some motive."
"Her majesty has no motive save zcal in the cause of her religion."
"So it may appear to you, mignone; but our mother's reasons lie not on the surface. Be they what they may, you need no longer apprehend her interference. Unless prompted by your own inclinations, you will never utter the vows which will bind you wholly to Heaven to the neglect of all on earth."
" Upon my knees, sire," replicd Esclaimonde, "would I thank you for the precious boon you promise me, would thanks suffice; but I feel they would not. I cannot misunderstand your looks. Gratitude, devotion, loyal affiction towards your majesty will ever influence my bosom ; but not love, except such as a subject should feel towards her sovereign. Ny life, my destiny is at your disposal; but seek not my heart, sire, which is neither mine to bestow, nor yours to solicit."
"If not your own," said Henri, somewhat maliciously, " to whose keeping have you intrusted it?"
"The question is ungenerous-unworthy of your majesty."
"You need not answer it, then," returned the king; "the rather," he added, with a meaning smile, "that the sceret is mine alrcady. Few whispers breathed within these walls fail to seach
my ears; nor were those of the Admirable Crichton so low as th escape our attention. Nay tremble not, child, I betray no confidences. There is one person, however, against whom I must put you upon your guard. You know her not as well as I do. Fate grant you never may."
"To whom does your majesty allude ?" asked Esclairmonde, with an expression of uneasiness.
"Have you no suspicion? Docs not your heart prompt yon?I' faith, you are not so much taken with this Crichton as I imagined, or else, which I can searcely believe, you have little jealousy in your composition."
"Of whom would your majesty have me entertain a feeling of jealousy? Against whom would you put me on my guard ?"
"Whom you see yonder-the star queen of the revel, round whom all the lesser orbs revolve,--who attracts all within her sphere, and who sheds, as such stars generally do, her rays on all alike?"
"Your majesty's sister, the Queen of Navarre ?"
"Precisely; and it is of her I council you to beware."
"I do not understand your majesty."
"Mort-Dicu! that is strange. You do not mean to say, that, in alluding to Crichton's amourette with the Queen of Navarre, we tell you any thing new. Why, the whole court rings, or did ring, with it; for, in fact, the scandal is somewhat stale, and no one now concerns himself about it. Our sister changes her gallants so often that her constancy is the only thing that excites a moment's marvel. A short while ago it was Mar-tigues-then La Mole-then le beau Saint Luc-then Monsicur de Mayenne, 'Zon compaynon, gros et gras,' as our brother Henri of Navarre calls him-then Turenne, a caprice-then Bussy d'Amboise, a real passion. After Bussy, appeared Crichton, who, having disarmed D'Amboise, till that time deemed invincible, became the reigning favourite-making the grand corollary to these pleasant premises. So the affair stands at present. How long it is likely to continue, rests with you to determine. Marguerite will never brook a rival; and can you suffer him you love to be the slave-the worshipper of another?"
"I knew it not. And does he-does the Seigneur Crichtonaspire to her affections?"

Henri smiled.
"He has deceived you," said he, after an instant's pause, during which time he intently watched the workings of her countenance. "Revenge is in your power. His perfidy demands it. The game is in your hands-play off" a king against his queen."
"Never."
"The cloister, then, awaits you."
"I will die rather. I am of the reformed faith, sire."
"Damnation!" cjaculated Henri, recoiling, telling his bead*
and sprinkling himself with perfume from one of the flacons at his girdle; "a Hugucnot, Mort-Dieu!-I shall expire-a heretic in our presence! It is an affront to our understanding-and the girl is so pretty, too-Diable! ' Iudulgentiam absolutionem et remissionem peccatorum tribue, Domine!"" he continued, devoutly crossing himself; "I am stricken with horror-pah! 'Ab omni phantasia et néquitiâ vel versutia diabolice fraudis libera me, Domine!'" And he recited another paternoster, performing a fresh aspersion, after which he added with more composure: "Luckily, no one has overheard us. It is not too late to recant your errors. Recall those silly words, and I will endeavour to forget them."
"Sire," replied Esclairmonde, calmly ; "I cannot recail what I have asserted. I am of the faith of which $I$ have already avowed myself a member. I reject all other creeds save that which I believe to be the truth. In that I will live-in that, if need be, die."
"Your words may prove prophetic, demoiselle," returned Henri, with a sncer; " are you aware of the peril in which this mad avowal of your opinions might place yoú?"
"I am prepared to meet the doom, which in the same cause, made martyrs of my father and all my family."
"Tush! you herctics are ever stubborn. This accounts for your non-compliance with my wishes. However," he muttered, "I shall not give up the point thus readily, nor for a scruple or so in point of conscience, baulk my inclinations. Besides, I remember I have an indulgence from his Holincss, Gregory XIIl., providing for a contingency like the present. Let me see, it runs thus: for an affair with a Huguenot, twelve additional masses per week, to be continued for three weeks; item-a rich coffer for the Sacristy of the Innocents; item -a hundred rose-nobles for the Ursulines, and a like sum for the Hieronimites; item-a procession with the Flagellants; and then I have the condonation of his Holiness. The penance is light enough, and were it more severe, I would willingly incur it. 'Tis strange-a Inguenot perdue in the Louvre-this must be inquired into. Our mother must be in the sceret. Her mystery-her caution-proclaim her acquaintance with the fact. I will inquire into it at my leisure, as well as investigate all particulars of this girl's story. A Huguenot! MortDien! From whom," he added, aloud to Esclairmonde, "did you derive these abominable doctrines, demoiselle?"
"Your majesty will excuse my answering that question."
"As you please, mignonnc. This is neither the time nor the place to enforce a reply. Your story and your conduct alike perplex me-but, time will unravel the affair. Now mark me, demoiselle. As yet I have approached you as a humble suitor, desirous in that capacity to win your regard. I now resume the king, and remind you, that your life, your liberty, your person, are at my disposal; nor shall I forget the interests of your soul, in which good office I may call in the assistance of some of my most zealous ecclesiastics. If my measures appear harsh, you may thank your
own perversity. My wish is to be lenient. Obedience is all I require. Till midnight, therefore, I give you to reflect. On the one hand, you will weigh my favour, my love-for I still love you; on the other, Crichton's infidelity, a cloister, perchance a darker doom. Make your own election. After the banquet I shall expect an answer."
" My answer will still be the same," returned Esclairmonde.
At this moment, a loud clapping of hands was heard at the furthere end of the hall, and the music replied to the acclamations in loud and joyons strains. 'To Eselairmonde the notes sounded wild and dissonant, and the laughing buzz of gaicty pealed like the din of some infernal concourse. 'The glittering saloon and its gay and ever-changing throng of masks and revellers vanished from her sight, and before her, like a ghastly vision, rose the cowled inquisitors, the stem and threatening judges, the white-robed sisterhood, in whose presence she seemed to stand with hair unbound, and with a thick black veil thrown over her face! She shrank as for protection, and recovered her senses only to encounter the libertine gaze of Henri.

A gain the music sounded joyously, and the torehes of the bransle being lighted, the giddy dancers passed them in a whirl of flame.
"Ma foi, we lose time here," said the king. "Not a word, demoiselle-as you value your life or his, of our converse, to Crichton-should he still, as is not tinlikely, make his appearance at our revel.-Resume your mask and maintain your composure. Soh, 'tis well."

Though scarcely able to command herself, Esclairmonde, in compliance with the king's request, placed her violet-coloured mask upon her face, and yielded, not without a shndder, her hand.

As they jssucd from the recess in which their conversation had aken place, the jester Chicot advanced towards the monarel.
"What wouldst thou, gossip?" said Henri. "Thy wise zountenance is charged with more than its usual meaning."
"A proof I am neither in love nor drunk, compere," replied Chicot; "as in either casc our tamily resemblance becomes the stronger, your majesty being always either the one or the other, and not unfrequently both. The superabundance of my meaning, therefore, you will lay to the charge of my sobriety and discretion."
"Bah! !-this jesting is ill timedi."
"Then it is in keeping with your majesty's love-making."
" Be silent, sirral, or say what brings thee hither !"
"What shall be done to the man whom the king delighteth to honour?"
"And who is the man, gossip ?"
"He who threatens, more than Ifenri of Lorraine, or Hemri of Navarre, or Philip of Spain, or, despite the Salic law, your royal mother to depose you, sire-see how your loyal subjects quit your side. If your majesty decline the office, permit the Demoiselle Esclairmonde to offier him welcome."
" Ha ! I begin to comprehend thec. It is the Admirable Crichton whom thou wouldst announce."
"I took the precaution to warn your majesty of his coming, as I would apprise a friend of a jealous husband's return."
"Crichton!" exclaimed Eselairmonde, roused fiom her stupor by the mention of the name; "he here! May I crave your permission to rejoin her majesty?"
"By no means, mignonne," replied Henri, coldly; "I wonld not deprive you of the pleasure of witnessing my interview with this phomix of schoolmen. You will, therefore, remain near meand neglect not," he added, in a tone only calculated for Esclairmonde's hearing: " the caution I have given you. You shall have proof enough of his inconstancy anon. Messeigneurs," he added, aloud, addressing the lords in attendance ; "approach. The victor of the university is at hand. It is not often that it falls to a king's lot to number a scholar amongst his courtiers. You may remember, messcigneurs, at our last jousting, I foretold Crichton's distinction, and promised him a boon. To-night I will redeem the royal pledge. Joyense, bid her Majesty of Navarre attend upon me. To her, no doubt, my welcome will possess peculiar interest. Nadame, my mother, if your conference be ended with Ruggieri, your presence will lend additional grace to the reception. Be seated, I pray you. I would welcome the Admirable Crichton as a king should welcome him."

Seating himself upon a richly-ornamented fauteuil, brought by his attendints, Henri was instantly encompassed by his courtiers, who formed a brilliant semicircle around him.

Catherine de Medicis, whose conference with the astrologer had been long since ended, remarked Henri's attention to Esclairmonde with some dissatisfaction. Accustomed, however, rather to encourage her son's wayward inclinations than to check them (and therein lay the secret of her rule), she allowed no expression of displeasure to escape her, but took her seat majestically by his side. Behind Catherine, cronched Ruggieri, uncasily shuffling to and fro, with the glare and the slufting movement of a caged hyena.

Nearer to the king, and clinging to his throne for support, was placed Esclairmonde, now almost in a state of distraction.

Chicot reclined himself familiarly at Hemri's feet, with his marotte in hand, and the monarch's long-cared, large-eyed, favourite on his knce, its long ears sweeping the floor. Poor Chatelard! As the gentle animal submitted to his caress, Henri thoucht for an instant of her from whom he had received him as a sister's remem-brance-he thought of Mary of Scotland-of her captivity-of her charms-and of Esclairmonde's strange resemblance to her-and this brought back the whole tide of passion. "Singular, most singular," he mused; "would she had been a Jewess, or a Pagan! There might then have been some hope of her-but a Huguenot -ouf I"

## CHAPTER III.

henri ilf.
Don Carlos. A genoux, duc! reçis ce collier-sois fidele!--
Par Saint Etienne, duc, je te fais chevalier.-
Victor Hugo. Hernani, Acte I''., Scene VI.
Crichtox's arrival at the revel had ereated an extraordinary sensation. Ilis brilliant achievements at the university, which, coupled with his gallant and chivalrous and any thing but scholastic character, excited universal astonishment, formed the chief topic of conversation, and every body expressed surprise as to the time when he acquired the wondrous store of erudition which had confounded all the wisdom of the land. How could he have attained such boundless information ? He had been at the chase, the hall of arms, the carousal, the fete-in short, he had been everywher', but where he might be supposed to be, alone and in his study. He had been the life of every thing-dashing at all, and succeeding in all; rejecting nothing in the whole round of pleasurable amuse-ment-now swayed by the smile of beauty-now attracted by the beek of the gamester, whose dice seemed obedient to his will-now pledging toast for toast with the votary of Bacchus, whose glowing cups seemed to have for him no inebriation. He had been all this and more ; and yet this reekless, heedless voluptuary, who pursued enjoyment with an intensity of zeal unknown even to her most ardent followers, had excelled the learned and laborious denizens of wisdom's chosen retreat.

All was animation on his entrance. The report flew along the saloon on wings, swifter than those of scandal. "He is arrived," was echoed from mouth to mouth. The songsters were deserted, though the band was Catherine's choicest Italian company-the ballet was abandoned, though it had only just commenced-though the danseuses were the most graceful imaginable, and à moitué nues- the bransle-des-flambeaux was neglected, though the perfumed torehes had reached the point when their blaze was to make one giddy whirl of many-coloured flame-the stately pasame broke into a quick movement-the grave pazzameno lost all hounds- the commotion became general-the infection irresistible. Eyes, brighter than the jewels of their wearers, rained their influence upon Crichton as he passed, and odorons bouquets fell at his feet as if they had dropped like manna from the skics. Human nature could not resist homage so flattering, and the handsome Scot appeared for an instant almost overpowered by it.

The same richness of taste that characterised Crichton's costume of the morning, distinguished his evening attire. He wore no mask-nor, what was then generally adopted, a toque or cap
with a panache of gay-coloured feathers-neither had he assumed any fanciful garb. His dress was a rich suit of white satin slashed with azure, the jerkin and hose fitting without a crease to the modelled limbs. Having divested himself of his Spanish cloak and plumed cap in the entrance-hall, nothing interfered with the exact display of his symmetrical person; and as, with a step elastic and buoyant as that of a winged Mereury, he passed through the crowded groups, he appeared like an impersonation of fabulous grace and beauty.

Not a trace of the fatigue which might be supposed incident to his prolonged intellectuat conflict, was discernible in his proud, steadfast features. High emotions sat upon his lofty brow-his countenance was radiant-and a smile sat upon his lip. With chivalrous and courtcous grace, he returned the congratulations and compliments showered upon him, neither appearing to avoid nor yet court attention, but ceseaying to pass on to the upper end of the saloon.

Presently Du Halde made his appearance; and, sensible that all eyes were upon him, that mirror of courtliness performed his task to admiration.

When Henri's intimation became known, a new impetus was given to the assemblage. In vain the almost bewildered Du Halde raised high his fleur-de-lis-covered rod of office. In vain he shrugged his shoulders, and made the most pathetic remonstrances, and to remonstrances added entreaties, and to entreatics, threats. The tide would not be repressed; but, like that of the scholars of the morning, pressed forward quite resolved, it would seem, to be present at Crichton's audience with the king. Deference, however, for the royal presence withheld them from advancing too closc. The royal guard of halberdiers, pages, and lacqueys, placed themselves in front, and formed a dense phalanx round the throne.

The clamour subsided, as, preceded and announced by Dui Halde, Crichton approached the king, and made a graceful and profound obeisance. The music also ceased, there being no longer any reason for its continuance. The distant minstrel strained his neck to gaze towards the royal circle, and the attendant at the refreshment-table took the opportunity of pledging his companions in a brimmer of Cyprus.
Meanwhile, the royal group had been increased by the arrival of the lovely Marguerite de Valois, and her scarcely less lovely maids of honour, La Torigni, Françoise de Montmorency, surnamed La Belle Fosseuse, and La Rebours; the two latter of whom have been immortalised by Sterne.

The Queen Louise, with her diserect dames, had just withdrawn, it having been whispered to her majesty that her august spouse had betrayed symptoms of a new passion.

Hemri was wholly unprepared for, and not altogether pleased
by, the rapturous admiration excited by Crichton ; but he was too much of an adept in dissimulation to suffer any symptom of displeasure to escape him. On the contrary, he received the laurelled scholar with his blandest and most deceptive smile, graciously according him his hand; and, apparently not content with this mark of his friendship, instantly after raising him from his kneeling posture, and, cordially embracing him.

An irrepressible murmur of applanse following this act of gracious condescension, showed that Hemri had not miscalculated its effect upon the enthusiastic minds of the spectators. In fact, despite his malevolence, he could not be entirely insensible to the influence of the scene; and, in common with all present, felt and recognised the majesty and might of mind, and its wondrous combination in the present case with personal advantages. He knew he was in the presence of one of the master spirits of the age; and for an instant, forgetting Esclairmonde, half persuaded himself he was in reality the gracions monarch he was proclaimed by his courtiers.

There was one, however, who viewed his conduct in a different light: but she was mute.
"Vive le Roi !-Vive notre bon Hemriot!" cried Chicot, who had withdrawn himself on Crichton's approach, addressing the Vicomte de Joyeuse, who stood near him; "The grande Rue Sairt-Jacques appears to be the high road to his majesty's favour. Henceforth, we shall all become scholars, and I may exchange my fool's bauble for a folio, my cockscomb for the cappu rotunda, and my surcoat for the prescribed tabaldi seu houssice longe of the college of Navarrc. How say you? It is only a year or two since our dear Henriot took to the study of Latin in the grammar of Denon. It is never too late to learn; and if the good Pantagruel propounded nine thousand, seven hundred, sixty-and-four conclusions, as his historian, Maitre Alcofribas Nasier, affirmeth, why should not I offer a like number for controversy ?"
"Nay, I see no reason to the contrary," replied Joyeuse. "Thy conclusions will, in all probability, be as intelligible and irrefragable as those of the sophists; and, as extremes meet, thour mayst be as near to Crichton as the line of intersection which divides the heights of folly from the depth of wisdom will permit. Mcantime, pay attention to thy liege and master; for methinks he is about to bestow a gift on Crichton not unworthy of himself or of the acceptor."

And so it proved. Commanding Crichton to lineel, Henri detached the lesser collar of the Saint Esprit from his throat, and placing the glittering badge around the scholar's meek, unsheathed his sword from its crimsor-velvet scabbard, and touching him thrice with the blade upon the shoulder, added, "In the name of God and of our lord and patron, Saint Denis, we create thee, James Crichton, lnight commander of the holy and honourable order of
the Saint Esprit! We do not say, support its statutes and maintain its splendour without spot. 'That were needless. The name of Crichton is suflicient to preserve its glory untarnished."
"Your majesty has bestowed upon me a boon which I should have esteemed more than adequate reward for long and zealous service, or for highest desert," replied Crichton, rising. "But as I can call to mind no such service, can discern no such desert, I must esteem myself wholly unworthy of your distinction. This consideration, however, while it amihilates all fancied claim to favour, enhances my gratitude; and we shall see whether that feeling prove not a stronger stimulant than interest or ambition. Derotion is all I can offer your majesty. I have a sword, and I declicate it to your cause; blood, and it shall flow in your defence; life, and it shall be laid down at your bidding. Emnlative of your own great deeds at Jarnae and Moncontour, beneath your bamer, sire-beneath the Orithame of France, it shall be my aim to make the holy and illustrious order with which you have invested me, the proudest guerdon of knightly enterprise."
"I accept your devotion, Chevalier Crichton." returned Henri. "I rejoice in your professions, and, by Saint Michael! I am as proud of my knight as my good grandsire, Francois I., was of his fellowship in arms with the fearless and reproachless Bayard. The ceremonial of your installation shall take place on Friday, within the chureh of the Augustines, where you will take the oath of the Order, and subscribe to its statutes. After the solemnity, you will dine at the Louvre with the whole assembled fraternity of the knights commanders, and in the meantime, that nothing may be omitted, our treasurer will have it in charge to disburse to your uses our accustomed benefice of eight hundred crowns."
"Sire, your favours overwhelm ine."
"' 'Iut!" interrupted Henri, "I wonld not be outdone by my subjects in the expression of our admiration. Besides," he added, smiling; " my conduct, after all, may not be so disinterested as at first sight it would appear. Under any plea, I am glad to include within my newly-instituted and cherished Order, such a name as that of the Admirable Crichton-a name which reflects more lustre on us, than knighthood can confer upon you. Frecly as it was 1)ade, I accept your pledge.-I may, anon, take you at your word, and require a service at your hands."
" Ask my lifc-'tis yours, sirc."
"Enough-I am well content."
As Henri spoke, a half-stifled sob was heara, proceeding fromi some one near' him. 'The sound reached Crichton's cars, and smote, he knew not why, like a presage of ill upon his heart.

Henri could seareely conceal his exultation. "I will no longer detain my guests," he said, "this audience must be dull work to them; and, in sooth, I am tired by it myself. Let the ballet proceed."

Accordingly, the king's pleasure being made known, the musicians instantly struck up a lively strain, the maskers dispersed to comment upon the scene they had witnessed, and the ball recommened with more spirit than before.

## CIAAPTER IV.

## CATHERINE DE MEDICIS.

Voilà pourquoi j'ai par quelque temps fait conscience d'écrire cet échantillon de la vie et des actions de Catherine de Medieis :-pour ce que cette femme est un uatif tablean et exemplaire de tyrannie en ses déportemens publies, et de toutes sorles de vices en ses plus privés.

Henai Einenne. Discours Merceilleur de la Vie de Catherine de Medicis.
"Par la mort dien! mon cher Crichton," said Hemri in a languid tone, helping himself to some of the perfumed confectionery which he carried in his escarcelle, "I am quite taken with the brilliancy and whiteness of your collar. I thought my Courtray gauderonneurs inimitable, but your artist far exceeds those Flemish pretenders. I am critical in such matters, you know-Heaven having endued me with a taste for costume."
"Truc, gossip," replied Chicot. "It is not for nothing that you have acquired the titles of Gauderomneur des Collets de votre Femme, et Mercier du Paluis."
"Corbien, messicurs!" continued Henri, heedless of the interruption, and apparently struck with a bright idea, "I abandon for ever my pet project, the plat Saint Jean, and direct you henceforth to assume the collar it la Crichton!"
"Your majesty will then do manifest injustice to your own inventiou," said Crichton, "by so styling my poor imitation of your own surpassing original; and I pray you not to alter the designation of a vestment which appears to have some importance in your cyes. Let it bear the name of him alone to whom the merit of the conception is due. I can by no means consent to hold honours which do not belong to me; and no one would think for an instant of disputing with your majesty the eminence you have so justly attained."
"You flatter me," replied Henri, smiling; "but still I must retain our opinion. And now a truce to compliment. Do not let me detain you, mon cher, nor you, messcimenes, I know you love the dance. The Navarroise is just struck up. That figure has always attraction for our sister Marguerite. Pray ye, solicit the favour of her hand."

With a smile like a smbeam, the royal Circe extended her hand to Crichton, as he advanced towards her. That smile went like a dagger to the heart of Esclairmonde.
" An instant, madame," said Crichton. "Ere I quit his majesty's presence I have a suit to prefer."
"Say on," replied Henri.
" Were my intercession in your behalt needful, you should have it," said Marguerite de Valois, "but your interest with the king our brother is greater than my own."
"Still let me have your voice, madame," returned Crichton, "for my solicitation refers to one of your own sex. My life was, saved this morning by a disguised Venetian girl, and I have since aseertained that her life is threatened by the traitor Ruggieri."
" Traitor !" echoed Catherine de Medicis, starting to her feet, and fixing a fierce glanee upon Crichton-" ha ! consider well what you advance, messire--this pertains to me-Ruggieri a traitor!-to whom?"
"To his sovereign, madame-to the king, your son," answered Crichton, resolutely returning Catherine's gaze.
"By Notre Dame! this concerns me, it would seem," said Henri. "Nay frown not, madame. Since his reported medication of my brother Charles's beverage, I have ever misdoubted your Astrologer ; and, to speak truth, I wonder not at Crichton's charge ; for the comntenance of Ruggieri carries treason in every wrinkle. But I will not judge him unheard. But first let us know more of this Venetian girl. How is she threatened by Ruggieri ?"
"She is his prisoner, sire," replied Ceichton, "confined within the turret, belonging to her majesty, near the Hôtel de Soissons. I have myself penetrated the turret, where I heard moans, and saw her through the bars of her cell--"
"And you dared to force your way thither!" exclaimed Catherine-" by my right hand, messire, you shall repent your temerity!"
"The girl risked her life for mine, madame,-my head shall be the price of her deliverance."
"I take you at your word, messire. You shall have the girl if you will adventure again within my tower."
"Beware, beware," whispered Marcuerite de Valois, pressing Crichton's hand tenderly; "as you value my love, say no more. See you not, she smiles; one step more, and you tread upon your grave."
" It matters not," replied Crichton, withdrawing his hand from the elasp of the Queen of Navarre. "Your Majesty's threats," he added, addressing Catherine de Medicis, " will hardly deter me from the exceution of an enterprise in which my honour is at stake."
"Ha! braved!" cried Catherine
"No, no,"," said Marguerite, imploringly--" He docs not brave you, mother."
"I only uphold the oppressed," said Crichton. "My head be the penalty of my failure."
"Be it so," answered Catherine, reseating herself.
"And en attendant, Chevalier Crichton, you withdraw the chatge of treason which you preferred against Ruggieri ?" said Henri.
"No, sire," replied Crichton, "I accuse Cosmo Rurgieri, Abbé of Saint-Mahé, of high treason and lèze-majesté, and of machinations against the state. These charges I will substantiate against him by proof unquestionable."
" By what proof ?" demanded Henri.
"By this scroll, sire, set forth in alchemical characters; unintelligible it may be to your majesty, or to any one here assembled; but which my acquaintance with its cypher enables me to interpret. This scroll, exhibiting a scheme for the destruction of your life, seized within Ruggieri's retreat, upon his own table, with the traces of his own ink searce dried upon it, furnishes proof incontrovertible of a dark conspiracy against your safety, of which this accursed astrologer is the chief instrument. Let his person be secured, sire; and, difficult of comprehension as the mystic letters of this document appear, I undertake to make them clear and evident as his guilt is black and damning to the tribunal before which he shall be arraigned."

Henri looked for an instant irresolutely towards his mother. Ruggieri was about to cast himself at the King's feet, but at a gesture from Catherine he remained stationary, regarding Crichton with a scowl of bitterest animosity. "Your boasted powers of logic, Chevalier Crichton," said the Queen Mother, "might have taught you that from unsound premises false conclusions must come. If you have no further proof against Ruggieri than that adduced from this document, your charge falls to the ground."
"Not so, madame ; this eypher implicates a higher power than Ruggicri."
"It does proceed from a higher source than that of Ruggieri," replied Catherine. "That seroll is my contrivance."
" Yours, madame!" exclaimed Henri, in surprise.
"Question me not further, my son," returned Catherine. . Be assured that I watch over your interests with maternal solicitude; and that if I work in darkness, I have only one aim-the maintenance of your glory and power. Hereafter you shall know the real purport of this scroll. Leave the cares of rule to me."
"Puero regnante, fomina imperante," whispered Chicot.
"This hair-brained youth has marred one of my best-laid plans," continucd Catherine, scomfully; " but I pardon his indiscretion, for his zeal in your behalf, Hemri. But let him use more caution in future. Zeal over much becomes officiousness, and will as such be punished."
"The zeal you reprobate, madame," replied Crichton, proudly, "prompts me, at the peril perhaps of my life, to tell you, that cren you are the dupe of Ruggieri. 'This scroll is not what you suppose it."
"Ha!" exclaimed Catherine.
"From its tenor I am satisfied it is not the document he had your authority to prepare."
"Now, by our Lady! this insolence pasecth all endurance," cried Catherine, furiously. "Itenri, your sire would have hewed off his best knight's spurs at the heel ere your mother's word had been doubted!"
"Do not irritate yourself, madame," replied the king, coolly. "The Chevalier Crichton's chief fault in your cyes appears to be his anxicty for my safety, for which I own I find it difficult to blame. With all your subtlety, you are no match for Ruggieri. And I would willingly hear my adrocate out ere I relinquish an investigation which appears to involve such important consequences to my safety."

Catherine grew pale, but she spoke with calmness.-"Proceed, sir," she said, addressing Crichton, "the king wishes it. I will answer you."
"To prove to you, madame," said Crichton, "how much you have been deceived, I will ask you whether it was by your authority this image was prepared ?" And Crichton drew forth from his pourpoint a small waren figure representing the king.
"Par Notre Dame de Bon Secours," stammered Henri, growing white, in spite of his rouge, with choler and affright, "an image of myself-ha!-"
"Pierced with a poignard to the heart, sire," replied Crichton -" Behold where the puncture is made!"
"I sec it-I see it," ejaculated Henri. "Ave Maria!"
"Sire," exclaimed Ruggieri, flinging himself at the King's feet, " hear me-hear me-"
"Away, infidel dog!" cried Henri, spurning Ruggieri from him: ; "thy touch is pollution."

Exclamations of horror burst from the group immediately around the king. Swords flashed from their scabbards; and had it not been for the interference of Catherine de Medicis, to whose knees the affirighted astrologer clung in mortal terror, he would have been slaughtered on the spot. "Back, messeigneurs!" exelaimed Catharine, rising and spreading her arms over Ruggieri ; "strike him not-he is innocent-on your allegiance I charge you, sheathe your swords!"
"Be tranquil, gentlemen," said the king, who had by this time collected himself-" Par la Mort-Dicu! I will deal with this traitor myself. A waxen figure, forsooth! Let me look at it nearer. By my faith! the knave has eaught my linemments far better than my sculptor, Barthélemy Prieur!-a dagger in the heart-I have felt a strange pain in my side these three days. Is this accursed image the handiwork of Ruggieri?"
"Undoubtedly, sire," replied Crichton.
"'Tis false, sire. I had no hand in its manufacture. By my salvation, I swear it," cjaculated the affrighted astrologer.
"Thy salvation!" echoed Chicot, with a scream of derision"ha! ha! thou hast long since lost all chance of salvation! Rather swear by thy perdition, miscreant abbé."
"I found it within his chamber," said Crichton. "Your majesty will treat the superstitious device with the scorn such a futile attempt against your safety merits. But this consideration will not relieve Ruggieri from the charge of treasonable practices against your life. For like attempts, La Mole and Coconnas were adjudged to the block."
"And on the scafiold he dies," replied the king, "if this offence be proved against him. The question shall enforce the truth. After this, madame," continued Henri, addressing his mother, "I think you will scarcely scek to advocate further the conduct of your astrologer."
" Were I satisfied of his guilt, assuredly not, my son," returned Catherine. "But what proof have we that the whole of this aceusation is not a contrivance of this fair-spoken Scot, to rid himself of a foe, for such he confesses Ruggieri to be?"
"You speak the truth, madame," cried the astrologer, "I will satisfy his majesty of my innocence-and of the seigneur Crichton's motive for this accusation. Grant me but time."
"I have said that a higher power than that of Ruggieri was implicated in this matter," returned Crichton. "That power is -"
"F Forbear!" cried the astrologer, "lead me to the rack; but utter not that name; you know not what you would do."
"Villain!" exclaimed Crichton; "you find I am too well acquainted with your crimes. I have read the secrets of your heart. I would confront you with him you have betrayed. Would he were here to confound you with his presence!"
"He is here," replied a masked figure, stepping suddenly forward.
"The mask!" exclaimed Crichton.
"As I live, the mask in person!" said Henri. "I begin to have some insight into all this mystery."

A momentary pause succeeded, during which no one spoke. The mask at lengtti broke silence. "The charge you have brought against Ruggieri, Chevalier Crichton," he said, sternly, "is false, unfounded, and malicious; and that you have made it wilfully, and knowing it to be such, I will approve upon you by mortal combat; to which, as Ruggieri's voluntary champion, I here defy you."
"And will yon undertake the felon Ruggieri's defence? Will you draw your sword in his behalf ?" asked Crichton, with a look of incredulity and surprise.
"King of France," said the mask, dropping upon one knee before Henri, "I beseech your majesty to grant me right of combat ì $l$ 'outrance with all weapons, ard without favour against the Chevalier Crichton."

Henri hesitated.
" Nay, my son," replied Catherine, "this is my quarrel-not Ruggieris- 1 am glad to find I have one sword ready to stant from its scabbard in my behalf. You cannot refuse this appeal."
"You have our permission, then," returned Henri.
"I here, then, repeat my defiance," said the mask, rising haughtily, and hurling his glove to the ground. "I challenge you, Chevalier Crichton, to make good your accusation with your life."
"Enongh," returned Crichton," I accept the challenge, and I counsel you, sir, not to throw aside your mask when you draw your blade in a cause so infamous. I am well content that Ruggieri's fate be left to the decision of my hand. Joyeuse." he continued, " may I calculate upon your services in this matter?"
"Most certainly," replied the vicomte, "but will not your adversary favour us with his name or title? As a commander of the Saint-Esprit you are aware you cannot fight with one of inferior rank?"
"If I am satisfied, Monsicur le Vicomte," replied the mask, haughtily, "to waive that consideration, a cadet of fortune like the Chevalier Crichton will have little need to take exceptions. We meet as equals only with our swords."

So saying, the mask disdainfully placed his ungloved hand upon the hilt of his rapier. Crichton regarded limn fixedly for a moment.
"Sir mask," he said, at length, in a tone of cold contempt, " whocver you may be, and I have no desire to publish your incognito, whatever blood may flow in your veins, be it derived from prince or peer, I hold it cheap as water in the unworthy canse you have espoused; and were you base-born vassal, as I beiieve you to be honourable gentleman, and your quarel the right, it would weigh more with me than noblest lineage, or proudest blazonry. Cadet of fortune I am, no doubt. Nevertheless, even the royal Henri might cross swords with me without degradation. On either side my ancestry is illustrious. My blood is that of the Stuart, my heritage, an untarnished name; my portion, a stainless sword. In God and Saint Andrew I place my trust!"
" Bravely spoken," cried Saint Lue.
"You are satisfied of your antagonist's rank: ?" asked Joyeuse of Crichton.
" I will answer for him," said Henrı.
The vicomte raised the glove, and thrust it in his girdle.
"Whom may I have the honour of addressing as your second seigneur?" asked Joyeuse, in a tone of constrained courtesy.
"The Duke de Nevers," replied the mask, haughtily.
" Vive Dien!" exclaimed the vicomte, "this is better than I anticipated. Monsicur le Duc, I shall be delighted to confer with you on this ducl."

At the mention of his name, the Duc de Nevers, a grave and stately nobleman, wearing the full insignia of the order of the Saiut

Esprit, stepped forward, in some astonishment, but, after having conversed an instant with the mask, he advancel, and with a formal salutation took Crichton's glove from the hand of the viconte.
" Mort-Dicu! messeigneurs," said Henri, "I had rather the whole science of astrology were exterminated, torether with all its idolatrous professors, than that you should battle to each other upon grounds so frivolons, and for a canse so unworthy of your swords. However, since you will have it so, I will not oppose your inclinations. Let the combat take place at noon to-morrow, withins the hall of ams. My pleasure, however, is that in lieu of the duel with rapier and dagger,-which, remembering the end of Caylus and Maugiron, I interdict,-that you break a lance together in the lists. On the issue of the third course, let the astrologer's fite depend. I will not have the life of a valiant cavalier, or of one dear to me, sacrificed in this worthless dispute. Meantime, Ruggieri shall be placed under the safeguard of the walls of the Chîtelet, to abide the issue of the encounter, and may God defend the right!"
" I will answer for Ruggieri's attendance," said Catherine de Medicis. "Let him be escorted to my turret. I will place my own guard over him."
"As you please, madame," returned Henri, " but have a care you produce him at the lists."
"Fear me not, my son."
"And now, sir mask," said the king, turning round. "MortDicu, vanished!-"
"And now for the Navarroise," said Crichton, taking the hand of Marguerite de Valois.
"I thought you had forgotten it," replied the queen, smiling ; " but let us go - I am wearied of this crowd. We shall, at least, be alone in the dance."

And, all eyes following their majestic figures, they swept down the saloon.

While this was passing, Catherine motioned Ruggieri to approach her. The astrologer threw himself at her fect, as if imploring compassion. "I would question thee ere thou depart," she said, aloud, adding in a whisper, "this combat must never take place."
" It must not," returned the astrologer.
"I will find means to prevent it. Give me the phial thou hase ever with thee-the Borgia tincture."
"That were too tardy, madame:- this potion you will find more efficacious. It is the same deadly mixture as that prepared, by your majesty's orders, for the Admiral Coligni, which you entrusted to his valet, Dominique D'Albe."
"No more - I will find a surer agent than that timid slave," said ('atherine, taking the phial which Ruggieri slipped into her hands; " 1 must sce the mask to-night," she continued. "Give me the
key of thine inner chamber in the turret-I will instruct him how to come thither unperceived, by the subterrancan passage from the Hôtel de Soissons."
"The key is here, madame," replied the astrologer.
"Let Ruggieri be removed," said Catherine, aloud; " and a triple guard placed at the portal of our hotel. Suffer none to go forth, nor to enter, save at our order."
"Your highness's commands shall be obeyed," said Larehent, advancing towards Ruggieri, and surrounding him with some halfdozen halberdiers.
"And your devilish schemes circumvented," added Chicot, gliding from the fauteuil of the queen-mother, whither he hat crept unperceived; "and, now to apprise Crichton of his danger! -Mort-Dien! - I tremble lest our Jezebel shonld find an opportumity of effecting her accursed designs."

Full of apprehension for Crichton's safety, the jester was about to follow the course taken by the Scot and his illustrious partner, but he found them surrounded by such a crowd of eager spectators, that approach was next to impossible. Hs was constrained, therefore, to remain stationary. Presently, a lively flourish of music told that the Navarroise had commenced; and all the jester could discern was the tall and majestic figure of Crichton revolving with that of the queen in the rapid circles of the dance. Round after romd they whirled-the music each instant increasing the rapidity of its movements, till Chicot's brain began to spin like the giddy measure he witnessed.

Suddenly, the strains ceased. "Now is my opportunity," exclaimed the jester, prepaning to dart forward.

At that instant he was arrested by a voice behind him. It was that of the king, with the hand of a masked maiden within his own. Henri stood by his side. "Follow me, compère," whispered the monarch, "I have need of thy assistance. I shall require a mask and domino, and a hat with plumes, menlike those I am accustomed to wear. Follow me !"
"An instant, sire, ——" "
" Not a sceond! Keep near me; I will not have thee quit my sight. Come, demoiselle," added Henri, with a triumphant look at his companion ; "you shall now be satisfied of your lover's perficly."

Chicot did not hear the words; but he saw the lady tremble violently, as the king dragged her on.
"Malediction!" mentally he exclaimed. "Escape is now impossible! Crichton must take his chance."

## CHAPTER V.

## MARGUERITE DE FALOIS.

Ah ! que le temps est bien changé à celuy que quand on les voyoit danser tous deux en la grande salle du bal, d'une belle accordance, et de bonue volonté. Si l'un a voit belle majesté, l'autre ne l'avoit pas moindre.

Brantôme. Dames Illustres, Dis. V.
Mahguerite de Valois, consort of Hemri of Navarre, afterwards Henri IV., was now in the full éclat of her almost umrivalled beanty. Smitten by her nascent charms, Ronsard proclaimed her, in her fifteenth spring, La belle Charité Pasithée. Nor was the appellation unmerited. Chielled by the Apollonian sculptor, Aglaia never rose upon the view more surpassingly lovely. Some of her after-admirers distinguished her by the title of Venus Urania; and we might follow in their steps, had we not been forewarned that such description-high-flown as it appearswas wholly inadequate to her matchless attractions. Hear what the Abbe de Brantome says on the subject :-" Encore croit-on," he writes, "que par l'advis de plusieurs jamais Déesse ne fut veue plus belle, si bien que pour publier ses beautez, ses mérites, et ses vertus, il faudroit que Dieu allongeast le Monde, et haussast le cie! plus quill n'est!"-and he concludes his panegyric by averring, that by her side all the goddesses of old, and empresses, such as we see them represented on the ancient medals, however pompously arrayed, would appear little better than chambermaids-(que chambrières au prix d'elle!) No wonder when her chronicler sent this éloge for Marguerite's inspection, she should return it, saying, "I rould have praised you nore, had you praised me less."

But due allowance being made for the worthy abbés warmth of'style, which carried him a little into extremes, no doubt can be exist as to Marguerite's eminent personal attractions; and that she ranked as beautiful amongst the beautiful, even in the age that produced Mary Stuart.

Marguerite's eyes were large and dark, liquid, impassioned, voluptuous, with the fire of France, and the tenderness of Italy, in their beams. An anchorite could searee have resisted their witchery. And then her features! How shall we describe their fascination? It was not their majesty-yet they were majestic as those of her mother-(grace, in fact, is more majestical than majesty's self, and Marguerite was eminently graceful)-it was not their regularity-yet they were regular as the severest judgment might exact-it was not their tint-though Marguerite's skin was dazzlingly fuir-but it was that expression which resides not in form, but which, emanating from the soul, imparts, like the sun to the landscape, light, life, and loveliness. This it was that constituted the charm of Marguerite's featuris.

The Queen of Navarre's figure was full and faultless; or, if it had a fault, it might be deemed by those who think embonpoint incompatible with beauty, a little too redundant. But then if you complained of the Hebe-tike proportion of her swelling shoulders, surely the slender waist from which those shoulders sprang would content you. The cestus of Venus would have spanned that waist; and did span it for aught we know-Marguerite's fascination, indeed, would almost warrant sueh a conclusion. Her throat was rounded and whiter than drifted snow-"Jamais n'en fut vue," says her historian, "une si belle, ny si blanche, si pleine, ny si charnue." Her hands -the true Medici's hand-(Ronsurd did well to liken them to the fingers of the young Aurora-rose-dyed, dew-stecped)-were the snowiest and smallest ever beheld-her feet were those of a fairy, and the ankles that sustained them, fine and fairy-like as the feet.

Of her attire, which was gorgeous as her beauty, we dare scarcely hazard a description. We shrink beneath the perilous weight of its magnificence. Brilliants flamed like stars thick set amidst her dusky tresses. Besprent with pearls, her stomacher resembled a silvery coat of mail. Cloth of gold constituted her dress, the fashion of which was peculiar to herself; for it was remarked of her that she never appeared in the same garb twice ; and that the costume in which she was scen last, was that which became her most. Be this as it may, upon the present occasion, she had studied to please -and she who pleased without study, could scarce fail to charm when it was her aim to do so. Around her fair throat hung a necklace of cameos, while in one hand mignomement enganteté, as Rabelais hath it, she heid a kerchief fringed with golden lace, and in the other a fan of no inconsiderable power of expansion.

In accomplishments, Marguerite might vie with any queen on record. Gifted with the natural eloquence of her grandsire, Francis the First, her own Memoirs amply testify her literary attainments -while her unpremeditated reply, in elegant latinity, to the Bishop of Cracovia, may be brought in evidence of the extent of her classical information, proving her no unworthy descendant, as she was the inheritress of the kingdom and of the name, of the amiable and virtuous Marguerite de Valois, spouse of Henri d'Albert, King of Navarre, and authoress of the Heptameron, and of the Miroir d'une âme Pecheresse, and sumamed ia Marguerite des Marguerites -or pearl of pearls. Marguerite was the friend of the arts, and cultivator of poesy; and if her predecessor could boast of the friendship of Mclancthon and Clément Marot, she was not less fortunate in the devotion of Ronsard and Brantôme, besides a host of minor luminaries. But if she had many friends and panegyrists, she had likewise munerous enemies and det:actors; and to discover how busy seandal was with her reputation, we have only to turn to the pages of the Divorce Satirique, published under the name and with the sanction of her husband, Henri IV.

Her life, a mixture of devotion and levity, presents one of those
singular anomalies of which her sex have oceasionally fumished examples; and which, without calling her sincerity in question(for Margucrite, thourh profligate, was not a dissembler, like the rest of her family)-can only be reconciled upon such grounds as those on which Shelley seeks to harmonise the enormities, and yet continuous prayers and prostrations, of the ruthless Cenci. "Rcligion," he acutely remarks, "in a Catholic has no comnexion with any one virtue. The most atrocious villain may be rigidly devout, and, without any shock to established faith, confess himself to be so. Relirion pervades intensely the whole frame of socicty, and is, according to the temper of the mind which it inhabits, a passion, a persuasion, an excuse, a refuge ; never a check." Marguerite, we have observed, was no hypocrite-her undisguised exeesses attest the very reverse. With her, religion was a passion. One half of her existence was abandoned to a round of indulgences- the other to exercises of devotion, or to what would bear the name of devotion. She would hear three masses a day-une haute, Ics deux autres petites*-would communicate thrice a week, and perform sundry acts of self-inflicted penance; but this inordinate zeal offered no interruption to her irregularities; on the contrary, it appeared to lend piquancy to them. Satiated with amuscment, she retired to pray with renovated fervour; and she issued from her oratory with a new appetite for sin.

With her after-sorrows we have no concern; nor with the darker period of her existence, when, in the touching words of the poctical jesuit, Lemoine, she became-

Epouse sans éponx, et reine sans royanme; Vaine ombre du passé, grand et noble fantóme.
Our business is with the brighter portion of her career-cre care had stricken her, or sorrow robbed her of a charm.

Of the grace and elegance of Marguerite de Valois in the dance, Brantôme has left us the most rapturous particulars. With loverlike enthusiasm he dilates upon her majestic carriage, and indescribable fascinations; an' the vivid portrait he has taken of the lovely queen (sketched at some such scene as that we are now attempting to describe) blooms, breathes, and stands before us in all its original beauty and freshness-a splendid "phantom of delight," sparkling within that gallery of high-born dames and gallant cavaliers which he has preserved for the gaze of the world.

With Crichton's supremacy in the somewhat trifling, but then highly estimated art which

Teacheth lavoltas high, and swift corantos,
with his perfect mastership of all its difficulties-(for in those days, when Italy, Spain, and Germany, and almost each province of France contributed their quota of figures and national peculiaritics,
the dance had its difiiculties) with his unequalled possession of all its graces, the reader, aware of the universal scope of his accomplishments, must be already acquainted. He was accounted the most proficient in the dance at a court, each member of which would probably have been considered in the same important light in any other in Europe. Hemri III. was passionately fond of the amusement, and largely indulged in it. In carlier days, Catherine de Medicis had been no less partial to the dance, and Marguerite de Valois, as we know, held it in high estecm. All the courtiers, therefore, emulous of distinction in their sovereign's eyes, bestowed unremitting attention upon this accomplishment, and it was no slight merit to eclipse in skill performers of such consummate ability. As in the hall of arms, the arena of learning, the tourney, the chace, or otlier exercises in which strength or dexterity is concerned-so in the ball-room Crichton outstripped all competitors. From the inimitable "constitution of his leg," it would seen, "that he was born under the star of a galliard." Terpsichore might have presided at his mativity.

It was Crichton's remarkable spirit, displayed in one of the wild and national dances of his own country, then little known, or regarded as semi-barbarian in the polite court of France, and perhaps seen there for the first time when he undertook it, that first attracted the attention of the Queen of Navarre towards him, and alterwards riveted her regards. With Crichton, it was indeed that poctry of motion, that inspiration of look and gesture (terms idly applied in these later days to the performances of the hired artist), cailed into play by the agency of the dance, and giving to that light and graceful pastime its highest and most imaginative character. In him, the dance was not a mediun for the display of brilliant and faultless exccution of paces, and flourishing of limb. His action-his impersonation, we might almost say, of the melody by which his movements were guided-was fanciful, inspiriting, harmonious, as the melody itself. We question whether the pyrrhic, or enoplian dance of old, or hyporchematic measure were ever exceuted with more fervour and inspiration, or produced more thrilling effects upon the beholders than Crichton's performances. The same ease-the same unconscious grace, which accompanied his demeanour on the parade, followed him in the volte, the bransle, or the pazzameno. In cach, like mastery was exhibited-in each were the varions involutions required preserved; but, change the figtre as often as he might, one expression pervaded ail--in that expression, unattainable by other aspirants, resided his superiority.

Whether upon the present occasion Crichton felt inspired by the presence and acclamations of the vast assemblage-the gaze of which he felt was fixed upon him-or whether he was resolved to show how inexhaustible were his energies, we know not; but he appeared to surpass himself. Such was the springy lightness with
which he bounded through the rapid Navarroise (a species of waltz peculiar to the pleasant land from which it derived its name), that his foot scarcely seemed to touch the floor, or if it did alight upon it, it was only as Autecus acquired fresh vigour fiom his mother earth, to gain elasticity from the momentary contact. A movement so rapid and whirling as to have turned the heads of any less practised than the admirable Scot and his royal partner, bronglit the dance to a spirited and striking conclusion.

All etiquette was forgotten. An irrepressible exeitement took possession of the spectators-rivats and bravos resounded on all sides-the bumishel roof of the grand saloon re-echoed with the plandits, and the effect produced upon the courtly thirong by the brilliant achievements of the distinguished couple, seemed to be precisely similar to that which results from the most electrifying effects of the divinities of the ballet.

Never had Marguerite appeared so animated; even her dames of honour were surprised at her unusual elation. "Mon dien! I have never seen her majesty execute that dance with so much spirit since I first beheld it," said La Fosseuse, "when her partner was Henry of Navarre, and the oceasion her own espousal."
"Her majesty has all the air of a bride now," returned La Rebours, pensively. This fair demoiselle, whom Marguerite in her Memoirs terms " une fille malicieuse. qui ne m'aimoit pas," became shortly afterwards the chief favomite of Henri of Navarre. It might be presentiment.
"Poh!" replied La Torigni, "I remember the night La Fosseuse speaks of well. By my reputation, I have reason to do so. Henri of Navarre was a mere lump of rusty armour compared with the Chevalier Crichton, who vanlts in the dance as if he had stolen the wings of Icarus. Nor does Madame Marguerite appear insensible to the change. She look like a bride, ma foi! you ought to know better La Rebours. Even if she have it not, your bride is sure to affect a bashfuhness, and you cannot lay any excess of that sort to Madame Marguerite's charge at the present moment."
"Why no," replied La Rebours, " not exactly; but Henry makes a charming partner."
"As to the spirit with which she dances," continued the sprightly Torigni, "her muptial ball was nothing to it. But what say you? Hou recollect that night, I dare say, Abbé de lBrantòme ?"
"Perfectly," replied Brantóme, with a significant glance, "then it was Mars, now Apollo and Venus are in conjunction."

While Marguerite de Valois remained panting within Crichton's arms with one hand retained within his own, and her waist still encircled by ihe other-with her eyes, to the neglect of all observers, passionately fixed upon his gaze, a masked cavalier, enveloped in a black domino, and wearing a liat surmounted by sable plunes, accompanied by a dame whose features were concealed by a violetcoloured vizard, took up a position opposite to them.
"Do you note their looks? Do you mark tineir caressing hands ?" asked the cavalier of his companion.
"I do-I do ?" was her reply.
"Look arain."
" My eyes dazzle - I can sce no longer.
"You are satisfied, then ?"
"Satisfied, oh! my head burns-my heart throbs almost to bursting - horrible emotions possess me. Heaven give mestrength to conquer them-prove-prove him false-prove that-and-"
"Have I not proved it? No matter; you shall hear him avow his perfidy with his own lips, shall behold him seal it with his kisses. Will that content you ?"

The maiden's reply, if her agitation permitted her to make any, was unheard in the din of a fresh burst of music, which struck up in answer to a wave of Du Halde's wand. The grave and somewhat grandiose character of the strain, announced an accompaniment to the lavanne d'Espagne, a dance not inaptly named after the strutting bird of Juno, which had been recently introduced from the court of Madrid into that of Paris, by the ambassador of Philip II., and which, in consequence of the preference entertained for it by Margnerite de Valois, was, notwithstanding that its solemn and stately pace harmonised more completely with the haughty carriage of the grandees of Spain than with the livelier bearing of the French noblesse, now greatly in vogue amongst the latter.

La Pavanne d'Esparne, which had some of the stiffness with more than the grace of the old minuet de la cour, presented a strong contrast to the national dance that preceded it. In the one all was whirl, velocity, abandonment; in the other, dignity, formality, gravity. The first was calculated to display the spirit and energy of the performers ; the second exhibited their grace of person and majesty of deportment.

As, in accordance with the haughty prelude to the figure-a slow martial strain breathing of the proud minstrelsy of Old Castile, interrupted at intervals by the hollow roll of the Moorish atabal-he drew his lofty person to its utmost height, his eyes blazing with chivalrous tire, awakened by the vaunting melody, and his noble features lighted up with a kindred expression, the beholder might have imagined he beheld some glorious descendant of the Cid, or inheritor of the honours of the renowned Pelayo.

Advancing towards the Queen of Navarre with a grave and profound salutation, he appeared to solicit the honour of her hand, to which courteous request Marguerite, who, for the nonce, assumed ail the hauteur and august coquetry of an infanta, disdainfully answered by coneeding him the tips of those lovely fingers which Ronsard had likened to the rosy digits of the daughter of the dawn. Here began that slow and stately procession from which the dance
obtained its designation, and in which its chicf grace esnsisted. Hand in hand they sailed down the saloon

> " Like two compasion barks on Cyndus' wave,"
a prouder couple never graced those festal halls. With a pace majestic as that of a king about to receive the crown of his ancestry, Crichton pursued his coursc. Murmurs of admiration marked his steps.

Nor was Marguerite de Valois without her share of admiration, though our gallantry may be called into question, if we confess that the meed of applanse was chiefly bestowed on Crichton. With the fair Queen of Navarre, we have observed, this dance was an especial favourite; and justly so, for it was the one in which she most excelled. In its slow measure the spectator had full leisure to contemplate the gorgeous majesty and resplendent loveliness of her person ; in its pauses, her surpassing dignity and quecnly grace were brought into play ; in its gayer passages-for even this grave danec had a pleasant admixture of spirit (the sunshine stolen from its elime)-her anmation and fire were shown; while in its haughtier movements was manifested the fine disdain she knew so well how to express.
"By Apollo!" exclaimed Ronsard, as soon as the vivats which followed the conclusion of the Pavame had died away, "the whole seene we have just witnessed reminds me of one of those old and golden legends wherein we read how valour is assailed by sorecry, and how the good knight is for a time spell-bound by the enthraling enchantress."
"Certes, la bella Alcina was but a prototype of Marguerite," said Brantome.
" And Orlando of Crichton," added La Torigni.
"Or Rinaldo," continued La Fosseuse. "He is the very mirror of chivalry."
"He must have more skill than Ulysses to break the snares of lis Circe," whispered Ronsard.
"True," replice Brantóme, in the same tone. "It was not without good reason that Don Juan of Austria said to me when he first beheld her peerless charms:-' Your Queen's beauty is more divine than human, but is she the more likely to drag men to perdition than to save them!'"

Turning then to the maids of honour, the abbe added aloud"The mistake in all matters of enchantment appears to be, that your knight errant should ever desire to burst such agrecable bondage. To me it would be like awakening from a pleasant dream. All! were there some good fairy left who would tempt me-you should see whether I would resist or seek to be disenehanted!"
"Well, of all agrecable dances commend me to the bransle," eaid La Torigni, as that figure was struck up.
"A propos of temptation, I suppose," saiu Brantôme ; "for you
never look so captivating as when engaged in it, Signora Torigni. For my part I envy the Chevalier Crichton his success in the dance more than his bonnes fortunes. I never could accomplish a pas."
" A fuur pas, I suppose you mean, abbé," whispered Ronsard.
"Indeed!" returned La 'Torigni. "suppose you take a lesson now. What say you to a turn in the bransle? 'That is the easiest figure of all. Our royal mistress has disappeared with her allaccomplished Scot, so my attendance will be dispensed with for the present. We shall be free from interruption. Never mind your being a little lame-the bramsle is the best specifie in the world for the rheumatism. Come along. Monsieur de Ronsard, your gont I know will not permit you, or I would bid you give your hand to La Fosseuse ; but you can at least amuse her with a mot, or perhaps improvise a sonnet for her entertainment, upon the pretty sight we have just witnessed ; and the more you stuff it with loves and doves, kisses and blisses, gods, goddesses, and heroes, till like a cup of hydromel it overflow with swectness, the better she will like it. Your hand, abbé." And, despite his remonstrances, the laughing Florentine dragged the reluctant Brantome to the bransle.

Slowly, meanwhile, glided along Crichton and the Queen of Navarre. Neither spoke-neither regarded the other-the bosoms of both were too full ; Margucrite's of intense passion-Crichton's of very different emotions. He felt the pressure of her arm-the throbbing of her bosom, but he returned not the pressure, neither did his heart respond to those ardent pulsations. A sudden sadness seemed to overspread his features; and thus in silence they wandered along, inhaling new clouds of flattering incense from each worshipping group they passed.

Their steps were followed at a wary distance by three other masks, but this circumstance escaped their notice. Marguerite thought of nothing save her lover, and Crichton's mind was otherwise occupied.

Anon they entered a small antichamber opening from the restibule of the hall of entrance. This room, which was filled with the choicest exotics, and lang around with cages containing squirrels, parrots, and other gaily plumaged birds, was for the moment deserted even of the customary attendants.

Marguerite glanced cautiously around her, and seeing the room racant, applied a small golden key, which she took from her girdle, to a concealed door, in the side wall. The valve yielded to the touch-thick tapestry then appeared, which being raised, the pair found themselves within a dimly-lighted chamber, the atmosphere of which struck upon their scuses, as they entered, warmly and odoriferously. A prie-dien, cushioned with velvet, stood at the farther end of the apartment. Before it, was placed a golden crucifix. Orer the crucifix, hung a Madonna by Raphacl; the glowing colouring of which admireble picture was scarcely discernible by
the faint light of the two perfume-distilling lamps suspended on either side. This room was the oratory of the Queen of Navarre.

Scarcely had the lovers gained this retreat when the valve was opened noiselessly behind them-again as cautiously c'osed-and three persons who had thus stealthily obtained admission to the chamber, posted themselves in silence behind the tapestry, the folds of which being slightly drawn aside, enabled then to discern whatever might be passing within the oratory.

## CHAPTER VI.

## TII E ORATORY.


#### Abstract

Marre. Tu es jeune, il y a beaucoup de belles femmes qui te regardent tort doucement, je le sais. Enfin, on se lasse d'une reine comme d'une autre.


Victor Hugo. Marie Tudor.
"Crichton, mon beau chevalier," exelaimed Marguerite de Valois, raising her beautiful head, and gazing fondly and inquiringly into his face, "why are you this silent and pre-occupied? Amid the prying assemblare we have quitted-with all eyes upon us and all ears cager to catch our lightest whisper-it were well to observe such caution; but here this reserve is needless. Is it that your quarrel with the queen, my mother, gives you uneasiness? I cautioned you not to arouse her anger, but you were wilful, and would not listen to my entreaties. Catherine de Medicis is an enemy to be feared; but you need have no fear of her. Dread not her poignards-her poisons. I will watch over your safety, and arrest the secret steel, should she point it at your breast. I will prove an antidote against the infected chalice, should its venom touch your lips. Be not afraid."
"I am not afraid, Margucrite. I will trust to my own arm for deliverance from your mother's assassins, while, for preservation from her poisons, İ am content to rely upon forbearance from her banquets."
"That were a vain precaution. The scarf you wear, the flower you smell, the very atmosphere you breathe, may become the agent of death. Even $I$ might be the instrument of her vengeance."
" You, Marguerite!"
"Unconsciously, but you should not fall alone. I will save you, or share your fate."
"How can I repay this devotion ?" replied Crichton, in a tone as if he struggled with some deep and suppressed emotion; "I am unworthy of this solicitude. Believe me, I have no fears for my own safety-no dread of poisons, be they subtle as those of Parysades, or Locusta. I possess an assured safeguard against their baneful effeets."
" So thought Eernardo Girolamo, yet he perished by the drugs
of Cosmo de Medicis. His was a light offence compared with yours. But a remedy does exist-a counter-poison. Hemi and I, alone, possess it. I have sworn to use it only for the preservation of my own existence. You are my existence. You shall have the phial."
" You shall not break your vow, my gracious queen. Nay, I am resolute in this. For me, I repeat, your mother's wrath has no terrors. If it be the will of Heaven that I must fall by the assassin's dagger, or by more secret means, I shall not shrink from my fate, but meet it as bescems a brave man. But my destiny, I fecl, is not yet fulfilled. Much remains to be accomplished. My aspirations, my energies, all tend towards one great end. Fate may crown me with success, or crush me in the outset of my carcer. I can have no fore-knowledge, though your mother's starry lore would tell you otherwise-nor, it may be, free-agency. No matter ! My aim is fixed-and thus much of the future, methinks, I can read-I shall not perish by the hand of Catherine de Mcdicis."
"Is not your destiny accomplished, Crichton? Are not your brows bound with laurels? Have you not this day achieved more than man ever achiced before you? Are you not girt with honcurable knighthood? What more remains to be performed ?"
" Much-much-"
"Have you not my love-my devotion-a queen's idolatry, Crichton? You are insatiate in your ambition, scigneur."
" I am insatiate, or how should my desires extend beyond this moment ?"
"Crichton, you no longer love me. Beware-beware; I love you fervently, but I can hate in the same degrec. I am by nature jealous. The Medicis' blood within my veins, fires me to love with desperation, or to resent as strongly. As yet I only love. But if I discover aught to confirm my suspicions-if I find yoú have breathed words of passion to another, my rival dics, though her destruction cost me my kingdom-that which I hold dearer than my kingdom-yourself. I am a queen, and if I am wronged, will have a qucen's revenge."
"Why this sudden frenzy, Marguerite?-whose rivalry do you apprehend ?"
" I know not-I would not know. I look around in dread. At the fête I am beset with fears-here I am assailed with new agonies. My life is onc long pang of jealousy. Have I a rival, Crichton? -Answer me-Oh! if I have one, let her avoid my presence."
"Calm yoursclf, Marguerite.-Banish these idle fancies-"
"Are they fancies, Crichton?-are they idle? Methinks I feel iny rival's presence within this chamber-here-here."
"Shall I chide or smile at your folly, my queen ?"
"Again I ask you, are my suspicions groundless? Call to mind your e.ttentions to the Demoiselle Esclairmonde-were they not
sufficient to awaken doubts as to your sincerity to me? Oh Crichton! I have been anxious-miserable since that night; but I am casier now."
"Right-right, sweet Marguerite—but, as you have alluded to her, may I, without reviving your apprehensions, inquire whether Esclairmonde is at the fete to-night ?"
" She is," replied Marguerite, with a smile.
"I did not observe her," said Crichton, with affeeted indifference.
"Yet she was at no great distance from you."
"With the queen your mother?"
" With the king my brother."
"With him!" cjaculated Crichton.
"She stood by Henri's side when he bestowed this decoration of the Saint Esprit upon you."
" The violet mask!"
"You have guessed shrewdly."
"And she remained with the king when we quitted the grand saloon!"

Despite his efforts to control himself, Crichton was unable to conceal his emotion. With sarcastic levity Marguerite replied to his question. "Esclairmonde, I must inform you, has, upon her presentation to-night, achieved a conquest no less important than that of his majesty. He is evidently enthralled by her; and (jealousy apart) it must se owned she is suffieiently charming to warrant his sudden fascination. With Henri it was decidedly love at first sight, which, ridicule it as one may, is the only truc love after all. Since she tendered her hand to the king, he has never quitted it; and to judge appearances, he has alrcady made no inconsiderable progress in her affections."
"Ha!" ejaculated Crichton.
"She will have the post of honour at the banquet," continued Marguerite, "and will be henceforth the reigning favourite, with power absolute over all the court. 'To speak truth, I am not sorry for it, as it nips a rival in the bud, though the queen, my mother. who, I suspect, had other intentions with the demoiselle, may not entirely approve of the arrangement."
" Marguerite, I implore you to return to the fête."
"Crichton, you love this girl," cried Marguerite, furiously.
"I would save her from dishonour. Hear me, Marguerite!Amid the tainted atmosphere of this court, one pure fair flower blooms and is seen for a moment-the next, a rude hand grasps it -scatters its fragrance to the wind, and levels it with the weeds that grow rife around it. Esclairmonde is that flower-save her from the spoiler's hand. Have pity on her youth-her innocence She is unfriended-alone. Be to her a preserver, my gracious queen. You know what Henri's love is-that he spares nought to gratify his desires. Save her-save her !"
"For you-never-"
-" Mistake me not-let not your jealonsy confound my apprebension for her safety with other feelings, which, even if I cutertained them, would weigh little with me in comparison with my anxiety for her preservation."
"I am sure you love her. Now hear me, Crichton. My hisband, Henri of Navarre, demands my presence. This morn a messenger arrived from the camp at lau. My reply depends on you. Will you form one of my escort? Say you will do so, and I will be myself the bearer of my answer."
"Marguerite, to what end should I go thither? II respect the bravery of Hemri of Navarre-I admire his chivalrous character, his bonhommie, his frankness; but having pledged myself to your royal brother's canse, how c:un I enlist under hostile banners! I camnt quit the court of France."
" Do not equivocate, messire, you camot quit Esclairmondeyou refuse to accompany me."
"'Torture me not thus, Margucrite; for pity's sake, if you will not go with me to the fete, suffer me to return alone."
"Go."
"Marguerite, farewell. I quit you but for an instant."
"For ever."
"For ever! Marguerite, did I hear aright?"
"Stay!" cried the queen, after a momentary but fearful struggle with herself, "stay I command-entreat you-return not to the fête. Have pity on me, Crichton."
"This delay is cruel-even now I may be too late to warn her of her danger. Henri may triumph if I tarry longer. Margucrite, I take my leave."
" It is true!" exelamed Marguerite, with a look of mutterable agony, " my frightful suspicions are conlimed. You have never, never loved me-ingrate-deceiver-never-never--"

Crichton would have spoken. Margnerite, however, impetumisly interrupted him. "Do not forswear yourself. You camnot deceive me longer. Ah, Crichton! Is it possible you can have forgotten-or that you are willing to forget-my tenderness? 1s it possible? but I will no longer indulge this weakness-leave me,-go-go!"'

Crichton appeared irresolute. Marguerite continued in the same vehement tone "But dare not to approach your minion Esclair-monde-dare not, as you value her life, breathe aught of love or counsel within her ear, for, by my hope of Heaven, if you do so, she survives not the night. Now you are at liberty to departyet stay, you shall not go hence alone. After what I have sairl, I shall be curious to see how you will attempt to succour this distressed damscl."
"Mort Dieu! Margot, you shall not go far to witness 11," sard Henri, thrusting aside the tapestry, and dragging Esclairmonde
forward. "Your own appointment, you perceive, has not. becen without witnesses."
"Hemri !" ejaculated Marguerite, sternly, so soon as she recovered her surprise.
"Esclairmonde!" exclaimed Crichton, recoiling in astonishment and displeasure.

A momentary pause ensued, during which each party regarded the other in doubt and silense. The king alone appeared easy and unconeerned. He was at home in scenes like the present, and hummed laughingly a light air. Crichton at length spoke.
" Is it ce:stomary, sire," lie said, in a tone of irony, " with the King of France to play the eaves-dropper? I have heard of such practices in Arabian story, but the incident is new to the annals of your realm."
"In love and war all stratagems are fair," replied Henri, gaily, "and I have the sanction of precept and custom, if I cared for either, for my conduct. All that I desired was to satisfy Esclairmonde of your perfidy. Yon arras afforded us an excellent screen -not a worl of your tête-ètêle, or of our sister's reproaches escaped us. I thank you for your good opinion of myself; I thank you for your kind intentions in espect to Esclairmonde, and I thank you still more for proving yourself so satisfactorily the inconstant she conceived you to be. Voila tout, chevalier!"
"I congratulate your majesty upon your address," returned Crichton. "Few scruples appear to stand in the way of your inclinations."
"Pardien! compère," exclaimed Chicot, who formed part of the group, and who, with difficulty had hitherto restrained himself from interference, " our gossip, II Ienri, is too great a king not to be exempt from vulgar weaknesses. Delicacy has never been classed amongst his foibles."
"And you, Esclairmonde," said Crichton, somewhat reproachfully, "you have condescended to this-"
". Mcamness, you would say," interrupted Marguerite, scornfully. "Give her conduct its proper term-none else will suit it. My heart told me she was beside us. The instinct of hate never deceives."
"You have, then, overheard our converse, demoiselle?" said Crichton.
"I have," replied Esclairmonde, blushing deeply.
"And you are aware of the peril in which you stand," added Crichton, looking significantly at Henri as he spoke. "One step more, and all is irretrievable."
"I know it," replied Esclairmonde, distractedly.
"Esclairmonde !" persisted Crichton, "by all that is sacred in your regards, I conjure you listen to my counsels-pause-reflectcr you are lost for ever."
"There is something of the Huguenot about you after aii,


Crichton," interposed Henri. "You preach in a style worthy of an Anabaptist, or Antinominn, and not like the easy galliard I have hitherto supposed you. Escharmonde is infinitely indebted to you for your agrecable diatribe; but she has had ample time for reflection behind yon arras, and her choice is made. The demoiselle prefers a royal lover, with a heart, a court, rank, title, power, almost half a throne to offer her, to one who has none of these gifts, not even an undivided heart to bestow. Are you answered, messire? ?
" Esclairmonde!" exclaimed Crichton.
"Beware, insensate madman!" eried Marguerite.
" Crichton !" exclaimed Esclairmonde, suddenly extricating herself from the king's grasp, and throwing herself into his arms. "To your protection I commit myself."
" And with my life will I delend you," returned Crachton, clasping her to his bosom.
"I tremble no longer to arow my love : I am yours for ever. I will brave all. We can at least die together !" exclamed Esclairmonde.
" It were bliss to do so," answered Crichton.
"Confusion!" exclaimed the king, "Chicot, our guard." The jester reluctantly quisted the oratory.
" Be your wish gratified," exclaimed Margucrite, in a tone of bitter derision; "perish together, since you wish it. Henri, I crave a boon from you."
"What is it, Margot?"
"It is this," replied Marguerite, kindling into fury as she spoke: " that the work of vengeance may be intrusted to my hands; that I, who have witnessed their transports, may witness, also, their pangs. I must have blood, Hemri-blood-his blood! Call in the guard. Leave me alone with them-I will see it done. It will gladden me to see a sword drawn."
"I doubt it not, Margot," replied Henri, who had now resumed all the indifference he had previonsly exhibited; "as Du Guast's epitaph can testify. I am in no mood for butchery. If I should need an executioner, I will call in your aid. But the sword is scarcely required on this oceasion. A word will resall the Chesalier Crichton to his senses."
"Be it as you please," replied Marguerite, fiercely. "My own particular wrong shall not pass unavenged."
"Chevalier Crichton," said Henri, advancing toward the Scot, and, fixing a steadfast glance upon him, addressing him at the same time in a tone of high and prince-like courtesy; "need I remind you of your voluntary proffer of obedience to my mandates? The time is arrived when I hold it fitting to claim fulfilment of your pledge."
"What do you demand, sire ?"
"Possession of this damsel."
"Crichton!" shrieked Esclairmonde, clinging more closely to ner lover, " kill me rather than yield me to lim."
"I have his word," said I'emri, coldly.
"He has!-he has!" exclaimed Crichton, in accents of desperation. "Take back your title-take back your honours, sire, if they are to be bought by this sacrifice. Take my life-my blood -though it flow drop by drop-but do not extort fulfiment of a rash promise which, if you claim, you pronounce a sentence upon two heads far more terrible than death!"
"I an to understand, then, messire," returned Henri, scomfully regarding him; "that your word, rashly plighted, is not held binding on your supple conscience. 'Tis well. I now know how to proceed."
" Would your majesty have me break these clinging arms, and hurl her I love senseless at your feet? Call your guards, sire, and let them unloose her clasp. I will not oppose your mandate."
". 'Twere better to do so," said Marguerite, " or I will stab the minion in his arms."
" Peace," cried Henri, " she relents even now."
" Crichton, your word is past," said Esclairmonde, " you camnot rotect me."
". My arm is paralysed," replied her lover, in a tone of anguish.
"When that row was uttered," continued Esclairmonde, with dreadful calmness; "I shuddered for its consequences. Nor was I deceived. Who would place his dagger in the assassin's hand, and hope for merey? He to whom you pledged your knightly word exacts its fulfilment-and I know he is inexorable. Obedience is all that remains: and that you may, without remorse, obey him, I will voluntarily surrender myself. 'Think of me no more-you must not think of me, Crichton-and, by the love you have professed for me, I beseceh you not to attempt my rescue."
"Did I not say she relented," exelaimed Hemri, triumphantly taking her hand." As to you, Chevalier Crichton, I am really sorry for your disappointment; but I trust the order you are graced with will, in some degree, content you for the loss of your mistress."
"Well has it been said-place no faith in princes!" exclaimed Crichton, tearing the jewelled badge of the Saint Esprit from his neek, and trampling it bencath his feet, "their gifts, like that of Nessus, are bestowed only to destroy. Perish these accursed chains that fetter my soul's freedom, and with them perish all sense of obligation."
"Grand merei!" rejoined Hemri, coldly, " my favours must be of little worth if they can be thus readily set aside, but I shall t:ake no oflence at your want of temper, chevalier. A little ret. ection will make you calmer. You Scots are apt to be hotI. aded, I have heard, and I now experience the truth of the
assertion. I make all excuses for you. Your situation is mortifying, but give yourself no further uncasiness, I will answer for the demoiselle's safety. Allons! 'To the banquet."

So saying, he applied a silver whistle to his lips. At the call, the ralve was suddenly thrown open, the tapestry drawn aside, and through the door appeared the anti-chamber full of lights, with a file of valets and halberdiers arranged on either sude of the entrance. At the same moment Chicot entered the oratery. A peeuliar smile played on Hemi's features.
"For what do we tarry ?" he asked, glancing exultingly at Crichton.
"For my ruidance, I conclude," replied Chicot, stepping forward; "nothing but Folly will serve to direct your majesty's course."
" Méchant," exelaimed I Iemri. And passing Esclairmonde's arm within his own, he quitted the apartment.

Ceichton stood for some moments like one suddenly stumed, with his face buried in his hands. He was aroused by a light touch upon the shoulder.
" Margucrite," he exelamed, returning the gaze of the Queen of Nivarre, with a terrible look, "why do you remain here? Is not your venceance complete: You have sacrificed virtue, pure aflection, at the shrine of depravity-are you not content? Do you remain to taunt me, or do you pant for my blood? Take this darger and plunge it into my licart."
". No, Crichton," returned Marquerite, "I will have nobler rengeance. I will liberate this maiden from her thraldom."
"Amazement."
"I will free her from Hemri's suares. But if I do this, you must swear by the Virgin who regards us,", pointing to the Madonna, " never more to regard her as a lover."

Scarcely were the words uttered, than Chicot appeared.
"His majesty commands your instant presence at the banquet," he said, almost breathless with haste.
" Hence!" exclaimed Marguerite.
"Her majesty, the queen-mother-" added the jester, in an under-tone.

And as he spoke, Catherine de Medieis abruptly entered the oratory.
"Baughter," sait Catherine, "I have songht you throughout the grand saloon. Why do I find you here, and thius attended!"
"Madane," interposed Marguerite.
"I woukd speak with you alone-dismiss this gentleman," continued Catherine, glancing haughtily at Crichton.
"Leave us, Chevalicr Crichton," said Marguerite, and she added, in a lower tone, "remember what I have said."

Crichton had searcely gained the antichamber when he perceived Chicot. A few hasty words passed between them.
"And thon apprehendest the abduction of the Gelosa ?" said Crichton. "The guard report, thou sayest, that Ruggieri's tower has been invested by an armed band requiring her deliverance to them? Difficulties multiply--no matter, I would be equal to any emergency. Where is the mask ?"
"As well might you pick out a domino in carnival time as discern him amidst yon crowd of revellers. No one noted his approach, nor did any one, that I can learn, witness his departure. For my part," added Chicot, pointing downwards, "I think he disappeared as another black gentleman is said to be in the habit of taking his departure. Were I you, gossip, I would have my sword blessed by some holy priest ere I ventured to engrage with him on the morrow, or carry a scapulary, an Agnus Del, or other sacred relic beneath my pourpoint."
"Pshaw! exclamed Crichton. "He is a mere mortal foe. But hence, good gossip-to the banquet hall-account for my absence in the best way thou canst to his majesty. I will be there anon."
" Make yourself easy on that score, gossip; I will divert his in-quiries-but when you do appear at the banquet, bear in mind what I said respecting Catherine's kind intentions towards you."
"I shall not fail to do so, and in the meantime am greatly indebted to thy zeal."

And with this he quitted the antichamber.
Chicot looked after him an instant, and shook his head. "Sang de cabres!" he muttered, "it has turned out precisely as I anticipated. No good ever comes of making love to two women at the same time, especially when one of them has the fortune to be a queen. But, not content with this, this galliard, forsooth, must saddle himself with a third. I wish him well of it! But if he get clear of all these scrapes, and escape from the poisoned bowl of Queen Catherine, he will richly deserve his title of the Admirable Crichton. Corblen! I have never seen such a pieture of jealous rage as our own Qucen of Navarre has just exhibited since I beheld the Sieur la Mole devour the plumes of his hat for very fury, and Clermont D'Amboise break a bottle of ink upon his mistress's eyebrow with which she had indited a billet to a more favoured lover. After all, her jealousy is absurd. She has already had lovers enough to content an Isabel de Bavière, or a Marguerite de Bourgogne. What says our chronicle?" And Chicot hummed the following ditty : -

## ftharaucritc.*

## I.

Wargucrite, with carly wiles-
Marguerite
On light Charins and D'Antragues smiles- $\dagger$
Margot, Marguerite.
Older grown, she favours then, Smooth Martignes. ${ }_{+}^{+}$and hluff Tureme.

The latter but a foolish pras.
Margot, Marguerite en bas. y
But no more these galliards please,
Margnente.
Softly sues the gallant Guise,
Margot, Marguerite. Guise surceeds, like God of war, Valiant Hemri of Navarre ;

Better stop, than further cc ,
Margot, Margueite conhant.
II.

Loudly next bewails La Mole,]
Marguerite,
On the bloek his head must moll,
Margot, Marguerite. Soon consoles herself again. II ith Brantome, Bussi, $\boldsymbol{F}_{\text {and }}$ Mayeme,**
lionon companions gros al tras,
Margot, Marguerite, cubas.
Who slall next your shrime adore,
Marguerite:
Yon have but one lover more,
Margot, Margnerite!
Crichiton comes-the proux, the wise, You may well your conquest prize;

Beyond him you cannot go,
Margot, Margnerite en haut.
Chanting these libellous strains as he went, Chicot slowly sought the banquet-hall.

Searcely another moment elapsed when Catherine de Medicis, and Margucrite, issued from the oratory. The features of the latter were pale as death, and their expression was utterly unlike that which they habitually wore. Catherine was ummoved, majestical, terrible. "Must it indeed be so, mother?" asked Marguerite, in a broken voice.

[^3]"It must," replied Catherine, with deep emphasis. "Henri will, no doubt, as he is wont, carouse till dawn. By that time the dranght will have done its duty. But if he survive, Maurevert and his band will await Crichton's coming forth from the Louvre, and will complete the work. Shrink not from thy task. Our honour is at stake."

They then separated. Catherine rejoined her attendants, and took the direction of the hall of entrance. Marguerite almost mechanically returned to the grand saloon.

As Catherine pursued her course, she perceived a masked figure single itself from the erowd at her approach. Its stature was that of Crichton's challenger-the plumes were his-the sable cloak in all respects the same. Catherine pansed. The figure pansed likewise. "'Tis he!" thought the queen-mother, and she despatched one of her pages to bid him to her presence.
"What would your highness with me?" said the mask, advancing with a profound and coutly salutation, and addressing Catherine in Italian.
"I was not deceived," thought Catherine; " it is the voice. I have sent for you, signore," she added, in a bland and gracious tone, and addressing the mask in the same language, "in order to express to you cre I quit the fete, the lively sense of gratitude I entertain for the important service you have rendered me. Assure yourself, your zeal shall not be overlooked. I am neither unwilling, as Heaven be praised, I am not wholly unable to requite it."
"Were your majesty aware of the nature of the service I have rendered you, you would scarcely deem it deserving of your thanks," replied the mask.
"Do you rate your adversary thus lightly then?" asked Catherine, complaisantly.
"I hold myself assured of conquest," returned the mask.
"The migniard Crichton dupes himself with like belief," rejoined the queen-mother, "but not with like assurance of success. The God of battles, I trust, will grant you victory, and enable you to overthrow your enemy."
"Amen'" returned the mask.
"Fall back, messieurs," said Catherine, to her attendants, " I have much of moment to commmicate to you," she added, assuming a more confidential manner.
"Tonching the Gelosa ?" inquired the mask, anxiously-" speak madame."
"Not here," replied Catherine, " non può bene deliberar chi non è libero-I am about to return to my palace. You must not accompany me, nor quit the revel at the same time. Too much caution cannot be obeerred. The palaces of princes are all cyesall ears."
"Your glove, madame," interrupted the mask, stooping to raise
the richly embroidered gauntlet, which Catherine let fall as if by accident.
"Keep it," replied the queen-mother, smiling, " within its folds you will find a key, the use of which I am about to explain to you. That glove, I may premise, displayed upon your cap, will obtain you admission to the Hotel de Soissons. Exchange no words with the attendants, but pursue your way alone. Enter the gallery. Within a niche you will observe three statucs. The central figure, that of my father, Lornnzo de Medicis, Duke of Urbino, revolves upon a pirot. Touch the spear within its grasp, and you will perceive a subterranean passage leading to my turret of observation. Apply the key I have given you to a door which will impede your further progress, and you will find yourself in laggieri's laboratory. An hom hence I shall expect you there."
"And the Geloza?"
"She is in my charge. Criehton's idle boast I see weighs with you-but trust me neither force nor stratagem will gain him entrance to that tower. Santa Maria! so easy do I feel on the score that I will give him the girl if he finds means of reaching her prison."
" Yet he has adventured there already, madame," returned the mask, eagerly, " and should he take you at your word, would you part with your charge upon such easy terms?"

Catherine smiled.
"Your majesty would almost appear to favour your enemy"s designs," continued the mask, jestingly.
"Non per amor ma per vendetta," returned Catherine, in the same tone. "Crichton will never more venture there, signore, unless," added she, smiling, " he come thither under your guidance. You shall know more of his destiny an hour hence. Meanwhile, I must conclude our interview-we are observed. The banquet, too, awaits you. One caution on parting I bequeath yoil. His majesty hold his revels late, and it is often his custom to detain his guests. Should he issue his commands to close the doors of the oval chamber, you will find beneath the suit of hangings which represents Diana and her nymphs, a sliding door."
"I understand, your majesty."
"A rivedersi, signore."
"I kiss your majesty's hand," replicd the mask, with a profound obeisance. The figure then mingled with a group of revellers who approached them, and who were joyously hurying towards the grand hall of banquet; while Catherine, ushered forth by a concourse of pages and lacqueys, entered her sumptuous litter and departed from the Louvre.

## CHAPTER VII.

## THE LEZOAR.

Maffo. Oh! l'on conte des choses bien étranges de ces soupers de Borgia!
Ascanio. Ce sunt des débauches effrúnécs, asaissonnécs ḋempuisonnemens.
Victor Hego. Lucrice Burgia.
The thick folds of the magnificent crimson hancrings, heightened with arabesques and fleur-de-lys of gold, that served in lieu of folling doors to separate the chief banqueting-hall from the grand saloon, had meanwhile, at a signal from the major-domo, been drawn aside; and the long and crlittering board. arrayed with all the costly appliances of the royal feast, was suddenly exhibited to the view of the assemblage.

The coup d'œil was charming. Far as the eye could reach appeared walls festooned with flowers fragrant and blooming as if the season had been latest spring. Mirrors, wreathed with Provençal roses, reflected the lustre of a thousand flambeaux, and multiplied the gleaming plate and star-like crystal with which the board was loaded. But the object on which the eye chiefly rested-not merely because it was the principal feature of attraction to the expectant guests, but by reason of its proud pre-eminence-was the table itself. It was a fitting place for the celebration of the combined rites of Ceres and Bacchus. Reared upon a massive platform -six feet at least above the floor-approached by a triple flight of steps-covered both as to its mimic stairs and summit, with cloths of dazzling whiteness (furt mignomement clamasé, as we learn from a contemporary authority)-this mighty table, extending the whole length of the vast hall, looked like a mountain of snow, or, perhaps, to vary the simile, like a prodigious frosted cake baked in the oven of Gargantua by the skilful Fouaciers de Lerné, the culminating point of which cake or mountain was formed by a clondy representation of Olympus, in which Henri and his favourites figured as presiding divinities.

A rearer approach to the table showed that the surface of its damask covering was, according to the fashion of the court, ribbed in fanciful and waving plaits, so as to resemble the current of a stream erisped by a passing brecze. This stream bore upon its bosom a proud array of gold and silver rases, crystal goblets, and cups, all of rarest workmanship, and many wrought by the hand of the matchless Benvenuto Cellini during his visit to Francis the First at Fontainebleau. In the words of brave Ben Jonson, there were

> Dishes of agate set in gold, and stulded
> With emeralds, sapphires, hyacinths, and rubies.

Nothing could exceed the magnificence of the repast.

The material of the feast was worthy of Apicius or Lucullus. Every dainty that the most consumnate epicure of the time could require, was to be met with in profusion. Fancy ran riot amid the countless covers, and the endless varieties of piquant viands displayed on their removal. Pyramids of confectionery-piles of choicest fruit appeared at intervals; while, scented from afar like the aromatic groves of Lebanon, appeared antique-shaped urns steaming with the rich produce of the grapes of Crete, Cyprus, or Syracuse ; wines being then, for the most part, drunk hot and spiced, or, as we should say, mulled. Here and there might be seen the ushers and chamberlains with their fleur-de-lys-covered wands of office-butlers with embossed llagons and salvers-troops of valets and pages-and, distributed at certain stations of the board, servitors, each with a napkin on his shoulder, and an enormous knife in hand, scemingly impatient for the signal of attack.

Amid loud fanfares of trumpets, blended witl the gentler notes of the hautboy and viol, Henri, accompanied by Esclaimonde, led the way to the banquet. The monarch, however, tarried not within the hali we have described. His orgies were held in a smaller and more retired salle-ì-manger, opening from the grand festal chamber, and separated from it by an arched door-way; within which was placed a line of high gilded railing, an unequivocal evidence of exclusiveness on the part of the monarch, that called forth much sarcastic remark from his subjects; and, amongst other pasquinades, gave rise to the following quatrain affixed to the oflensive partition -

> Puinsqu'Henri, roi des Fractois, N'en aime que quatre ou trois, II fail que ses trois out quatre Aillent ses ememis combatre.
'To the king's private table his favourites only, and their favourites, were admitted. Ushers of the feast were stationed at the door with a list of the guests expected. No others were allowed to pass. Towards this room Henri now repaired, followed by a jocund troop of dames and revellers. He was in the most buoyant spirits, and descanted with the greatest animation on all that passed. A singular change seemed to have been wrought in the demeanour of Esclairmonde. She replied to Hemi's lover-like assiduities with a vivacity bordering almost upon levity, which a nicer observer might have imputed to distraction and despair, but from which Henri drew a favourable angury. Ifer chece was flushed, and her eye shone with unwonted lustre. Once only, as she entered the oval chamber, of which some rumours had reached even her cars, she started, and a slight shiver ran through her frame. But she instantly recovered herself.

The oval chamber was a retreat fitted for a voluptuary. licavy
with perfume, the atmosphere struck upon the senses of the guests as they entered, producing a soft incbriating effect. Pages, equipped in fanciful attire, sustained torches, the odorous wax of which shed a warm light upon the richly painted arras, charged with the glowing legends of antiquity; in which in the guise of nymphs and goddeces of old, were represented the chief beanties who had bloomed within the atmosphere of the Louvre. In this suit of tapestry the lovely Diane de Poitiers was represented, as the godWess her namesake, disporting after the chase:-in that, Venus Anadyomene sparkled from the sea-foam in the shape and lineaments of La Belle Féromiere-the gallant Francis, blowing his wreathed concl as an attendant Triton. Here the fascinating Fiamçose de Fuix bloomed as Egeria, Francis appearing again as Numa --there the captivating Maric Touchet, whose anagram "Je charme tout," so well described her, was given as Callirhoë; her lover, Charles IX., being drawn as the hunter Eurimedon; while in the last compartment figmed our bon Hemri, who was represented, strangely enough, as Ulysses surrendering himself to the blandishments of Circe, the features of the enchantress bearing evident rescmblance to those of his first mistress, la belle Châteauncuf. Upon the frescoed ceiling were depicted the silver fommains and dragon-watched fruit of the Hesperides.

The supper to which Henri sat down was the trimmph of his chef -the inimitable Berini-a cook, whose name deserves to be associated with that of Luther, Calvin, Knox, and other great reformers of the sixteenth century, the spirit of which stirring age he represents as strongly as the great Ude stamped the character of our own time. The signal revolution which took place in the scienice of cookery at this remarkable epoch may be clearly traced to the muwearying efforts of Berini. Comprehending the growing wants of his species, with the prescience of a true philosopher, he saw that a change must be effected, and he accomplished it. He overthrew many old and tongle abuses; and if he increased the demand for good cheer, he did not diminish the supply. To him, amongst a thousand other gifts, mankind is indebted for the fricandeat, a discovery which his biographer judicionsly remarks, required tue grancie force de tete! He projected sances so savoury that terms of alchemy were required to express their stimulative effeets upon the system. These sances, however, we regret to say, modem science has pronounced injurious. And, finally, he trampled down popular prejudices which still remained in favour of the finger, and introduced the fork.

The only stain attached to the memory of Berimi is, that he was an instrment of Catherine de Medicis-in other words, that he occasionally mingled other compounds with his sances than were preseribed by the recipes of his art. For the sake of so great a professor of so great a science we hope this is mere scandal. No wonder, with dishes so exquisite placed before him, that a great
man should occasionally die from indigestion; but surely the cook is not to be blamed for an oceurrence so very natural. Rather let us look to the goblet as the origin of ill. We have mentioned that the wines were at this time generally drunk mulled and spiceda practice which, while it presented abundant facilitics for the insidious admixture of poisonous drugs, completely baffled all precantions of the drinker. Leaning, therefore, to the side of genius, we are inclined to discredit this charge against the gifted Berini, and impute the criminality of these transactions to Catherine's cup-bearer, whose name is deservedly buried in oblivion.

The repast, we have said, was Berinis triumph. In conception -in execution it was perfect. The eye of the goumand Marquis de Villequier glistened as he gazed upon the dainty fare. Ronsard insinuated that with such ragonts before him, it was easy to understand how Vitellius and Heliogabalus exhausted an empire; a remark which, luckily for the poet, did not reach the ears of the king. Henri, in fact, was too much engrossed by Eselairmonde to attend to the pleasantries of his guests. So soon as his majesty and the demoiselle, whom he honoured with his smiles, were served, the monarch graciously expressed his pleasure that the company, whom etiqutte had hitherto kept upon their feet, should be seated.

The carouse now began in carnest. The guests were few in number, consisting merely of some half dozen of Hemri's favourites, the dames of honour of Marguerite de Valois, one or two of Catherine's prettiest attendants, the Abbé de Brantome, and, as we have just hinted, the poet Ronsard. The latter, who was by no means indifferent to good cheer, as his gout testilied, was tramsported into a seventh heaven of delight with a ragout of ortolans with which the considerate 八bbe had loaded his plate; Villequier had fallen to with equal industry and zeal. Esclairmonde was placed at his majesty's right hand. On his left, two seats remained unoccupied.

Behind the royal chair stood Chicot, and next to him another buffoon, whom we have hitherto omitted to notice: a strange malicious wight, yclept Siblot, infinitely more disliked by the courtiers than his companion in folly, Chicot, inasmuch as his jests were chiefly practical ones, and his hits for the most part made with his marotte. In face-in figure, and in agility, he resembled an ape. His head was clothed with sleck, sable, shining hair, like the skin upon a mole's back. His nature was so snarling and malignant that, when seized, he would smap and bite like an enraged cur, and even severest chastisement was found ineffectual to change or restrain his mischievous propensities. Siblot's costume only differed from that of his brother buffoon in its hues. Embroidered on the front and at the back with the royal blazon, the stureat was of sable, slashed with white: his marotte was of ebony. Siblot was a favourite with Henri, who being a genuine lover of mischief,
was diverted with his monkey tricks; and he would often laugh till the tears ran down his checks at the confusion created by the buffoon amongst the grave ambassadors, the searlet-capped ecclesiastics, and stately cavaliers, who attended his audiences.

Meanwhile, the feast proceeded. Henri continued unremitting in his attentions to Esclairnonde, who, though she could not be prevailed upon by all his importunities to partake of the banquet, maintained an exterior of perfect calmness and composure. Beneath that mask of smiles was hidden acute suffering. The demoiselle was, however, an object of envy to the other dames of the party, who attributed her indifference to the monarch's gallant regard to mere coquetry.
"By my faith, monsicur le vicomte," said the gay Torigni to Joyeuse, who was placed on her right hand, "the Demoiselle Lisclairmonde is a finished coquette. Her coyness is admirably assumed. Where she can have acquired such arts I cannot imagine. But some people are born with a genius for their vocation-and conquest is hers, I suppose. She would have the king believe she has a perfect horror of his freedoms. I need not tell you that I have had some experience in the art of entanglement, and I declare upon my reputation, I could not have played the part better myself."
"I am quite sure of it," replicd Joyeuse," because I think his majesty's attentions are not so perfectly to her taste as you might conceive they would be to yours. Her thoughts, I suspect, are watdering upon Crichton."
"Ph!" rejoined La Torigni, " no such thing. She is not such a simpleton. Why should her love for Crichton prevent her bestowing an occasional smile elsewhere? He is not a mirror of constancy, whatever he may be of chivalry; nor wholly insensible, as you know, to the supreme attractions of our royal mistress. The thing is quite natural."
"Your reasoning is perfectly convincing, demoisellc."
"' Ihe Chevalier Crichton is very well in his way-but a king, you know-"
"Is irresistible. You have found it so, demoisel'c."
"You are impertinent, monsieur le vicomte."
"A la bonne heure. You have prodigionsly fine eyes, demoiselle. Italy boasts the darkest eyes in the world-Florence the darkest cyes of Italy, and the lovely Torigni the darkest eyes of Florence. I pledge them in a bumper of Cyprus."
"Your France is a nation of courtiers," replied La Torigni, langhing, "and the Vicomte de Joyeuse the most finished courtier in France. I return your pledge, monseigncur. After all," continued the lively Florentine, in a tone half jest, half earnest, "I should not olject to be in Esclairmonde's situation."
"Indeed!" replied Chicot, who happened to overhear this latter exclamation.

At this moment Marguerite de Valois entered the room.
slight ceremony was observed at her appearance, but the fair quee: took her place at Henri's left hand, without attracting his notice.
" Your majesty suffers from some sudden indisposition," observed Brantôme, in a tone of sympathy, remarking the haggard looks of the queen.
" No, no," returned Marguerite, " I an perfectly well, Abbé."
"Will your highness allow me to recommend this coulis ia la cardinal to your attention," said Villequier. "Ronsard pronounces it thoroughly Catholic, and I were an heretic to doubt him. Suffer me, inadame-"

Marguerite declined the tempting offer of the marquis, and suffered her eyes to stray over the company. Crichton was not amongst the number.
"'Thank Heaven, he is not here!" exelaimed the queen, giving involuntary utterance to her thoughts, and sighing decply as if some heavy oppression were removed from her bosom.
"Who is not here?" asked Henri, turning quickly round at the exclamation.

Chicot stepped suddenly forward.
" Methinks," said he, familiarly placing his hand upon the king's shoulder, " methinks, notre oncle, you are in need of some excitement, you lack somewhat to give a fillip to your spirits - a spice to your wine-what can we direct you to? Shall it be a song? I have a rare charivari on Madame the Duchess d'Usez's third espousals-a Pantagruclian legend on Pope Joan's confinement before the conclave-or a ditty on the devil's exploit, at Pope Feagucland-at your service. Or if you like not this, shall I bid my gossip. Siblot smack the rosy lips of all the coyest dames at table, beginning with the Demoiselle Torigni, and afterwards cut a lavolta on the board itself to the blithe accompaniment of ringing glass? Or if a gayer mood possess you, will it please you to command Maitre Samson to bring forth that quaint drinking cup, the merry devices and playful grotesques whereof are wont to excite so much amusement, and such mirthful exclamations from our dames of honour-and which cup, morcover, is so much to the fancy of our grave and discrect gossip, Pierre de Bourdeille?"
"Cousin of Brantôme," said Henri, smiling; " our jester libels you."
" Nay," replied Brantóme, laughing, "I care not to own that the goblet of which the knave speaks has afforded me amusement, though I must, on the score of propriety, venture to oppose its introduction upon the present occasion."
"Propriety !" echoed Chicot, derisively; "propricty sounds well in the lips of the Abbé de Brantome; ha, ha, which of the three shall it be, gossip-the song, the kiss, or the cup?"
"A song," returned Henri, " and see that they strains lack not spice, gossip, or look for no hippocras from the hands of Samson as thy meed."
"Spice!" repeated Chicot, with a droll grimace; " my straing shall smack of pimento iteceff." And assuming the air of an improvisatore, the jester delivered himself as follows:-

## 

Tue people endure all,
The men-at-inms cure all,
The favomites sway all,
Their reverences flay all,
The citizens pay all,
Onr nood king affirms all,
The semate conlirms all,
'The clancellor seals ali', Queen Catherine conceals all, ( Quen Lonise instruets all.
(Qucen Margot conducts all,
The Leagners contrive all,
The Jacobins shrive all,
The lutherans doubt all,
The Zuinglians scout all,
The Jesuits flont all, The Sorbonnists rout all. Brother Heuri believes all, Pierre de Gondy receives all,*
Ruguieri defiles all,
Mad Siblot reviles all,
The bilboquets please all,
The sarbacanes tease all,
The Due de Guise tries all,
Rare Crichton ontvies all, Ableé Brantóme retails all. Bussy D'Amboise assails all, Old Ronsard reeants all, Young Jodelle enchants all, Fat Villequier crams all, His Holiness damms all, Esclairmonde bright outshines all, And wisely declines all,
La Rebours will bless all,
La Fossense confess all,
La Guyol will fly all,
Torigni deny all, Iohn Calvin misguide all, Wise Chicot deride all,
Spanish Philipt may crave all, The Bearnais $\ddagger$ brave all,
'line Devil will have all!
" Gramercy," said Henri, as Chicot came to a pause ; more, it would appear, from want of breath, than from lack of material for the continuance of his strains; "thou last fairly earned thy hip-

[^4]pocras, were it only for the justice rendered to the lovely Eschairmonde, who, as thou truly sayest, outshines ail. But, by our lady, messcignemrs, we must not neglect the service of Bacelnes for that of Apollo. Samson, lhy choivest Cyprus-a health !"

Every glass was raisel-every eye bent upon the kines. "To her," continued Henri, draining his goblet; "who in her own person combines all the perfections of her sex-lat belle liselairmonde!"
" La belle Eschairmonde !" echood each guest, enthusiastically clashing his glass against that of his neighbour.

Amidst the continion incident to this ceremony, Crichton entered the room. For an instant his gaze rested upon that of the demoiselle; and, momentary as was that glance, a world of sad and passionate emotion was conveyed to the hearts of both. He then took the seat which had been reserved for him, by the side of Marguerite de Valois. Conversation in the meantime proceced. " I would fain inquire from your majesty," said Brantóme, in a tone which showed that the Cyprus he had quafted had not been without its effect upon his brain; " what are the precise notions which you entertain respecting beanty. For, with a due appreciation of diaphonous orbs and hyacinthine tresses, I camot entirely," and here the abbé cast a look, inebriate as that of Septimius on Acme. upon Marguerite de Valois; "I cannot, I say, admit their supremacy over cyes black as night, and locks dark as the raven's wine. Both styles have merit, no doubt; but surely your majesty cannot be aware of the "thirty requisites,' or you would never assign the palm of perfect beauty to a blonde."
"' Thou art a heretic, cousin," replied Hemri, langhing; "but we plead ignorance as to thy 'thirty requisites.' Let us hear them; we shall then sce how far our own opinions correspond with thine."
"I had them from a fair doña of Toledo," replied Brantôme, " a city where there are many , gracions dames; and though I have never, except in one instance," he adderl, again glancing at Marguerite; "met with a combination of such excellencies, yet I may fairly enough aseert that I have encountered them all in detail."
"The requisites, cousin !" said Henri, impatiently.
" Your majesty will excuse my rhymes," replied the abbé, with becoming modesty; " I am no poet, like lionsard. Thus they run-

## ©

## 'Thirty points of perfect:on each judge understands, The Standard of feminine beauty demands.

[^5]```
Three white:-and, without further prelude, we hiow
That the skin, hands, and teeth, should be pearly as sno .
Three black :-anel our standard departure forbids
From dark eyes, dark wome tresses, and darkiv-fringed lids.
Thuee red :- and the lover of comeliness seeks
For the hue of the rose in the lips, mails, and cheeks.
Thee lone: - and of this yon, mo doubt, are aware ?
Long the hody should be, long the hands, lony the hair.
Three short:-and hercin nieest beanty appears-
licet short as a fairy's, short teeth, and short ears.
'Three large - -and remember this rule as to size,
Embraces the shoulders, the for head, the eyes.
'Three nariow :-a mavim to every man's taste-
Circumference smalt in month, ancle, and waist
Three ronnd:-and in this I see infinite clamme-
liounded fulness apparent in leg, hip, and arms.
Three fine :- and can anght the enchantment eclipse,
Of fine tapering fingers, fine hair and fine lips:
Three small :-and my thirty essemtials are told-
Small head, nose, and bosom, compact in its monld.
Now the dame who comprises attractions like these,
Will require not the cestus of Venus to please,
While he who has met with an mition so rare,
Has had better luck than has fallin to my share."
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Prantôme's song was exceedingly well received, inasmuch as it enabled the gallants to offer various compliments, direct and indirect, to the fascinations of their fiil companions. Neither did Hemri fail to take adrantage of the plea it afforded him, of serutinising the charms of Eselairmonde, as the particular features of beauty passed in review before the abbé.

Crichton looked sternly on. His bleod boiled within his veins, and his indlignation might have carried him to some extremities, if Esclairmonde's imploring looks had not restrained him.

Amidst the laughter and acclamations of the guests Margucrite's voice shouted hollowly in his ear, "I have watehed your glances, Crichton. In your kindling cyes I read your thoughts. Your minion is wholly in Henri's power. You camot deliver her."

Crichton's reply was interrupted by a wild seream of laughter proceeding from the buffoon Siblot, whe, regardless of the confusion he ereated, or the risk which the costly vessels on the board might incur from his antics, suddenly whirled himself into the very eentre of the table, taking up a position on the cover of a rase supported on three feet, upon the knob of which he described various rapid cireles with the dexterity and ease of the most perfect posture-master. No somer was this feat accomplished amidst the laughter and astonishment of the guests, than bounding-without injury to the ceonomy of the banquet-over enamelled dish and plate, with a velocity which left little time for consideration, he
brushed with his shaggy beard the fair cheeks of every dame he passed, not excepting even Marguerite de Valois, and only pansed when he arrived at last before Esclairmonde. He then chackled and nodded at Henri, as if consulting lisis inclinations, as to whether the demoiselle should be subinitted to the same disguting ordeal as the others, but receiving no signs of encouragement from the monarch; he retreated to his vase, where, like a priestess of A pollo upon her tripod, after a brief prelude of gyrations, with a rapidity of utterance almost as bewildering as his antic mazes, and an intimitude of grotesque gresticulations, he burst into the following arr.phi-crouri:-

## Teys Temptation of Et . Rntionn.*

## I.

Saint Anthony weary
Of hermit ceil dreary,
Of penance, and prayiñor
Of urison saying,
Of mortifica ion,
And fleshly vexation,
By good sjrites fursaken, By sin overtaken, On flinty couch lying, For death, like Job, crging, Was suddenly shrouded By thick mists, that clonded All objects with vapour, And through them, like taper, A single star shimmered, And with blue flame glimmered.

## II.

What spell then was muttered
May never be uttered; Saint Amhony prayed notSaint Antheny stayed notBut down-down descending Though carems unending, Whose lahyrinthe travel May never maravel, By ihmadering tornent, ly toppling crag horrent, All perils unleedmu, As levin swift speeding, Ilabakkuk out-rying On seraph-wing fying, Was horne on fiend s piaion To llell's derta dominion.

[^6]
## III.

Oh! rare is the revelry Of 'l'artarns' devilry!
Above him-arond himOn all sides surround himWith wildest grimaces Fantastical faces! Here huge bats are twittering, Strange winged mice flittering, Gieat hormed owls hooting, Pale hissing stars shooting, Red tire-drakes carecring With harpies are fleering. Shapes whizzing and whirling, Weird Sabbath-dance twirling, found bearded goat scowling,
'Their wild refrain howling-.
" Alegremonos Alegremos
Quegente nut ba tencmos."*

## IV.

Here Lemires, Lares, Trolls, foliots, fairies, Nymph, gnome, salamander, In frolic groups wander. Fearful shapes there are rising, Of aspect surprising, Phantasmata Stygia, Spectra, Prodigia!
()f aspeet horrific, Of gesture territic. II here cauldrons are seething, Lithe serpents are wreathing, And wizards are gloating On puis'nous scum floating, While skull and bone placed out
In circle are traced ont.
Here withes air-gliding On broomsticks are riding. A lag a fawn chases. A nun l'an embraces. Here mimic fights waging, Hell's warriors are raging; Lach legion commanding A chief is seen standing. Beelzebob gleaming, Like (ientile god seemingPrond Belial advancing, With awful ire glancing ; Asmodens the cunning, Abaddon, light shmming,

* According to Delanere, the usual refruin of the Sorcerers' Sabbath-song. See his "Description of the Inconstancy of Evil Angels and Demons." "Delancre's Description of the Witches' Sabbath," observes the amusing author of Monsieur Oufic, " is so very ample and particular, that I don't jelieve I should be better in armed conceraing it if I had been there myself."

Dark Moloch deceiving,
His subtle webs weaving ;
Meressin air-dwelling,
Red Mammon gold-telling.

## V.

The Fiend, then dissembling, Addressed the saint trembling : "These are thine it down buwing Unto me thy soul rouing, 'Thy worship thon'lt offer."
" Back, 'Tempter, thy proff With scorn is rejected."
" C'nto me thon'rt subjected, For thy doubts, by the Eternal!"
Laughed the Spirit Infernal.
At his word then compelling.
Forth rushed from her dwelling
A shape so inviting, F.nticing, delighting,

With lips of such witchery,
Tongue of such treachery, (That sin-luring smile is
The torment of Lilis,,
Like live in her Eden, Our father misleadin!. With loeks so wide-flowing, Limbs so briglt-glowing, That Heli hath bewrayed him, If Heaven do not aid him.
" Her charms are surrendered If worship is rendered."
"Sathan, get thee behind me! My sins no more blind meBy Jesu's temptation! By lost man's salvation! Be this vision banished!"

And straight Hell evanished.
And suiting the action to the phrase, at the conclusion of his song, Siblot threw himself head over heels from the table, and ranished likewise. Acclamations were heard on all sides. Whatever the festive assemblage might think of the jester's song, they were infinitely amused by his summerset. By this time, too, the generous wines, with which each goblet was constantly replenished, had begun to do their duty. Every eye grew bright-every tongue loud, and a greater degree of licence reigned throughout. Crichton alone partook not of the festivities.
"Par la Mort-Dieu, mon brave Ecossois," said Henri, with a
smile of exultation, "you are not in your usual spirits to-nicht. You have not a smile for a fair dame-you do but indifferent justice to Berini's supper (and Villequier, or your brother bard, Ronsard, will tell you it has merit)-and you wholly neglect Samson's goblets, though this Syracuse hath potency enough to turn the blood to flame. Try it, I pray of you. Your thoughtful visare assorts ill with our sprightly associates. Let your spirits sparkle like our wine, like the cyes around us, and drown your despondency in the tlowing bowl."
"An excellent proposal, sire," said D'Epernon ; "Crichton is either in love of jealous-perhaps both-he eats not, talks not, drinks not, signs infallible."
"Pshaw," replied Joyeuse, "he has lost a favounite hawk, or a horse, or a thousand pistoles at play, or-""
"He thinks of his duel with the mask," added Saint Lue ; " he has confessed and received the Holy Commmion, and the priest lias enjoined a night of fasting and repentance."
"He has lost a supper. then, which, like Brantome's beauty, has every requisite," said Villequier, with his mouth full of marehpane. "I pity him."
"Or his appetite," said Ronsard, "without which even a supper at the Louvre would be thrown away."
"Or a rhyme." said 'Torigni ; "a loss to make a bard look sad, ch, Monsiemr Ronsard ?"
"Or a sarbacane," said Chicot.
"Or a bibloquet," said Siblot.
"Ura toy of less moment than either," hiceuped Brantôme"a mistress."

Here a loud laurh was raised. "A truce to raillery," said Hemri, langhing with the rest; "Crichton is a little out of sortsfatgued, naturally enough, with his disputation of the morning, and his exertions in the ball-room-however, I trust he has not entirely lost his voice, but that he will favour us with one of those expuisite chansons-it-ioire, with which of old he was wont to enliven our wassalry."
"A song!-a song!" cehoed all the symposiaes, laughing louder than ever.
"My strams will scarcely harmonise with your revel, sire," replicd Crichton, gloomily; " my livelier thoughts desert me."
"No matter," replied Henri, " be they sad as those of Erebus'twill give a sharper edge to our festivity."

In a voice then which, as he proceeded, gradually hushed all disposition to mirth, Crichton sang:-

## Tbe Tbre ©ruics.

## I.

In banquet hall, beside the king, Sat prond Thyestes revelling.
The festal board was covered fair, The festal meats were riel and rare Thyestes ate fill daintily, Thyestes laughed full lustily ; But soon his hanghy visage fellA disll was brought-and, wo to tell! A gory head that charger bore!
An intanc's look the features wore!
Thyestes shieked—hing Atrens smiled-
The father had devoured his chid!
Fill the goblet-fill it high-
'to 'Thyestes' aveliy.
Of blood-red wines the bightest chacse.
'the gov ions nrape of Syracuse :

## II.

For a victory obtained
O'er the savage Getæ chained,
In his grand Coasarean hall
Domitian holds high lestival.
To a solemn feast besought
Thither are the senate bronght.
As he joms the stately crowel, Smiles cach pleased patrician prond,
Gue by one each guest is led:
Where lomitian's feast is spread;
Each, :ecoiling, stares aghast
At the ominous repast :
lkoud abacus of blackest shade
lslack triclinia are laid,
Sable vases deck the board
With dark-coloured viands stored;
shaped like tombs, on either hand,
Kows of dusky pillars stand;
O'er each pillar in a line,
Pale sepulchral lychai shine ;
Cinerary urns are seen,
Carsed each with a name, I ween,
By the sickly radiance shown
Every gnest may read his own!
Forth then issne swarthy slaves,
Each a tureh and dagger waves;
Some like Mames habited,
Figures ghastly as the dead!
Some as lamires attired,
Latre some, with vengeance fired,
See the throat of every grest
By a murderous gripe is prest!
White the wretch, with horror dumb,
Thinks has latest hour is come!
Loud then langh'd Domisim,
Thus his solemn feast began.

Fill hle gohler-fill il high-
To IJomutun's revediy.
Let our glowing goblit be,
Crownd wilh win of sicity

## III.

Borgia* holds a papal fite, And Zizime, with heart elate,
With lis chiefs barbarian Seeks the gorgeous V'atican.

- Iis a wondrous sight to see In Christian hall that company!
But the Othman warriors soon
Scout the precepts of Mahoun.
$W$ ines of Sicily and Spain, Jovonsly tho:e payuims dran; While Borgia's words their langhter stir.
" Bibimus. P'aprulicer!"
At a signal-pages three,
With gold goblets, bend the knee-
Borgia pours the purple stream
'lill beads upou its surface gleam.
" Do ns a reason, noble guest,"
Thus Zizime. the ponsitf pressed:
" liy our triple-erown there lies, In that wine-cup l'aradise!'
High Zizime the goblet raised-
Loud Zizime the Cyprus praised -
To each guest in order slow, Nert the fetou parges go. lach in turn the Cyprusquaffs, Like Kizime, each wikly lamglo,J angliter horrible and strange! Quick ensues, a fearful change, Stifled snon is every cry, Azrael is standing by. Glared Zizime-but spake no more: Borgia's fatal feast was o'er!

Fill the goblet-fill it ligh-
With the wines of Italy;
Bo'gin's urorts our laughter stir-
Bibimus I'(1, aliter!
" Bibimus regaliter "' exclaimed Henri, as Crichton's song concluded. "Dicu Merci! we have no dread of such a consummation at our orgies. A reveller might well stand in awe of the bowl, if after his nocturnal banquet he should awaken in Elysium. You must now perforce pledge us, mon Ecossois, or we shall think you hold our feasts in the same horror as those of Borgia--a cup of Cyprus-you will not refuse us?"

[^7]
"He will not refuse me," said Margruerite de Valois. "Give me a goblet, Loisel."

A page approached with a flagon of groid. "Fill for me," said the Qucen. And the wine was pouned out. "To our reunion,", whispered she, drinking. "La forza d'amore non risguarda ai delitto."
"I pledge you, madame," answered Crichton, raising the goblet.
Marguerite's eyes were fixed upon him. All trace of colour had deserted lier checks. "How is this?' exclaimed Crichton, laying down the goblet mintasted. "Poison! Do Borgia's drugs find entrance here?"
" Poison!" echoed all, rising in astonishment and dismay.
"Ay-poison!" reiterated Crichton. ": See the ruddy bezoar in this ring has become pale as opal. This wine is poisoned."
"I have drunk of it," said Marguerite, with a withering look. "Your own faint heart misgives you."
"Some poisons have their antidotes, madame," observed Crichton, sternly. "The knife of Parystdes was anointed on one side only."
"Bring Venctian glass," eried Henri, "that will remove or confirm your suspicions. Sangdicu! Chevalier Crichton, if this interruption be groundless, you shall bitterly repent it."
" Giive me the Venice glass," said Crichton, "I will abide the isenc."

A glass was bronght, bell-shaped, light, clear as crystal. Crichton took it and poured within it the contents of his own goblet.

For a second no change was observed. The wine then suddenly hissed and foamed. The ghass shivered into a thousand pieces.

All cyes were now turned on the Quecn of Navarre. She had fainted.
"Let her be cared for," said Hemri, affecting indifference, "Miron must attend her-he will understand-" and the king whispered a few words to Du Halde. "Fair dames, and you, messeigneurs," added he to the gucsts, who looked on aghast, "this incident must not interrupt our revel. Samson, we appoint thee our taster-wine-wine."

## CHAPTER VIII.

## THE JESTER.

> Le Marchant. Vous estes, ce croy-je, le joyculx du Loy? Pamurge. Voire. Le Marchunt. Fourchez là

Rabelais. Pantagruel. Liv. IV. Ch. VI.
Tire effect of the occurrence, just detailed, was visible in the altered complexion and demeanour of the dames, and it required all the gallantry and attention of the cavaliers, in any degree, to
restore their gaiety. Conversation, however, soon became more iree and discursive. Each galliard boasted, in his turn, of his prowess in arms-of his dexterity in horsemanship-of his unerring aim with the pistol-of his fatal stroke with the poignard-of his ability with the rapier-in short, of his perfect acquaintance with the whole "theoric and practic" of the ducllo-a subject which necessarily involved the discussion of Crichton's approaching combat. The discourse becran to take a very animated turn, many speculations being hazarded as to the rank and name of the challenger, a subject upon which the dames appeared singularly curious, and even Esclairmonde manifested anxiety; when, as if brought thither to gratify their wishes, the sable mask suddenly presented himself at the entrance of the banquet-chamber.

Hemri instantly commanded admittance to be given to him, and the mask was, in consequence, ushered to the seat which Marguerite de Valois had abandoned, thus bringing him into immediate contact with his adversary Crichton. Their situation appeared to be agrecable to neither party; but it was now too late to remedy the mistake, and Hemri laughed it off in the best way he could.
"Nothing can be further from my intention than to interrupt the harmony of your majesty's table," said the mask, in reply to the king's apology, "and, I trust, I shall not incur the censure of your brave gentlemen, by offering a second offence to one, whom I have already defied to the combat. I am no faith-breaker, sire. But I crave your pardon for trespassing on your patience. I came not hither to join your revels.
"'Fore Heaven, then, mon consin!" replied Henri, regarding the mask with some astonishment, "if not to festivity, unto what hath your visit relation ?"

The mask looked with some anxiety towards Crichton. The Scot instantly rose.
"I am in the way, sire," he said. "Your counsels will be more securely carried on if I quit the banquet."
"No, by our Lady !" cried Henri, rising, and with great courtesy motioning Crichton to resume his seat-"this shall never be. If any one must suffer inconvenience, it shall be ourself. I am at your service, mon cousin, though I must need say you have chosen a strange scason for an audience."

Su saying, the monarel reluctantly led the way towards an embrasure-
"Chicot," he said, in an under tone as he passed, " do thou assume our scat for the nonce? We must not attend to the interests of others to the entire exclusion of our own-and hark ye, gossip, as you value your ears, suffer not a syllable to pass between Crichton and our mignonne, Esclairmonde-you understar.l."

With a mock dignity, infinitely diverting to the guests, Chicot instantly installed himself in liemis vacant chair ; his first pro-
ceeding being to place his marotte between the lovers, which he laughing termed " his ambassudor's sword, whereby they were to understand they culdu only speak by proxy." His next, was to call upon Ronsard for a song. The bard would willingly have declined the jester's invitation, but the soices of the revellers were against him, and he was necessitated to promise compliance.
"Fool," muttered Crichton, sternly, who had alreaty taken advantage of the king's absence to hazard a whisper to Esclair-monde-" wilt thou mar this opportumity afforded us, by chance, of devising means fur her escape? Why should she not fly now? I alone will with: a ul every attempt at pursuit."
"And who will then be the forl?" replied Chicot. "No-no, my addle pate li:th hatched a scheme worth two of yours. Set yourself at casc. Borrow a sarbacane from the Vicomte de Joyeuse; and meanwhile suffer the 'law-wiver of Pannassus,' as his flatterers term him, to proceed with his roundelay. Sce you not that it diverts the attention of the guests, and leaves us at liberty.-Fool, quotha!-recant that appellation, brother."
"I cry thee mercy, gossip," rejoined Crichton, "thou art, indeed, a very miracle of wit. Joycuse," he added, addressing the vicomte; "I prithee, lend me thy sarbacane.".
"To despateh a billet to some distant fair one in the outer banquet-hall ; ah! galliard; here 'tis." And with this, Joyeuse sent his page with the long tube of chased silver resting by his side, to the Scot.

Ronsurd, meanwhile, commenced his song, which, if it should not be found to equal in merit some better known lyrics of the bard, " qui, en lrançois, parla (irec et Latin," its failure must be attributed to the supper he had eaten, and the Cyprus he had swallowed (both, according to his former patron, Charles IX., unfavourable to the Muse), and, in some degree, to the quaintness of the measure he sclected.

## Tbe alecrio of Fraldez.

I.
'Tis night !-forth V'aldez, in disguise,
Hies;
And his visage, as he glides, Hides.
Goes he to yon chareh to pray?
Eh!
No, that fane a secret path
Hath,
I.eading to a neighbouring pile's

Aisles;
Where nuns lurk-by priests cajo!ed
Old.
Thither doth Don Valdez goOh!
Tiither vestal lip; to taste
Haste.
11.
'Nealh yon alch, why dohl he stand?
Amd
Haps it that he lingers now
How:
Suddenly cowlid prieste ippear
Here.
Vuices chant a direr-like dim
Hymu:
Mures a sable coffin drear
Rear;
Where a monument doth lie
High
'Scutcheons proud Death's dark parade
Aid.
Vablez sees, with fiesh alarms,
Ams,
Which his cwn-(gnles cross and star!)
Are.
III.
An hour-and yet lie hath not enne
On;
Neiber can he strengh to speak
Ehe.
Hark! he cries, in fear and douit,
Ont,

- Whom inter ge in that tomb?
"hom:-"
" Saldez:- He'll he we awelve hours,
Oиre!-
Wain we for his finmal
All!"
1V.
" Monk! shom binget. if this be tritit,
Rint!!
Valdez his own fute will dread
Read.
Question none he untered mure; -
U'er
'iwas; and he doth peacefmlly
Lic
In the tomb he satw, tiols crazed, Raised.

> 31'五ntoon.
> fatemento frori-Life's a stale
> 'Tale.

During the progress of Ronsard's song, the jester had not remained idle. Amidst a thousand absurd grimatees, intended for the amusement of the company, he had contrived in various ways to make known the nature of his intentions respecting Esclairmonde's deliverance to Crichton, and the latter, struck, apparently, with the feasibility of his plan, traced is lurried lise on the paper-
covering of a dracée, which le took from a pile of confectionery before him, and then applying the sarbacane to his lips, winged with dexterous aim, the sugared missive into the lap of the Demoise!!e 'Torigni. 'This incident, if' it attacted any notice at all, passed for a mere piece of gallinutry, a supposition abundantly confirmed by the conduct of the fair Florentine, whose sparking eyes and throbbing bosom, as she perused the paper, as weli as her nod of acquieseence, while she fimally crushed it within her hands, sufficiently attested the nature of her feclings. Brantôme, who was her neighbour, hemmed significantly. 'Torigni erimsomed to the temples; but nothing more passed upon the matter.
"Bravo!" exclaimed Crichton, who, flushed with the anticipated success of his schenc, had now entirely recovered his spirits, and joined enthusiastically in the applanses bestowed upon Ronsard's performance; though it may be suspected, from the warmth of his praises, that not a word of the song had reached his ears. "Bravo!" he cried, with well-feigned rapture ; " the strains we have listened to are worthy of him who has won for himself the proud title of the 'P'uete Francons, par Excellencr;' of him who will enjoy a kindred immortality with the Teian and Maonian bards; of him whom beauty has worshipped, and sages honoured; and to whom one fairer than the fairest nymph of antiquity-the lovelicst pearl of Scotia's diadem hath inseribed her priceless gift.

## A Rossard l'Apollon de la source des Muses.

Happy bard! upon whom such a queen hath smilcel. Not Aiain Chartier, upon whose melodions lips, when elosed in sleep, Margaret of Scotland impressed a burning kiss; not Clement Marot, the aspiring lover of Diane de Poitiers, and of the royal Marguerite, was so much to be envied. Happy !-happy bard! upon whom all lovely things smile."
"Except the lovely Torigni," interrupted Chicot, "and she alone, who smiles on all, frowns upon him. For my part, I have the bad taste to prefer my own verses, or those of Mellin de Saint Gelais, on! 'French Ovid,' or the elegies of my cousin, Philippe Desportes, (our 'Tibullus,' if Ronsard is to be our' Anacreon'bah!) les comnets are worth all the erotic poesy indited

> By lionsard on these ladies three, Cassandra, Itelen, or Marie."
"Peace!" said the Seot, "and to confound thee and all such unbelievers, I will, if my memory serves me, recite an ode recently written by the bard thou hast traduced, worthy to be classed with the most fervid strains ever poured out by him who sang of old, of love, and of the vine. Attend!" And addressing the poet, whese handsome comtenance glowed with satisfaction, and whe acknowledged the compliment (for your bard is never insensible to flattery) by kissing his winc-eup, Crichton, with the grace and fervour of an Alcibiades, delivered himself of the following ode.

## Annacreontíc.*

## I.

When Bacelms' gift assai's my brain, Care tlies, and all her gloomy train; My pulses throb, my youth returns, With its o'd tire my boom burns; Before my kindling vision rise A thonsand glorions phantasies! Sudden my empty cofters swell, II ith riches incousumable; And mightier treasures 'round me spring Than Cicesns owned, or Phrygia's hing.

## II.

Nought seek I in that frenzied hour,
Save love's intoxicating power; An arm to guide me in the dance, An eye to thrill me with its glance, A !ip impas-ioned words to breathe, A laud my tomples to enwreathe : lank, honour, wealh, and worldy weal, Sconnful, I emsh beneath my heel.
III.

Then fill the chalice till it shine Bright as a gem incarnadine! Fill!-till its fumes have freed me wholly From the black phantom-Me'ancholy! Berter inebriate 'tis to lie, Aid dying live, than living die!
"Trinquons, mon cher," cried Ronsard, holding out his çoblet as Crichton concluded; "my verses acquire a grace from you, such as they never possessed before."
"Forget not the rhymes of the good Pantagruel," said Chicot-

* Et ven quil est de cerveau phanatieque,

Ce me seroit acte de trop piequeur, Penser mocquer ung si noble trinequenr."
At this moment the Vicomte de Joyense slightly coughed, and directing a glance of intelligence at Crichton, volunteered and executed, with much vivacity and spirit, the following-

## Birac of Lourbom.

I.

When the good Connt of Nassan
Saw Bombon lie dead,
" By Saint larbe and Saint Nicholas! Forward!" he said.

## II.

"Mutter never praver o'er him, For huter ne er hialt;
But sound loud the tumpetSound, sonnd to assault!

[^8]III.
" Bring engine-bring ladder, Yon old walls to scale; All Rome, by Saint Peter! For Buarbon shall wail."
And now, to follow the king and the mask.
"We would willingly serve you in this enlevement of the Gelosa," said Hemri, continuing a conversation with the unknown, the carlier part of which it is not necessary so repeat ; " willinglybut shall I own to you a weakness !-I have apprehensions-"
"Of Crichton?" asked the mask, scarcely able to repress his scorn.
"Of my mother, caro mio. I hold it a rule never to interfere with her plans, unless they interfere with my own, and in this instance I sce not how our interests can be mixed up with your wishes. Besides, to speak plainly, I have an affair on hand at this moment which may not improbably excite her displeasure ; and I am unwilling to hazard aught that may occasion serious grounds of difference between us. Why not tarry till to-morrow?"
"Because-but I have already stated my reasons for this urgency -it must be to-night-"
"You have as little reliance on Rugrgieri as I have, mon cousin," laughed the king.
"I an as little accustomed to baulk my inclinations as your majesty," replied the mask, impatiently-" The prey is stricken. shall I hesitate to seize it? By Saint Paul, no. I detain you, sirc. Suffer me to quit the presence. Since you decline giving me your authority I will act upon my own responsibility."
"Stay," replied the king, vacillating between the awe in which he stood of Catherine's resentment, and his anxiety to serve the mask, "the guard stationed round the Hotel de Soissons refused you admittance, you say. This ring will obtain it for you. Take it, and take the girl, and Rugrieri, too, if you list. So that you rid us and our good city of Paris of him and his accursed waxen images, I care not. If you encounter the queen-mother I leave you to make your own excuses. 'Jake care not to compromise me in the matter. You need fear no interruption on the part of Crichton. He is safe within this chamber, and I will give instant orders that the doors of the Louvre be closed till dawn."
"In an hour that cantion will be needless," exclaimed the mask, triumphantly. "Ere that space be past, my views will be accomplished."

And with a haughty salutation the unknown departed.
The king remained an instant in conference with Du Halde. Chicot, who, upon the departure of the mask, had vacated his seat, approached them. Our jester had a strong penchant for eavcs-dropping.
"Let the portals of the Lourre be instantly closed," said Henri,
" not a guest must go forth till dawn-above all, the Chevalier Crichton."

The chief valct bowed.
"I have further commands for thee," continued the kines, lowering his tone-" at my wonted signal thon wilt extinguish the lights."

A seareely perceptible smile played upon Du Halde's courtierlike countenance.
" Ha! runs it so ?" said Chicot, drawing nearer to the group. And here we leave him to return to the lovers.
"Esclairmonde," whispered the Scot, as the buffoon quitted the table, "place your trust mhesitatingly in that man. He is your safeguard. Confide in him, and fear nothing."
"I do not fear, Chevalier Crichton," replied the demoiselle, in the same low tonc. "In my extremity I have one friend who will not fail me-the good Florentin Chrétien."
"You have one who will perish for you, or with you," returned Crichton. "We shall meet again?"
" Perhaps," answered Esclairmonde ; " and yet I know net-the future is a gulf into which I dare not gaze. If possible I will quit this palace-this city-on the morrow. One tie alone can detain me, if I am free from this hateful bondage."
"And that is-?"
"Henri de Valois," rejoined a voice.

## CHAPTER IX.

## THESAIBACANE.

Je dis, et je le sçai que le loy ayant pris une merveilleuse frayeur de ces choses, dès le tems de la Sarbacane, devint enfin si peureux qu'il trembloit à lit vûe du moindre éclair.

Confession de Sancy.
The king, whose quick ear canght the last words of their conversation, had approached the lovers mperceived. In vain did the jester attempt to warn them by slightly coughing. Henri was too rapid in his movements to allow him to procect, and he was fearful of awakening stispicion by any overt display of his sympathy with their situation,
"Chevalier Crichton," said the monarch, angrily regarding the Scot, "I would not have to remind you a second time of your plighted word. Take heed how you rouse my choler. I have something of the Medicis in my composition, though it may not often manifest itself."
" And I," returned the Scot, fiercely-

> "Le monde est un bouffon, Yhonme une comédie, L'un porte la marotte, et l'autre est la folie,"
chanted Chicot, adding in a whisper to Crichton, "Your intemperate Scoteh blood will ruin all-bethink you what you do."
"You talk boldly, chevalier," said Hemri, " and I trust you
will demean yourself as stoutly on the morrow with your sword. Your adversary of the mask threatens to rob you of your laurels, and to put a stain upon the spotless order, with which I have invested you."
"The modest precepts of chivalry teach us, sire," replied Crichton, " that to vaunt is not to vamquish-

Un chevalier, nen dontez pas,
Doit lérir haut, et parler bas.
I shall abide the issue-content to rely upon a sword which has never yet failed me, and a cause which I maintain to be the right."
"Enough," replied Hemri, whose petulance was readily dissipated. "I have bidden Du Halde give orders for the proclamation of the jousts at noon upon the morrow, within the lesser gardens of the Louvre, and I bid ye all, fair dames and puissant knights, to grace it with your presence-

Servans d'amours, regardez donleement
Aux eschaffanx anges de Paradis:
Lors jousterez fort et joyeusement
Et vous serez honorez et chéris."
As Henri sung this refrain of an old bailad of the 'Tourney by Eustache Deschamps, with much taste and some feeling, his features assumed, for a moment, the expression which might have animated them, when, flushed with the promise of a glorions manhood, his youthful valour had achieved the victory of Montcontour.
"Ah, Crichton !" he sighed, as he concluded; "the days of Tannegui Du-Chatel, and Gaston de Foix are past. With my brave father, Hemri de Valois, chivalry expired!"
"Say not so, sire," replied Crichton, " while yourself can yet wield a lance, and while a Joyeuse, a D'Epernon, and a Saint-Luc, yet live to raise their bamers."
"To say nothing of a Crichton," interrupted Henri, " whose name will gild our reign hereafter, when others are forgotten. With the Béarnais in the field-the Balafré coruetting with my crown, and my brother of Anjou in open revolt against me, I have need of loyal hearts and true. Joyense, mon enfant, I heard thy voice just now-hast thou not some stirring strain of knightly days, to chime with the chord which chance has struck within my breast ?"
" If such be your pleasure, my gracious liege," replied Joyeuse, "you shall have the lay of the truest knight that ever served monarch of your realm—the valiant constable, Bertrand Du Guesclin."

With a fire and spirit which evinced how completely the glorious prowess of the warrior, whose brave deeds he celebrated, was in unison with his own ardent aspirations after chivalrous renown, Dyeuse then sang, in a rich melodious voice, the following

## 

 1.A silver shield Equire did widul. changed wih an eagle biach, With talon ted, and two-lold heal, whe followed on the tatack Of the bert knight that we iti light hurled mace, or conched the lance, Du Gueselin named, who thucheon clamed as Constable of France.

## 11.

In Brittany, where Remest doth lie. Du Guesclin first drew breath; bom for emprize-in counsel wise, hrave, loyal unto death.
Witn hand and sword, with heart and word, served well this baron bold
The azure sentcheon that displayed three flemr-de-lis of gold. $\ddagger$
III.
J.ike Gueselin hold of wariors old in prowess there was none. - Mid peets that stood round Arthur good, Baldwin or brave Bonillon; Nor, as I ween, hath knighthood seen a chief more puissantly With staff advance the flower of France 'gainst hosthle chivalry. IV.

- Gueselin is dead! and with him fed the hravest and the best, That ever vet, by foe beset. mai::tained fair Gallia's crest! His sonl (iod shiive! - were he alive, his spear were conched again To guard the three gold tilies from the white cross of Lormin!s
"Hearen rest thie soul of the valiant constable !" siehed I Menri, as Joycuse brought his bal'ad to a close. "Would he were living nuw '-but wherefore," he added, glancing affectionately at the vicomte, "should I indulge the wish while thou, my gallant 1)'Arques, remainest to me? With thee by my side," he contimued, smiling, "I need have little anticipation of the third Nown which the Duchess de Montpensier promises me-Poland's diaden I have already bornc-that of France I now possessbut the monk's tonsure-"
.. Will become her brother, the Balafré better than you, my "racions liege," interrupted Joycuse, " to '「artams, with the felon crose of Lorrain and its supporters."
- A free version of an "olde gentil" Breton lay of the age of Charles V. of France, a stanza is subjoined, that the reader may have a taste of its freshess amd simplicity: The ballad, it may be ohserved, has remained wholly inedited, until the publication by N. Crapelet, of the polden manuseript of the Combat des Trente, extracted from the Bibliotlique du Roi.

Eescu arrache a. E. egle of sable
岿. if. testes st. F, rogic haston
pourtoist li prenx le ballant comestrole
Qui of Clasguin bertan auoist a nom

 Qui tant scrui of lowial cucr et ore fom Frescu dajar a. iif. flours de lis Dor.
- The Châtean de la Motte-Broon, near liennes.
$\pm$ The royal arms of France.
The cognizance of the house of Guise. The doulle Cross of Lorrain ras adoptal as an ensign by the Leaguers, of whom the Dike of Guise, wat the prime mover:-a circminstance which gave rise to the following sarcastic and somewhat irreverent quatrain, quite in the spirit of the times :-

Mais, dites moi, que signifie
Que les Ligueurs ont double eroix ? -
C'est guen la ligue on crucifie
Jésus Christ encore une fois.
"An! Joyeuse-my brother," said Henri, smiling affectionately, "thou art, indeed, as brave as Du Guesclin, as loyal as Bayard."
" Bayard!" exelaimed Crichton, " my heart leaps up at that name, as at the clarion's call. Would that my life might be like Bayard's, and," he added, fervently; " my life's close likewise !"
"Tho that prayer, I cry amen with my whole sonl," said Joyeuse, "But while our hearts are warmed with the thoughts kindled by such glorious recollections, prithee, Crichton, clothe somewhat of thei- gallant deeds in thine inspiring verse. Thou art a minstrel worthy of Bayard. Even my friend, Philippe Desportes must yield the palm of song to thee."
" Joyeuse is in the richlt," said Henri. "A nobler subject for the bard could not be found, nor better bard to rehearse such subject. 'Ihree well beneficed abbeys were the meed of as many sonnets from Desportes. I know not how I shall requite your rerformance, mon cher."
" Bestow not such unmerited praise cn me, I beseech your majesty," replied Crichton, " or l shall scarce adventure my lay on a theme I cannot dwell upon without deepest emotion."
"First let us pledge the memory of the reproachless chevalier," said Henri, "and then embalm his deeds in song."

The goblets were filled-and drained. Crichton pronounced his pledge with devotion, and quaffed the sparkling contents of his wine-cup to the dregs.

In a tone, then, which showed how deeply his own sympathy was enlisted in the subject-matter of his strains-with an unstudied simplicity of manner perfectly in unison with the minstrel measure he had chosen, and with much knightly fervour-he sang the following ballad:-

## The Eword of Banaro.

## I.

"A boon I crave, my Eayard brave :"- -'twas thus King Francis spoke;
"The field is won, the battle done, ${ }^{*}$ yet deal one other stroke.
For by this light, to dub us knight, none worthy is as thou, Whom nor repruach, nor fear appioach, of prince or peer we trow."

## II.

"Sire !" said the knight, "yon judge not right, who owns a kingdom tare. 'Neath his command all knights do stand-no service can he share."
"Nay : by our fay!" the king did say, "lo! at thy feet we kneel,
Let silken rules sway tiltyard schools, our laws are here of steel."
III.

IVith gracions mien did Bayard then, his sword draw from his side ;
"By God! Saint Miehael! and Saint George ! I dub thee knight!' he cried.

[^9]" Arise, good king! weal may this bring-such grace on thee confer, As erst trom blow of Charles did flow, Roland or Oliver :'

## IV.

With belted blade, the king arraved-the knight the spur applicd,
And then his neek with chinn did deek-and accolade supplied-
"Do thy devoir at ghostly choir-maintain high conrtesie",
And fiom the fray in war's array, God grant thou never flee!"
V.
"Certes, good blade,"* then Bayard said, his own sword waving high,
"Thou shalt, perdie, as relic be preserved full carefully!
Right fortunate art thon, good sword, a king so brave to knight?
And with strong love, all arnss above, rest honoured in my sight.
VI.

And never more, as heretofore, by Ciristian chivalry,
My trenchant blade, shalt thon be rayed, or e'er endangered be!
For laynim foes reserve thy blows-the Saracen and Moor
Thine edge shall smite in bitter fight, or merciless estour!" $\dagger$
VII.

Years, since that day, have rolled away, and Bayard hurt to death,
'Neath gray Rebecco's walls outstretch'd, exbales his latest breath. On Heaven he cried, or ere he died-but cross had none, I wist, Sate that good sword-hilt eruciform, which with pale lips he kissed $\ddagger$
VIII.

Ninight ! whom reproach could ne'er approach, no name like unto thine, With honour bright, unsullied, white, on Fame's proud scroll shall shine!
But were it not to mortal lot denied by grace divine,
Should Bayard's life, and Bayard's death, and his good sword be mine.
"Bravo!" exclaimed Joyeuse, "may the same spirit which animated Bayard animate you on the morrow!

> A bien jonster gardez votre querelle

Et vons serez honorez et chéris,
as runs the old refrain. 'Sonvins toi,' as the poursuivants-at-arms are wont to cheer us at the tourncy, 'de qui tu es fils, et ne forligne pas!'"
"My father's sword will, I trust, be grasped by no degenerate hand," replice Crichton, smiling, "and prove as fortunate to me as Orlando's resistless blade Durandal, or thy namesake Joyeuse, the trenchant weapon of Charlemagne. I shall neither forget of what worthy gentleman I am the son, nor," he added, glancing at Esclairmonde, " of what fair dame I am the servant."
"Will not the dame you serve," asked the vicomte, smiling, "in accordance with the grood old practice of chivalry, too much

[^10]neglected, I grieve to say, now-a-days, bestow some token or favour upon you? The dame De Fluxas gave her sleeve to Bayard, when he gained the prize of the tourncy at Carionam."
"I have no other token but this to bestow," said Esclaimonde, blushing, and detaching a knot of ribands from her bair, "which I now, give to the Chevalier Crichton, and pray him to wear for my sake."

Crichton took the gage, and pressing it to his lips, exclamed with fervour,
"I will bear it upon my lance ; and if my adversary boast like token of his lady's favour, I trust to lay it as an offering at your fect."
"No more," interrupted Itemri, impatiently. "I, myself, will break a lance in your behoof, belle Esclairmonde, and here appoint you Quecn of the Lists. Remember, messeigncurs, the heralds will proclaim the joust to-morrow. I, myself, will enter the barriers, which I have appointed with more than ustial magnificence. Thus much I owe to the combatants. Do thou, Joycuse, array fourtcen of thy followers in white scarves, and thou, D'Epernon, the like number of thy Quarante-Cinq, in yellow. I will have the courses, it la foute, take place by torchlight, as was the custom of my chivalrous father-at which time, also, I will make trial of my Spanish jemets in the new Ballet des Chevaux, devised by my chicf equerry. Par la Mort-Dien! if my reign be remembered for nothing else, it shall be referred to for its ceaseless festivities."
" And now," he added, gallantly, " that we have listened to the lay of preux chevalier, 1 trust the response of gentle dame will not be denied us. The fair Torigni, I know hath a witehing skill upon the lyre, but the voice I chiedly desire to hear is that of my lovely neighbour. Nay, fair demoiselle, I am peremptory, and will take no refusal. She whose lightest tones are music, camnot be held excused on plea of want of skill. You need but to link your voice with the words of some simple legend, and I will engage that your performance shall exceed in attraction the most finished effort of the choicest Italian cantatrice, even though your opponent should be (with a glance at Crichton) the divine Gelosa herself, whose notes attracted all our good citizens to the Hotel de Bourbon."

Aware that remonstrance would be umavailing, with the best grace she couid assume, and in a voice, the tones of which, as Henri justly remarked, were perfectly musical, Esclairmonde, without hesitation, complied with the king's request, and with much natural and touching pathos, executed the following Spanish romance:-

## Musef and Zoranda.*

## I

Through the Vega of Granada, where the silver Darro glidesFrom his tower within the Alpuxar-swift-swift Prince Yusef rides.
To her who holds his heart in thrall-a captive Christian maidOn wings of fear and doubt he flies, of sore mischance afraid.
For ah! full well doth Yusef know with what relentless ire,
His love for one of adverse faith is noted by his sire :
" Zorayda mine," he cries alond-on-on-his courser strainミ-
"Zorayda mine!-thine Y'usef comes!"-the Altambra walls he gains

## II.

Through the marhle Court of Lions-through the stately TocadorTo Lindaraxa's bowers he goes-the Queen lie stands before;
Her maidens round his mother group-but not a word she speaks.
In vain amid that lovely throng, one lovelier form he seeks;
In vain he tries 'mid orient eyes, orls d.. rker far to meet ;
No form so light, no eyes so bright, as hers his vision greet,
"Zorayda mine-Zorayda mine! ah whither art thon fled !"
A low, low wail returns his cry-a wail as for the dead.

## III.

No answer made his mother, but her hand gave to her sonTo the garden of the Generalif together are they gone; Where gushing fountains cool the air-where scents the citron pale, Where nightingales in concert fond rehearse their love-lorn tale,
Where roses link'd with myrtles make green woof against the shy, Italf hidden by their verdant screen a sepulehre duth lie;
"Zorayda mine-Zoravda mine! - ah! wherefore art thou flown, To gather flowers in Yemen's bowers while I am left alone!"

## IV.

Upon the ground kncels Yusef-his heart is like to break; In vain the queen wr ul 1 comfort him-no comfort will he take. His blinded gaze he tur.s upon that sculptured marble fair, Embossed with gems, and glistening with coloured pebbles rare ; Red stones of Ind-black, vermeil, gleen, their mingled hues combine, With jacinth, sapphire, amethyst. and diamond of the mine.
" Zorayda mine-Zorayda mine !"-thus ran sad Yuset's cry,
" Zorayda mine, within this tomb, ah! sweet one! dost thon lie $f "$

$$
\mathrm{V} .
$$

Upon that costly sepulchre, two radiant forms are seen, In sparkling alabaster carved like crystal in its sheen; The one as Yusef fashioned, a golden crescent bears, The other, as Zorayda wrought, a silver crosslet wears.

* The incidents of this ballad are, with some slight variation, derived from those of the exquisite French romance, Flore et Blanchefior, the date of which may be referred to the thirteenth eentury, and which unquestionably, as its recent editor, M. Paulin, Parie, supposes, is of Spanish or Moorish origin.

And ever, as soft zephyr siglis, the pair his breath obey, And meet within each others arms like infants in their play.*
" Zarayda tair-Korayda fair"-thas golden letters tell
"A Christian maid lics buried here-by Moslem loved too well.

## VI.

Three times those golden letters with grief sad Yusef reads, To tears and frantic agony a fearful calm sncceeds-
"Ah! wo is me ; Zorayda mine-ah; would the self-same blow That laid thee 'neath this mocking tomb, had laid thy lover low;
Two faithful hearts, like ours, in vain stern death may strive to sever-
A moment more, the prang is o'er, the grave unites us ever,
Zorayda mine-Zorayda mine-this dagger sets me free-
Zorayda mine-look down-look down-thus-thus I come to thee !"

## VIt.

"Hold! Yusef, hold!" a voice exelaims. " thy loved Zorayda lives-
Thy constancy is well approved-lihy sire his son forgives.
Thine ardent passion doubing long-thy truth I thins have tried,
Behold her whom thy faith hath won-receive her as thy bride!"
In Yusef sarms- 10 Yusef's heart, Zoray da close is pressd,
Half stifled by a flood of joy, these words escape hi, hreast:-
"Zorayda mine - Zorayda mine!-ah! dubly dear thou art
Uninterrupted bliss be ours, whom death has failed to part!"
The monareh's loud applauses at the close of the song were reiterated to the echo by the assemblage. Crimsoning with shame, Eslairmonde ventured a glance towards her lover, whose silent admiration was of more value in her cyes than the courtly compliments which were so freely lavished upon her efforts.
"And now for the lay of the belle Torigni," said Henri, " her songs are wont to be of a more sprightly description-ah! Signorina mia! Shall we sue in vain?"

Torigni needed little pressing ; but with much archness and spirit, complied with the king's request in the following ballad:-

## YOlande. $\dagger$

> A golden flower embroidering, A lay of love low murmuring; Seclided in the eastern tower Sits fair Yolande within her bower: Fair-fair Yolande!

- This circumstance is thus depicted in the French Romance:

Fn la tombe et quartre tuiaus
Aus quartre cors bien fait et biaus.
Es quiex liquartre vent féroient
Chascuns, ainsi com'il rentoient.
Quant li vens los enfans tochoit,
L'un beisoit l'autre et accoloit;
Sidisoient, par nigromance
Ve tout lor bon, de lor enfance.
Flore et Brancinefor.

[^11]Suddenly a voice austere, With sharp reproof breaks on her ea: :-
Her mother 'tis who silently
Has stolen upon her privacy-
Ah! fair Yolande!
"Mother! why that angry look?
Mother! why that sharp rebuke?
Is it that I while away
My solutude withamorons lay?
Or, is it that my thread of gold
Idly I weave, that thus you scold
Your own Yolande-Your own Yolande?

## II.

It is not that yon while away Your solitude with amorous lay, It is not that your thread of gold ldly yout weave that thus I scold

My fair Yolande!
Your want of cantion 'tis I chide : -
'The Baron fancies that you hide heneath the cushion on your knee, A letter from the Conut Mahi:-

Ah! fair Yolande!
Bitsy tongues have filled his brain II ith jealonsy and frantic pain; Hither hastes he with his tram!And if a letter there should be Conecaled 'neath your embroidery? Say no more. But give it me.

My own Yolande-my own Yolande."

"By our Lady !" exclaimed Henri, laughing, " that ditty likes me well. Samson, a cup of Syracuse-messeigneurs, I pledge our fair minstrels-Aha!-par la Mort Dicu!-I have a fecling of such unwonted exhilaration in our heart, that I must perforce give vent to it in song. My Hippocrenc is this fiery wine-my inspiration the lovely Esclairmonde."

This gracious intimation on the part of his majesty was received, as might be anticipated, coming from such a quarter, with acclamations.
" Hemri is certainly drink, abbé," observed Joycuse.
"Beyond a doubt," returned brantome, shaking his liearl, and perfectly unconscious of his own condition, " wine specdily assaults his brain-ha-ha! But do you not perceive, my dear vicomte, that the banquet draws to a close ?"
"Do you think so ?" asked Torigni-_" my heart flutters very unaccountably. Monsicur le vicomte, bid your page give me the least possible drop of Cyprus. I have not entirely recovered the shock her Majesty of Navarre gave me."
"Or the effects of Crichton's billet," returned Brantóme, hemming significantly.
"His majesty's song," interposed Joyeuse.

With a taste and skill that showed how highly cultivated had been the musical talent he possessed, Henri then gave the following rondel:-

## Esclaímondo.

## I.

The crown is proud
That decks our brow ;
The langh is lond-.
That glad, us now.
The sounds that fall
Around-above
Are laden all
With love-with love-
With love-with love.

## II.

Heaven cannot show,
'Mid all its sheen
Orbs of such glow
As here are scen.
And monarch ne'er
Exulting own'd,
Queen might compare
With Esclairmonde. With Esclairmonde.

## III.

From Bacchus' fount, 1)eep draughts we drain;

Their spirits mount,
And fire our brain;
But in our heart
Uf hearts enthroned.
From all apart,
Rests EsclairmondeRests Esclairmonde.
" Perfect!" exelaimed Ronsard.
" Perfect!" repeated every voice.
"His late majesty, Charles IX., never improvised strains more delightful," continued the bard.
"Never," replied Chicot, "Charles's unpremeditated strains being generally understood to be your composition, Monsieur de Ronsard. I think nothing of them. Mediocrity is the prerogative of royalty. A good king must be a bad poet. But you have all praised his majesty's performance, now listen to the moral of the story-though morality I must own is a little out of fashion in the Louvre." And mmicking, so far as he dared, the looks and tones of the king, the jester commenced his parody as follows:

The crown is proud,
But brings it peace?
The langh is lond-
Fuil somia 'iwil! cease.

> The sounds that fall From lightest breath, Are laden all
> With death-wihh death. With death-with death.
" Enough, and too much," interrupted Henri, "we will not have our flow of spirits checked by thy raven croakine. Be prepared,' he whispered, "with the signal; and now, messeigncurs," he continued aloud, "the night wears, the music sounds again, the new masque of 'Cirec and her mymphs' awats you. Nay, mignonne," he added, in a low impassioned tone, and forcibly detaining Esclairmonde ; " you must remain with me."

At this hint from the monarch the gucsts arose ; and each gallant taking a dame under his arm, left the banquet-hall. Crichton and Torigni were the last to quit the room. A signilicant look passed between the Scot and Chicot, as he lingered for an instant at the doorway, the meaning of which the latter appeared clearly to comprehend, for waving his hand, as if in obdience to the royal command, the perfumed torehes were suddenly extinguished. Fage, valet, usher, and buffoon, disappeared; the tapestry was swiftly drawn together ; the valves were closed; and Hemi was left in darkness with the demoiselle.

Ail this was the work of a moment. The king was taken a little by surprise. Chicot had given the signal sooner than he intended.

Concluding himself alone with Esclairmonde, Hemri addressed a passionate exclamation to her, at the same time endeavouring to obtain possession of her hand. The demoiselle, however, with a cry of terror, cluded his grasp, and fled, so far as she was able to determine in the obscurity in which all was wrapped, towards the door.
"Ah, alh, fair bird! you cannot escape me now," exclaimed Ilemi, exultingly, following in pursuit.

And as he spoke, with outstretched hands he grasped at something which, in the darkness, appeared to be the 1 lying figure of the damsel. The sudden prostration of his royal pereon, and the subsequent loud jingle of falling glass, mixed with the clater of plate, soon, however, convinced him of his error'; while a stitled laugh, proceeding, as he concluded, from the demoiselle, completed his mortification.

The king arose, but said nothing, and, suspending his own respiration, listened intently. For a moment not a sound was heard. Henri then thought he detected a light step stealing towards the other side of the room, and directed his attention to that quarter. A noise, as of arras being raised, followed by a fant creak, such as might be produced by a sliding panel, was just audible. "Diable! the secret door-can she have discovered it ?" ejaculated Henri, rushing in the direction of the sound. "She may elude me after all."

A light laugh, however, iesuing from a different part of the
chamber, and which, questionless, originated with his inamorata, satisfied him that she was still in the room. Gliding noiselessly forward, guided by the sound, ere another instant he had grasped a small soft hand, which he covered with a thousand kisses, and which, strange to say, palpably returned his pressure.

Henri was in positive raptures.
"How much one may be deceived!" exelaimed the enamoured monarch ; "this delightful gloom makes all the difference in the work. I was quite right to have the torehes extinguished. You, fair Esclairmonde, who, a few minutes ago, were all coyness and reserve-a very belle dame sans merci-are as amiable and complaisant as-(whom shall I say ?)-as the obliging Torigni."
" Ah, sire!" murmured a low voice.
" I'tiath, fair demoiscle," continued the delighted Hemri, "so charming do I find you, that I am half tempted to become a heretic inyself. On these lips I could embrace any faith proposed to us -'"

At this moment, a hollow voice breathed in the very portals of his car, these words-"Vilain Herobes"-an anagram framed by the Jacobins mon his own name-Hemi de Valois.

The king started, and trembled.
It has already been stated, that IIenri was bigoted and superstitions to the last degree. His hand now shook so much, that he could scarcely retain the fair fingers he held within his grasp.
" Did you speak, demoiselle ?" he asked, after an instant's pause.
" No, sirc," replied his companion.
" Your voice appears strangely altered," returned Henri, "I scarcely recomnise its tones as those of Esclairmonde."
"Your majesty's hearing deceives you," returned the lady.
"So much so," replied Henri, "that I could almost fancy I had heard your voice under similar circumstances before. This shows how one may be mistaken."
"It does, indeed," replied the lady ; "but perhaps your majesty found the voice to which you allude more agrecable than miac."
" lBy no means," replied Henri.
"You would not then change me for any other ?" asked the lady. timidly.
"Not for my kingdom," exclamed I Iemi, "would I have any one else in your place! She of whom I spoke was very different from you, ma min."
"Are you quite sure of that, sire ?"
"As of my salvation," replied IJenri, passionately.
"Of which thou art by no means assured," breathed the deep sepulchral voice in his cars.
"There-again-did you hear nothing, demoiselle ?" asked the king, in new alarm.
"Nothing whatever," rejoined the lady. "What odd fancies you have, sire!"
"Odd, indeed!" answered Henri, trembling. "I begin to think I acted wrongly in loving a Huguenot.-Par la Saint-Barthelemy! you must reform your faith, demoisclle."
"'Tis thou, Henri de Valois, who must reform," returned the sepulchral voiee, " or thy days are numbered."
"Averte faciem tuam ì peccatis meis!" exelaimed the terrified king, dropping on his knees, "et omnes imiquitates meas dele!"
"What ails your majesty ?" asked his companion.
" Hence-hence—fair delusion!" exclamed Henri-" avoid thee!-Docelon iniquos vias tuas, Domine!"
"'Trouble not the :irtuous Huguenot," continued the voice.
"In peccutis concepit me mater," continued Henri.
"'True," replied the voice, " or the memory of Fernclius hath been seandalously calumniated."
"Fernelius!" cehoed Henri, scarcely comprehending what was said to him, and fancying in his terror that the voice had acknowledged itself to belong to the shade of his mother's departed physician - "Art thou the spirit of Fernelius arisen from purgatory to torment me?"
"Even so," was the response, which scemed mingled with diabolical langhter.
"I will have nightly masses said for the repose of thy sout, mhappy Fernelins," continued the king-" so thou wilt no more perplex me. In l'aradisum derlucaut te Angeli! Suscipiont Martyres!"
"'Thou must do more," returned the voice.
"I will do any thing-every thing you enjoin, gracious Fernelins," said the king.
"Cherish thy jester Chicot," continued the voice.
"As my brother." answered the king.
"Not as thy brother-but as thyself," returned the shade of Fernelius.
" I will-I will," replied Henri. "What more ?"
"Abandon this vain quest of the virtuous Esclairmonde, and return to her whom thou hast abandoned."
"Whom mean you?" asked the king, somewhat perplexed"to whom have your words especial reference, most excellent Fernelins-to my Queen Lenise ?"
"To the Demoiselle Torigni," rejoined the voice.
"Torigni !" eched Henri, despairingly-"any of my former loves were preferable to her. Is there no other alternative ?"
" None whatever," sternly answered the spectre.
"Sooner then," replied Henri," will I incur-ha!-diable !a ghost indulge in merriment-this is some trick-" he exelaimed, suddenly recovering his confidence, and starting to his feet, while, with his right hand, he grasped at some object near him. "We have traitors here," he continusd, as steps were heard retreating. "This is no ghost-no Fermelius-"

"What in the name of wonder has your majesty been talking about all this time?" asked the lady with affeceted astonishment.
"You shall hear anon. 'Fore Heaven, demoiselle, you will have reason to repent this conduct-and your accomplice likewise will rue his rashness. We can readily divine who is the author of this mistaken pleasantry. What ho! lights! lights!" And applying a whistle to his lips, the doors were instantly thrown open, and the attendants rushed in with flambeaux.

The torehlight fell upon the monareh and his companion. Abashed probably at the presence of so many spectators, the lady covered her face witli her lands.
-" Look up, demoiselle!" ejaculated Henri, angrily-" Nay, I. will not spare your blushes, depend upon it. On whole court shall leam the trick you would have put upon your sovereign :-our whole court shali witness your exposure. Look up, I say-if your effrontery could carry you thus lir, it may bear you still further. A few moments back the langh was on your side, it is now on ours -ah!-ah!-Par Dieu !-I would not spare you this infliction for our best barony. Look up-look up, Demoiselle Esclair-monde-"

And foreibly withdrawing the hands of the lady, her features were revealed to the grencral gaze.

They were those of Torimni!
Despite the presence in which they stood, the courtiers found it impossible to repress a titter. "D Diantre !"' exelamed. Henri, pet-tishly-" Duped!-deeeived !-what - what has become of Esclairmonde?"

At this moment the erowd respectfully drew aside, and the Qucen Louise stepped forwarl.
"The Demoiselle Esclaimonde has placed herself under my protection," she said, approaching his majesty.
" Under your protection, Louise!" said the monarch, in -amazcment. "Do you afford smetuary to a Huguenot? By the four Evangelists! madame, we esteemed you too good a Catholic to hazard even the chance contamination of a heretic's presence."
"I trust I may sympathise with the distress of those whose opinions differ from my own without offence to Him who is in Himself all charity," replied Louse, midity; "and in this eave where innocence and purity have sought refuge with me, I could lay little claim to the first of Christian virtues-Mercy-had I refused it. I have passed my word for her safety."
"You have done wisely-very wisely-I must say, madame," exclaimed Henri, contemptuously, "and no doubt your father confessor will concur with your sentiments. We shall see. I shall not argue the point now. There is one person, however, with whom we can deal. Where is the demoiselle's loyal servant? Where is Crichton? He has not taken shelter under your wing likewise. Your word we conclude is not passed for him."
"The Chevalier Crichton has quitted the Louvre, Henri," replicd Loujse.
"Impossible!" exclaimed the king; "the gates are closed by an express order."
" He is gone, nevertheless," rejoined Torigni.
"Gone!" echoed Henri. "By your contrivance, madame," he added. looking angrily at the queen.
"No, Henii," replied Louise, gently; "neither had he a hand in Esclairmonde's liberation. The demoiselle sought me alone."
"How then did he contrive his llight?" demanded the king, turning to Torigni.

The demoiselle glanced towards the secret panel and nodded. Henri understood her.
"Enough," he said, "I see it all, but where is your accomplice —the spectre?"
"Here-sirc--here," cried Siblot, dragring forth Chicot, whose feet he had detected peeping from under the table, "here is-"
"The Doctor Fernelius," replied Chicot, with a look of droll contrition, "pardon-pardon, sire."
"Thou Fernelius!" exclaimed I Inri, who, notwithstanding his displeasure, could scarcely forbear laughing at Chicot's grimaces, "How didst thou produce those awful sounds, thou treacherous knave?"
"By this tube," replied Chicot, holding up the sarbacane of the Viconite de Joyeuse. "You must own I piayed my part with spirit."
"A sarbacane!" exclaimed Ifenri-" heneeforth I banish all thbes of this description from the Louvre, and thou mayst thank our clemency, deceitful varlet, that I do not banish thee with them."
"Surely your majesty would not pass a sentence of self-cxile," returned the jester. "Sire you promised the worthy Fernelius to cherish me as yourself."
"Coquin," cried Henri, "I am half disposed to send thee to keep Fernclius company. But enough of this. Joyeuse," he added, "go with thy followers to the Hôtel de Soissons, and if thou encounterest this wayward Crichton or the mask within its walls place both under arrest till tomorrow. Lose not a moment on the way. Madame, I attend you."

## Charter X.

## TIIE HOTEL DE SOISSONS.

Voilà done son exécrable palais ! palais de la luxure, palais de la trahison, palais de tous les crimes!-

> Victors Hego.

Quitting the Lonvre, its festivities, and its enraged and discontented monarch, and descending into the gardens of the palace, we shall now pursue the footsteps of a masked cavalier, who, wrapped in the folds of a sable domino, took his hasty way through its embowered walks and trim areades.

The whole of the space, at this time crowded by the courts and other buildings forming the offices of the Lonvre was, at the period of our narrative, disposed in noble alleys bordered with exquisite shrubs-shadowed by tall trees-with here and there terraces and patches of the smoothest verdure-balustred with marble steps and low pillars-and watered by gnshing fonntains of the clearest crystal ; anon diverging into labyrinths and bowers, in which gleamed Faunus or Diana, or haply some "nymph to the batls addressed," and displaying throughout the luxury and magnificence of the monarch (Francis I.), by whom the plasance had been laid out.

The moon shone clear and cold in the highest heavens as the cavalier hurried swiftly through this region of beanty. For one instant he paused to gaze at the wing of the Louvre fronting the spot on which he stood. The casements were brightly illuminated with the torches of the fete-the music resounded blithely from afar-but the masker's eye rested not upon the festive lights, nor did he listen to the gay symphonies. His eye was fixed upon a lamp shining like a star from one of the higher towers of the period of Philip Augustus that flanked the palace, and his ear was strained to catch the faint sound produced by the closing of a lattice. He then plunged into a dark avenue formed by two rows of clipped yews before him.

The gardens of the Louve were bordered on the one hand by the waters of the Seine, across which river-chains were drawn so ats to cut off all approach in this quarter, while on the other, they were defended by a turreted wall and external moat, which separated it from the encroaching buildings of the Rue du Coq. Einerging suddenly from the alley in which he had disappeared, the cavalier stood beneath the shade of a spreading elm, whose branches overtopped the wall upon which he gazed.

The figure of a sentinel, with arquebuss in hand, was seen
slowly parading the rampart-walk, his steel cap and habergeon gleaning in the prale moonlight. 'To divest himself of his domino, underneath which appeared a rich satin ball-room costume-to swathe the folds of the cloak around his left arm, and with his ri,ght hand pluck his poignard from its sheath, and strike it decply into the bark of the tree, by which means he rapidly climbed it-to pass along its branches-to drop within a few paces of the astonished sentinel-and swiit as thonght to place the wcapon at his threat, was with the cavalie. little more than the work of a moment.

So unexpected had been the assault, that the sentinel scarcely attempted any resistance, and was so closely griped, as to be unable to raise a cry: his arquebuss was wrested from his hold, and hurled into the foss; while his antagonist, having apparently accomplished his purpose in disarming him, bounded over the parapet of the wall, and, elinging to the rough side of a buttress, descended with the utmost velocity and certainty to the very edge of the water, where, taking advantage of a projecting stone, he contrived to bring both feet together, and with a single spring, cleared the wide deep moat, and alighted in safety on the other side-disappearing instantly afterwards in the far-cast shadows of the gloomy Rue du Coq-and accomplishing what appeared in the eyes of the sentinol, who had watched his efforts from above, a marvellous and almost superhuman feat.
" Mille tomnerres!" exelaimed the sentinel, who had made sure that the cavalier would have fallen midway into the moat, rubbing his eyes in astonishment as he beheld him arrive on the opposite bank, " it must be the fiend in person !" Whereupon he deroutly crossed himself, adding, " no man of mortal mould, sare one, perchance, could have taken that leap, and he who might have done it, the Scottish galliard Crichton, people say, is something more than mortal. I recollect seeing him leap five-and-twenty feet in the hall of arms, but that was nothing to this moat, which, if it be an inch, must span nine yards, with scarcely a resting place for the point of a toe to spring from-to say nothing of a run. 'Tu-dien !-if it be the Chevalier Crichton, and he be not the devil, he has had a narrow escape of it to-night, in more ways than one; for had he passed through any gate of the Lourre, instead of down that break-neck wall, he had encountered the darger of Maurevert, or some of Madame Catherine's mouchards. Notre-Dame! if it be Crichton, I am not sorry he has escaped, as we shall have the combat to-morrow in that case. But peste! why did he throw away my arquebuss?"

With his vain lamentation, and his vain search for his gun, we shall leave the sentincl, and once more track the steps of the cavalier, who had no sooner gained the shelter of the houses, than he resumed his domino. Swiftly shaping his course through the deserted streets, he glided along like a phantom, without encountering so much as a stray serjcant of the guct royal, some of whom
were, for the most part, to be met with at all hours in this frequentei quarter, when, at the very moment he passed it, the door of a small tavern, the Falcon, situate where the Rue Pelican turns from the Rue Saint-Honoré, was suddenly thrown open, and forth issued two roystering blades, members of the university, it would seem from their scholastic caps and gards, who had evidently been indulging in copious libations, and were now, in all probability, retreating to their place of rest for the night.

In figure, the one was tall, light, and not without a certain air of dignity in his deportment. Despite its uncertainty, his step was light and agile as that of a mountaincer, and about his shoulders light, long, yellow hair depended in great profusion. The second scholar was more squarely and stoutly built, and moved forward as if urged into his present quick movement by the energy of his companion. A small square cap surmounted a head of rough brown curling hair, shading an open manly comntenance, lighted up by a keen gray eye, sparkling at this moment with unwonted fire. His whole appearance, while it betokened the posscssion of great personal strength, showed also that his vigour was united with a sluggish temperament. With a step almost as heavy as that of his master, a huge dog plodded at his heels, bearing undoubted marks of his English origin. And if any doubts could be entertained as to what country either dog or master might belong, the student settled that question by roaring at the top of a strenuous voice the following chaunt, in a tongue which requires no translation on our part to place it before the reader.

## Ale and 玉ack.

## I.

Your Ganl may tipple his thin, thin wine, And prate of its lue, and its fragrance fine, Shall never a drop pass throat of mine Again-again !
His claret is meagre (but let that pass), I can't say much for his hippocrass, And never more will I fill my glass

With cold champagne.

## 11.

But froth me a flaggon of Einglish ale, Stout, and old, and as anber pale, Which heart and head will alike assail-

Ale-ale be mine!
Or brew me a pottle of sturdy sack,
Sherris and spice, with a toast to its back,
And need shall be none to bid me attack
That drink divine!
students his somewhat neglected friends Ogilvy and Blount. To the eavalier also they would appear to be equally well known, for he instantly joined them, addressing the former by his name.

Ogrilvy at once came to a halt, uttering an exclamation of delight and astonishment. "You are fortunately encountered, Jasper," said the cavalier; "you can serve me."
"Show me but how!" exclaimed Ogilvy-" my arm shall second your wishes."
"If your head have discretion enough to guide it, I am assured it will," returned the cavalier; "but the enterprise on which I am bent requires coolness as well as courage, and you were better able to assist me had your libations been pourd from the fountain rather than from the wine-flask."
"Our libations have been poured forth in honour of the victor of the University of Paris-of the admirable Crichton," returned Ogilvy, somewhat reproachfully, "and if blame is to be attached to our carouse, he who is the cause of it must be content to bear the burthen. My pulse beats quick 'tis true, but my brain is calm enough-and if need be, I will plunge into the first well we encounter on our road."
"And I," said Blount, " have little to observe, noble sir, except that I will follow you wherever you list to lead me. The wines I have swallowed-as sour as Flemish beer, with (Heaven save the mark!) your honoured name upon my lips; and the stupifying herbe ì la reine, as these Frenchmen call their tobacco leaves, which I have puffed away, may have muddled my intellects; but they have not extinguished my comage. I can if need be, put some guard upon my tongue, having no great fancy for talking at any time. And I can still (I would fain hope) wield staff or sword, as occasion may require, to some purpose. But if I should fail in my devoir, there is a follower at my hecls, whose brain is at all scasons as bright as my own ; who is no toper, and who will serve you loyally tooth and nail. What ho, Druid!"

A deep-toned growl from the dog answered his master's call.
"Brave dog," said the cavalier, patting the animal's leathernside, "would thou couldst go with me!"
"By Saint Dunstan"! he shall go with you if you desire it, worthy sir," rejoined Blount.
"W Will he leave, then, his master," asked the eavalier incredulously.
"He will do aught I bid him," answered Blownt. "Here, sirrah," and stooping for an instant, he muttered somewhat in Druid's ear, accompanying his intimation with an emphatic gesture, perfectly intelligible, it would seem, to the dog, who instantly quitted his side, and attached himself to that of the cavalier. "He will not quit you now till I recall him," said Blount, "Druid knows his duty as well as the most trusty retainer."
"His sagacity is indeed wonderful," said the cavalier, "‘and I
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$\therefore$

thank you for your confidence in trusting me with so valued a friend. But I pray you to recall your boon. The risk I run is imminent."
"I have given you my dog as a gage, noble sir," returned Blount, firmly, " and I may as well throw my own life into the bargain, secing I would almost as soon part with one as the other. I give you both, therefore, freely. Be the result of this adventurewhither tending, to what concerning I know not-what it may, it matters not; my prayers are soon said; my tenure to this world is but slight, and I have never yet heard of the danger I would not confront. In which respect I am somewhat of honest Druid's opinion, who holds all antagonists unworthy of his teeth who will not rouse his ire ; and who will not turn his back on any beast that ever walked. Lead on, sir, I have that within me, that prompts me to be doing."
"And you, Jasper Ogilvy ?"-
A tight grasp of the cavalier's hand was all Ogilvy's answer.
"Enough !" said the leader, hastening forward.
And as they proceeded with the same rapid pace as heretofore, the mask briefly developed his project. "And so the Geloso, whom that assassin Spaniard stabbed, turns out to be a girl after all," said Ogilvy.-"By Saint Andrew, the interest I felt in her behalf is not so unaccountable as I conceived it to be. Right gladly will I lend a hand to her deliverance from this cursed astrologer's roost, and from her persecutor. I marvelled much to see you in that mask and guise, but now 'tis all explained. You are in the right to undertake her rescue; and were none other to be found, I would alone attempt it. A maiden-by my troth 'tis passing strange."
" Not so strange, friend Jasper,", remarked the Englishman, laughing; "as the change which this metamorphosis, in point of sex, appears to have wrought in thy sentiments. This morning thou hadst a holy horror, worthy of John Knox himself, of every thing savouring of a player. Now, when a pair of bright eycs stare thee in the face, thou carest not to avow thine errors. Ah ! I fear thou art fallen into the wiles of the enemy. Those dark looks and dark eyes are but snares, Jasper, and her calling is a vain one."
"'Tush," returned Ogilvy, "my abomination of her calling is not a whit diminished. And if I have expressed any concern respecting her, it is becanse-"
"She finds fivour in thine eyes -I am at no loss to perceive it," rejoined the Englishman.
" No such thing," answered Ogilvy, sharply; "and if you repeat that assertion, Master Blount, I shall think you desire to put an affront upon me. I repeat I care not for the girl. Of a verity she hath charms. But what of that? Marian Graham, to whom I plighted my troth, hath a far sweeter smile:
though her eyes may not be so bright, or her tresses so near rival to the raven's wing. I care not for her-may, now I bethink me of her calling, were it not the pleasure of my patron and friend that I should accompany him upon this adventure, she might even tarry with Ruggieri in his tower, for any eflort I would make to release her."
"Your want of intcrest in her occasions some slight discrepancy in your sentiments, Jasper," returned Blount, laughing; " but since you find the matter irksome, leave it to us, and return to the Lecossais. We will accomplish the adventure alone, I warrant you."
"No!" exclaimed Ogilvy, impatiently; "it shall never be said-" Ancl he was proceeding with some warmth, when his speech was cut short by the cavalier, who addiessed him with some coolness-" It was not without reason, Jasper, that I told thee thy tongue was searcely under the control of thy reason. I may not accept of thy assistance, if I am to purchase it at the hazard of failure."

Thus rebuked, the choleric Scot held his peace, and the party moved on for some moments in silence.

Arrived within the Rue des Deux-Eeus, at that time shadowed by the tall trees which formed the avenues and groves of Catherine's stately garlens, the cavalier, pointing out the high Belvidere of the vast Palladian structure, constituting the Hôtel de la Reine, now distinctly defined against the fleecy clouds of the moon-lit sky, exclamed, "You now behold the castle of the enchantress. I have not disguised the peril you will incur by entering it. Will you go on?"

Both answered in the affirmative. The party, therefore, turned the corner of the palace, and entering the adjoining Rue du Four, along one side of which its lofty walls ran, the principal front of the magnificent building, and its grand portal, erected by Bullan upon the model of the Farnese Palace at Caprarola (upon which an immense shield of marble displayed the blazon and cypher of the queen-mother), were at once brought into view. In that still hour, and in that mysterious light, there was something ominous in the appearance of the gigantic building which stood before them. Perhaps, in no instance was the superstition of Catherine's character more strongly evidenced, than in the construction of this proud but needless palace-needless, we say, because she lad ahready expended vast sums upon the erection of ${ }^{2}$ the Tuileries, having after her husband's death abandoned the Tournelles, when terrified by the predictions of her astrologers, who foretold that she would perish in some place bearing the name of' Saint Germain; and the Tuileries unfortunately happening to le in the parish of Saint Germain l'Auxerrois-for this idle reason valy did she abandon the glorious edifice of her own construction, aint at an infinitude of trouble, accompanied by prodigious outlays,
required when her exhausted funds could ill brook such wanton expenditure, together with the secularisation of an abbey and the overturning of a numnery (Les Filles Penitentes), for which purposes she had to procure bulls from the Pope; on this account alone, we say, did she proceed to cumber the ground with this huge structure-not a stone of which is now left standing, with the exception of the column or observatory attached to its courts, toward which building we are shortly about to repair, and shall then more particularly describe. It may not, perhaps, be here altogether out of place to mention, as a sequel to the story, a circumstence which has been much dwelt upon by the supporters of judicial astrology, and which would ahmost seem to verify the prophecy of her soothsayer: viz., that Catherine, notwithstanding all her precantions, eventually expired in the arms of Saint Germain Faryn, Bishop of Nazareth, chief' confessor to her son, Henri III.

The party now approached the grand portal, before which was arrayed a guard of some half-dozen musketecrs with their sergreant at their head-the royal blazon upon their doublets glimmering in the moonlight - who placed their long musketoons in the rests, and blew their lighted tow-matches as they drew nigh; while the scrgeant, in a loud tone, commanded a halt.

A brief parley ensued. But, perceiving the queen's glove displayed upon the cap of the cavalier, the sergeant immediately drew his men aside and suffered them to pass. The gate was unbarred at their summons, and as the porter somewhat slowly performed his office, the following remarks from the sergeant reached the ears of the cavalier and his companions-
"Ventrebleu! Chopin-we have a strange night of it. We are set here to prevent Ruggieri's eseape, and it seems as if he had called all the fiends in 'Tartarus to his aid. First comes that mask and secks admittance: we refuse him. Anon he comes again with a crowd of imps blacker than hiuself, demanding the deliverance of a player girl. Then, for a third time he appears, with the king's signet, which we dare not disobey, and gains admission with his comrades. Well! no soonci do we think we are rid of him, than, by Protens! here he is again, with a couple of fumiliars in the shape of scholars, and a dog the like of which I never saw before. Diable m'emporte! if I can understand it. One thing is clear, he has got the queen's license, and so we must not say him nay, but he must have the devil's watel-word if he would return again, for, by holy Peter! he comes not forth without a bullet to try the proof of his pourpoint."
"Heard you not that ?" whispered the cavalicr, " our foe is beforehand with us. Not a moment is to be lost."

The porter started, as he beheld the mask, and involuntarily placed his hand before his eyes to ascertain whether or not his vision deceived him. He bowed, however, to the ground as he
recognised the ensign of the queen-mother, and the next moment the party found themselves within the court-yard of the palace.

Before them stretched a smooth parterre, in the midst of which, bathed in the moonlight, glimmered a lovely statue of the Queen of Love, the workmanship of the famous sculptor Jean Goujon, the restorer of the art in his own country, and surnamed the lhidias of France, who perished by the hands of Charles IX., at the massacre of Saint Barthelemy. But it was not to gaze on this miracle of art that the cavalier now paused. Neither was it to admire the gorgeous and illuminated windows of Catherine's embowered chapel-the then wonder of Paris-to listen to the choral hymm resounding from its shrines, and breaking the midnight stillness around them-nor to note the majestic towers of Saint Eustache, which eommanded the spot whereon they stood. Pointing out a tall column which might be discerned spiring from out a grove that skirted an extensive esplanade, and indicating the path that led to it through the gardens of the palace, the cavalier was about to quit his companions, when Ogilvy's quick eye detected figures gliding at some distance from them amongst the trees. "They are yonder, by Saint Andrew !" exclaimed the Scot, " there is yet time."

Scarcely had the words eseaped lim ere the cavalier disappeared ; and the two scholars instantly commenced a pursuit of the digures they had descricd. Druid regarded his master wistfully for a moment, but receiving a fresh command from him to that effect, put himself upon the track of the cavalier.

The doors of the hôtel were opened to the eavalicr's summons. Not a word was exchanged between him and the ushers, from one of whom he received a torch. Alone he passed through a magnificent hall, the ceiling of which was decorated with exquisite frescoes-ascended a vast stairease of carved oak, and entered a long and glorious gallery crowded with trophies and panoplies collected by the chivalrous Henri II., and streaming with painted glass, " blushing with blood of queens and kings." This gallery he swiftly traversed, and finally reached a recess, within which, as Catherine had informed him, were placed three bronze statues. Touching the spear of the central figure, it yielded to his pressure, disclosing a dark and tortuous passage, into which the cavalier unhesitatingly plunged

## CHAPTER XI.

## THE LABORATORY.

Foresight. But I have travelled in the celestial spheres, know the signs, and planats, and their names-can judge of motions direct and retrograde; of sextiles, quadrates, trines, and oppositions, fiery trigons, and aquatical trigons.

Congreve, Love for Love.
Leating the cavalier to pursue his subterranean path alone, we shall endeavour, in the meantime, to give the reader some idea of the singular scene that awaited liis arrival in the laboratory of the astrolozer.

Let him picture to himself a high vaulted chamber, cylindrical in shape, massive in construction, dungeon-like in aspect. Let him darken its gray granite walls with smoke-erect within it four pilasters, and decorate the hluted shafts of each with crowns, lleurs-de-lis, broken mirrors, horns of abundance, and with the letters $\mathfrak{C}$. and 75). interiaced and surrounded with love-knots, deviees emblenatic of the widowhood and queenly state of the buider of the turret. Let him next place within each subdivision of the wall, ereated by these pillars, talismanic effigies of superstitious import, and lest his fancy should not be widd or extravagant enough to supply senlpture sufficiently grotesque, we will endeavour to give some direction to it. In the first compartment, then, let lim imagine "a kingly and crowned shape" seated astride upon an eagle; grasping in one hand a thunderbolt, and in the other a sceptre; while a female tigure, beaked like the lbis, holds to his gaze an enchanted mirror. Let lim surround this group with hieroglyphics and cabalistic characters, and engrave bencath it the word ilaaid: the intelligence of Satan. In the next compartment let him place another female shape of rare beanty, wit' dishevelled hair, grasping in the right hand a serpent, and in the left a singularly formed knife-let him encircle this medallion with Hebrew and Chaldaie sentences, and inseribe at the head Eirormel -the spirit of Venus; and at the feet Asmoorl-one of the twelve angelic governors of the celestial signs. We may add, also, that these talismans, esteemed of sovercign virtue, and of power to aid in the acquisition of mystical lore, were compesed of divers metais, molten when the constellations presiding cver the nativity of the queen, by whose command they were fabricated, held sway; and were soldered together with human gore, and the blood of goats. The third eompartment is occupied by a group yet more fantastical. Here may be seen an altar of ivory, acrainst which is placed a crimson cushion sustaining a huge crucifix of silver, inclusing a leseer cross of ebony. On either side stands a satyr, wrought in bionze, supporting his rugged person with a
club, and bearing upon his shoulder a vase of pure and shining crystal, containing certain mknown drugs, destined, it would appear, for some impions oblation to the Evil One at the celebration of the Sorcerers' Sabbath.

Within the fourth and last compartment some mystery is evidently shrouded bencatl? the close-drawn folds of a thick and gloomy curtain.
lurgieri's laboratory would have been incomplete had it wantel what, in the jargon of hermetic philosophy, would be termed the leeper of secrets, the producer of immortal fire, the athanor, or firmace. Behold it!-in shape round, as directed by the formula of the seience, capped and winged on either side with a thin tube, with door and window, brazen plate, mattrass, and cucurbite complete. Upon the furnace door, this profane application of the sacred text has been made--" Qucerite, quarite et invenietis, pulsate et aperietur vobis." Around the square pane of the little window is traced the following enigmatical inscription, the solution of which must be left to the reader's ingenuity : -

> Nunc dimittis Super fundanenta Fundamenta Super verba mea Verba mea Super diligam te Diligaminte Super antudite.

Upon the furnace is placed a gourd-shaped, bolt-headed glass vessel, hermetically sealed, and filled with a red fluid, the label of which purports to be lac virginis. Next to this stands another cucurbite plunged in balneo, containing a specific prepared according to the recipes of Flamel, Artcphins, Pontanus, and Zacharius, for the cure of all astral discases. Affixed to the copper vesscl, denominated Saint Mary's Bath, in which this bolt-head is deposited, is the following inscription:

> Maria mira sonat
> Quee nolis tallia donat Gummis c:mbunis Pugitivum ingit inimis Horis in trinis. Tria vinclat fortia finis Filial Plutonis
> Consorta jungit amoris.

On the floor near to the furnace is strewn all the heterogeneous lumber proper to the retreat of an adept : to wit, earths, metals, " vitriol, sal-tartar, argaile, alkali," gums, oils, retorts, alembics, "crosslets, crucibles, and cucurbites." Nor must we omit a slab of black marble, on which are deposited certain drugs and small phials, together with a vizard of glass, a circumstance sufficiently attesting the subtle and deadly nature of the tinctures sometimes extracted by the inmate of the chamber.

Having thus put the reader in possession of the features of the room, we shall now place before him its occupants.

At a table, quaint and grotesque in its character as the rest of the furniture, lighted by the dull red flame of a silver lamp, fumished with an hour-glass and a scull, with a mystical scroll stretched out before him, and apparently buried in deep calenlations in a high-backed oaken chair, wrought with the same bizarre devices as the table, sat an old man in a black velvet garb with flowing sleeves-whose livid comtenance and bald furrowed brow, clothed with a velvet scull-cap, proclamed him to be the presiding influence of this weird abode. Beside Ruggieri sat another stately figure, in whose hanghty, imperious demeanour and prond brow the reader, we apprehend, will have no difficulty in recomnising the queen-mother.

Underneath the table, and almost appearing with his broad, hunched shoulders to lend it support, glared the dwarf, Elberich; his red luminons cyes sparkling like phosphoric coruscations in the gloom. Nothing of the mannikin's swart and shapeless figure could be discemed in the obsemrity, beyond the outline, which resembled that of a grisly bear. But his hand would seem to grasp the wheel of some lidden machinery, serving to raise a trap-door, carefully contrived within the floor of the turret. At the dwarf's feet was rolled, what appeared to be a round furry ball, but which, in reality, was a small black cat, of the civet species: an animal held in great request by the ancient necromancers for the confection and perfection of rarions charms, a certain pebble lodged beneath its tongue, being supposed to confer the gift of vaticination.

At the moment when we raise the curtain of this picture for the reader's inspection, the group we have pertrayed was silent and motionless. Ruggieri pursued his calculations with earnest zeal; and the progress of his studies was watched "ith intense interest by the queen-mother. The dwart remained immoveable as an cbon image. Nothing but the flashing of his eye-balls betokened animation.

Suddenly a slarp musical ring was heard vibrating in the air, like the sound produced by a glass vessel accidentally stricken. The quen-mother raised her eyes, and fixed them upon a curionsly constructed astrological instrument, placed on a stand in her immediate vicinity. Framed according to the instructions delivered by the star-wise scers of antiquity, this machine represented seven figures symbolical of the planets (whom Mercurius Trismegistus calls the seven Governors of the World)-wrought with infinite labour and cost when each orb was in ascendance, of the most precious stones, carths, and metals, supposed to be under its especial influence. The figure upon which Catherine's gaze now turned was that of an amed man of ruddy brass, mounted upon a lion of the same metal, grasping in his right hand a naked sword, and in his left at trumkless head, carved in a blood-stonc. Upon the helm of this martial image flamed a beryl; and in
its slow ascent, the weapon within its grasp coming in contact with a bell-shaped glass above it, had given the alarum.
"The mask comes not," exclaimed Catherine, regarding the image with some dismay. "Bright Jore hath no more dominion, we are now under the rule of fiery Mavors-a planet of malignant aspect towards us."
"True, my daughter," returned the astiologer. "And see the red orb ascends within the second face of Aries. Would he liad arrived ere this conjunction had occurred! Our scheme will scarcely prosper."
"Say not so, father," replied Catherine, confidently: "If Crichtor. perish we shall have achieved much towards its accomplishment. And when did thy tinctures, or Maurevert's poignard fail us?
"I If the blow be dealt, or the potion swallowed, never, my daughter, but-"
"But what, father? Why these misgivings?"
"The heavenly configurations presage danger to the Scot, not death," answered the astrologer, gravely. "For, though in his horoscope the giver of life meets with the interficient at this hour ; though the lord of the fourth house is in conjunction with the lord of the ascendant in Aries, within the orbs of a square of Saturn; and Capricorn descends upon the cusp of the eighth; yet there are other strong and comntervailing signs. He may escape us, daughter."
" Ha! !" exelaimed Catherine.
" Nethinks I see his star still shining in the heavens," continued Rurgieri ; "majestic and serene it traverses the skies. A halo of glory surrounds it. Malignant and cross aspects dart their baneful rays athwart its track. In vain they scowl. It pursues its course in splendour undisturbed."
"Does thine art tell thee this?" demanded Catherine, impatiently.
"My silent and unerring counsellors thus admonish me, my danghter," replied the astrologer, "I an but their interpreter."
"Say on, then," continued Catherine, coldly.
"The star has become a metcor," returned Ruggicri. "Its lustre is blinding."
"What more?"
"I gaze again. The heavens are void and dark: the meteor that dazzled ine las sumk-the star of Crichton has set for ever."
"And when will this occur !"
" Ere half a lustre shall have elapsed, my daughter."
"So long! and how will his doom be accomplished ?"
"The sign is fiery, and Saturn the aflicting planet," returned he astrologer. "Within his leaden sphere Hylech is cadent. The native will perish by the edge of the sword."
"And if the unerring counsellors tell thee thus much concerning this Scot, what import do they bring tuuching thine own fate?"
"Shall I erect a scheme, my daughter?"
"It were needless," returned the queen-mother, sternly, "I will read it for thee. Thy destiny is linked with that of Crichton. Or he or thou wilt perish. It he survive the night the stake will be thy portion on the morrow ; I will not stretch forth my hand, as heretofore, to redeem thee from the wheel."
"Ny gracious mistress!-"
"If the heavenly influences fail thee, wrest aid from darker powers. Summon to thy assistance by potent spells, such as thou boastest to have won from thy magical lore, a demon, like that which served the wise Cardan ; and bid him smite thine enemy. For, by my sonl, if Crichton live to annihilate my projects, thy ashes shall be strewn by the winds over the Place de Greve, ere night once again draw her veil over the city !"
"The gnome who served the wise physician you have named, replied Ruggieri, firmly, "had not power over life. Jerome Cardan could foresee, but not avert ; and yet he was well versed in the language of the stars. When he foretold that your angust spouse, Henri II., was menaced with a fearful and sudden death, he could not unfold the means of its avoidance ; neither could his art turn aside the fatal lance of Montgomery. The end of the illustrions monarch was deereed on high. And when my long communing with the celestial intelligences informs me that your own great calleer will close within the limits of Saint-Germain, I can do no more than point to the term of destiny. It is not enough, that your majesty has abandoned the Tournelles and Tuileries; nor that you abstain from setting foot within the district bearing that name ; your destiny will infallibly be accomplished, despite you precautions. I have promised you length of days, power, and dominion ; and my prognostications will be fulfilled. But the means of their fulfilment rests with myself. I have shown you how your dominion may be maintained, your power extended, and by what means length of days may be ensured. If I perish, your honours, your rule, your sway over the king, your power will depart from you, and monlder like a worm-eaten truncheon into dust. Deliver me to my enemics, and cre a week have elapsed, I predict that Louise de Vaudemont will have absolute sway over her husband's affections. Joyeuse will be in power, the League destroyed, Guise and his partisans, who indirectly aid your schemes, crushed; Henri of Navarre and the Huguenots will regain their strength in Paris, and your majesty will be without a party, and perchance in exile with your son the Due D'Alençon. These results, which I foresec, my skill enables me to avert ; and when my dust whitens the pavement of the Place de Grève, and your foes exult in your downfall, you will then call to mind my warning."

Catherine uttered a single exclamation of displeasure, but she offered no interruption to the astrologer.
"To summon a spirit of darkness were matter of little difficulty," continued Rugrgieri, who had entirely regained his confidence, "to him who possesses the treasured hieroglyphics of Nicholas Flamel -who ean draw the names of the evil angels from Holy Writ, as did the learned Hebrew Mecubals-who can search the ancient Chaldean sages for a genins in the rays of Sol or Lama-who unclerstands the characters and seals of spinits, the lingly writing of the Malachim, that which is termed by the soothsayers of the cast 'the passing of the river,' and the Notariacon of the Cabalists. But a spirit invoked without due preparation, like the extraction by yon athanor of the argent-vif, in which strange colours, called out of season, endanger the magisterinm, may, in lien of assistance, bring destruction. Nevertheless, if your majesty desires it, I will prepare to aise a phantasm, proceeding according to the directions of Apollonius, Triphonins, Allertus, and Ramundus Lullius, and shall make use of the signs given by the wise Porphyrius in his oceult treatise ' De Responsis.'"
"I do not desire snch evidence of thy skill," returned Catherine, coldly. "Choose some more convenient season for thy consultations with the powers of darkness. I would not have my own scul placed in jeopardy by such unhallowed intercourse. Ihit if thou hast, in truth, a fimmiliar spirit who serves thee, he should have guarded thee against thine enemy. Crichton should never have found entrance here."
"Crichton obtained admittance by stratagem, gracions madam -I was at the moment engaged in tending the wounds of the Gelosa, and Elberich for the first time neglected his trust. The Scot had seized the image and the seroll ere I conid prevent him, or destroy them."
"And by his accquantance with the character of that scroll, he is master of all ourintrignes with the Guise and the Bourbon-of our commmication with his holiness, and above all, of the hidden purport of our mission to Mantua-"
"Hc is, madam?"
"And he is aware of this mask's connection with our plot-of the part which he was destined to play in aiding our son, the Due D'Alençon, to the throne of his brother Henry-all this thea hadst set down in thy accursed document."
"It were vain to attempt to disguise my inadrertence from your majesty-I had done so."
"And loy consequence, he is acquainted with the name and rank of this mask."
" Unquestionably, marlam."
"And does my name-mark me, Ruggieri-answer, and equivocate not,-docs my name, I say, appear in connection with that of the Duc D'Alençon in the plot for Henri's dethronement ?"
"No, madam," returned Ruggieri, boldly.
"Art thou sure of this?"
" As cí my existence."
"Cosmo Ruggieri, thou hast sealed thine own fate."
"How, madam?"
"The king requires a victim. I must make a virtue of neces יity. Justice must take its course upon the morrow."
"And your majesty will surrender me to the tribunal ?"
" If Henry demand it, I camnot offer resistance."
"Have you reflected on the consequences of such a step, madam ?" returned Raugieri, with sullen audacity.
"The consequences-ha! !"
"The question may enforce strange truths from me."
"Who will credit an accusation firm thee-and against me-if written proof exist not?"

The furrows upon Ruggieri's sallow brow were wrinkled into a bitter smile.
" But if written proof should exist, madam-if I can produce your own despatches-subscribed with your own hand, sealed with your own signct?"
"I Ia!"
"If I can exhibit your own confessions that you have poisoned two of your sons, and are now conspiring to dethrone a thirdwhat appearance will the charge assume then, madam ?"
"Hast thon not destroyed my letters ?" demanded Catherine, trembling with wrath-" but no-no-'tis false-thou triflest with me."
"Behold them !" cried Ruggieri, drawing a packet from his bosom.
"Traitor!" exclaimed Catherine, "theu hast preserved those papers to betray me."
"No, madam," replied Ruggieri-" but to protect myself. I have served your majesty faithfully. I have betrayed no trust confided in me; and the rack shall tear me limb from limb cre it shall wrest word from me to your dishonour. Deliver me to Henri's tribumal. Surrender me to the Chambre Ardente-and do so fearlessly. Here are your papers."
"I was indeed mistaken in thee, Ruggieri," rejoined the queenmother, moved.-"While aught of power remains to me, not a hair of thy head shall be injured."
"I have ever found yon a noble and generous mistress," cried the crafty astrologer, respectfully kissing the hand which Catherine extended to him.
"Commit this packet to the flames, my loyal servant," said Catherine, "it may fall into other and less loyal hands than thine."
"Before I do so, will it please your majesty to examine its contents?" returned Ruggicri. "There are certain papers which you may not choose to have destroyed."
"I know of nothing I should care to preserve," said Catherine,
musing, "Speak if there be aught I call not to mind, good father."
"Amongst other matters, that packet contains the proofs of Esclairmonde's birth, which may be needful, should your majesty ever reinstate the fortunes of her house-or use her as a hostage against the Huguenot party-"
"Truc-true," replied Catherine, "give them to me-these proofs are needed now. I must lay them before Hemri. I must reveal to him the secret of her birth. I observed to-night, that he looked with eyes of devotion upon the demoiselle. Thy enchantments have wrought upon him in a quarter least expected. I must caution him against further advances."
"Ahreman grant your caution come not too late, madam," said Ruggieri; "his majesty is greatly enamoured ; and he hath a rival, moreover, to give a spur to his passion."
"Indeed!" exelaimed the queen-mother, "who has dared to approach my protegée in the character of a lover ?"
" He who dares every thing."
"Thou canst not allude to Crichton?"
" I have his majesty's assurance that the accursed Scot is her favoured suitor," returned Ruggieri.
"Insolent!" exclaimed Catherine; "and yet I might have guessed as much from Marguerite's vindictive ravings, with which I thought Esclairmonde's name was strangely couplect."
"His majesty has, no doubt, carried his design into execution, and roused the suspicions of the Queen of Navarre," returned the astrologer ; "he threatened as much in my hearing."
"Doubtless he hath done so," answered Catherine; "and if jealousy befriend us with Marguerite, little more is to be feared from Crichton. On that score we need entertain no further apprehension. Thy phial was entrusted to her-"
"To Margucrite?" excaimed Ruggieri, uneasily.
"Upon a solemn phedge, which she dares not disobey. Be tranquil-Crichton will trouble us no more."
"A "omans will may waver," muttered Ruggieri, " of all your sex, your majesty is the only one I have met with possessing inflexibility of purpose."

At this instant a somd was heard within the wall of the apartment, as it a key were tumed within the wards of a lock.
"He comes!" eqaculated Catherine, joyfully-" all is well."
And the next moment a door, so carcfilly concealed within the masomy of the turret as to be wholly undistinguishable, was thrown open, and the masked cavalier stood before them. Druid followed at his heels


## i57

## CHAPTER XII.

## THE INCANTATION.

Foulez-vous en être convaincu tout ì theure (reprit le Comte) sans tant de façons! Jem'en vas fitire venir les Sylphes de Cardan. vous entendrez de leur propre bouche ce quills sont, et ce que je vous en ay appris.

Le Comte de Gabalis. Quatiome Entretion.
A counteous grecting passed between the cavalier and the queen-mother; but unequivocal symptoms of dissatisfaction were exhibited by the dward and his feline companion at Druid's intrusion into their domain. lbristling, spitting, and crecting her back, the cat, like an enraged virago, seemed prepared to attack the stranger with tooth and talon, while the dwarf, no less offended, searched about for some more formidable weapon of offence. Druid, however, taking up his position at the feet of his new master, treated these hostile demonstrations with disdain, keeping his glowing cyes fixed upon the movements of the astrologer, in whom he appeared to recognise an enemy.

Catherine's first inquiries from the cavalier were, whether he had been present at the royal supper ; and receiving a reply in the affirmative, she continued her interrogations; "and your adversary was there likewise," she asked, " was he not ?"
" He was, madim," answered the mask.
"Did he occupy the seat wont to be reserved for him by our〔aughter Margucrite?" demanded Catherine, cagerly.
"The Chevalier Crichton was placed next to the Queen of Navarre," returned the mask.
"And she - she pledged him - did you ubserve so much, signor ?"
"I saw the winc poured out. I heard your daughter's whispered pledge. Crichton raised the cup to his lips - ""
"Now the Virgin be praised !" exclaimed Catherine, triumphantly; "that draught has rendered him immortal. Ruggieri, the stars have deceived thee. Thine horoscope was false. Thy potion hath been swallowed. Our enemy is removed. You are right welcome, signor. You bring us glad tidings. I promised you you should learn more of Crichton's fate when you came hither. That cup-"
"Was poisoned," rejoined the mask; "I know it, madam."
"Ha !-was its efiect so sudden ?-Is he then dead ?"
"He lives."
"Lives!"
"A jewel within his ring gave him timely warning of his danger. The deadly potion did not pass his lips."
"Confusion!" exclaimed Catherine. "But though the poison
has faited, twenty porgnards invest the Lowre-he cannot avoid them all."
"Crichton las quitted the Lourre, and is yet in safety," returned the mask; " he has hafled the vigilance of your spies."
"My horoscope deceived me not, you dind, good daughter," said huggieri, who, despite the ill success oí their schemes, could not repress his exultation at this testimony to his astiological still. -" My apprehensions were not groundless."
" l'eace !" cried the queen-mother, " when I requested your attendance here, signor, it was to confer on matters of more moment than this Scot's escape, and I crave your pardon if I dwell too much upon it. I am not aecustomed to defeat. Mother of Heaven! it would not now surprise me if this minion of fortune, deeming himself invincible, and puffed up by his success, shonld adventure hither and attempt the rescue of the Gelosa-as he vaunted he would do, in the presence of my son's assembled court. Heaven grant he may carry his boast into exceution. But no, even his andacity hath its limits."
"Your desires may be gratified, madam. Crichton, I doukt not, will fulfil his word. Are you sure he is not here already?"
" Signor !"
"Nay. madam, the question is not iurclevant. He is aware of your appointment with mysell-he quitted the Louvre in a disguise in all respects like my own-he has escaped your guard-he has vowed to at:empt the Gelosa's rescue-why should not I look for him here?"
". You forget, signor, that you alone possess our glove. Your enemy may have the sume masquerade attire in all respects; but, without that passport, he could not gain entrance to our palace."
"My eneny possesses the king's signet, madam," returaed the mask, "which even your guard must respect."
"Ha! doth he so?" exclaimed Catherine, "this is news indeed. Rugricri, who waits without?"
"Some half-dozen trusty llades, with a Spamiard, and a son of Anak, whom I have taken this night into your majesty's service. Knaves who fear not to use the stiletto; and who have, morcover, a wrong to avenge upon this Scot, being somewhile students of the University."
"Enough-summon them to my presence."
Turgieri stamped upon the floor.
"Madam," said the mask, sternly; "I am accustomed to meet my adversarics in the field-sword to sword. I eannot sit by and sce murder done."
" Murder!" laughed Catherine, derisively ; "that phirase suits not with the justice of a queen. What ho! Ruggicri, come they not?"

The words had scarcely escaped her lips, when several dark figures ascended from the trap-door, the bolts of which were with-
drawn by the dwarf, and arranged themselves in silence before the queen. Amongst them were the Spanish student Caravaja, and the giant Loupgarou. 'These desperadoes appeared to be now in their native element ; and their fieree and reckless comtenances well assorted with the nature of the occupation for which they were now apparently destined.
"Gct behind yon carvings," said Catherine, motioning to the darkling group; "yet stay-let him who has the surest dagger remain ischind."
" Por la vida del Rey! I claim that honour from your majesty," said Caravaja ; "my dagger hath never failed me."
"Let thy blow be dealt with more certainty, bragrart, than was his, who this morn aimed at the same breast-that of the Chevalier Crichton."
"Por Yalma de mi madre !" cjaculated the Spaniard ; " is it. Crichton whom your majesty-?"
" Hal dost parley with us, knave? 'Take thy place above the trap-loor-strike as he ascends."

Caravaja drew his dagger, and took the position indicated by the queen.
"He will not eseape us now, methinks," exelaimed Catherine, triumphantly.
"Is it possible, madam, you can witness this slanghterous deed unmoved?"
"You shall behold my calmness. Yon know me not, signor."
"I hear a footstep," exelaimed Ruggieri ; " he comes."
"Art ready?" asked the queen of the Spaniard.
" My dagger thirsts for his blood," returned Caravaja; "I see the waving of a domino within the vaulted passage below ; it is a masked figure, your majesty-not Crichton."
"Be silent, fool, 'tis he."
"Madam," exclaimed the mask, firmly, "this must not be. No assassin's blow shall be struck while I stand by."
"Would you assist your enemy ?" said Catherine, scornfully: " an Italian, and forgive!"
"I do not ask Crichton's lile of your majesty; I see well you are relentless. I entreat you only to delay the stroke till you have confronted him with me. Seize him, and stay his speceh. But strike him not till I withdraw my mask."

A terible smile played upon Catherine's features.
"Though you begged this boon upon your bended knec," said she ; "though my own soul were set upon the issue, I would not delay my vengeance one second. Are you answered, signor ?"
"I am," replied the mask sternly, and laying his hand upon his sword.

A profound silence ensued. Not a breath was drawn. There was something so appalling in this momently-anticipated assassination, that the hearts of the spectators grew chill with horror, and
even Ruggieri's livid check took a more ghastly hue. Catherine alone was superior to this weakness of humanity. Her countenance was lighted with a glanee of trimmph-and she listened intently for the approaching footsteps. The sounds drew nearer, and the points of a sable feather could now be discovered, emerging from the trap-door.

Catlocrine motioned to Caravaja : the latter raised his dagrer and drew back to give more certainty to the stroke. The new comer slowly ascended, uttering an exclamation as his cye rested upon the queen and her companions. At this moment the Spaniard's weapon gleamed in the lamp-light ; but he struck not-his arm was disabled and pinioned by the tecth of Druid, and his poignard rolled upon. the floor. The new comer, whose attire and mask in all respects resembled that of the sable cavalier, started and looked round irresolitely.
"Hence !" exclaimed the cavalier, "your plans are foiled-your stratagem is discovered-your life endangered-hence!"
"My followers are within hearing," returned the mask, raising a call to his lips.

But ere sound could be emitted, the trap-door closed with a hollow clangour bencath his fect: the machinery having been suddenly turned, and the bolts shot into their sockets by the dwarf.

Catherine arose and fixed her prereing eyes upon the cavalier.
"A moment ago I toll you, signor, that you knew me not. Take heed you purchase not that knowledge too dearly. I forgive this indiseretion on the score of your youtlh-but beware how you incur my displeasure a second time. The proverb would tell you that the offender writes in sand-the offended in marble. My wrong is engraven in adamant. This man hath defied me, and by my father's head, he shall die the death."
"What am I to understand from this, madam ?" inquired the mask, in a voice so exactly resembling that of the eavalier, that the nicest ear conld not detect a shade of difference in the intonation, and even Catherine started at the sound.
"Now, by our lady of good succour," cried the queen, addressing the cavalier, "were I not assured of your identity, signor, I should almost doubt the evidence of my senses-the delusion is wonderful."
"No delusion is practised on my part," returned the mask, haughtily. "Your majesty is the dupe of other artifice."
"You bear yourself boldly, messire," returned Catherine, "but your confidence will not long avail you. 'Tear off his mask!"

At this command of the queen the men-at-arms, headed by Loupgarou, sprang from their concealment.
"Ha!-Saint Anthony to the rescue!-off!" cried the mask, fiercely, putting himself in a posture of defence. "He dies, who dirst advances."
"Soh!--you refuse to remove your vizard," said the queen ; " you are self-convicted, messire."
"To you, madam, I should not hesitate to reveal my features," replied the mask, " but before these rude assailants-never. You forget to whom you ofler this indignity."
"By my soul, no-I forget it not," returned Catherine, scornfully; "I offer it to one who hath openly defied my power-who threatened to snatch a captive maiden from my grasp, and who volunteered his own head as the price of his failure. He has failed, and think not I will omit the penalty."
"'Those were Crichton's words, madam."
"And Crichton's are the features I would unmask."
"Then let your attendants tear off his vizard who stands beside you."
"Insolent!" exclaimed the queen, "I trifle-upon him, varlets -strike first-I shall have leisure to peruse his lineaments afterwards."
"Hold, miscreants," cricd the cavalier, drawing his sword, and, placing himself between the mask and the assailants-" hold, or-"
"Your blood be upon your own head," ejaculated Catherine, impatiently. "I have already warned you."
"On one condition, madam, I will sheathe my sword," said the cavalier.
" If that condition be the life of Crichton, you will in vain propose it,' returned Catherine.
"I do not ask Crichton's life," rejoined the cavalier--" I ask you only to defer your vengeance. Grant me a few minutes conference with your majesty, and let the removal of my mask be the signal to your executioners to assail their victim."
"Be it so," replied Catherine.
And, at a gesture from the queen, ere he could offer any effectual resistance, the maste was disarmed and secured by Loupgarou and his crew, and his arms bound together by the leathern girdle of one of the men-at-arms. Caravaja by this time, not without the loss of much of his raiment, and somewhat of his skin, had liberated himself from Druid's teeth, and muttering deep execrations, retired crest-fallen amongst his comrades.
"Por la oreja sagrada de Malchos!", growled he to Loupgarou"that hound must certainly be a wizard. I may say, with old Cornelius Agrippa, 'ali, perdita bestia, qua me totum perdidisti.'"
"Hear me, madam !"' exclaimed the mask, furiously, as soon as his choler allowed him utterance. "I repeat, you are the dupe of artifice. Let both vizards be removed, and you will then judge between us."
"I shall excrcise my own pleasure upon that head, messire," returned Catherine--" away with him, varlets, to the guard-room. See that the doors are barred against his followers; and if rescue be attempted, tarry not for further orders."
" We understand your majesty," replicd Loupgarou, in a hoarse tone, inclining his enormous person towards the queen in such manner as a tall cedar might be bent by the desert blast towards some tree of meaner growth-the giant, we may remark, had been neontinently chosen (such is the reverence in which brute foree and stature are held by the vulgar) to the command of this bravo troop. "Have you any further commands, madam?" asked tie 'Titan, with a second obeisance.

The cavalier again interposed.
" Your majesty will, I trust," he said, " issue your commands,that your captive be treated with the courtesy and respect to which his condition entitles him. I have your promise that he shall receive no injury till I withdraw my mask. liut I will rather remove it now, and bring lis fate to an instant issue, than expose a gentleman to the debasing taunts of a felon band like this; whose insults, were I in his place, it would be more difficult to brook than their daggers' points."
"I see not wherefore we should respect his honour who regrarded not mine, signor," returned Catherine, sareastically-"but be it as you desire. Remove the captive," she continued, addressing Loupgarou. "Treat him with all consideration consistent with his safe custody. It were well if he bestowed the few minutes of grace left him, in preparation for the eternity he will so soon enter upon. Look to him well-the lives of all shall answer for lis life."
"Madam "' exclaimed the mask-" by my soul, you are deceived."
"A way !" cricd the queen. And withantaliowing him time for further speech, the mask was hurried down the trap-door, and the aron valve instantly closed over him.

The dwarf expressed his satisfaction at his disappearance by a multitude of elfin gambols. Catherine clapped her hands-her custom when greatly pleased-and turning to the cavalier, said, with a benignant smile,
"I will now come to the subject nearest your heart, signor, and speak of her whose deliverance this luckless Crichton was to have effected-the Gelosa. You may desire to behold her."
"I came hither for that purnose, madam," replied the cavalier.
The queen motioned to Ragrieri. Followed by the dwarf, the astrologer withdrew to that side of the chamber across which the curtains were drawn, and busied himself in describing certain lines with his Jacob's staff upon the floor, while his companion proceeded to set fire to various spicy woods in a brasier, in which from time to time, he cast other odoriferous ingredients, presently filling the chamber with a cloud of vapour.
"Hath a magical ceremonial to be performed previous to her appearance ?" asked the cavalier, in a tone of impatience.
"Said I not there was sorecry in the case," returned Ruggieri-
"The girl is under the dominion of invisible but powerful essences, over whom these spells have control. lou shall not only behold her in person, but learn by what charms she has so long held your soul in subjugation."
"It needs no conjuration to diseover the nature of those allurements," returned the eavalier impatiently. "She whose eyes shame the star Aldeboran in lustre, and whose form rivals that of the sylph Agla in lightness, need not resort to enchantment to hold her lover's heart in thraldom. I can divine whence her fuscination arises without thine aid, good father."
"Can you likewise divine whence arises her repugnance towards your suit, noble signor? Can you tell by what power she is enabled to resist your passionate suit?"
"By that power, over which no art or enticement, human or superhuman, can prevail-that of virtue," returned the cavalier.
" Pish !" exclaimed Ruggieri, scornfully shrugging his shoulders -" the honour of man and the faith of woman, like trinkets used to decorate apparel, are excellent embellishments to discourse, but of little real utility to the possessor. I understand not the advantage of such omamental qualities, and have no strong belief in their existence. Virtue, however, has little to do with this girl's repugnance to you, signor. She prefers another ; and has been, moreover, in possession of a charm, which, as I told you, I removed this morning from her neck. Take this key, signor, I have plunged it into a collyrium of such efficacy, that it camot fail to draw her love towards him who wears it. Her heart will no longer dwell upon Crichton, but upon you."

The cavalier took the key and examined its curious workmanship attentively. Ruggieri withdrew to continue his mysterious rites.
"While the astrologer is occupied with his sulfumigation;" said Catherine, assuming a confidential tone; "you shall learn the secret I have to disclose to you-a secret which, as I have already obscrved, nearly concerns yourself."
" A secret which concerns me, madam?" said the cavalier, whose eye was still fixed upon the golden key he held; "does it relate in any way to the Gelosa?".
"By our Lady !" exclaimed Catherine, scornfully, "Ruggieri was not far from the truth, when he said you were bewitehed by this girl. Your thourhts run on nought else. But do you imagine, fair sir, I am equally the subject of her fascinations, that I should trouble myself with the affairs of a minstrel?"
"Your pardon, madam. But I thought you had made some discovery teuching the condition of this girl. There is an inscriptron graven upon this key, from which I gather somewhat of her history."
"Indced!" said Catherine, "what imporis it?"
"'That she is the daughter of a dame of Mantua, of rank; her name Ginevra."
"How learn you this, noble signor ?" asked the astrologer, anxiously returning towards him.
"From the handle of this key, upon which these characters, revealed by the powerful acid thou hast applied, have becomo apparent-، Ginevra, laughter of Ginevra Malatesta-Mantua.'"
"'Taphthartharath!" exclaimed the astrologer, shaking as if a vision had passed before him.
" What ails you, father?" inquired the queen.
" Nothing, madam-nothing, stammered Ruggicri, desirous, it would seem, to conceal the interest he took in the cavalier's discovery; " but there is more, is there not, noble signor? Give me that key-why did I part with it from mine own keeping?"
"Of what avail had it been to thee ?" said Catherine, scornfully; "thy boasted art could not enable thee to detect those hidden characters. But what mean those mystic letters and that figure? Can you unravel this further mystery, signor?"
"The figure is that of the planet Saturn, under whose dominion the metal of which this key is wrought, is placed by the disciples of occult philosophy. The letters are cabalistic characters, referring by numbers to those of the Hebrew alphabet; and forming, when placed together, a legend in that tongue, which may be thus interpreted:-

> Gold! who wert a father's bane, Gold! who wert a mother's stain, Gold! be thou a danghter's chain Of purity. Shield her breast from sword and fire, From intemperate desire; From a heaven-abandon'd sire, In charity!"
"A singular inscription!" exelaimed Catherine, " and by my faith, signor, you have shown no little ingenuity in its elucidation. I question whether my captive Crichton, who is said to be as well rersed in the mysteries of the Cabala as Pico di Mirandola, could have rendered it more felicitously. But love is quick-sighted."
"Suffer me to behold that inscription, noble signor," said Ruggiere, trembling with agitation. "I would fain examine those characters with mine own eyes."
"Not now-not now, good father," interrupted Catherine peremptorily; "this bauble has already oflered too much interruption to my conference. What matters it to thee who was the sire, or who the mother of this girl?"
"Every thing !" exclaimed the astrologer, eagerly, but correcting himself, he added-" that is, my charm would be more perfect if I possessed the talisman."
"'Tis plain thou didst not understand its use or virtue," returned the queen-" To thy task without more delay."

And Ruggicri, secing opposition was useless, slowly withdrew, casting a lingering, longing glance upon the amulet which he had so heedlessly abandoned to another, and which, (now that he had parted with it) appeared to assume infinitely more importance in his eyes than it had done while it continued in his own possession.
"Your majesty had a disclosure to make to me?" said the cavalier, as soon as the astrologer had retired-_" may I venture to recall your attention to the subject?"
"I have a secret to communicate not less singular than that you have just chanced upon," said the queen; "but before I unfold my mystery, I must inquire from you whether amongst the beauties who thronged the Louvre to-night, you noticed one who held the chief place among ourdames of honour, and who was for some time the favoured object of the king, our son's regard?"
"Your majesty cannot mean the Demoiselle Esclairmonde?" returned the cavalier, starting. "Is it possible your communications can have reference to her?"
" My diselosure has referenec to Esclairmonde, sirnor," rejoined the queen-"you have heard, perhaps, that there is a mystery attached to her birth."
"I have heard, madam, the court rumour, which runs that she is an orphan, the daughter of a Huguenot gentleman of distinction, but that her real name is carefully concealed even from her own knowledge by your commands."
"The tale whispered abroad by my orders has reached your ears, I find," replied Catherine, "nor is it altogether wide of the truth. She is the daughter of a Huguenot leader-but that leader was Louis I. de Bourbon, Prince de Condé."

For a moment the Cavalier appeared to be lost in astonishment. Uttering a single exclamation of surprise, he maintained a perfect silence, as if overwhelmed by the queen's intelligence. Catherine regarded him fixedly.
"My news," she said, " excites your admiration. You deemed not that in my unknown attendant, Esclairmonde, you beheld the daughter of a house illustrious as your own."
"I am indeed filled with wonder, madam," faltered the cavalier —" Eselairmonde a Princess of Condé !-can it be ?"
" Look at these papers which authenticate her birth," returned Catherine, placing the packet given her by Iuggieri, before the cavalier, "Read that despatch from Tavannes, the captor of the infant princess-read those instructions from the Cardinal of Lor-raine-that memorial of the guard who seized her-this credential of her attendant, and my own letters of authority written at the period. Let your own eye glance over these documents, and you will at once satisfy yourself of the truth of what I have asserted."

With a hand trembling with eagerness, the cavalier took the packet. His eye wandered rapidly over its contents.
"I am eatisfied, madam," replicd he, as his hasty scrutiny concluded. "And the secret of Esclairmonde's birth is of course, wholly unknown to the prince her brother?"
"Henri de Bourbon believes that his sister perished in her infancy," returned the queen. "I will briefly relate to you how she fell into my hands, and you will then perceive his grounds for that supposition. During Louis de Bourbon's flight from Noyers to Rochelle, an ambuscade, placed by my directions in the mountain passes near Sancerre for the purpose of intercepting the fugitives, surprised and attacked the litter in which the princess and her infant charge were conveyed. By miracle she and her son escaped: but a fair child-a babe-scarce weaned, was borne off' in triumph by the assailants. Condé, at the head of his ritters, vainly sought to recover his treasure. His efforts were so desperate, that a stratagem was resorted to, to baffle his fury. A child snatched from one of his household, was hurled beneath his horse's feet, and deceived by the outcry of his opponents-thinking that he had unwittingly contributed to the destruction of his own offspring-the prince in despair directed his attention to the preservation of his distracted consort, with whom, and with his son, he succecded in effecting a secure retreat. From that day to the hour when his Blood dyed the battle-field of Jarnac, Condé continued in ignorance ff his child's existence. She was to him as she had been no more."

A deep sigh burst from the cavalier's breast as Catherine paused for a moment to ascertain the impression she had produced. Apparently satisfied, she proceeded with her marrative.
"A month after the event I have described," continued the queen, " a fair-haired infant was brought to me at the Louvre, by a faithful emissary of 'Tavannes. 'The fawn is netted,' wrote the maréchal in the letter now lying before yon, 'the deer hath escaped our toils.' By the advice of the Cardinal of Lorraine, the wisest and most prescient of counsellors, the princess was reared in entire seclusion and in ignorance of her rank-and by the cardinal's advice also, the motives of which you will find there developed, she was secretly suffered to imbibe the Calvinistic principles of her family. Of late, in order the more effectually to mask my designs, I have given it ont that I intend her for the cloister, and I have noted with satisfaction the effect which this announcement of my will has produced upen her. The period which the sage cardinal foresaw is arrived. Anjou's plot is ripe. The Huguenots must be gained. With Esclairmonde I have the means of wimning over their leader. With her I have an earnest of Condés fidelity, should he league his arms with ours-with her I can paralyse his efforts should he declare against us."
"A refined and subtle scheme, madam," replied the cavalier, who had with difficulty repressed his indignation during the latter part of the queen's recital, and whose vizard alone prevented the
wrathful expression of his countenance from being perceived, "and worthy of a discipline of Niccolo Macchiavelli, such as the Cardinal of Lorraine was known to be. But may I venture to ask, madam, whether you now propose to restore the princess to her brother? And, futhermore, what may be your majesty's motive in making me the depositary of so importint a state secret as the mystery of her birth ?"
"Your questions are somewhat abrupt, signor," replied Catherine, with a slight expression of displeasure; "nevertheless, I will answer them as freely as they are put. Your alliance with Anjou - your devotion towards myself-entitle you to my confidence. Why I have entrusted yon with a secret so dear to me as that of Esclairmonde's birth will presently appear. Meantime I will answer your first inquiry at once, by saying that I do not propose to restore the princess to her brother, till the full object of her detention shall be accomplished. I have other and more extended views respecting her. In a word, I have yet to dispose of her hand in marriage."

The cavalier started.
"How?" he exclaimed, with some impatience-" Will your majesty exercise the power which you have acquired over the destiny of this prinecess, to give atway her hand without the consent —without the knowledge-of her brother, Henri de Bourbon?"
" Without his consent-withont her own," returned Catherine"Think you the Prince de Condé's approval will be needed to ratify an alliance proposed and sanctioned by Catherine de Medicis? I shall bestow her upon him who serves ine best, not on him who may pleasc her fancy most, or that of Henri de Bourbon. The choice of the one might fall upon some hostile leader of the Huguenot party-the election of the other, were she consulted, might be declared in fivour of some such arrogant adventurer as the young Scot, whose life now hangs upon my breath; and who, as I learn from Ruggieri, hath already dared to offer his suit to her."
"It was in ignorance of her rank that he did so," returned the cavalier, "for whatever opinion I may entertain of the scope and aim of Crichton's ambition, I camot think that, had he been acquainted with Esclairmonde's exalted birth, he would have ventured to aspire to her hand."
"He has already aspired to the favours of my daughter, Marguerite de Valois," returned Catherine frowning, "and he who will dare to soar so high in gallantry, will scarce content himself with a lowly flight in honest love. You are mistaken in your estimate of this Scot's character, signor. I read it more clearly than you do. His ruling passion is ambition. He aims at distinction in all things and were 1 to free him from his fetters, and to entrust him with the socret I have just now communicated to you, the first use he would make of his liberty would be to renew his suit with redoubled ardour to the princess."
"There, I am assured you wrong him, madam."
"No matter," cried Catherine, "I shall not afford him the opportunity. Crichton is of an order of men who must be crushed ere they attain dangerous eminence. To elevate him would be to endanger our own power. - Henri is ruled, as you well know, by his minions-the minions are ruled by Crichton. His mental aequirements-his bravery, and his various and unequalled accomplishments have already obtained complete ascendency over a court, which of all others is most easily dazzled by such qualities."
"And are these the only faults you can lay to Crichton's charge, madam?" asked the cavalier.
"No," replicd Catherine, " he has yet a greater fault."
" Bescech your majesty name it."
"He is of incorruptible honesty," rcjoined Catherinc, " had he been otherwise, he had been the fittest instrument I could have chosen for my purposes-as it is, he is only an obstacle-"
"Which will speedily be removed," supplied the cavalier, gravely. "Suffer me to change the subject, and to return to that from which we have wandered?"
" The Princess of Condé-truc," replied Catherine; "' you bcheld her at the Louvre to-night, signor-I would gladly learn what is your opinion of her attractions! Is her beaaty equal to that of our dames, think you?"
"It is without a peer in the world," sighed the cavalier.
Catherine smiled complacently.
"Mary Stuart," she said, "in the zenith of her youth and loveliness-when the walls of the Lourre resounded with the sighs of her thousand worshippers-and when the whole chivalry of Europe flocked to the court of France to bask in her smiles-was not so beautiful."
"I can well believe it, madam," returned the cavalier, in a tone of deep despondency, "I have myself scen the unfortunate Queen of Scots, and her charms of person, wondrous as they still are, cannot, I think, have equalled the matchless perfections of Esclairmonde."

Catherine again smiled; and it was with some playfulness of manner that she now continued the conversation.
"She is indeed most lovely,-so lovely that, I think, if Anjou's suit fail, as it is not unlikely, with that experienced coquette our sister (as her years as well as her recral dignity entitle her to be termed), Elizabeth of England, I shall console him for his disappointment with the hand of the fairest princess of her time. What he loses in power lie will gain in beauty. How say you, signor? Does this alliance mect with your approval:"
" Bescech you, madam, press not that question upon me," replied the cavalier, in a troubled tone, "and to be frank with you, let me confess at once, that if the object of your conference be the consideration of an alliance between the Duc D'Anjou and Esclairmonde, I ain myself far too deeply interested in the fate of the fair prineess,
to be able to offer an impartial opinion upon the policy or impolicy of the proposed union, and must, therefore, with your majesty's permission, decline its further discussion. Escharmonde's charms would alone entitle her to the hand of the proudest prince in Europe, who might deem himself supremely blest in their possession."
"Say you so, signor?" returned Catherine, gaily. "What if I change the title and designation of the bridegroom? What, if for Francois de Valois, Due D'Anjou, I substitute that of Vincenzo di Gonzaga, Prince of Mantua-will that alliance please you better ?"
" Madame!" faltered the cavalier.
"Liave I not read your heart aright? Do you not love this maiden?"
"More than my life."
"She is yours, then-I give her to you-and moreover, I will enrich her with a dowry from my cotters, such as neither the D'Este nor the Farnese could bestow.'

A deep-drawn sigh was the only response made by the cavalier. Putting her own construction upon his silence, the queen continued: "Lend your aid with arm and counsel, to place Anjou upon his brother's throne, and Esclairmonde is your reward."
"And is the best blood of France," returned the cavalier, with bitterness, "to be bartered for treason?"
"'These are strange words from you, prince," rejoined Catherine, "can I have been mistaken in you? Have I fostered a secret foc-are your own despatches-are those letters delusive? Answer me, Vincenzo. Do I address an ally of Anjou, or a secret foe of Henri-the friend of an aspiring prince, or the tool of a falling monarch?"
"You speak to one who thinks, acts, and speaks freely and fearlessly, madam ; who aspires to honour by honourable means-and who would hurl from his grasp the sceptre of France, could it be attained only by treachery. Your plot against Henri, phrase it how you may, is treasonable."
"I will not quarrel with your terms, prince," replied Catherine, coldly. "Words are to us the cloak 'neath which the sword is hidden, and the more honestly they sound the less suspicion they are likely to awaken. You are welcome, therefore, to call our plot rebellious, so long as you can enact the part of an arch-rebel yourself. But enough of this. You say you love the Princess of Condé. Assist Anjou in his (if you so please to phrase them) treasonable designs. Place him upon the throne, and she shall be the meed of your services."

Catherine paused and fixed her eagle glance upon the cavalier, awaiting his reply. But he spoke not. Contending emotions seemed to agitate his bosom.
"What means this?" exelaimed the queen, rising in displeasure. "Do you reject my offer?"
"A fatal bar existe against its acceptance."
"Your passion for this girl-this Gelosa-is it so? By our Lady! there must be witcheraft in the case. Ruggieri, proceed with thine enchantments-we must dissolve the spell. Prince," she continued in a stern deep tone, "reflect upon my offer. I shall expect your answer on the morrow. Meanwhile, bury the secret I have committed to your kecping within the inmost recesses of your heart. Breathe it not even to your confessor. You can now conjecture why I desired this interview with you -why I selected you as the depositary of the secret of Esclairmonde's birth. You have perused those evidences of her illustrious origin. You have satisfied yourself she is the daughter of Henri de Bourbon. I will now commit those documents to the secure custody of this coffer." Saying which, Catherine extended her hand to receive back the packet.
"An instant, madam, I besecch you," returned the cavalier, still detaining the papers, while his eyes appeared eagerly to scan their contents.
"You will have more leisure for their perusal on the morrow," replied the queen, "in the meantime turn your thoughts to her who more immediately clams your attention."

At this juncture, and ere Catherine could possess herself of the packet, the chamber was plunged in darkness. Unobserved, during their conference, the dwarf had silently crawled near the speakers, and at a signal from Ruggieri, suddenly extinguished the lamp which hung above their heads.
"The letters," demanded Catherine, hastily. And as she spoke, what she conceived to be the packet was placed in her hands.

Suddenly a low and plaintive strain of music-whence proceedmg , it was impossible to determine-was heard, and at the same moment, a cool and refreshing odour addressed itself to the senses of the cavalier. The effect of this subtle spirit combined with the rich and fragrant exhalations of the chafing-dish, induced an agrecable langour, against the overpowering influence of which it was vain to contend. It disposed the mind unresistingly to surrender itself to the delisions about to be practised by the sorcerer. Through the dense clond of vapour that now filled the apartment, nothing could be seen but the dull red fire of the brasier, and the symphony became each instant more faint, until it gradually died away. The voice of the astrologer was then heard chanting the following strains:

## Encantation.

Lovely spirit, who dost dwell
In the bowers invisible,

By undying Hermes reared;
By Stagyric sage revered;
Where the silver fountains wander;
Where the golden streams meander;
Where the dragon vigil keeps
Over mighty treasure heaps;
Where the mystery is known,
Of the wonder working Stone;
Where the quintessence is gained And immortal life attained-
Spirit !-by this spell of power, 1 call thee from thy viewless bower.
The footstep of the astrologer was now heard to approach the brasier. A hissing noise, as of some fluid cast upon the fiery coals succeeded. Fresh volumes of smoke ascended to the ceiling, emitting vivid sparks as they arose, and Ruggieri, muttering some unintelligible sounds continued his spell.

The charm is wrought-the word is spoken,
And the sealed vial broken :
Element with element
Is incorporate and blent;
Fire with water-air with earth.
As belore creation's birth;
Matter gross is parified,
Matter humid tarified;
Matter volatile is fixed,
The spirit with the clay commixed.
Laton is by azoth purged,
And the argent-vif di-gorged;
And the black crow's head is ground,
And the magistery fonnd;
And wih broad empurpled wing
Spring to light the blood-red king.
By this fiery assation-
By this wondrous permntation
Spirit, from thy burning sphere
Float to earth-appear-appear!
For an instant all became dark. Even the c.ull glare of the chafing-dish was obscured. A fresh strain of music more soft, more plaintive than the preceding melorly, was heard. A dazzling stream of light was seen to cut swiftly through the air, and to settle near the astrologer.

## CHAPTER XIII.

## THE MAGIC IRING.

It was then perecived that the brilliant fiame flowed from a sword held by a female shape, robed in shining attire of almost gossumer texture. This sylph-like figure, so far as it could be discerned through the vapour, appeared of rare and almost unearthly loveliness. In her right haid the spirit bore a flaming brand; in her left a small vase of crystal, while in a thrilling voice she warbled the following strains:-

## Ena of the Epirit.

> I.

> Within the golden portal
> Of the garden of the wise, Watching by the seven-spray'd fountain The Hesperian Dragon lies.* Like the ever-burning branches In the dream of holy seer; Like the types of Asia's churches Those glorions jets appear. Three times the magic waters Must the Winged Dragon drain ; Then his seales shall burst asunder, And his heart be reft in twaill.

[^12]Septem sunt urbes. septem pro more metalla,
Suntque dies septen, septimus est numerus.

Forth shall flow an emanation. Forth shall spring a slape divine, And if Sol and Cynthia atd thee, Shall the Charmed Key be thine.

## II.

In the solemn groves of Wisdom, Where black pines their shatows fling
Near the lannted corl of Iherme-,
Three lovely flow'rets sping:
The violet dimask-tinted, luseent all flowers above;
The milk white vestal lily,
And the purple flower of love.
Red Sol a sign shall give thee Where the sapplire violets glem,
Watered by the rills that waider From the viewless golden stream,
One violet shalt thon gather-
But ah!-beware, beware:-
The lily and the anaranth
Denand thy chiefest care.*

## III.

Within the lake of erystal, $\dagger$ Roseate as the sun's first ray,
With eyes of liamond linstre, $\ddagger$ A thousand tishes play.
A net within that water, A net with web of gold,
If cast where air-bells gliter, One shining fish shall hold.

## IV.

Amid the oldest mountains,§
Whose tops are next the sun,
The everlasting rivers
Throngh glowing ehannels run.
Those monntains are of silver, Those channels are of gold;
And thence the comitless treasures Of the kings of earth are roll'd;
But far-far must le wander
O'er realms and seas muknown,
Who seeks the aucient mountains, Where shines the 11 ondrous Stone!

* Yous ne séparerez point ces fleurs de leur racines-c'est-a-dire, quill ne faut rien ôter du vase. Par ce moyen on aurat'abord des violettes de conleur de saphire foncé, ensuite de lys, et enfin l'amaranthe, ou la couleur de pourpre, qui est l'indice de la perfection du souffre aurifique. Dict. Mytho-Herm.
$\dagger$ Les philosophes ont souvent domé le noni du Lac à leur vase, et au mercure, qui y est renfermé. Dict. Mytho-Herm.
$\ddagger$ Lorsque lat matière est parvenue à un certain degré de cuisson, il se forme sur sa superficie de petites boules qui ressemblent aux yeux des poissons. Dict. MythoIIerm.
§Quelquefuis les Alchemistes ont entendu par le terme de Montagne leur vase, leur fourneau, et tonte matière métalique. Dict. Mytho-Herm.

As the spirit concluded her song she presented the erystal vial to the astrologer, exclaiming:-

> In that mystic vase doth lie
> Life and immortality.
> Life to tim "ho druops in death, 'se the gasping bosom breath. Immortality alone
> To him to whom he " word" is known.
> Take it - tis a precious boon,
> Vonchafed by Hermes to his son.

Ruggieri reverently received the gift. And, as if extinguished at a breath, the bluc Hame playing upon the edge of the sword expired and the phantom vanished. The brasier once more became visible, and the magician resumed the performance of his mysterious rites. At a gesture from his master, Elberich bronght a panier filled with sundry magical ingredients, together with a ponderonsvolume fastened with brass clasps, and clothed in black vellum. from time to time Raggieni took some herb or root from the basket and cast it into the brasier, when it crackled and fumed, and eventually burst into flame. Nothing was wanting to add to the effect of the ceremonial. The dwarf gibbered, the cat hissed, Druid uttered a deep and prolonged howl. The suffumigation mounted in elouds-and the voice of Ruggieri, hoarse and broken, and half choked by the vapour he inhaled, arose above the elamour. Thus ran his invocation:-

> On the smouldening fire is thrown
> Tooth of fox and weasel's bone,
> Eye of cat and scull of rat, And the hooked wing of bat, Alandrake root and murderer's gore, Hcubane, hemlock, !ellebore, Stibinm, storax. bdellion, borax, Ink of cutle-fish, and feakier Of' the screcehow, smoke together.

Witn his Jacob's staft, the astrologer then proceeded to trace certain figures upon the floor, and taking the black book from the dwarf, read aloud a mystical sentence, after which he closed the volume and resumed his spell:-

Oli the ground is a circle traced;
On that circle a seal is placed;
On that seal is a symbol graven;
On that symbol an orb of heaven;
By that orb is a tigire shown; By that figure a name is known.
Wandering witch it is thine own !-
But thy name must not be naned,
Nor to mortal ears prochamed.
Shut are the leaves of the Grimoire dread ;
The spell is muttered-the word is said,
And that word. in a whisper drowned,
Shall to thee like a whirlwind somed.

Swift through the shivering air it flies-
Swiftly it traverses earth and shies ; -
Wherever thon art-above-below-
Thither that terrible word shall go.
Art thon on the waste alone,
To the white moon making moan?
Art thon, hmman eve eschewing,
In some cavern philters brewing?
By familiar swart attended-
by a triple charm defended-
Gatherest thon the grass that waves
O'er dank pestilential graves? -
Or on broom or goat astride,
To thy Sabbath dost thon ride?
Or with sooty imp doth match thee?
From his arms my spell shall snatci thee.
Shall it seek thee-and find thee,
And with a chain bind thee; -
And through the air whirl thee, And at my feet burl thee!
By the word thon dreadst to hear!
Nameless witch!-appear-appear!
Scarcely were the words pronounced, when a rushing sound was heard, and the figure of a hideous hag suddenly stood before the astrologer. About her withered neek and shoulders, the with's wintry locks hung in wild disorder ; her apparel was loathly and forbidding as her features. For a moment she remained with one arm leaning upon a staff, and with the other, smeared, it would seem, with blood, stretehed out towards Ruggieri.
" Whence comest thou ?" demanded he.
"From my Sabbath-revel at Montfancon," replied the hag"Wouldst hear how we have passed the night? Wouldst learn the pranks we have played beneath the moon-how Sathan hath piped for us-how the dead have danced with us-how we have boiled infant's flesh-brewed philters-and confected poisons-ha! —ha!-attend!"

And in a harsh discordant tone, the hag sang the following wild rhymes

## Thr 玉arcrer's えiblath.*

I.

Around Montfaucon's mouldering stones,
The wizard crew is flitting:
And 'neath a Jew's mballowed bones,
Man's enemy is sitting.

[^13]Terrible it is to ste Such fantastic revelry!
Terrible it is to hear
Sounds that shake the sonl with fear!
Like the chariot wheels of Night Swiftly romed about they go;
Scarce the eye can track their flight, As the mazy measures flow.
Now they form a ring of fire;
Now a spiral, funeral pire :-
Mounting now, and now descending,
In a circle never ending.
As the clouds the storm-blast scatters-
As the oak the thunder scatters-
As scared fowl in wintry weather-
They huddle, groan, and scream together.
Strains unearthly and forlorn
Issue from you wrinkled horn,
By the bearded demon blown,
Sitting on that great gray stone.
Round with whistle and with whoop,
Sucep the cver-whilling troop:
Stremms of tight their footstips truil, Forked as a conset's lail.
"Her Sabut!-Sabat !-" they cry.-
An abbess joins their company.

## II.

Sullenly resounds the roof,
With the tramp of horned hoof:-
Rings each iron-girdled rafter
With intolerable langhter:
Shaken by the stumning peal,
The chain-hung corses swing and reel.
From its perch on a dead-man's bone,
Wild with fright, hath the raven flown :
Fled from its feast bath the flesh-gorged rat;
Gone from its roost is the vampire-bat;
Stareth and screameth the screech owl old,
As he wheeleth his flight through the moonlit wold ;
Bays the garbage-gluted hound,
Quakes the bliad mole underground.
Hissing, elides the speckled snake;
Loathliest things their meal forsake.
From their holes beneath the wall,
Newt, and toad, and adder crawl-
In the Sabbath-dance to sprawl!
Round with whislle and with whoop,
Sucerp the ever-whirling troop;
Louder grows thir fiantic glec-
Wilder yel their revely,
"Her Sabat!-Sabat!-" they cry,
A young girl joins their company.
moisture, boil it up fit to drink, and by that means are admitted to participate in the ceremonies of Bacchus. It is also alleged the name Sablath is given to these assemblies of conjurers, beeanse they are generally held on Saturdays.-Monsicur Oufte :-Description of the Sablath.

## III.

See that dark-haird girl advances-
In her hand a poignard glances;
On her bosom, white and bare,
Rests an iulant passing fair :
Like a thing from heavenly region.
${ }^{\circ}$ Mid that diabolic legion.
I ovelier maid was never seen
Than that ruthess one, 1 ween -
Shape of symmetry hath she,
And a step as wilddoe tree.
Her jetty hair is all mbound, And its long locks s:veep the ground
Hushed in sleep her infint lies-
" l'erish! child of sin," she cries,
" To fiends thy frame I immolate-
To tiends thy soul 1 ded:cate!
Unbaprised, unwept, nuknown-
In hell thy sire may claim his own."
From her dark eyes fury flashes-
from her breast her bahe she da-hes.
Gleams the knife-her brow is wrinkled-
II ith warm blood her hand is sprinkled!
Without a gasp-withont a groan,
Her slumbering infant's soul hath flown.
At Sathar's feet the corse is laid-
To Sathan's view the knife display'd.*
A roar of laughter shakes the pile-
A mocking voice exclaims the while :-
"By this covenant-by this sign,
False wife! faise mother! thon art mine!
Weal or wo, whateer betide,
Thy doom is sealed, infanticide !
Shall nor sire's, nor brother's wrath,
Nor hushand's vengeance cross thy path ;
And on him, thy blight, thy bane,
Hell's consuming fire shall rain !"
Round wilh whistle and with whoon,
Sucerp the ever-rhirling troop;
In the caldron bubbling fast,
The bube i, by it. mother cast!
"Eman hetan!" shout the crew,
And their frenzied giunce rencio.

## IV.

The fiend's wild strains are heard no moreDabbled in her infint's gore,
The new-made witch the caldron stirs-
Howl the demon-worshippers.
Now begin tle Sabbath rites-
Sathan marks his proselytes ; $\dagger$

[^14]And each wrinkled hag anoints
With mugents rank lier withered joiuts.
Unimaginabie creeds-
Unimagimable deeds-
Foul, idolatrous, malicious, Balefin, black, and superstitious, Every holy form profaning, Every sacred symbol staining, Each enacts, fultils, ohsewes,
At the feet of him he serves.

- Here a goat is canonised,

Here a bloated toad baptized;
Bells around its neek are hing,
Velvet on its back is flung ;
Mystic words are o'er it said, Poison on its brow is shed.* Here a cock of snowy plume, Flutters o'er the calchon's fume; By a Hebrew Moohel slain, Muttering spells of power amain $\dagger$ --There within the gromed is land
An image that a foe may fade, Priest mholy, chanting faintly Masses weird with visage saintly; White respond the howling choir Antiphons from dark grimoire, + Clonds from ont the caldron rise, Shronding fast the star-lit skies. Like ribs of mammoth throngh the gioom, Hoar Montfancen's pillars loom;
Wave its dead-a grisly row-
In the night-breeze to and fro, At a beck irom Sathan's hand, Drop to earth that charnel band,Clattering as they touch the ground With a harsh and jarring sound. Their fluttering rage, by vulture rent, A ghastly spectacle present; Flakes of flesh of livid hue, With the white bones peeping throngh. Bue phosphoric lights are seen In the holes where eyes have been Shining through each hollow senll, like the gleam of lantern dull!

* As the sabbath toads are baptized, and dressed in red or black velvet, with a bell at their nee", and another at each foot, the male sponsor holds their head, the female their feet.-De Lancre.
$\dagger$ The sacrifice of a snow-white cock is offered ly the Jews at the feast of the reconciliation. 'This was one of the charges brought against the Marechale D'Anere, condemned under Louis XIII. for sorcery and Judaism. Another absurd aceusation, to which she pleaded guilty, was the eating of rams' kidneys! Those kidneys, however, we are bound to state, had been blessed as well as deviled. From Cornelius Agrippa we learn that the blood of a white cock is a proper suffumigation to the sun; and that if pulled in picees, while living, by two men, according to the ancient and approved practice of the Methanenses, the disfecta mombra of the unfortunate bird will repel all unfarenrable breezes. The reader of " Rabelais" will also call to mind what is said respecting le cocq blanc in the chapter of Gargantua, treating "de ce qu'est signifié par les couleurs blune et blen!"
$\pm$ The "Black Book."
> —Hark! they shake their manacles-
> Hark! each hag responsive yells!
> And her freely-yielded waist ls by fleshless arms embraced, Once again begins the danceHow they foot it-how they prance! Round the gibbet-cirque careering, On their grinning parmers fleering, While, as first amid their ranks, The new-made witch with Sathan pranks. _-Furions grows their revelry, But see!-within the eastern sky, A bar of gold proclaims the smnHark! the cock crows-all is done! Hith a whistle and a whoop, I'anish straight the wizurd troop; On the bare and blasted ground, Horned hoofs no more resound: C'aldron, goat, and broom are flown, And Montfancon claims its oun.

" Thou hast sent for me," said the hag, as she concluded her song; " what wouldst thou? Be brief. Ashtaroth hath called me twice; the third summons I must obey. There are mortals here whose presence frets me? They are not marked with the sign, or baptized with the baptism of hell. Besides, I am in haste to rejoin the revel I have quitted. My aching bones are unanointed, and the caldron boils over. Speak, and let me go."
"Daughter of darkness; foul hag that thou art," cried Ruggieri, in a voice of thunder; "was it to hear thine accursed strains that I summoned thee hither?-no, thy master may call thee, but I will detain thee at my pleasure." So saying, he sprinkled some liquid upon her face. "Now," he continued, as the witch howled with pain; " art thou content to tarry?"
"What wouldst thou ?" demanded the hag, fiercely.
"I would have the potion which thou alone of all thy brood of Tartarus canst prepare," returned the astrologer; "the draught which will turn love to hate, and hate to love. Hast thou that philter by thee? If so, give it to me, and thou art frce to depart."
"I have that will serve thy purpose better," responded the hag, drawing from her girdle a silver ring fashioned like a wreathed serpent; "this enchanted hoop-thou shalt have it-but take heed upon whom thou bestowest it; thy boon may prove unlucky to thyself; for

## Little thrift

Hath the witch's gift.
IIa, ha!"
"Leave that to me," eried Ruggieri, impatiently.
"Ah! there again," exclaimed the witch, "Ashtaroth calls, his tone is wrathful. A moment, master, a moment, and I come. The wizards are shrieking, the fiend is piping, the unguent is seething ! Well, well, I will be there anon. Take it-take it,

> With a blight and with a ban
> On love of maid, and faith of man-

Take it with the witeh's benison, or malison, which you will, zin listen to me-

> When the moon was in her trine, And the star of love benign;
> When a purple gleam was sent
> From red Mars beneficent;
> And one ray from Saturn flowing,
> Struck the ensp of Scorpio glowing ;
> Wia this wizard ring confected, And the potemt charm perfected. Gathered at propitions hour
> Stone and herb of sovercign power,
> Gray atites, coral white,
> Jasper green, and chrysolite;
> Veivain, violet, and myrrh,
> And all flowers that frenzy stir,
> Throngl this ting were swithy passed,
> And in heaps aromed it cast.
> And the fiagrant pile was lighted,
> And a magic verse recited,
> And the starry sign; were sought,
> And their mystie symbols wrought.
> Bound with spell-inseribed with sign-
> Take this charmed ring-tis thine ;
> lle who wears it need not woo,
> W'oman's will 'twill swift subdue."

And with a wild scream of laughter the witeh vanished.
The cavalier, meantime, had witnessed Ruggicri's magical ceremonials with impatience, somewhat curbed by astonishment. Prepared to treat the whole performance as the juggling exhibition of a charlatan, he was, nevertheless, greatly struck by the extreme ingenuity displayed by the astrologer in his contrivances-nor less surprised at the extent of his resources and the nature of the confederacy required to give due effect to his impostures. But when he reflected upon the length of time which Ruggieri had supported the character of a magician, and that the turret he inhabited had been erected under his own direction, his wonder at his skill diminished, and his impatience to bring the seene to a close, returned with greater vehemence than ever. The delay which occurred was, in one respect, accordant with his wishes, as it enabled him to revolve over some means of extricating himself from the perilous situation in which he was placed, or, at least, of accomplishing the purpose now dearest to his heart-that of communicating to Esclairmonde the secret of her birth. For some time he was lost in painful speculation. Suddenly a plan occurred to him-the expedient was hazardons-but it was the only one which could be adopted, with any probability of success. 'laking a packet from his bosom, he unfiastened his scarf, in the folds of which he placed the letters together with the knot of ribands given
to him by Esclairmonde, and then calling Druid towards him, contrived in the gloom, unperceived, to swathe the bandage firmly raird the body of the dog. This done, with heart elate, he arose, and advanced towards the astrolorer. At this juncture it was that the witeh disappeared. Ruggieri lieard his step, and, in a voice in which rage struggled with terror, exclaimed-
"Retire-retire-signor-back, or you endanger soul and borly -tread not within that magie circle-the girl is yours-be patient an instant. Take this ring-the witch's gift-it will render your suit resistless-and withdraw, or by Orimasis, I will exert my art to enforce compliance with my injunctions."

So saying, Ruggieri thrust the ring upon the cavalier's finger, and stamped upon the floor. The latter uttered an exclamafion of impatience, but at that moment his mantle was seized behind with such unlooked for energy, that he was involuntarily dragged several paces backwards. Placing his hand upon his poignard, the cavalier was about to free himself from his assailant, who, he doubted not, was the dwarf, but his design was checked by the relinquishment of the grasp, and by the sudden opening of a curtain disclosing to his view, within a small recess, the sleeping figure of the Gelosa.

## CHAPTER XIV.

## THE TWO MASKS.

One of these men is genius to the otherWhich is the natural man, And which the spirit?- Who shall decypher them? Comedy of Errois.

Suspended over the pallet upon which she lay, a lamp threw a faint light upon the features of the unfortunate singer. Her countenance was deathly pale ; and though her slumber was calm, it was evidently not the repose induced by "nature's best nurse," but the torpor occasioned by some medicated potion. Escaped from their confinement, her raven tresses wandered over her person, still clothed in the boyish garb of the morning ; and their dusky hue contrasted strikingly with the exceeding fairness of her neck and throat, now partially exposed by the disorder of her habiliments. Something there was in her situation so touching as powerfully to enlist the sympathies of the cavalier in her behalf; and (shall we injure him in the esteem of our fair readers if we confess so much ?) something so resistless in her bcauty as to awaken in
his bosom a momentary emotion more akin to love than to pity. In palliation of this bricf disloyalty we may add that Catherine de Medicis, hitherto a stranger to the attractions of the Gelosa-as she regarded her features with some attention was so struck with her beauty, that she no longer felt any surprise at the extravagant passion with which she had inspired her illustrious admirer.
"By our lady !" she exclaimed, "the girl is fairer than I thought her. Is it possible that that lovely creature can be lowly born ?"
"It would seem not from the amulet I hold," replied the cavalier.
"Permit me to examine that key more narrowly, signor," said Rugrgieri, advancing towards them, "I may be able to resolve her majesty's question. Mcantime I pray you take this phial. The damsel sleeps, as you perceive, but let her breathe from this flagon, and her slumbers will at once be dissipated."
"'Twere better she should awake no more than to dishonour," murmured the cavalier, as he took the phial, and restored the golden key to Ruggieri. "Poor girl!" he mentally cjaculated as he approached the couch, - " my chance of rescuing thee from persecution, and from what is worse than death, is now slight indeed. But the attempt shall be made. I have vowed to accomplish thy rescue, and I will aceomplish it or perish in the effort!"

And with these musings he employed the phial as directed by Ruggrieri, nor had he to wait long for the result of his application. The Gelosa started and unclosed her eyes; but as her gaze fell upon the cavalicr's sable mask, with a scream of terror she hastily averted her head.
" He here arain," she shrieked,--" mother of merey, shield me from this demon!"

The cavalier bent his head over the shrinking maiden, and in a low tone breathed in her car her name-" Ginevra."

Not more suldenly does the falcon turn her wing at her master's call, than did the Gelosa start at the cavalier's voice. Trembling from head to foot, she raised herself upon the couch-she bent her gaze upon his figure-she peered into the holes of his mask as if to seck some further confirmation of her lopes--she dashed aside her blinding tresses, passed her fingers rapidly across her brow, as if to collect her seattered senses, and in a low tone, exclaimed-"That voice-do I still dream? -that voice coupled with that hideous phantom-methinks I heard my own name pronounced by tones, so loved, so tender ; but it must have been a dream-how should he know my name? Oh! I am very faint." And she again sank backwards."

The eavalier regarded her with deep commiseration ; but searecly knowing how far in her present state of excitement it would be prudent to trust her with a knowledge of his plans, he deemed it
advisable to resume the disguised tone of voice he had adopted in his conference with Catherine. "For whem do you take me, Ginevra?" he asked.
"For whom?" exclumed the maiden,-"I took you for an angel of light, but I find you are a spirit of darkness. Hence and leave me. Torture me no longer with your presence. Have I not already endured agony at your hands? Must dishonour likewise be my portion.-Never. I have resisted all your efforts-your blandishments-your entreaties-your force-and I will contimue to resist you. I can yet defy your power, as I defied you in your palace at Mantua. Woman's love may be iickle, but her hate is constant. I hate you, prince, and I will die a thousand deaths rather than yield me to your embraces."

As Gineva spoke, she becane, for the first time, aware of the disordered state of her apparel. If her complexion had been heretofore as white as that of the mountain snow, its inue was as suddenly changed as that of the same snow when it is tinged by the purpling sunset. Neck, cheek, and throat were turned to crimson by the hot and blushing tide, while shame, mingled with resentment, was vividly depicted upon her glowing countenance.
"Ah! false and felon knight," she cried, bitterly, " thou hast done well to steal upon a maiden's privacy-upon her slumbersbut get hence, or by the Virgin I will tear off this bandage from my wound and breathe out my life before thine eyes. Ah! why was not that blow more surely aimed-why did I not perish in saving Crichton!"
"And do you love Crichton thus derotedly ?" asked the cavalier.
" Do I love him?" repeated Ginevra-" do I love heaven-adore its saints-hate thee?-Love him! '" she continued, passionately"he is to me life-nay, more than life. Understand me,-thom whose dark heart can only couple love with clesire-the affection which I bear to Crichton is that of the devotee for the saint. He is my heart's idol, its divinity. I aspire not to his love. I ask for no return. I am content to love without hope. It were happiness too much to die for him: but having failed in that, think not I will live for another."
"'Then live for him!" said the cavalier in an under-tone, and resuming his natural voicc.

To describe the effect produced upon the Celosa by these words, and by the sudden change of tone, were impossible. She passed her hand across her brow-she gazed upon her masked companion in doubt and amazement, and then exclaimed under her breath, and with a look, as if her life hung upon the issue of her inquiry -_" Is it?"
"It is," returned the cavalier. And her head declined upon his shoulder.

Catherine was not more surprised at this sudden change in the Gelosa's manner than the astrologer.
"'Thy spell begins to work, grood father," she said, " the girl relents."
" Maledizione!" returned Ruggieri, furiously.
"How!-art thou not satisfied with thine own handiwork?" demanded Catherine, in surprise, "thou art distraught."
"'Iis because it is mine own handiwork that I am distraught," returned the astrologer. "My gracious mistress," he continued, throwing himself at the quecn's feet, who viewed his conduct with increased astonishment, "I have served you fiuthfully-"
"Go to-what wouldst thou ?"
"I ask a boon in requital of my long services-a light request, madam."
"Name it."
"suffer not yon girl to quit the chamber to-night. Or, if she must gro hence, let me accompany her."

Catherine returned no answer, but clapping her hands together, the dwarf, in obedience to her signal, rushed to the trap-door.

To return to the cavalier. His efforts, scoonded by his kindly words, speedily restored the Gelosa to consciousness. Gently disengaging herself from his embrace, and casting down her large eyes, as if fearing to meet his gaze, she thus, in a low tone, addressed him: "Pardon me, nobble signor, my late freedom of speceh. My lips have betrayed the secret of my heart, but on my soul I would not so have spoken had I deemed that my words wonld ever have reached your ears."
"I need not that assurance, fair Ginevra," returned the cavalier, "and it pains me to think that your love is fixed upon one who can only requite your devotion with a brother's tenderness. But listen to me. With this key you will pass, by a subterranean outlet, to the Hôtel de Soissons. Escape will then be easy. Tarry without its walls, on the quarter nigh the chureh of Saint Eustache, for an hour. If in that space I join you not, depart, and go upon the morrow to the Louvre. Seek out the Demoiselle Esclairmonde, - do you mind that name, Ginevra :"
"I do-" gasped the Gelosa.
"You will find her amongst the attendants of the Queen Louise. Bear to her this paper."
"' "Tis stained with blood," cried Ginevra, as she received the letter.
"'Tis traced with my dagger's point," rejoined the cavalicr. "Will you convey it to her?"
"I will."
"And now," continued the cavalier, " collect all your energies, fair maiden. You must leave this chamber alone."
"And you-?"
"Heed me not ; a fate dearer than mine hangs upon that paper
-upon your safety. You have said you love me. You have approved your devotion. But I elain a further proof. Whatever you may hear or see, tarry not. When I bid you, go. You have a poignard-ha?"
"What Italian woman is without one?"
"It is well. You who dread not to die, need fear nothing. Your hand. I am once more the mask. Be firm-ha-it is too late."

The latter exclamation was uttered as the cavalier perceived the trap-door open, and Catherine's guard ascend. One by one the dark figures stepped upon the floor. At last the mask appeared bound, and conducted by Loupgarou and Caravaja.
"What means this?" inquired the affrighted Gelosa.
"Ask not, but follow me," replied the cavalier, advaneing quickly towards the queen.
"Madam," he exclaimer, " before this execution takes place, I pray you suffer this maiden to withdraw. Let her await our coming forth "within the corridor of your palace."
" le it so," returned Catherine.
"Go," whispered the cavalier to Ginevra-"you have the key -there is the masked door."
"She stirs not hence," said Ruggieri, seizing the maiden's arm.
"What mean'st thou, old man," cried the cavalier. "What right hast thou to oppose her departure ?"
"A father's right," returned Rurgieri-" she is my child."
"Thy child!" sereamed the Gelosa, recoiling-" oh no-nonot thy child."
"Thou art the daughter of Ginevia Malatesta-thou art likewise my daughter."
"Believe him not, dear signor," cried the Gelosa, clinging to the cavalier-" he raves-I am not his daughter."
"By my soul I speak the truth," ejaculated Ruggieri.
"My patience is exhausted," exclaimed the queen; "let the girl tarry where she is. I have not done with her. Crichton's execution shall no longer be delayed."
"His execution!" cried the Gelosa, with a thrilling scream. "Is it Crichton whom you would put to death ?"
"Be calm," whispered the cavalier-" Heed not me-but in the confusion make good your own escape."
"Thou hast said it, maiden," returned Catherine, sternly smiling -" that mask conceals thy lover's features-"
"That mask!-ha!"
At this moment Catherine again clapped her hands. There was an instant movement amongst the men-at-arms. Quick as thought the mask was dragged forwards. A block of wood was placed upon the ground by Caravaja. The sword of Loupgarou gleamed in the air.

The cavalier placed himself between Catherine and the executioners. His hand was laid upon his vizard.
"You have said the withdrawal of your mask should be the signal of Crichton's doom," cried the queen, addressing the cavalier, " are you prepared, signor ?"
"I am prepared, madane," replied the cavalier, calmly, "to meet my own fate. Not agrainst yon mask, but against me, must your vengeance be dirceted."

And as he spoke, he withdrew his vizard.
"Malediction !" exclaimed Catherine, as she beheld the features of the Scot, " traitor!-have we then been thy dupe all this while - have I been ketrayed into the avowal of my most secret sehemes-into the commission of a grievous and scarce pardonable indignity to my nearest and dearest ally? Have I-but thy cuming shall avail thee little-Dieu merei!-thou art still in my power. Don Vincenzo," she continued, turning to the mask, whose vizard having been in the confusion hastily removed by Caravaja, discovered dark and hanghty lineaments, inflamed with choler, but strongly impressed with the lofty and peculiar character proper to the southern noble-(a character which the reader will at once understand if he will call to mind the grave and majestic Venetian faces of Titian)-"Don Vincenzo," said Catherine, addressing the prince, who still remained surrounded by the guard -" what reparation can I offer you for the affront I have thus unintentionally put upon you?"
"One only reparation will I accept," cried Vincenzo, prondly shaking off the grasp of Loupgarou, and advancing towards the queen.
"Give me to understand your wishes," returned Catherine.
"I claim the life of my adversary," returned Gonzaga.
"Now, by my soul, prince," said Catherine, in a deep whisper, " you have asked a boon I camnot grant. Crichton's life is necessary to $m y$ safcty-to your safety. He must die."
"He shaill die, madam, upon the morrow," returned Vincenzo, in the same tone:" but the blazon of Gonzaga were for ever stained,-my honour as a lenight for ever spotted, if he, whom I have defied to mortal combat, should be assassinated in my presence. He must be set free."
"Never," replied Catherine, " his death will lie at my door. He is in possession of my schemes-of Anjon's plot-and of a secret of vital import, which I deemed I had communicated to yourself ; no, he must dic."
"I had rather perish upon the block, by the hands of those miscreants, than suffer my honour to be thus sullied," exelained Gonzaga. "Hear me, madam," he cried, aloud. "Suffer him to depart, and I will gage my princely faith that the Cheralier Crichton betrays no secret-reveals no plot. The laws of honour, im-
perative on me, are not less binding upon him. Let him depart without fear, and intrust the work of vengeance to me. 'To-morrow we meet as mortal enemics-to-night we part as fair foemen."
" Gage not your faith for me, prince," said Crichton, who with sword and dagger ficrecly confronted his assailants, "I can neither accept life nor freedom upon the terms you propose. If I depart hence, the secret I have obtained will be revealed-nay, if my voice be silenced in death, my last gasp will be cheered with the conviction that other tongues than mine will breathe it for me."
" Ha !" exclamed Catherine.
"My vengeance will survive me, madam," continued the Scot; "you may float this chamber with my blood-may hew me limb from limb-but that secret will cecape you-nay, it has already escaped you. I may never behold her more, may never exchange word with her again, but, ere to-morrow's sun shall set, the proof of her birth will be laid before the Princess of Condé."
"Thou liest!" cried Catherine.
"Where are the despatches of Tavannes, the letters of the Cardinal of Lorraine, your own written authority?" demanded Crichton.
"Ha !" exclaimed Catherine. hastily glancing at the packet she held within her hand-"Traitor! where are they?"
"On their way to the Louvre," replied Crichton.
" Impossible !"
"I have found a faithful messenger-"
"En rerdad, sa magestad, this brageart's only messenger can have been the great dog who accompanied him," exclaimed Caravaja. "The aceursed brute dashed down the trap door as we ascended, and I remaried that he had a scarf twisted round his throat."
"That scarf contained the letters," said Crichton, with a smile of trimmph.
"And the hound eseaped you ?" demanded Catherine, of the Spaniard.
"It is no dog, but a fiend in bestial shape," replied Caravaja; "the phantasm was out of sight in a moment."
"Cheralier Crichton," said Catherine, advancing towards him, and speaking in an under-tone, "those papers are of more value to me than your life. I will capitulate with you. Upon the conditions offered to you by the Prince of Mantua, you may depart frecly."
"I have said that I reject them, madam. Bid your assassins advance. To Heaven and Saint Andrew I commit my causc."
"I will die with you," murmured Ginevra.
"Rash girl, thou hast no part in this fray," cricd Ruggicri ; " hence with thy father."
"Never," shrieked the Gelosa, "I will never quit the Signor Crichton's side-the blow which is his death, shall be mine likewise.

Let me go, I say. I am not thy child. Thou hast invented this story to betray me."
"Here me, Ginevra-I have proofs-"
:"No, I will not lisen to thec. 'Thon wouldst have bartered my honour for the Prince of Mantua's gold. Was that a father's love? But if thon art my father, leave me, and draw not my blood, as well as that of my mother, upon thy head ; for, by our lady of Pity! I will plunge this steel to my heart rather than yield to thy licentious master."
"Ginerra, I would free thee from him. In mercy listen to me." But ere he could proceed, the fiery girl drew her dagger, and extricating herself from his grasp, once more took refuge by the side of Crichton.

Catherine, meantime, despite the indignant remonstrances of Gonzaga, who, being unarmed, could take no part in the conllict, had commanded the men-at-arms to assault the Scot.
"Upon him, knaves," she cried, "what do you fear ?-he is but one-strike! and spare not."

Crichton breasted their fury, as the rock resists and hurls back the breakers. The gleam of their swords flashed in the eyes of the Gelosa; the clash of steel resounded in her ears. The stife was terrific. But amidst it all the Seot remained uninjured; not a thrust could reach him, while several desperate wounds were received by his antagonists. The vociferations, the clamour, the trampling of feet were deafening. Suddenly the noise ceased. Catherine looked to see if her enemy had fallen, but she beheld him in an attitude of defence, calmly regarding his antagonists, who had drawn back to take breath and consider upon some new plan of attack. Mortified and dismayed, the queen began to apprehend the issue of the combat might yet determine in favour of Crichton, when she beheld a dark figure stealing behind him. It was the dwarf. With stealthy steps she saw him approach the Scot. He bounded forward-a dagger was in his grasp-when at that moment he was felled by the stiletto of the Gelosa. Catherine could not restrain an exclamation of displeasure.
"Cravens," she cried, "ye lack the nerves of men-give me a sword, and I will show you how to wield it."

Thus exhorted, the ruffian band renewed the conflict, and with better suceess than lefore. A few blows only had been exchanged, when Crichton's sword, a light rapier, intended more for ornament than use, was shivered, and with the exception of his poignard, a fecble defence against six trenchant blades, he lay at their mercy. A savage yell was raised by his opponents. A few moments more they saw would now decide the fight. Resolved, however, to sell his life dearly, Crichton darted forward, and seizing the foremost of the crew by the throat, plunged his dagger into his breast. The wretch fell with a deep groan. His comrades pressed on to avenge him. With his cloak twisted round his arm, Crichton contrived for some moments to ward off their

blows and rid himeelf of another foe. But it was evident what must be the result of a contest so unequal: nevertheless, the Scot's defence was so gallant as still to leave his cnemies in doubt, who, as he seconded a feint with a thrust at Loupgarou, his foot slipped upon the floor, now floating in blood, and he stumbled. Swifter than thought Ginevra interposed her own person between Loupgarou and Crichton, and the blow intended for him must have transfixed her, had not a loud cry from Ruggicri arrested the hand of the giant.
" spare my child!-spare her! my gracious mistress !" cjaculated the distracted astrologer.

But Catherine was deaf to his entreatics.
" Spare neither," she said, sternly
Crichton, however, had recovered his feet. A word even in that brief interval had passed between him and the Gelosa. Ere his intention could be divined, he had flown together with the maid to the recess-and the curtains failing at the same moment to the ground, concealed them from view. An instant afterwards, when these hangings were withdrawn by Caravaja and Loupgarou, they had disappeared. A masked door within the wall, half open, showed the means by which their flight liad been ellected. "Sangre de Dios!" cried Caravaja, as this door was suddenly closed, and a bar, as was evident from the somud, drawn across it on the other side, " our purpose is frustrated."
"Cap-dé-diou !" cjaculated Loupgarou, "whither doth that outlet lead?"

As he spoke, the giant felt his leg suddenly compressed by a nervous gripe, while, at the same time, a noise like the hissing of a serpent sounded in his cars. Starting at the touch, Loupgarou beheld the red orbs of Elberich fixed upen him. The unfortunate manikin, mortally wounded, had contrived to crawl towards him. The strean of life, flowing in thick and inky drops from his side, was ebbing fast-but the desire of vengeance lent him strength. Directing the giant's attention towards a particular part of the wall, he touched a spring and another but a smaller door flew open. Through this aperture the dwarf crept, beckoning Loupgarou, who with Caravaja and his two remaining followers instantly went after him.

Searecly had the party disappeared, when the door through which Crichton had approached the turret from the queen's palace, revolved upon its linges, and the Vicomte de Joyeuse, accompanied by Chicot, and attended by an armed retinue, entered the chamber. He cast a quick glance round the room, and his countenance fell as he beheld the bloody testimonials of the recent fray.
"Monseigneur," he said, advancing towards Gonzaga, who remained motionless with his arms folded on his breast, "I have it in his majesty's commands to assure myself of your person till the morrow."
"A prisoner!" exclaimed Gonzara, his hand vainly scarching for his sword,-" know you whom you thus address?"
"I know only that I address one whom I hold to be a loyal cavalier," returned Joyeuse, quickly, "but when I gaze around this chamber, and behold these marks of butchery, doubts arise in my mind which I would fain have removed. Whom have I the honour to place under arrest ?"
"The Prince of Mantua," replied Catherine ; "the king's arrest camnot attach to him."
"Vive Dieu!" exclaimed the vicomte, "I am indeed much honoured. But you are mistaken, madam-his majesty's arrest does attach to the prince. Messieurs, to your charge I commit his highness. My duty, however, is only half fulfilled. May I crave to know where I shall meet with the Chevalier Crichton, if he be, as I conjecture, within this turret?"
"You will scarce need to assure yourself of his person, monscigneur," replied Catherine, smiling; " my attendants have already saved you that trouble."
"How, madam!" exclaimed Joyeuse, starting.
"Outcries and footsteps resound from this doorway," ejaculated Chicot. "Methinks I hear the voice of Crichton-there againto the rescue, Monsieur le Vicomte."
"Prince," cried Joyeuse, "you shall answer to me for the life of the Chevalier Crichton. In his quarrel with you I was chosen his parrain, and by Saint Paul, if he have perished by assassination in your presence, I will proclaim you felon and craven, throughont every court in Christendom."
"Monsicur le Vicomte, you do well to threaten a prisoner," replied Gonzaga, haughtily. "But a season will arrive when you shall answer to me for these doubts."
" And to me likewise," added Catherine, haughtily. "Monsienr le Vicomte, I command you and your followers to withdraw, on pain of incurring my deadliest resentment."
"I am his majesty's representative, madane," returned Joycuse, proudly, "and invested with his anthority to seek out and detain a noble cavalier, somewhile distinguished as 'the mask,' together with the Chevalier Crichton, during his sovereign pleasure. You are best aware what account you will render of the latter to his majesty."
"'To the rescue! to the rescue! monseigneur," screamed Clricot, " I hear a female voice."
" My dauchter! my danghter!" cjaculated Ruggieri.
"Some of you take charge of yon caitiff," exclaimed Joycuse, pointing with his sword to the astrologer; "he is concerned, l doubt not, in this foul transaction-and now follow me who may?" Montjoic! Saint Denis !-on !-""

So saying, he dashed through the narrow portal, and sprang swittly up a dark and winding stairease, down which the echoes of oaths and other vociferations now distinetly resounded.

## CHAPTER XV.

## rile column of catiderine de medicis.

On luy attachoit ung eable en quelque haute tour pendant en terre : par icelluy avecques deux mains montoit, puis devaloit si roidenent, et si asseurément, que plus ne pourriez parmy ung pré bien egallé.

Rabelays. Gargantua. Liv. I. Ch. xxiii.
Opposite the Rue de Viarmes, and reared against the circular walls of the Halle-au-Blé-with its base washed by a fountain,its shaft encircled by a cylindrical dial, and huge gnomonic projection, and its summit surmounted by a strange spherical cage of iron -stands, at this day, a tall, fluted, richly decorated, Doric column; bearing upon its aspect the reverend impress of antiquity. The fountain and dial are of modern construction; the spherical crest is ancient. Tradition assigns this observatory, for such it is, to Catherine de Medicis. From hence she is said to have nightly perused, within the starry scroll of heaven, the destinies of the great city stretched out at her feet-while, from the same situation, Ruggieri is reported to have gathered the lore by which he was enabled to avert the stroke of danger, and strengthen and consolidate his mistress's power.

The iron eage alluded to, and which is supposed to have some recondite allusion to the mysteries of astrology, was, in all probability, contrived by the Florentine seer. Its form has given rise to much speculation. Consisting of a circular frame-work of iron, crossed by other circles, and supported by a larger hemisphere of iron bars ;-" des cercles et des demicercles entrelacés," says M. Pingre ;-the object of which it is difficult to conceive, unless they were intended as types of the science, to the uses of which the structure was devoted; and erected after the designs of the celebrated Jean Bullan, this pillar situated, at the period under consideration, in the angle of a lateral court of the Hôtel de Soissons, is the sole remnant now existing of that vast and magnificent edifice. Its history is remarkable-but it may suffice to say, that it was preserved from the general demolition of Catherine's palace by the generosity of a private individual, Le Sieur Petit de Bachaumont, by whom it was redeemed at the price of 1500 livres. The effect of the observatory is materially injured by its contiguity to the Halle-au-Blé, and its symmetry destroyed by an horologiographical contrivance, as well as by a tasteless tablet placed above its plinth ; but notwithstanding these drawbacks-viewed either in connexion with its historical associations, or with the mysterious and exploded
science of which it is a relic,-the column of Catherine de Medicis can seareely be regarded with indifference. Within its deeply-cut chamfering, now alnost effaced by time, are still to be traced emblematic devices, similar to those heretofare mentioned as adorning the walls of Rugrgieri's laboratory. 'The elevation of the pillar from the ground is nearly a hundred feet, and its diameter somewhat more than nine feet.

When Crichton and the Gelosa disappeared through the recess, their course was for a few moments shaped along a low, narrow 1:ssage, evidently contrived within the thickness of the wall, which, after at brief but toilsome ascent, conducted them to what appeared, from the inereased height of the roof, and greater space between the valls, to be a sort of landing-place. Whether there was any farther outlet from this spot, the profound darkness in which all was involved, left them no means of ascertaining; but as they tarried for an instant to recover breath, Crichton took advantage of the occ:i ion, warmly to express his thanks to his fair companion for the succour she had so opportunely afforded him.
"But for you," he said, "fair Ginevra, I had perished bencath the daggers of Catherine's assassins. To you I owe my life a second time, -how-how shall I requite your devotion ?"
"By suffering me to be your slave," cried the impassioned girl; bathing his hand with teare,-" to remain ever near you."
"You shall never leave me," returned the Scot, kindiy, carrying his gratitude to a scarce allowable length; for as he spoke, his lips sought the burning mouth of the Gelosa, while his arms pressed her closely to his bosom.
"Santa Madoma!"' exclaimed Ginevra, hastily drawing back her liead, deeply abashed at the impulse to which she had yielded, " our pursuers are at hand."

At the same moment, also, Crichton became aware of the sound of hoarse voices, and approaching footsteps.
"There is-there must be a further outlet-this chamber commumicates with the queen's observatory," cried the Gelosa, "I remember I was dragged to some such place as this, by him who falsely calls himself my father, a few hours ago. Each wall in this frightful turret is perforated, like a state dungeon, with seeret passages. Step forward, sweet signor, and you will find the outlet."

With outstretched hand Crichton guided himself rapidly along the wall. The aperture was instantly discovered. His foot was on the flight of steps.
"Follow me, Ginerra," he cried, extending his hand in the direction of the damsel. But a grasp was laid upon her, from which she could not extricate herself. At the same moment a hissing langh proclaimed her captor to be the vindictive dwarf. With supernatural force the mannikin twined himself round her
person. The maiden felt herself sinking. His hot breath was upon her face-his horrible mouth approached her throat. She experienced a sharp and sudden thrill of pain. The vampire having no other weapon, songht to fix his teeth in her neck. In this extremity, as she gave herself up for lost, Elberich's grasp relaxed, and the monster sank an inert mass to the earth. Crichton's poignard had freed her from her foe; while his arm bore her up the spiral stairs, just as Loupgarou and his crew reached the landingplace. The giant heard the struggle between Ginevra and Elberich -he heard also the fall of the latter, and with a bound sprang forward. He was too late to secure his prey, and stumbling over the prostrate body of the dwarf, impeded with his huge person the further advance of his followers. Muttering deep execrations, he then arose and began to ascend the column. After mounting some forty or fifty steps, a dull light, admitted through a narrow slit in the pillar, cheered his progress.
"By my fay," cried Loupgarou, as he gazed through this loophole upon the gardens of the Hôtel de Soissons, just visible by the uncertain light of a clouded moon, "we are within her majesty's observatory - those are the royal gardens-and yonder are the old towers of Saint Eustache."
"En verdad compañero," replied Caravaja, thrusting forward his visage, and surveying in his turn the scene, " thou hast said it. It must be the structure 1 have so often gazed at from the Rue des Etnves, with the cage in which folks say Ruggieri keeps Señor Sathanas confined. Many a time have I seen that sooty imp, whose carcase we have left in the room below, practise a thousand fantastic trickeries upon those iron bars. There used to be a rope from which he would fling himself headlong from the summit, and swing backwards and forwards like an ape or a juggler, to the terror of all pious observers.-Ha !-What means that clamour and clashing of swords? There are others at work besides ourselves. Vamos camarada!"
"Softly," replied the lethargic giant, pausing to take breath" we do not need hurry ourselves, quo magis properare studeo, eo me impedio mayis-as we say in the schools! We are certain our Scot is in this turret-we are certain, moreover, that he cannot descend without passing us-we are furthermore certain, that we are four, and that he is but one ; ergo we may safely reckon upon his head-and upon our reward."
"Concerlo consequentiam," returned Caravaja, "but proceed, most redoubted Goliath, or this puissant David may prove too much for thee after all. Ha! hear you that shot? Some one has discovered him from below-mount!-despatch!"

Thus urged, Loupgarou recommenced the ascent. Another and another loophole showed him the elevation he had attained, and at length his mighty head came in contact with a plate of iron,
which proved to be a trap-door opening upon the summit of the colum, but which was now fastened on the other side. Here was an unexpected difficulty thrown in their path, not entirely, however, to the dissatisfaction of the giant, who, despite his bulk and sinew, like all other men of vast proportions, was of a somewhat craven nature at bottom, and regarded the approachings struggle with considerable misgiving. He deemed it necessary, however, to conceal his gratification under a mask of oath and bluster, and seconding his words with a show of resolution, applied his shoulder to the trap-door with so much good-will, that, to his astonishment, it at once yielded to his efforts. To recede was now impossible. Caravaja and his comrades were swearing in the rear; so putting a bold face upon the matter, he warily emerged. What was his suprise, and we may say delight, to find the roof deserted. In proportion to his security his choler increased.
"Hola!-my masters," he roared, "we are tricked-dupeddeceived. This Crichton is in league with the fiend. He has made himself a pair of wings, and flown away with the gind upon his back-Cap-dé-dinu! we are robbed of our reward."
"San diablo!" exclaimed Caravaja, as he also emerged from the trap-door. "Gone !-ha-higados!-I perceive the device."

To return to the Scot and his fair charge. Sustaining the terrified girl, who was so much cxhausted as to be wholly unable to assist herself, within his arms, Crichton rapidly threaded the steps of the column. Arrived at the summit, he gently deposited Ginevra upon the roof, and stood with his darger in hand prepared to strike down the first of his assailants who should appear at the mouth of the staircase. The cold fresh air now playing upon her cheek in some degree revived the Gelosa. She endeavoured to raise herself, but her strength was unequal to the effort. At this moment an outery was heard below. It was the voice of Blount calling to his dog. Crichton uttered an exclamation of delight. The packet had rached its destination-it would be delivered to Iisclarmonde. Scarcely had this thought passed through his mind, when the sudden report of an arquebuss was heard-succecded by a deep howl. Blount's shouts, mingled with those of Ogilvy, arose loud and stumaing. 'The clash of swords succecded. Crichton could no longer resist the impulse that prompted him to glance at the combatants. He leaned over the edge of the pillar, but all that he could discern was the Englishman engaged in sharp conflict with several armed figures partially concealed from his view by the intervening shrubs of the garden. Druid was by his side, foaming, furious, and with his teeth fastened upon one of his master's assailants. The scarf was gone. But whether or not it was in Blount's possession, he was unable to ascertain. As he turned in doubt and some dejection towards the trap-door, his cye chanced upon a coil of rope attached to one of the links constituting the larger hemisphere of
iron bars by which he was surrounded. A means of escape at once presented itself to his imagination. Swift as thought he tried the durability of the cord. It was of strength suflicient to sustain his weight; and of more than sulficient extent to enable him to reach the ground. He uttered an exclamation of joy ; but he suddenly checked himself. The plan was relinquished as soon as formed. He could not abandon the Gelosa.

Ginevra divined his intentions. Collecting all her energies, she threw herself at his fect, besceching him to avail himself of the opportunity that presented itself of safety by flight.
"And leave you here to fall into the hands of your pursuers-of Gonzaga-never," replicd Crichton.
"Heed me not--heed me not-noble and dear signor," replied the Gelosa. "I have maj means of escape likewise -go-go-I mplore of you. What is my life to yours ? By the Virgin!" she continued, with passionate carnestuess, "if you do not obey me, I will fling myself headlong from this pillar and free you from restraint, and myself from persecution."

So saying, she advanced to the brink of the column, as if resolved upon putting her threat into instant execution.
"Hold, hold, Ginevra," exclaimed Crichton, "we may bot'n avoirl our foes. Give me thy hand, rash girl." And ere she could advance another footstep, the Scot detained her with a powerful grasp. Ginerra sank unresistingly into his arms. Crichton's next proceeding was to make fast the trap-door, the bolt of which presented such feeble resistance to the Heren lean shoulders of Loupgarou. He then threw the cord over the edge of the column, and advanced to the brink to see that it had fallen to the ground. As he did so, he was perceived and recognised by Ogilvy, who hailed him with a loud shout, but as that doughty Scot was engaged hand to hand with a couple of assailants, he was not in a condition to render his patron any efficient assistance. Having ascertained that the cord had dropped in the way he thought desirable, Crichton again assured limself of the firmmess of the knot, and placing his dagger between his tecth, to be ready for instant service on reaching the ground, and twining his left arm securely round the person of the Gelosa, whose supplications to be abandoned to her fate were unheeded, he grasped the rope tightly with his right hand, and leaning over the entablature of the column, pushed himself deliberately over its ledge.

For a moment the rope vibrated with the shock; and as she found herself thus swinging to and fro in mid air, Ginevra could scarcely repress a scream. Her brain reeled as she gazed dizzily downwards, and perceived the space intervening between her and the eartl. Her head involuntarily sank over her shoulder, and she closed her eyes. Had her safety depended on her own powers of tenacity, she had certainly fallen.

The rope, meanwhile, continned its oscillations. With one arm only disengaged, and the other encumbered by his fair burden, it was almost impossible for Crichton to steady it. The architrave and frieze crowning the capital, projected nearly two feet beyoud the body of the shaft. For some time he could neither reach the sides of the pillar so as to steady his course by its fluted channcls, nor venture to trust himself to the guidance of the shifting cord. His peril appeared imminent. The strain upon the museles was too great to be long endured. But Crichton's energies were inexhaustible, and his gripe contimued uncelaxing. At length, after various ineffectual efforts he succeeded in $t$ wining his legs securely round the rope, and was about to descend, when an incident oceurred that rendered his situation yet more perilous.

Filled with astonishment at the daring attempt they witnessed, as Crichton launched himself from the column, the combatants be-neath-friend and foe, as if by mutual consent-suspended hostilities. It was a feat of such hair-breadth risk, that all gave him up for lost. But, when he had made grood his hold, their admiration knew no bounds. Blount loudly hurraed, and threw his cap into the air. Even the adverse party uttered a murmur of applause. Ogilyy rushed forward to scize and secure the rope-and all had been well, but at the same moment he was grappled by one of his antagonists, and in the struggle that ensued, the cord was so violently shaken that Crichton had need of all his vigour to maintain his position. The rope whirled round and round; but contriving, amid the gyrations, to insert the point of his foot in the fluting of the pillar, he once more regained his equilibrium.
"Villain," ericd Ogilvy, as he threw his enemy to the earth, and plunged his dirk within his bosom; "thou, at least, shall reap the reward of thy treachery. Ah, what is this?" he cried, as from the folds of' a scarf, which had dropped from the man's grasp, a packet of letters met his view. He was about to pick them up, when his attention was diverted by a loud cry from Blount.
" Ha! have a eare, noble Crichton!" shouted the Englishman, "have a care, I say! St. Dunstan and St. Thomas, and all other: good saints protect thee !-Desist, craven hound, what wouldst thou do? The curse of St. Withold upon thee!" The latter part of Blount's ejaculation was addressed to Loupgarou, whose huge person might now be discovered leaning over the architrate of the pillar, and who was preparing to hew the rope asunder with his sword. "Oh for a sling!" roared Blount, "to smite that accursed Philistine betwixt the temples."

Directed by these outcries, and, at the same time, pereciving the effect of a blow upon the rope, Crichton looked upwards. He beheld the malignant and exulting aspect of Loupgarou, who, it is needless to say, through the agency of Caravaja, had discovered
the mode of flight addopted by the Scot, and instantly resolved upon the only revenge in his power. It was evident from his gestures and ferocious laughter, that the giant had resolved to exercise his utmost ingenuity in torturing his enemy. Before he attempted to sever the cord, he shook it with all his force, jerking it wehement!y, first on the right hand, and then on the left; but, finding he conld not succeed in dislcdging the tenacious Scot, he had recourse to another expedient. Taking firmly hold of the iron bar, by dint of great exertion he contrived to pull the cord up several feet. Uttering a loud ycil, he let it suddenly drop. Still Crichton, though greatly shaken, maintained his hold. Loupgarou then proceeded slowly to saw the cord with his sword. Crichton gazed downwards. He was still more than sixty feet from the ground.
"Ho, ho!" bellowed Loupgaron, " not so fast, fair sir-qui vult perire pereui-ho, ho! You shall reach the ground without further efforts of your own, and somewhat more expeditiouslysternitur exanimisque tremens procumbit humi-ho, ho!-"
" That late shail be thy own, huge ox," screamed the shrill voice of Chicot in his rear; "ho, ho!' laughed the jester, as the giant, whom he pushed forward with all his might, rolled heavily over the entablature; " not so fast, not so fast, my Titan."
"Quién adelante no miru, atrás se queda," exclaimed Caravaja, springing upon the jester with the intent of throwing him after the ciant; " thou shalt reverse the proverb; look first and leap after." The words, however, were scarcely out of his month, when he found himself seized by the Vicomte de Joyeuse, who suddenly appeared on the rool of the column.

Loupgaron made an effort to grasp at the architrave of the pillar as he was precipitated over it, and then at the rope, but he missed both. His great weight accelerated his fall. He descended head foremost. His skull came in contact with the sharp, projecting edge of the plinth, which shattered it at once; and his huge frame lay without sense upon the pavement of the court just as Crichton and his now senseless burthen alighted in safety upon the ground.
" By my bauble !" cried Chicot, as he hailed Crichton from the summit of the column, "the great gymnastic feats of Gargantua equal not your achievements, compère."

But Crichton was too much occupied to attend to the jester. He had now to defend himself against the assault of Gonzaga's followers, whose object was to possess themselves of the Gelosa.

At this moment the call of a trumpet sounded from the summit of the pillar, and the next instant some dozen men in arms, in the livery of the Vicomte de Joyeuse, made their appearance at its base.
"Down with your swords, in the king's name," cried the sergeant of the gruard. "Chevalier Crichton, in the name of his most Catholic majesty, Hemri IIf., you are our prisoner."
" Where is your leader ?" demanderl Crichton, stemly, " to him alone will I yield myself."
"He is here, mon cher," cried Joycuse, from the top of the pillar, "and rejoices to finil you in safety. I will join you, and render all needful explanations. Mcantime, you must, perforce, continue my prisoner. Your adversary, Prince Vincenzo, hath yielded himself" without demur:"
"'This well;" replied Crichton, throwing down his poignard.
It is needless to deseribe the rapturous congratulations of Osilvy and Blownt. The former appeared so anxions to relieve his patron from the burthen of the fiur singer, that he at length committel her to his care. The disciple of Knox gazed at her with admiration, and his boscm heaved with strange but inexpressible cmotions as he held the lovely player-girl in his arms.
"Ha !" exclaimed Crichton, tuming hastily to Blount," thy dow-hath he reached thee ?"
"He is here," replied Blount, patting Druid, "he has been slightly hurt in this fray, poor fellow, the ball of an arquebuss hath grazed lis side-"
" There was a scarf twined around him-thou hast it ?" demanded Crichton.
"I saw nothing," answered Blownt, staring in astonishment at the question.
"A scarf", cjaculate! Ogilvy, " did it contain a packet?"
"It did," rejoined Crichton. "llave you seen it?"
"' "lis here," answered Ogilvy, springing forward, and once more committing the Celosa to his patron. "Hal here is the sash," he cried, "and a knot of ribands-but the packet is gone."
"Scarch!" said Crichton--" it may have escapel thy recrards."
"It is nowhere to be found," sepliced Ogilvy, after a rain quest.
"Ah!" exclamed (richtom, in a tone of anguish, "all my exertions then are fruitless. The prize is lost as soon as obtained."

## BOOK THE TIIIRD.-CHAPTER 1.

## HIC BIBITUI.

Or, dist Pantagruel, faisons ung transon de bonne ehicre, et beuvons, je voils en prie, enfans-car il faict beau boire tout ce mois.

Rabelais. Gargantua. Liv. II. Ch. xxx.
On the day succeeding the events previously related, and about two hours before noon, the interior of the Falcon in the Rue Pelican, presented a scene of much bustle and animation. The tables were covered with viands; the benches with guests. The former consisting of every variety of refection, liquid and solid, proper to a substantial Parisian breakfast of the sixteenth century; from the well-smoked ham of Bayonne, and savoury sausage of Bologna, to the mild potage de lecrier, and unctuous soupe de prime. The latter exhibiting every shade of character, from the roystering student (your scholars have always been great tavern hunters, and sottish. elerk of the Basoche, to the buff-jerkined musquetecr, and strapping sergeant of the Swiss guard.

The walls resounded with the mingled clatter of the trencher, the flagon, and the dice-box-with the shouts of laughter, and vociferations of the company, and with the rapid responses of the servitors. The air reeked with the fumes of tobacco, or, as it was then called, herbe à la reine, pimento, and garlic. Pots of hydromel, hippocras, and wine, served to allay the thirst which the salt meats (compulsories de beurcttes, according to Rabclais) very naturally provoked, and many a deep draught was that morning drained to the health of Dame Fredegonde, the presiding divinity of the Falcon.

In saying that the wines of Dame Fredegonde were generally approved, we merely repeated the opinion of every member of the University of Paris, whose pockets were not utterly exhansted of the necessary métal ferruginé, and in averring that her charms were the universal theme of admiration, we reiterated the sentiments of every jolly lansquenet, or Gascon captain of D'Epernon's 'Quarante Cinq,' whose pike had at any time been deposited at her threshold, or whose spurs fingled upon her hearth.

Attracted by the report of her comeliness, half the drinking world of Paris flocked to the Falcon. It was the haunt of ail lovers of good cheer, and a buxom hostess.

## Alı: comme on entrair

Boire à son cabaret!
Some women there are who look old in their youth, and grow young again as they advance in life : and of these was Dame Fredegronde. At eighteen she did not appear so young, or so inviting, as at eight-and-thirty. Her person might be somewhat enlargedwhat of that? Many of her admirers thought her very cmbonpoint an improvement. Her sleck black tresses, gathered in a knot at the back of her head-her smootin brow, which set care and time, and their furrows, at defiance-her soft dimpled chin-her dark laughing eyes, and her teeth, white as a casket of pearls, left nothing to be desired. You could hardly distinguish between the ring of your silver real upon her board, and the laughter with which she received it. To sum up her perfections in a word-she was a widow. As Dame Fredegonde, notwithstanding her plumpness, had a very small waist, and particularly neat ancles, she wore an extremely tight boddice, and ap particularly short vertugardin; and as she was more than suspected of favouring the persceuted Huguenot party, she endeavoured to remove the impression by wearing at her girdle a long rosary of beads terminated by the white double cross of the League.

Among her guests, upon the morning in question, Dame Fredegonde numbered the Sorbonist, the Bernardin, the disciples of Harcourt and Montaigu, and one or two more of the brawling and disputatious fraternity, whose companionship we have for some time abandoned. 'These students were regaling themselves upon a Gargantuan gammon of ham, and a flask of malroisic. At some distance from this party, sat Blount, together with his faithful attendant Druid, who with his enormous paws placed upon his master's knees, and his nose familiarly thrust upon the boart, received no small portion of the huge chine of beef destined for the Englishman's repast. Next to Blount, appeared Ogilyy, and next to the Scot, but as far removed from his propinquity as the limits of the bench would permit, sat a youth whose features were concealed from view by a broad hat, and who seemed, from his general restleseness and impatience of mamer, to be ill at ease in the society in which aceident, rather than his own choice, had thrown him.

Passing over the remainder of the company, we shall come at once to a man-at-arms of a very prepossessing exterior, who had established himeelf in close juxta-position with the buxom hostess. There was nothing very remarkable in the costume of this hero. A stout buff jerkin, a coarse brown serge cloak, a pointed felt hat with a single green feather, a loner estoc, and bulf boots with great spars,-this was the sum total of it. But there was an ease and grace in his deportment, a fire in his eye, and a tone in his voice, that scemed scarcely to belong to the inere common soldier, whose garb he wore. His limbs were well proportioned-his figure tall
and manly-his complexion ruddy and sumburnt-his bearing easy and unrestrained, and his look that of one more accustomed to command than serve. He had immense monstaches-a pointed beard-a large nose slightly hooked, and eyes of a very amorous expression, and taken altogether, he had the air of a person born for conquest, whether of the fair sex or of kingdoms. His way of making love was of that hearty straightforward kind which carrics all before it. Assured of success, he was, as a matter of course, assuredly successful. Dame Fredegonde found him perfectly irresistible. Her last lover, the strapping Swiss sergeant, who saw himself thus suddenly supplanted, was half fantic with jealonsy, and twisting his fingers in the long black beard that descended to his belt, appeared to meditate with his falchion the destruction of his fortunate rival.

So far as splendour of accoutrements went, the Swiss had decidedly the advantage. No magpie was ever finer. His casaque, which gave additional width to his shoulders, already broad enough. was slashed with red and blue stripes, and girded with a broad red band, tied in a knot and hanging down in points. One of his stockings was red, the other white. A red garter crossed his knee. His barret cap had a projecting steel neb like that of a modern chasseur, with a tuft of scarlet-dyed horschair dangling behind. A round his throat he wore a huge ruff, down which his beard flowed like a dark river. His sword resembled a Moorish scimitar, while against the table by his side rested a halbert with a doubleaxe head. But neither his parti-coloured raiments, his beard, nor his gestures could draw from Dame Fredegonde a single smile of encourarement. She was completely monopolised by the invincible owner of the buff jerkin.

Meanwhile, the scholars lad finished their malvoisie, and were calling loudly for a fresh supply. "Hola! pulehra tabernaria -queen of the cellar!" shouted the Sorbonist, drumming on the table to attract Dame Frederonde's attention. "More wine here -Bordeaux, I say-ex templo! Leave off love-making for awhile -tear yourself from the arms of that jolly gendarme, if you can, like Helen from the embraces of Paris, et nolis promâ funde Fulerua mamu. 'To the cellar, good dame-sine Cerere et Baccho-you know the rest; et amphoram capacem fer citu. Draw it neat and stint not: respice personam, pone pro dun; lus non est in usu, as the good Grandgonsier saith. We are in a great hurry, and as thirsty as sand-beds. Sang de Cabres! compaings, our hostess is deaf. The combat we eame to see will be over before we have done breakfast. Hola !-hola-ho!"
"And we shall look as foolish as we did yesterday," added the Bernardin, thumping upon the board with all his might, "when we found ourselves on the wrong side of the gate of the college of Navarre, during Crichton's disputation. Body of Bacchus! I faint
like a traveller in Arabia the Stony. Have compassion, speciosissimu Fredegonda-your cups are as far apart as the trieteric orgics. 'The tourney was proclamed by the heraids to take place at noon, and it is now nine o' the clock. By the love you bear the Béjaunes of the University, use some despateh, or surrender to us the key of the cellar."
"'The scafioldings are erected, and the barriers raised," eried Harcourt. "I saw the carpenters and tapestry-makers at work: the whole façade of the Louvre looking towards the gardens blazes with silk and seutcheons. Cavaliers and pares are thronging thither in all directions. 'Twill be a glorious sight! I would not miss it for my bachelor's gown."
"Nor I," rejoined Montigigu-" Mordicu! we shall see how Crichton comports himself to-day. It is one thing to war with words, and another with swords. He may find the brave l'rinee of Mantua a better match for him than our sophisters."
"He has only to deal with Gonzaga, as he dcalt with some dozen of your classes yesterday," observed Ogilvy, in a scomful tone, "to ensure himself as cheap a victory as he then obtained."
"Ah!-are you there, mon brave Ecossois," cricd the Sorbonist -"I did not notice you before. But one has only to whisper the name of their patron saint, Crichton, and up starts a Scot, when one least expects such an apparition. However, I am glad to sce you, Sicur Ogilvy-we have an account to settle together."
" The sooner we arrange it then, the better," eried Ogilvy, drawing his dagger, and springing across the bench. "I thought you and your rascal rout had met with your deserts at the scourge of the liangman of the Petit Châtelet; but I care not if your chastiscment be reserved for my hands. Defend yourself, villain."
" Not till I have eaten my breakfast," replied the Sorbonist with considerable phlegm-" As soon as I have finished my meal, I will assuredly do you the honour of cutting your throat. Sede interim, quaso. We are not now in the Rue de Feurre, or the Pré-aux-Clercs, but in the jurisdiction of the Provost of Paris-and under the noses of the watch. I have no intention of baulking your humour, Messire Ecossois, but I have no fancy for cxhibiting myself in the Pilori des Halles to please you."
" Dastard," cried Ogilvy, " will not a blow move you ?" And he was about to deal the Sorbonist a buflet, when Dame Fredegonde, who had witnessed this altercation with some alarm, suddenly flung herself between the disputants.
"Holy Saint Eloi !" she cried, in a loud tone-" a brawl at this time of the day-and in my reputabl? honse too. I can scareely credit my senses. Put up your swords instantly, messires, or I will summon the watch, and give you all into its charge. Ah! you think I only threaten-you slaill sce. Maitre Jacques," she added,
addresing the Swiss sergcant, "this is your business. Let tranquillity be restored."

Maitre Jacques, somewhat gratified to be at length called into notice by his inconstant mistress, stretched out his hand, and without altering his position, dragged Ogilvy towards him, and instantly disarmed him with as much ease apparently as another would have taken a stick from a child, or removed its sting from a wasp. Blount, who was a great admirer of feats of strength, could not refuse a murmur of approbation at the sergeant's singular exhibition of vigour.
"You shall have your sword again when you have recovered your temper," said Maitre Jacques. "By my beard," he added, scowling at the scholars, "I will brain with my halbert the first of you who draws his sword."

Ogilvy regarded the athletic Swiss for an instant, with cyes glowing with indignation, and as if meditating a reprisal. But a gentle voice from the bench recalled him to his seat ; and tranquillity was once more restored.

The soldier, who had watched the dispute and its issue with much nonehalance, now addressed Dame Freclegonde, as she returned to his vicinity.
"W'hat tourney is this, ma mie!" he said, "of which these brave scholars have just now spoken? You know I am only just arrived in Paris with the King of Navarre's envoy, and know nothing of court news. Who is this Crichton? What doth the Prince of Mantua, if I have heard yon student aright, in Paris? And above all, what are the grounds of quarrel between the combatants?"
"Do you expect me to answer all those inquiries in a breath, messire?" replied Dame Fredegonde, langhing. "You need not assure me you are a stranger in Paris, since you question me about the Seigneur Crichton. Who is he? He is handsome enough to be a prince. But I believe he is only a Scottish gentleman. He is, however, the finest tentleman eyes were ever set upon. The Seigneurs Joyense, D'Epernon, and Saint-Luc, and others of his majesty's favourites are not to be compared with him. He is as witty as he is handsome, and as wise as he is witty. Yesterday he had a great disputation with the heads of the University, and they have not had a word to say for themselves since. 'To-day he jousts with the Prince of Mantua in the gardens of the Louvre at noon, and I warrant me, he will come off victorions. In short, he has but to speak and you are dumb-founded-to draw his sword, and his enemy drops at his fect-to look at alady, and straightway she falls into his arms."
" Of a verity, a most accomplished cavalier," said the soldier, with a smile, " but you have not yet told me the occasion of his difference with the young Prince of Miantua. What is their cause of quarrel, sweetheart? Tell me that?"
"No one cen tell to a certainty," replied Dame Fredegonde, mysteriously; " but the challenge was given last night at the Lourre. Some say it is about an Italian mistress-(here the youth near Ogilvy was observed to start)-some that the Seigneur Crichton has discovered a plot agrainst the king's life, in which Cosmo Ruggrecri, and a great lady-whom nobody dares to name-together with this prince are concerned, and that in consequence the Prince of Mantua, Vincenzo, who has been for some time at the court in disguise, has defied him to mortal combat. Certes, there were strange doings at the Hôtel de Soissons last night, as the Chevalier du Guet informed me when he made his rounds. But that's no business of mine. 'They do say, also, that the Seigneur Crichton's life was twice endangered-first at the banquet by the jealousy of another great lady who is in love with him, and who poured a dose of poison into his wine."
"What great lady do you mean, ma mie? Surely not the queen-mother!"
"Holy Virgin! no," cried Fredegonde, with a scream of laughter; "the Scigneur Crichton is hardly likely to be in lore with her."
"Who then?"
"You are very inquisitive, messire. How can it concern you to know in what way queens and other great danes revenge themselves on their lovers' infidelities?"
" Ventre-saint-gris! It may concern me more nearly than you imagine. You know I am from the court at Pau-from Henri of Navarre. You do not mean his queen?"
"I do not mean the Queen Louise, and you may, therefore, form a shrewd guess whom I do mean," replied Dame Fredegonde, significantly. "There you will have a pretty piece of scandal to take back to your monareh. And, as I live, he could not look more blank than you do at the intelligence-ha-ha-ha!"
"Peste!" exclamed the soldier, biting his lip. "And it is for this adventurer that Marguerite refuses to leave her brother's court, and to rejoin her husband."
"To be sure!-she would find your psaln-singing Béarnais rather dull after the gay galliard Crichton. l'ut you look serious, messire?"
"Your sex is enough to make one so," replied the soldier, forcing a laugh.

> " Femmes sont secretes En amour discretes Joulees mygnonnettes Et tant bien parlantes, Mal sont protitables, İe fort variables I sont tous les diables.

Our good Henri will care no more about the matter than I do.

And hark!--those scholars are still clamorous for wine. Allow me to attend you to the cellar?" You will want some help to carry that mighty flagon."
'To retum to Oyilvy and his companions. Biount continued sedulous in his attentions to the chine; but the Scot's appetite was gonc. He swallowed a deep dranght of wine, and began to hack the table with a knife. To a casual remark, addressed to him by the Englishman, he retumed a sullen response. It was evident he was deeply offended. But Blount did not take his petulance in umbrage, but continued his repast in silence, ever and anon bestowing a morsel of fat upon his dog. The Gelosa now drew nearer to the wathfinl Scot, and laid her hand gently upon his arm. Ogilvy turned his inflamed cheek towards her,--
" What would you ?" he asked.
"I would quit this place," said Ginevra, "a presentiment of misfortune, which I cannot slake off; oppresses me. The clamour distracts me, and I am fearful those reckless scholars may recognise me. Besides," she added, with somewhat of reproach in her accent, "you but ill fulfil your patron's injunctions-you were to protect me-not to endanger my safety by provoking hostilitice."
"Pardon my rashness, fair maiden,' replied Ogilvy, with some confusion; "I was wrong in giving way to this foolish display of passion; but where the honour of Crichton is concerned, my feelings are irrepressible."
"I honour you for your devotion," retumed the Gelosir ; "and let not any thourght of risk to me deter you from its manifestation. Conduct me hence, and return, if you see fitting, to avenge yourself upon yon insolent scholar:"
"Impossible!" replied Ogilvy, "the escort from the Vicomte de Joyense which is to conduct you beyond the gates of Paris, and place you on the route to the frontiers of Italy, is not yet arrived. We must await its coming. It was the Chevalier Crichton's desire that we should do so. Fear nothing, fair maiden. I will defend you with the last drop of my blood; nor shall you again have to reproach my intemperate zeal in my patron's behalf."
" My heart misgives me," replied Ginevra, " but since it was his wish, I will remain here. I feel as if I were not yet out of the power of that terrible Gonzaga. And then," she added, timidly, and blushing deeply as she spoke, "shall I confess to you, signor, that I would willingly hazard my safety by remaining in Parrisnay, within the precincts of the Louvre, to witness this tourney. If Vincenzo fall, I have nothing to fear."
"But from Ruggieri-from Catherine you may still apprehend peril," returned Ogilvy, " besides know you not that the king has commanded a combat à plaisunce and not $\grave{a}$ outrance? The prince
may be worsted, therefore - but not slin. Your danger will not be "diminished by the result of this conflict."

A burst of noisy merriment from the seholars here broke upen them, and the following irreverent Bacchanalian lay was chanted at the top of his voice by the Sorbonist; the other students joininge in chorus.

## Gemitc flotans.*

I.

Venite, jovial sons of Hesner,
Who from matin unto vesper,
Roam abroad sub Domino;
Benedictine, Carmelite,
Quaff we many a flask to-night
Salutari nostro
If the wine be, as I think,
Fit for reverend lips to drink
Jubilemas ci.
Ecce bonum vimum, venitc potemus !

## II.

Hodie, when cups are full, Not a thought or care should dull

Corda vestra-
Eat your fill--the goblet quaff, Sufficient is the wine thereof

Seenndam diem:-
What care I-if huge in size
My paunch should wax ?-it testifics
Opera mea.
Vonite potemus!

## III.

Quadraguta years and more
I've seen ; and jolly souls some score
Pon.xmmss.iu;
And life thronghont, have ever thonght, That they, who tipu!e ale that's nanght,

Eirunt corde:
Yea, in my choler waxing hot, I sware sour beer should enter not

In requiem meram. Ecce bonum rimum, venite potemus!

The re-appearance of Dame Fredegonde, and the soldier bearing a capacious stoup of elaret, had given rise to this effusion of the Sorbonist ; and as each goblet was now filled to the brim, after having been previonsly emptied, general hilarity prevailed among the thirsty scions of the miversity. The Bernardin insisted upon the soldier taking a seat beside him, and the Sorbonist deemed it

[^15]incumbent upon him to present a flagon of the ruby fluid to Maitre Jacques, who drained it in a breath.
"Lans tringue!" cried the scholar of Harcourt, slapping the soldier on the shoulder, "I drink to thee. Thou hast given us good measure and good wine, i'faith. May our bnxom hostess never want such a cellarist-nor ourselves sach a drawer-haha!

Remplis ton verre vinide
Vuide ton verre plein.'
"I will not refuse thy pledge, comrade," replied the soldier, "though my brain will not brook many such strong assuults so early in the moming. Here is to thy election to the dignity of chaplain at the next Fête des Fous."
"Jest not with me, compaing, but drink," retorted Harcourt, angrily, "it were thy safer course. Ah! thou refusest. I discern something of the Huguenot about thee. I heard thee tell our hostess just now thou wert from the head-quarters of the Béarnais. One might guess as much from thy neglect of the flask, and devotion to the petticoats-digmum patella operculum. Ah! if it were ever to occur that thy master should be King of France, a pretty time we should have of it! The good old days of Francois I. would be revived with a vengeance. Not a husband in Paris could rest in his bed. The saints defend us from such a consummation. W'ell, I bear him no ill-will-here's to Alcandre."
" Maranatha !" exclaimed the Sorbonist, " that must not pass. We will be Catholic even in our cups. Thy pledge is heretical and schismatic. Rather let us drink confusion to the Béarnais, the Reform, and the Church of Geneva; and success to the League, the true Church, and the brave Balafré!"
"To the Holy Union!" cried the Bernardin.
"To the Pope!" shonted Montaigu.
"'To Beclzebub!" roared Harcourt. "I will hurl my wine-cup in his face who refuses my pledge-Henri of Navarre, and the Huguenot cause!"
"By the mass, I scent heresy in thy pledge, and refuse it," returned the Sorbonist. The words were scarcely out of his mouth when he received the contents of the scholar of Harcourt's flagon in his face.

In an instant all was confusion. Swords were drawn and crossed, and the table nearly upset in the confusion that ensued; but, by the united efforts of Blount, who had now formed one of the party, and the Swiss sergeant, the combatants were separated, and tranquillity for the second time restored. The cause of the disturbance, meantime, our nonchalant soldier, so far from taking any share in the struggle, leaned back in his chair, and indulged in an immoderate fit of laughter.
"How now, thou insensible varlet!" cricd Harcourt, whose
furious countenance and ruffled demeanour presented a singular contrast to his companion's apathy; " hast thou never a sword to draw in thy sovereign's behalf, or grace enough to thank him who is ready to fight thy battles for thee? By my soul, I was wrong. Brother of the Sorbome, thy hand. Thon wert in the right to object to my rascal pledge. Ventre-saint-Quintin! from a Hugucnot one gets neither aid nor acknowledgment."
"The quarrel was of thine own seeking, comrade," returned the soldier, with increased merriment; "I pressed thee not into my service-the good cuuse of the Reformed Faith needs no such blustering advocate as thou; and the Béanais will not laugh a whit the less loudly because one sot drinks to his suceess, and another to his confusion."
"Fairly spoken," cried Montaigu, " for a Huguenot our refurmado hath the air of an honest fellow. A truce to raillery, comrades! Favete linguis. These brawls interfere with drinking. Let us have a song to restore us to harmony. Chantons, beuvous un!. motet, as grorious old Rabelais hath it."
"Entomons," cried the others, laughing.
"What shall it be?" asked the soldier.

> " Le chansou de la Perouelle, La vie dc Monsieur Saint Françoys, La Confiteor des Angloys,
or the merry burden of some farce, sotic, or joyous discourse?"
"La R'éformeresse, for instance," retorted Montaigu, vociferating at the top of his voice-
" To Paris, that good city, Navarre's young king is come, And flock forth the damsels pretty, At the beating of his drum. But the fairest 'mid the crowd, sirs, The loveliest of the lot, Is a nymph, who cries alond, sirs, To the charch, sire, you go not, Iluguenot!
"E'en give us what thon wilt, my puissant Hector: so thy strains savour not of the nasal melodics of Théodore Beza, or the canticles of Clément Marot, they will be right welcome."
"Lend me your voices in full chorus, then," replied the soldier, " and respond to my litany." And, in a deep tone, he sing as follows:-

> From all men, who, counsel scorning,
> To the taverul lio a tomorning
> With Latin bise their talk adorning, Liberan nos Domine.

From all those, who night and day,
Cards and raiment cast away,
At cards and dice and other play,
Jibera nos Domine.
" Satis superque," shouted Montaigu, " thy rogation toucheth me too nearly, as testifieth the tattered state of my exponibles, to be altogether satisfactory-Hei mihi!

> Alea, vina, Venus, tribus his sum factus egenus.

Sed parum est. I have still a few liards left, and when my pouch is utterly evacuate, I can turn Huguenot or hang myself-it matters little which. In the meantime;" and here the reekless youth once more broke into song:-

## ミong of the ミitbolar."

## I.

A jolly life enough I lead-that is semper quam possum;
When mine host inviteth me, I answer ecce assum?
Women, wine, and wai-sailry lubeus libenter colo, And after meals to pass the time chartis ludisque volo, Unluchily these games are not omnino sine dolo.

## II.

Wine to tipple I conceive quod fiu generatus, Treasure to amass, indeed, I doubt if I was natus, Never yet with coin enough was I locupletatus, Or, with a superfluity, vehementer excilatus Despice divitias si vis animo esse beatus.

## III.

Whither are my raiments fled? amice mi!-st quaris? Quaffed they were in flowing cups in tempore (hen!) veris; Thus am I obliged to roam subhorvidus per vico, Herding amidst truand rognes et alios iniquos: Cum fueris feli.x multos namerabiv amicos!
"Bellissime !" eried the soldier, " thy ease is a hard one, I must needs admit, comrade. But thou art a likely lad, and I promise thee, if thou wilt accompany me to the King of Navarre's camp, whither I set out this morning, and wilt forswear thy roystering habits, and embrace the true doctrine, I will put thee in a way of lining thy pouch with weightier pieces than any it now holds, and of replacing thy threadbare apparel with the hacquetoon and habergeon of the Bourbon."
"Weighty blows are said to abound more than weighty pieces in thy king's psaln-singing camp," returned Montaigu, "and I must We bribed by present payment if I vend my soul to Messire Sathanas. But come," he added, filling his goblet; " let us drink between our songs, and sing between our dranghts. Adipol! my

[^16]jolly missioner ad partes infidelium, thou hast the throat of a nightingale, and warblest a song divinely; and as thou art chary of the flask, wilt have the more leisure to divert us with another stave."
" Ventre-saint-gris," muttered the soldier, smiling to himself; " could my faithful Rosni have foreseen, that, during his absence, I should play the lover to a buxom aubergiste, the buffoon to a pack of losel scholars, and the rebel to myself, I had not cecaped a lecture as long as ever John Calvin pronounced from his puipit at Geneva. No matter: the monotony of life must be relieved; and he is a wise man who makes the most of the passing moment."

With this philosophieal reflection, he yielded to the scholar's importunities. It has been observed before, that his countenance was remarkable for its frankness and cordiality. It had, besides, an indescribable expression of comic humour, which broadened and brightened as he proceeded withi his vocal performance, into a glow of such irresistible drollery, that his auditors were almost convulsed with laughter; and, as real mirth is always contagions, the infection was speedily commmicated to every grest of the Falcon, the pensive and dolorous Ogilvy not excepted.

## Che Cbronicle of Gargantua:

SHOWING HOW HE TOOK AWAY THE GREAT BELLS OF NOTRF-DAME.

## I.

Grandgousier was a toper boon, as Rabelais will tell ye,
"hoo. once upon a time, got drunk with his old wife Gargamelly:
Right royally the bout began (ao queen was more punetilious
'Than Gargamelle) on chittertings, botargos, golebillios:*
※ing, Carimati, carimara! golgnoln, golnnolo!

## II

They licked their lips, they cut their quips-a flask then each selected; And with good Greek, as satin sicek, their gullets they homected. liang stave and jest, the flask they pressed--bnt ere away the wine went, Occurred most inexpectedly (Qneen Gargamelle's confinement!
※ing, Carimari, carimara! gulmoln, golpnolo!

## III.

No sooner was Gargantua born, than from his infant throtele, Arose a most melodious cry to his nurse to bring the bottle!
Whereat Grandgonsier much rejoiced-as it seemed, mito his thinking, A certail sign of a humour fine for most immoderate drinking!
¿ing, Carimari, caximara! golumolı, golymolo!

[^17]Gargantua shot up，like a tower some city looking over！
His full－moon visage in the clonds，leagues off，ye might discover！
His gracious person he arrayed－ 1 do not mean to langh at ye－
With a smi of clothes，and great trmak hose，of a thousand ells of taffety．
末ing，Carimari，sarimara！golynoly，golynolo！

## V．

Around his waist Gargantua braced a belt of silk bespangled， And from his hat，as a platter flat，a long blue feather dangled； And down his hip，like the mast of ship，a rapier huge descended， With a dagger keen，stuck his sash between，all for ornament intended．

まíng，Carimari，carimara！golpnoly，golpnolo！

## VI．

So learned did Gargantua grow，that he talked like one whose turn is For logic，with a sophister，hight Tubal Holofernes．
In Latin too he lessons took from a tutor old and seedy，
Who tanght the＂Quid Est，＂and the＂Pars，＂－one Jobelin de Bridé！
まing，CAtimari，sarimara！golpnoly，golpnolo！

## VII．

A monstrous mare Gargantua rode－a black Numidian courser－
A beast so droll，of filly or foal，was never seen before，sir！
Great elephants looked small as ants，by her side－her hoofs were cloven！ Her tail was like the spire at Langes－her mane like goat－beards woven！ ミing，Carimari，sarimara！golpnoly，golpnolo！

## VIII．

Upon this mare Gargantua rode until he came to Paris， Which，from Utopia＇s eapital，as we all know，rather far is－
The thundering bells of Notre－Dame，he took from out the steeple， And he hung them round his great mare＇s neck in the sight of all the people！ sing，CCrimari，sarimara！golynoly，golpnolo！

## 1X．

Now，what Gargantua did beside，I shall pass by without notice， As well as the absurd harangue of that wiseacre Janotus； But the legend tells that the thundering bells Bragmardo brought away，sir， And that in the towers of Notre－Dame they are swinging to this day，sir！ ミing，Cearimara，sarimari！golpnoly，golpnulo！

## X．

Now the great deeds of Gargantua，－how his father＇s foes he followed－ How pilgrims six，with their staves and scrips，in a lettuce leaf he swallowed－ How he got blind drunk with a worthy monk，Friar Johnny of the Funnels，－ And made luge cheer，till the wine and beer flew about his camp in runnels－ Eing，Carimari，arrimara ！golnnoly，golnmolo！

## XI.

How he took to wife, to cheer his life, fat Badebec the moper ;
Aud by her begat a Insty brat, Pantagruel the toper!
And did other things, as the story sings, too long to find a place here, Are they not writ, with matchless wit, by Alcofribas Nasier?*
¿ing, Carimari, carimara! golpnoly, golpnolo!
As the soldier brought his song to a close, amid the thundering applause and inextinguishable laughter of the scholars, his own exhilaration was considerably damped by the sudden appearance of two new comers, who had entered the cabaret, unobserved, during his performance; and with looks sufficiently expressive of their disapprobation of his conduct, held themselves aloof until the termination of his strains, when they slowly approached the table.

The foremost of these personages was a man of middle age, and severe aspect, fully equipped in the accoutrements of a military leader of the period; but his breast-plate, though of the brightest Milan steel, was wholly destitute of ornament, and resembled rather, in its heavy and cumbrous form an antique conirass, of the age of Bayard and Gaston de Foix, than the lackered and embossed armour worn by the knighthood of the court of France. A tall plume nodded upon his morion, and a longtwo-handed sword, called in the language of the tilt-yard a gagne-pain, was girded to his thigh. The hand, able to wield such a blade with ease, could not, it was evident, be deficient in energy. From his right hip hung the long and trenchant dagger, termed, from its use in combat, a miséricorde. His companion was habited in the black Geneva cloak and band, constituting the attire of a preacher of the Reformed Faith. He was a venerable man, with silver hair streaming upon his shoulders from beneath his black silk calotte. His figure was bent by age and infirmities, and his steps needed the support of a staff; but the fire which yet blazed in his decp-seated gray eye, showed that the ardour and enthusiasm of his youthful spirit was still unextinguished.
"Diable !" mentally exclaimed the soldier, pushing aside his seat and rising to greet the strangers, "Rosni here-and my old preceptor Doctor Florent Cbrétien. Parbleu ! their arrival at this juncture is unlucky. But I must put the best face I can upon the matter." And, as these thoughts passed rapidly through his mind, he reverently saluted the minister, and exchanging a significant look with the knight, the party adjourned to a more retired part of the cabaret.
"I did not expect to find your majesty thus occupied," observed Rosni, in a tone of reproach, as soon as they were out of hearing $0 \mathrm{a}^{\circ}$ the company. "Methinks the wise and valiant Henri of Navarre might have more profitabiy as well as worthily employed his

[^18]
leisure, than by administering to the amusements, and sharing in the pastimes of these unlicensed and idolatrous brawlers."
"Tush, Rosni," replied Henri of Bourbon, "I am not a monarch with these revellers; and were I to vouch any explanation to thee, with whom I am a king, I could offer such reasons for my conduct as would convince thee, that what I have done has been without impeachment of my 'valour and wisdom,' and was merely undertaken to sustain my character as a soldier."
"Your character as a soldier would have been better sustained by repressing licence than abetting it, sire," returned Rosni, bluntly. "Had I been in your majesty's place, and these riotous Edomites had pressed me to make music for them, I would have treated them to a psalm, such as our pious Calvin hath himself appointed for the recreation of the faithful, or to one of those momnful ballads so displeasing to the enemies of our religion, wherein their own sanguinary atrocities are sternly set forth, and the sufferings of our martyrs painfully recorded."
"And have been laughed at for thy pains," said Henri. "Trust me, my expedient was the wiser one."

At this moment the voice of the scholars again rose loud in song; and the following chorus reached the ears of the King of Navarre and his companions:-

> A merry company are we Who spend our lives in revelry, Self-nick-named Eafoni-sans sumui!
> Ctic, cooc, cric, cruc, la, la!
"Ohé ! soldier of the true faith," shouted Montaigu, "another song before we start for the tourney! Heed not thy captain's reprimand. We will bear thee harmless."
" 'Ihou hearest," said Henri, smiling, "those enfuns-sans-souci, as they not inaptly term themselves, are clamorous for my-return. Ventre-saint-gris! Rosni, I am half disposed to send thee to them as my substitute. I would gladly see what effect one of thy doleful ditties would have upon their high-flown spirits. Wilt take my seat at yon table?"
"I will obey your majesty's behests," repliced Rosni, gravely" but I wash my hands of the consequences."
"Go then," replied Henri, laughing, "thou deservest some punishment for thy imprudence. What, in the devil's name, indaced thee to bring old Chrétien to this ' mecting of the mockers,' and 'seat of the scomful,' as he would call it? 'Thy former experience might have led thee to expect some such untoward accident as the present ; and it should be rather thy business to draw a veil over thy sovereign's foibles than to betray them."
"I shall observe more caution in future," returned Rosni, in a tone of irony, " but after his own involuntary promise of amendment, it ill became me to doubt my sovereign's maintenance of
his word. Doctor Florent Chrétion, whom I chanced upon at the Protestant consistory in the Faubourg Saint-Germain, this morning, hath a matter of importance to communicate to your majesty's private ear, and to that end I ventured to bring him hither."
"Thou hast done well, Rosni," replied the king, " nevertheless, I cannot pretermit the punishment I have imposed on thec. Hark! my comrades call thee-ro and join them."

Again the chorus of the scholars arose above the general clamour; and the Sorbonist was heard vociferating the following verses:-

## Eond of the 末orhonist.

Death to the Huguenot! fagot and flame!
Death to the Hugnenot! torture and shame!
Death! Death!
Hereties' lips sue for mercy in vain, Drown their loud cries in the waters of Seine!

Drown! Drowa!

Hew down, consume them with fire and with sword:
A good work ye do in the sight of the Lord!
Kill! Kill!
Hurl down their temples! their ministers slay!
Let them bleed as they bled on Barthélemy's day!
Šlay! Slay!
A roar of insolent laughter followed this effusion. Henri of Navarre bit his lips.
"Go," he said, frowninır, " leave me with Chrétien."
"By the holy evangel! I will make these accursed mass-mongers such sport as Sampson showed the Philistines," returned Rosni. "But before I quit your presence, sire, I must aequaint you that your escort is in readiness at the Porte Montmartre, and that two of my followers with your steed await your coming forth at the door of this cabaret."
"Let them wait," answered the king, sharply, "I shall not set out upon my journcy till the evening."
" How, sire?" asked Rosni.
"It is my intention to attend the jousts held this morning at the Louvre."
"But your majesty-"
"Is resolved to have my own way-so thou mayest spare me further remonstrances on that head, Rosni. Not only will I witness this tommey, but break a lance at it myself in honour of the queen my spouse ; though I freely confess she deserves no such at-
tention at my hands, after her refusal to join me where she deems I now am, at my court at Pau. But let that pass. There is a Scottish cavalier, who hath boasted, as it seems to me, somewhat indisereetly, of Marguerite's fivours towards him, whether truly or not signifies little, as I hold secresy to be the first duty of a gallant. I have a fancy for lowering this prattling mignon's erest, the rather that he is reputed an expert tilter, and as such not unworthy of my lance. And it may chance if Marguerite secs her favourite laid low, she may change her mind as to returning with me. At all events I shall attend this tourney in the quality of a knight-adventurer. Thou shalt ride forth with me anon, and procure me suitable equipments. My own steed will bear me bravely through the day."
"Your majesty shall commit no such folly," replied Rosni, bluntly.
"Baron de Rosni," exclaimed Henri, haughtily, "we have honoured thee thus far with our friendship-but there are limits to our good-nature which even you shall not exceed."
"Pardon my bluntness, sire," returned Rosm, " but at the hazard of forleiting your favour I would step between you and the peril to which you expose yourself thus rashly. When your faithful counsellors reluctantly consented to your coming hither on this fruitless embassy to a queen who loves you not, but who partakes of the perfidious and inconstant nature of her family--when, I say, they consented to your accompanying your own messengers, in disguise, my life was pledged for your safe return. That life is nothing. But upon your security, sire, hangs the fate of a kingdom, and the prosperity of a pure and holy faith of which you are the defender and champion. Bethink you of the cause in which you have embarked-of your zealous fullowers--of the whole Protestant world, whose eyes are fixed upon you-bethink you also of the risk you run-of the inevitable consequences attendant upon a diseovery of your presence-of your long captivity in the walls of the Louvre from which you have so recently escaped. Think of all this. and blame (if you can?) the zeal which prompts me to speak thus boldly."
" Leave me, sir," replied Henri, "I would speak with my old preceptor. You shall know my determination anon."

Rosni bowed, and took the place assigned to him by the monarch at the table of the revellers. His arrival was grected with loud laughter, and many muttered allusions from the reckless crew to his Huguenot principles.
"Hark ye, messires," said Rosni, "'you have prevailed upon one of my troop to sing for you, and in return have favoured us with one of those ferocious melodies which your brethren howled to the thundering tocsin of the bloody day of Saint-Barthelemi. Ye shall now have my response. But first I charge ye let your
goblets be filled to the brim, and drink the pledge I shall propose to you-" The downfall of Antichrist, the externsination of the Learue, and the universal establishment of the True Faith.' Ha ! you hesitate. lBy the evangel ! messires, I will thrust my poignard into his throat who refuses my pledge." So saying he drew his dayger and glanced fiercely round the group:

A stern silence succeeded this speech. The mirth of the scholars was suddenly checked. Each one glanced at his neighbour, as if he expected he would resent the insult. But no one dared to do so openly.
"I am with you, Sir Knight," exclaimed Blomt. "I will see that all obey you."
"The pledge!" said Rosni, seizing the scholar of Harcourt by the throat, and forcing him to pronounce the hateful words, and ufterwards to wash them down with a deep dranght of wine.
"By Saint Thomas, thou escapest not," cried Blount, grappling with the Sorbonist.
"Not one shall escape me," said Rosni-" he shall drimk it, or die the death."

Accordingly, sceing resistance was in vain against armed force like that of the knight, the scholars sullenly complied.
"I have not yet done with you, messires," said Rosni, in a tone of mockery-"I will not insult the religion I profess, by allowing blasphemers, like yourselves, to take part in its holy psalms; but as you have rung in my ears the death-knell of our slanghtered saints, ye shall listen to the judgment called down from on ligh for that offence upon the head of the late treacherous and bloodthirsty sovereign, Charles IX. Stir not, neither offer any interruption, as ye would avoid a sudden and speedy doom."
"Lend me your dagger, Sir Kinght," said Ogilvy, unable to control his choler, and springing towards the table; "and I will compel as attentive andience to your strains as ever was accorded to the sermons of our pions Knox."
"And as willing," said the Benardin, with a sneer.
" Take that in earnest of the chastisement I will inflict upon him who shall disobey the knight's commands," said Ogilvy, bestowing a sommding buffet upon the scholar's cheek, adding fiercely, as he received the misiricorde from Rosni, "the first of you who speaketh a word of offence breathes his last."

Amid the grances of defiance and suppressed rage cast upon him by the scholars, the knight, in a deep stern tone, sang the following ballad :-

## Charles Ex . at ftiontaucon.

## I.

"To horse-to horse !" thus spake King Charles, " to horse, my lords, with me Unto Montfancon will we ride-a sight you there shall see."
" Montfancon, sire!" said his esquire-" what sight, my liege, how mean ye?"
" The carcase stark of the traitor dark, and heretic Coiigni."

## II.

The trumpets bray, their chargers neigh a loud and glad réveilléAnd plandits ring, as the hanghty king from the Louvre issues gaily On his right hand rides his mother, with her dames-a gorgeous train-On his lelt careers his brother, with the proud Duhe of Lorraine.

## III.

Behind is seen hus youthful queen-the meek Elizabeth* -
With her damsels bright, whose talk is light of the sad, sad slow of death :Ah, lovely ones!-ah, gentle ones! from the scoffer's judgment screen ye ! Mock not the dust of the martyrd just, for of such was good Coligni.

## IV.

13y foot up-hung, to fesh-hook strung, is now revealed to all, Mon:ldering and shrma, the headless trunk of the good old admiral : Cash-visaged Guise the sight doth please-fierce lord, was nanght between ye? In felon blow of base Poltrot $\dagger$ no share had brave Coligni.

## V.

" Now, by God's death !" the monarch saith, with inauspicions smile, As langhing, group the reckless troop round gray Montancon's pile; "From off that hook its founder shook-Enguerrand de Marigni- $f$ But gibbet chain did ne'er sustain such burthen as Coligni."

[^19]
## VI.

" Back! back! my liege," exclamed a paye, "with death the air is tainted, The sun grows hot, and see you not, good sire, the queen has fainted."
" Let those retire," quoth Charles in ire, "whothink ihey stand too nigh:
To us no scent yields such content as a dead enemy."*

## VII.

As thus he spake the king did quake-he licard a dismal moan A wounded wretel had crept to stretch his hones beneath that stone :-
"Of dying man," gromed he, "the ban, the Lord's anointed dread,
My curse shall cling to thee, O king!-much righteous blood thou's shed."
VIIf.
" Now hy Christ's blood!-hy holy Lood!" cried Charles, impatiently; [die."
"With sword and pike--strike. liegemen, strike!-God's death! this man shall Straight lalbert crashed, and matchlock flashed-but ere a shot was tiredWith langh of scom that wight forlorn had suddenly expired.

> ix.

From the Lonvre gate, with heart clate, King Charles that morn did ride; With aspect dern did he return, quenched was his glance of pride :Remorse and ruth, with serpent tooth, thenceforth seized on his breastWith bloody tide his couch was dyed-pale visions broke his rest ! $\dagger$

As the Baron de Rosni concluded his sons, a sullen murmur amongst the scholars, decpening as it proceeded, until it took the character of an angry groan.
"P'ar la Porte d'Enfer, which once conducted the neophyte to our halls," muttered Harcourt, "I would as soon die with the Confession of Augsburg upon my lips as listen to such another ditty. Coligni's own epitaph would make a sprightlier lay:-

> Cr gist, mais e'st mal entendu,
> Ce not pour luy est trop honneste,
> Iey 1 Admizal et peudr
> Par les pieds in faute de teste!'
"Pas les pieds à fiute de tête !" chorussed the others, with a roar of derisive laughter.
"Peace, on your lives," cried Ogilvy, with a threatening gesturc.
"By the memory' of' the good 'Thomas Crucé, who slaughtered eighty of these schismatics with his proper hand," whispered the Sorbonist to the scholar of Harcourt; "I will wash out the affiont put upon ns, in the blood of that accursed Scot-affensam ense vindical.o."
"My blade shall second you," retarned Harcourt in the same tonc.

[^20]
## CHAPTER II.

## THE HUGUENOT.

Shaque mot qu'il disait était un trait de flamme, Qui pénétrait Henri jusqu'au fond de son t̂me. 11 quitte avec regret ce vieillard vertueux ; Des pleurs en l'embrassant coulèrent de ses yeux.

Voltaire. Henruade. Chave. I.
No sooner had Rosni quitted his sovereign's presence than the vencrable Florent Chrétien, approaching Henri, took his hand and pressed it fervently to his lips. As the king withdrew his fingers from the old man's grasp, he perceived they were wet with his tears.
"Nay, by my faith, my excellent friend," he said, in a tone of great kindness, "this must not be. Tears from such cyes as yours are reproaches too cutting for endurance. I had rather you would chide me in the harshest terms you could employ, than assail me with the only weapons against which I am not proof. What would you have me do?"
"Does not your own great and generous heart, my liege," returned the minister, "which prompts you to interpret the overflowing of an anxious breast into rebuke, tell you what course you ought to pursue? Does it not point out to you that your life, precious in itself-but oh! of inestimable value to all members of our pure religion, to whom you are as Joshua or Maccabrus, may not be lightly imperilled by your own act without manifest departure from that high course, which the King of kings hath appointed you to rum; and which in due season, if you remain true to yourself, and to your cause, you will doubtless gloriously accomplish. Well and truly hath your faithful follower the Baron de Rosni, spoken; when he averred that on your safcty depends that of the true Chureh of Christ ; and not in vain will my tears have been shed, if they avail to turn you from these vanities, and recall your nobler nature. Better I should lament than your enemies rejoice. Better one should blush in secret than a whole kingdom be turned to shame for its sovereign's defection. Cast off this slavery of the senses. Yield not to the devices and snares of the Prince of Darkness. You are our guardian, our bulwark, our tower of strength. Pause ere you wantonly expose our decimated flocks to the further ravages of these derouring wolves."

As he spoke, the old man's eyes glistened, and his looks kindled till his glowing countenance wore an air of apostolic fervour that produced, more than his words, a strong impression upon the king.
"Rest assured, my good friend," replied Henri, "I will in no way compromise my own security, or that of the church over whose welfare I watch, and in whose behalf I have raised my banner. I have other and stronger motives than the mere love of such a
pageant which attract me to these jousts, but I give you my word as a kiner, that I will place neither my life nor my personal safety in needless jeopardy. And now," he added, with a smile, "thanking you for your admonitory counsels, which, as you well know, are scldom pleasant in royal cars; and having searce leisure for it longer homily, or even for further conference at this moment, let us iurn to your own peenliar concerns. If you have any communication to make, delay it not. I am impatient to know how I can serve you."
"It is not in my own behalf that I would claim your majesty's services," rejoined the preacher, "but in that of one in whom you yourself are nearly interested. Know, sire, that a sister of the Prince of Condé is at this moment a captive in the hands of the bloody Jezabel of France. It is for her deliverance from thraldom and oppression that I solicit your aid; and if you are resolved to expose yourself to needless risk, let it be to effect the liberation of a princess of your own royal blood, a zealons believer in our creed, and in the eyes of a searcher of knightly adventure, for as such I must regard your majesty, a distressed and forlorn damsel."
"If this, indeed, were as you represent it, my good friend," replied Hemi, "you should have my instant aid, even though it were needful to bear her from the Louve with my handful of men. But you have been deceived by some false statement. Our cousin of Conde has mo sister at the court of France."
" The prince believes she perished in her infancy, sire," retumed the preacher, " but her preservation from the sword of those fiere Amalekites, who beset the grood Louis de Bourbon on his flight to Rochelle was little less than miraculons, as you will find when I relate to you the history of this unfortunate princess, as it was delivered to me by one of the attendants of the queen-mother, who hath recently become a convert to our faith."
" Your information is derived from a suspicions quarter, messire," returned the ling with a smile of incredulity. "Catherine's cameriere are as deceitlul to the full as the daughters of the Philistincs. I know them of old. Your proselyte may prove a Delibah after all, and her specious story only a snare laid to entrap you. Our uncle, Louis de Bourbon, it is true, hath often spoken of the hapless fate of his infant daughter in the mometain defiles near San cerre, but he believed, nay, was assured, that she perished."
"Credit me, sire, she lives," replied Chrétien. And he then succinctly detailed such particulars of Esclaimonde's story as are already familiar to the reader-adding that the princess had been hitherto kept in ignorance of her illustrious origin from a fear lest some inadvertence, not unnatural on the part of one so young and inexperienced, should betray her consciousness of her real rank and condition to the suspicions of Catherine, and militate against any plans formed for her deliverance. The preacher likewise stated
that he had been summoned at an early hour on that morning to the Louvre by Ammuziata (the attendant from whom he had obtained his knowledge of this important secret), to visit Esclair-monde- that she had revealed to him, without reserve, the events of the preceding night-imploring him to free her from the persecution of her royal lover, who, it appeared, had despatehed a billet, stating that if she offered further opposition to his passion he would denounce her as a heretic to the inquisition of the Catholic priesthood. "She was bathed in tears when I entered the chamber," said Chrétien, " and at first refused to be comforted, but deeming the proper period arrived for its disclosure, I acquainted her with the illustrious stock from which she sprang, and besought her to comport herself like a descendant of that royal house."
"Ha! corbleu! how reccived she the intelligence?"
"Like a doughter of the race of Bourbon," replied Chrétien"her grief was at once checked, and she conferred calmly and deliberately with me upon the means of her evasion. One circumstance alone appeared to give her uncasiness-but I doubt whether I am at liberty to mention it to your majesty."
" Do not mention it, then, my good friend," returned the king, "if it is aught the princess would not wish to be divulged to me."
"It is, however, desirable, I think, that your majesty should be acquainted with the state of her heart, the rather that you may form a judgment-"
"Whether the alliance be suitable, ha! messire. What cavalier has been so fortunate as to ingratiate himself into the good opinion of this captive princess?"
"A Scottish gentleman, my liege, who hath greatly distinguished himself at the court of your royal brother of France-the Chevalier Crichton."
"Mort de ma vie!" exclaimed Henri, angrily; "doth he aspire to her hand?"
"Your majesty forgets that he knew her only as one of Qucen Catherine's maids of honour."
" True," replied the king, sternly, " but she is now our cousin, and as such no mate for an adventurer."
"It was her sense of this change in her condition, my liege, and of the impassable bar placed between her and her lover that gave her so much pain: nor was her uneasiness diminished, when she learnt, as she shortly afterwards did, from a missive conveyed to her from the Chevalier Crichton, that he had by accident made the discovery of her exalted origin, and at the peril of his life wrested the proofs of it from Catherine's own hands; but in his endeavour to transmit the packet to her, while he was yet in the power of the queen-mother, it had been irrecoverably lost."
"Ventre-saint-gris!" exclaimed Henri; "were there such proofs?"
"The Chevalier Crichton affirmed that the packet contained
letters from the queen-mother, the Maréchal de Tarames, and the Cardinal of Lorraine."
"Diable!" cried the king, with vivacity, "those letters were well worth the risk of a life, and would have obviated the necessity of bring forward the scarce credible statement of your proselyte Ammaziata. Heaven grant they have not fallen again into Catherine's clutehes! It was a bold deed to tear her prey from the lioness, and this Crichton hath proved himself a cavalier of no mean prowess. One question more, good Chrétien, did not this Scottish knicht promise to fimish his adventure by delivering our captive cousin:"
"Of' a verity, my liege, he did so," retumed the preacher with some reluctance.
"I knew as much," said Hemri, smiling; "Esclairmonde is now at the Lonvre ?--ha!"
": In the train of Queen Louise, whom sle accompanies at noon to the lists, where, by his majesty's commands, she presides as sorereign arbitress. To-night there is anew fète and masque at the Lourre. Before that time she must be delivered from thraldom, or her fate is sealed."
"Before that hour she shall be delivered," replied the king, " or I will myself proclaim her rank before Henri and his assembled court. But time presses, good Chrétien, and I must to the tilt-yard."
"Your majesty-"
"Is peremptory-headstrong-what you will? But waste nomore words upon me. Tarry here till the jousts are over, and I will rejoin you."

As he spoke, the king made a sign to the Baron de Rosni, who, with a glance of ineffable disdain at the menacing gestures of the scholars, instantly rejoined him, and after a little further conversation with the preacher, and a valediction, which greatly: scandalised the good old man, proffered to his buxom hostess, Henri and his follower quitted the cabaret.

They were about to mount the steeds awaiting their coming forth, at the door of the tavern, when a band of equerries, pages, and gentleman-ushers in superb liveries of erimson velvet, slashed with yellow satin, accompanied by a crowd of trumpeters and haut-boy-players blowing loud flomishes, rode furiously down the Rue Pelican, shouting as they passed "Make way for the queen-mother -stand back-stand back." Henri drew his cap closely over his brow at this intimation, and appeared to busy himself about the saddle of his charger. Presently Catherine appeared mounted upon a beautiful Spanish jemet, and attended by her "petite bande des. dames," all on horseback, on their way to the Louvre. It was impossible to conceive a gayer or more attractive sight than this brilliant troop of youthful dames, each attended by a page habited in her colours, presented. All were masked in demi-vizards of various dyes, and the beholder therefore could do little more than guess. at the loveliness of their lineaments. But the brightuess of the orbs

fashing through the apertures of those witehing tourets de nez-the splendour of their attire-the grace they displayed on their steeds -the waving of their silken tresses-the elegance and lightness of their figures, left him in little incertitude as to the charms of feature thus enviously concealed from view. In spite of the risk incurred by suck a proceeding, Henri could not resist the temptation of stealing a glance at the fair equestrians as they passed in review before him ; and as the person of one, who seemed to be more exquisitely proportioned than her companions attracted his ardent gaze, the damsel (it was La Rebours) remarked to her companion"Sainte Marie! La Fosseuse, only see how much that soldier resembles the King of Navarre !"
" Nenni !" returned La Fosscuse pertly, "I discover no likeness -or if there is any, the soldier has decidedly the advantage over the monarch-his shoulders are broader."
"Perhaps so," sighed La Rebours; "but the resemblance is very remarkable." And as she turned her head to satisfy herself of the fact, the king had disappeared. "How very singular!" she thought, musing on the circumstance as she rode along.

We will now return to the cabaret and inquire after the Gelosa. With difficulty the unhappy maiden mastered her terror when she perceived Ogilvy engaged in a second brawl with the scholars, and found herself deserted by both her protectors; but her alarm was greatly inereased, when after the departure of the Baron de Rosni, the menaces of the scholars assumed a more determinately hostile shape, and the Scot was loudly threatened with death on all sides. Neither could the strong arms of Blount and the Swiss sergeant, nor the peaceful interposition of the preacher, avail to allay the storm. 'They eried out loudly for his blood, and swords and dargers were drawn-tables and benches overturned-glasses brokendeep and vindictive oaths uttered; and a sangumary conflict must have ensued, had not the Chevalier du Guet and his two lieutenants armed with partisans, and accompanied by several other personages in sable dresses, whose sallow countenances as well as certain peculiarities in their costume, proclaimed them to be Italians, suddenly entered the tavern. The chief of the watch commanded peace in the king's name; and apprehensive of the consequences of a refusal to obey his order, the combatants were compelled to sheath their olades. But in the mean time another event occurred, which grave a new turn to the affair, and served to re-awaken their suspended animosity. As her eye rested upon the new comers, Ginevra could not repress a faint scream, and attracted by the sound, one of the foremost of their number instantly rushed towards her, and ere the hapless maiden could offer any resistance, she found herself in the power of the followers of Gonzaga. To rush to her assistance, to extricate her from the grasp of her assailant, was with Ogilvy the work of a moment. But his assistance was ineffectual. Ginevra only escaped from one hand to be retaken by the other. The

Sorbonist twined his arms round the form of the fiying giri and bore her back to her eaptors. Ogily meanwhile had not relinquished the grasp he had fixed upon the Italian. In the struqgele that succeeded, a packet fell from the doublet of the latter. The Scot recornised it at onec.
"Ah!" he exelaimed, setting his foot uper the papers, "to the rescue, Blount-to the rescue-there is the object of our patron Crichton's seareh-the documents establishing the Princess Esclairmonde's birth-to the rescue-to the rescue!"
"Gracious heaven !" exelaimed the preacher, " to his aid, young man. I would fain wield a sword in such a cause myself-help!help!'"

Blount needed not this incitement to draw sword. He threw himself resolutely upon the ltalians, whose weapons were all directed against Ogilvy's breast, and struck the foremost of them to the ground. But his purpose was checked by a sudden and fatal Assue being put to the combat. One of the followers of Gonzaga, watching his opportunity, plunged his stiletto decply into Ogilvy's breast. Without a groan, though he felt himself mortally wounded, the Scot now stooped down, and receiving, as he did, numberless wounds from his adversaries, obtained possession of the packet.
"Take it," he said, as with a dying effort he reached the Englishman's side, "you know its destination-heed me not-away-my strength will not avail me to fly, but my heart goes with you and to my patron-tell him-but I cannot speak-go-go."

Uttering these words, he committed the packet to Plount's custody, and suddenly turning, confronted his adversaries with a look so fierce and desperate, that the boldest of them shrank back appalled.
"Follow me, messire," whispered Dame Fredegonde, who, under cover of the protecting arm of the Swiss sergeant, had ventured to approach the combatants, "follow me," she said, plucking Blount's sleeve, "and you too, worthy sir," addressing the preacher, "you can render little assistance to that dying man, and your presence will only incite these murtherous students to further acts of violence. Holy Virgin!-blessed Luther, I mean-but I scarcely know what I am saying-that such a fray as this should dishonour my dwelling. Maitre Jacques, look to their swords-merey upon us! -ward them off-I will find means to requite your valour-come along, messires-quick-quick, this way-this way."

Blount looked irresolute.
"By Saint Ben'et," he said, "I never yet turned my back upon an enemy; and I see not why I should fly for the first time when I have a friend to avenge."
"If thou wouldst indeed avenge me, tarry not," cried Ogrilvy. And as he spoke, the sword of one of his antagonists was thrust through his body, and the Scot fell to the earth.
"Let them not wholly triumph," gasped the dying man,-"an :
he escapes," he cried, turning his glazing eyes in the direction of Blount, who defended by the nervons arm and huge falchion of the Swiss, as well as by the dreaded fangs of his dog Druid, and guided by the friendly hostess, speedily effected his retreat, together with the preacher, through a small doorway, not hitherto obscrved by the guests. As this door was closed and barricaded by the stalwart person of Maitre Jacques, a smile of exultation lighted up Ogilvy's features: "I die content," he murmured.

At this moment a piereing shriek rent the air. It proceeded from the Gelosa. Her captors were about to bear her off, but finding her outeries continued, one of them twisted a searf round her throat in snech a manner that it was impossible for the wretehed maiden to utter further sound. This done, regarding neither the entreatics of Dame Fredegonde, nor the impotent threats of Ogilvy, they disappeared with their prey. At the same time the Chevalier du Guet and his attendants quitted the tavern.
"Recreants," cried the Scot, who had raised himself upon one arm-" will none lend a hand to the rescue ?-will none help her? -That youth, as you deem him, is a maiden in disguise,-will ye stand by and see wrong done to a woman-to the rescue if ye be men!"
"Think you we will defend thy leman, fool," said the Sorbonist, with a derisive laughter, as he passed him; "our vengeance is now fully complete-thou art robbed of life and thy mistress-ha-ha. -Come, comrades, let us to the lists. This augurs well. This Scot's countryman may chance to meet a like downfal. We shall see. And hark ye, messires, if we can lay hands upon that heretic preacher, we will see if there is a fagot to be found in the Pré-auxcleres:

> Death to the Huguenot !-fagot and flame!
> Death to the Huguenot!-torture and shame!

Death!-Death!"
And all joining in this menacing chorus, the scholars quitted the cabaret.

Scareely had the reckless troop gained the street, when a band of men, wearing the livery of the Vicomte de Joyeuse, entered the chamber.
"Where is the youth whom we are to conduct from Paris?" asked their leader, glancing around in astonishment and alarm.
"In the hands of ———", gasped Ogilvy.
But ere he could complete the sentence, the brave Scot becarce for ever silent.

## CIIAPTER III.

## TIIE PROCESSION.

> Genets, coursiers, riches bardes, houssures, Plumars remplis d'orphaveries fines, Chamfrains dores a grams entrelassures, Armets luysans, biequoquets, capelines, Bucques de pris, tres riclies mantelines -

Andre de la Vigne. Le V'ergier a’Honneur.
As the hom for opening the lists drew nigh, all the avenues and approaches of the Louvre were thronged with eager and curious crowds hurrying from each quarter to behold the chivalrous pageant. This concourse consisted of every class of society to be found in the vast and miscellancous population of Paris, from the sedate citizen and his demure spouse, to be distinguished by propricty of gear, (costume being then regulated by sumptuary laws), down to the rough half-clothed boatmen who plied apon the Seine, and the sturdy artisan who haunted its banks. Nor must we omit a host of Jews, beggars, truands, and other nondeseript vagabonds who usually formed the mass of a Parisian crowd at the period of our narrative. Amongst these the magistrates of the city, the provosts of the merchants, the echevins and their followers, in bipartite robes of crimson, and tawny-coloured stuffs embroidered with a silver ship (the civic cognizance), the sergeants, archers, cross-bowmen, and arquebusiers of the town-guard cut a conspicuous figure. As usually happens, however, where a crowd is collected, the softer sex predominated. For one steel or felt cap there were ten coifs of silk or linen. Nor were the members of the various religious fraternitics wanting: the gray or russet frock-the cowl, or shaven head-and the long staff-might be detected amid the dense assemblage. Cordelicrs, Carmelites, and Minims were mingled with the higher dignitaries of the church. The students of the university, ever on the alert when a spectacle was about to take place, herded thither in vast bands. Here came a courtly abbé-it was our acquaintance, Pierre de Bourdeille-upon a mule with its superb housings, followed by a train of richly-clad lacqueys.

The mob doffed their caps as Brantome ambled on. Next appeared what in our own time would be regarded with much merriment, but which was then a matter of too frequent occurrence to excite either surprise or ridicule, a couple of gaily-attired youths mounted upon the same steed-then a cavalier and dame, likewise on horseback, the latter scated on a velvet pillion, her featurcs concealed, as was the miversal mode with the ladies when out of doors, by a demi-mask. The housings of the
charger were unusually superb; his broad martingal and widereined bridle being of erimson leather richly ornamented with gold. Next followed a company of singly-mounted cavaliers, with a host of valets and attendants arrayed in the extremity of the court fashion, with nodding feathers and fluttering mantles ; the curveting of their coursers, and the blows of their houssines, as they dashed recklessly onwards, occasioned considerable confusion amongst the foot-passengers ; and the smiles and compliments they lavished upon the fair citoyennes and their daughters, hardly compensated with the bluff burgeses for their own sprained shoulders and broken heads. Nevertheless, in spite of the jostling and hustling, the striving, straining, and squeezing, the utmost good humour prevailed; but this, indeed, might be attributed to the presence of so many armed authoritics.

Loud shouts were now raised, and the multitude was pushed backwards and driven into more compact masses as the magnifieent litter of the Queen of Navarre was borne along to the Louvre. In vain did the spectators endeavour to catch a glimpse of the features or person of the lovely Marguerite. A mask defied their scrutiny, and she leaned back in her carriage as if anxious to elude observation. Not so her attendant, Torigni. The swan-like throat of the sprightly Florentine might be observed above the sides of the velicle, and hei snowy hand, divested of its glove, and covered with rings, negligently arranged a raven ringlet. Marguerite's litter swept by, and was followed by the huissiers and guard of the governor of Paris. Rene de Villequier boasted the most magnificent caroche in Paris; and the vehicle which, upon this occasion, conreyed the portly person of the marquis, was little inferior in decoration and gilding, though somewhat different in construction, from otir own Lord Mayor's state equpage.

Then came the trampling of hoofs, and the loud fanfares of trumpets, and the superbly-accoutred band of Gascon gentlemen-forty-five in number, whence their designation-commanded by the Baron d'Epernon, wheeled into sight ; the sun-beams brightly glancing upon their corslets, and upon the tips of their lances. The last fourteen of this gallant company were sheathed in complete stcel, with yellow scarves crossing their burnished cuirasses. Two pages succeeded in the violet-coloured livery of the baron, with his blazon displayed upon their sleeves and doublets. Then came his esquires sustaining his shield, charged likewise with his cogniance ; and lastly appeared D'Epernon himself, in a costly suit of russet armour, enriched with chiselled arabesques and deep reliefs of gold.

Searecly had the admiration excited by the baron's retinue sulv. sided, ere the spectators were attracted to wards a further display of knightly splendour. A flomrish of trumpets blown by six mounted mein-at-arms, whose clarions were ornameated with silken bandrols fringed with gold, displaying tho princely scutcheon of the family
of Gonzaga, announced the approach of the Duke of Nevers. The duke rode a noble Arabian courser, and procceded at a slow and stately pace. His valets and pages were more numerous than those of the Baron d'Epernon, and he was attended by four gentlemen ushers, who walked by his side bareheaded, with wands in their hands. He was fully armed in a suit of Milan steel, of the finest workmanship. His breast-plate was brighter than silver, and reflected the rays of the sun as from a dazzling mirror. His burganct, and his corslet, were crusted with gold and pearls, and from his neek, suspended to a chain of the same metal, hung the order of the Saint-Esprit. A plume of white ostrich feathers nodded on his crest.

His demeanour was so dignified, and his train so sumptnous, that his appearance was greeted by the assemblage with deafening acclamations-acknowledged by the proud duke with a haughty inclination of the head. Nor was the popularity of the wily Italian diminished, as his attendants showered amongst the mob broad silver pieces, for which they fought and scrambled. By his side, in full ecelesiastical costume of scarlet silk simar with lawn sleeves and snowy rochet, and upon a sleek, well-fed mule, led by two attendants, each of whom had a hand upon the bridle, rode Pierre de Gondi, Bishop of Paris; a prelate in high favour with the queenmother, to whom, indect, he owed his elevation. There was something sinister in the dark and shifting glance of this Florentine churchman, which seemed to confirm the horrible reports that prevailed as to the motives of Catherine's predilection for him. But be this as it may, the hypocritical smile which now lit up his sallow features was constreed by the observers into an expression of infinite benevolence, the rather that his almoner, who followed closely at his heels, distributed a dole with no sparing hand.

Immediately behind the suite of the Due de Nevers came an esquire of Vincenzo de Gonzaga, bearing a small triangular shield, painted white, on which appeared the device of a sable mask, inscribed with the motto Vendefia. This esquire wore the livery of the prince (the combined hues of red and yellow) displayed in the flowing satin honsings of his steed, traversed with broad cross-bars of orange and crimson, in hisslashed velvet doublet, haut-de-chausses of different dyes, and parti-coloured plumes. Nextadvanced a band of youthful pages magnificently attired, and mounted on coursers caparisoned in cloth of gold, barred like the housings of the esquire, the stripes being described upon their gorgeous trappings by alternate lines of frieze-wrought and smooth-beaten tissuc. Upon the silken just-au-corps of each page was embroidered in golden thread the ducal badge of Mantua and Montferrat. So gorgeous were their appointments in detail, that their bonnets, shoes, saddles, bridles, and even the scabbards of their rapiers blushed with crimson velvet.

Then followed a host of lacqueys on foot, similarly, though less

splendidly arrayed; then another esquire sustaining the tri-coloured lance of the prince, decorated with silken pennoncel; then two foot-pages attired in habiliments of cloth of gold and silk, leading his steed -a mighty Allemayne charger with cyes of flame, expanded nostril, and pawing lioof-furnished for Gonzaga's use by the provident Duc de Nevers. 'Thick erimson velvet housing, enwoven with the ducal cognizance, covered this noble animal, and descended almost to his pastern joints; the saddle was of velvet of the same hue as the rest of the harness- the chamfrin, or headpiece was of grided mail, with a short projecting steel pike, and tufts of scarlet, and saffron-stained plumes adorned his front and croup.

Lastly, armed cap-i-pee, in a suit of black mail embossed with gold and precious stones, rode the Prince Vincenzo. A garde-bras, or haute-pièee, as it was subsequently termed, covered the front of his cuirass, and defended his throat and left arm, so far as the gauntlet; but being of a single piece, and introduced in those later days of chivalry, for the better security of the jousters, the posture assumed by the knight, who adopted this safe-guard in the combat, became fixed and unalterable as that of a statue; his right arm alone being left at liberty. A tall egret of sable feathers shadowed his helm ; and with his vizor closed, and maintaining, of necessity, a stern and moveless attitude, Gonzaga passed slowly onwards. His cortége was completed by another band of gaudy valets, and the minstrels, who enlivened the procession with the tambour, the cornet, and the clarion.

A fresh clangour of trumpets admonished the spectators that other comers were at hand; and the announcement was specdily followed by the brilliant retime of the Viconte de Joyeuse, which, if it could not vie with that of Gonzaga in magnificence, surpassed it in number and consequence, consisting of a throng of lordlings and youthful gentlemen of the best families of France, who were eager upon this oceasion to array themselves under the banners of their monarch's chicf favourite, and to distinguish themselves with the snowy scarf which he had adopted as his ensign. It was true the same prodigality of cloth of gold and velvet was not here exhibited, as in the preceding cavaleade ;-

> Mais de harnois, ne d’armure de jouste, Ne leur failloit une petite piče.

There was no lack of "tilting furniture, emblazoned shields." A gayer troop was never seen. Nor could a greater contrast have been found to that which preceded it. The vivacity of their hilarious leader seemed to have diffised itself throughout his company. Suceess appeared to be written in their beaming features. Nothing was heard but shouts of laughter, and the jingling of arms; nothing seen but the waving of plumes and banners, the glitter of helin and spear, and caracoling of coursers.

Completely armed in a suit of polished stecl, Joycuse rode a
charger barded with ung lel et grand courrechief of silver tissuc, edged with azure fringe; and wore a scarf of white silk, richly embroidered, thrown across his left shoulder. From his morion floated a lambrequin of slashed satim, and his surcoat was decorated with his armorial bearings. His handsome countenance was radiant. with gaiety; and he conversed in an animated manner with a knight, who carcered by his side, and upon whom, even more than the vicomte, the attention of the gazers was fixed. Nor was the appearance of this cavalier undeserving the admiration he excited. He seemed the very mirror of chivalry. The experienced horseman applanded the consummate grace with which he sat his courser (a powerful and beantifully-formed bay, whose skin shone almost $a^{\circ}$ brightly as his rider's coat of mail), and the ease with which he ever and anon compelled him to perform the balotades, croupades, and other graces of the high manège, alluded to in the following alliterative verses-

> Vite virade, l'ompante pannade, Saut soulevant, Prompte petarrade,
while the female portion of the assemblage marvelled at the exceeding beauty of feature, disclosed by the open vizor of his casque, and the manly symmetry of the limbs, defined by his light and curionsly-fishioned breastplate, " brassards, cuissards, jamb and solleret." The housings of his steed were of white damask, diapered with gold, and bordered with minever. His chamfrin was decorated like that of Gonzaga, with a superb houpe de plumes, and similarly accontred. From the crest of the knight depended a lambrequin of slashed silk; and his sureoat was woven with his blazon, a lion rampant azure, armed, and langued gules.

Following this prenx chevalier, rode two esquires, in liveries of azure and white; the one carrying his painted lance, on the coronel of which was fastened a knot of ribbands; the gage, doubtless, of the dame in whose honour he was about to run a course: the other bearing a silver shield with the device of a dragon vert, spouting out fire, and the motto Loyal au mort, inscribed in blue characters upon a scroll.

When it became known to the assemblage that this knight, in whom all felt so much interest, was no other than the Admirable Crichton, the adversary of the Prince of Mantua, their acclamations were so lond and deafening, and the eflorts of those in the rear sostremous to obtain a nearer view of his person and features, that it required the application of both partisan and sword on part of the attendants to keep back the rabble ; while the object of their curiasity, apprehensive of some such tumult taking place, as occurred on the preceding day at the university, was fain to set spurs to his tharger, and to urge his companions into a quicker movement, in order to escape from observation.
"By my halidom !" exclaimed Joyeuse, as they reached the grand
portal of the Louvre, and found the space before it invested with a gay confusion of litters, caroches, steeds, lacqueys, and pages in various and resplendent liveries-" to judge from this rout we shall have a goodly attendance at our jousting. You must do your devoir gallantly, mon cher, for you will have the eyes of all the, chivalry and beauty of Framce upon you. There is not a magnate of our court, whose colours I do not discern amidst yon rout of servitors. But we are late. Those knaves in the slashed doublets form part of the train of our challenger's padrino. Gonzaga is already in the steccato."
"Better be the last to enter the field than the first to quit it," replied Crichton, smiling. "But whom have we here? By Saint Andrew! my gossip, Chicot. So ho! Bayard," he eried, patting the neek of his charger, who, obedient to his voice, instantly stood still, but evinced his impatience by arching his neck, champing at the bit, snorting and pawing the ground. "What wouldst thou?" demanded the Scot, as the jester approached him with an odd serio-comic look.
"I am the bearer of a cartel to thec," replied the jester, in a tone of mock defiance.
" Gramercy-gossip-a challenge !" ejaculated Crichton; " from thy brother, Siblot, to shiver a marotte against his cock's-comb? Ha! But knowst thou not, that hy the laws of honour, I am restrained from entering into a second quarrel until my first be disposed of?"
"I know it," answered Chicot, in an under tonc. "But you must offer some response, yea or nay, to my appeal. Here is the missive," he added, delivering a perfumed note, sealed and secured with a silken thread, to the Scot; "peruse it, and deliver me your answer without wrong or supersticerie."
"The cipher of the Qucen of Navarre," exclaimed Crichton, as he regarded the billet; "nay, then, it is indeed a combat è outrauce."
"I would advise you to decline the encounter, or rather peaceably to arrange it," returned the jester; " but in the mean time will it please you to read the cartel, and furnish me with some token of your intentions to convey to my royal mistress."

Crichton hastily broke open the seal, and as his eye glanced over the contents of the note, a slight fluth of anger rose upon his check.
"I will rather perish than accept the terms she proposes," he murmured, tearing it in pieces, and scattering the fragments to the breczes.
" Hold, gossip," cried Chicot; "reserve that thread of gold; I am to take that to her majesty as a sign of your aequiescence."
"Never," answered Crichton, sternly; "tell her I have burst her chains. She would have some token-'tis well," he added; withdrawing his gauntlet from his hand, and giving the bezoar-ring to the jester, "let this gem be a proof to her that I neithe: fear her threats, nor will accept of her tenderness."
"Par Sainct Fiacre en Brie!" cried Chicot, looking after him with a smile of derision, as he dashed swiftly through the gateway, "I will prove a better friend to thee than thou deservest. This ring will well beseem my own finger, while this thread," he added, picking up the fastening of the billet, "will perfectly content her jealous majesty of Navarre. For what saith the grood Pantagruel-

## Paternostres et oraisons

Sont pour ceux-là qui les retiennent:
Ung fiffre allant en fenaisons, Est plus fort que deux qui en viement.
And chanting this wholesome advice "de la marraine de mon grand-père," he entered the lofty portal of the Lourre.

## CHAPTER IV.

## THE LISTS.

> Ce jour de may en beau harnois de guerre, Nous joustames assez doucettement, Et de noz fais qui en voudroit enquerre
> Iey n'en fais mencion autrement.
> Louls de Beauveau. Le Pus de lu Bergière.

Accompanied by the Vicomte de Joyeuse, Crichton now rode into the champ clos appointed for the combat. Erected within a court, at the back of the Louvre, the lists were elevated to the height of the thigh-piece of the jousters, and extended to the length of sixty yards; while the space within the barriers, being carefully sanded and cleared of all impediments, offered a very advantageous arena for the exhibition of knightly prowess.

Along the façade of the palace, on a level with the windows now thrown open, for the convenience of the spectators, was raised a temporary balcony, descending in wide steps, and hung with magnificent tapestry. Divided, at certain distances, into open canopies, fashioned of the richest brocade, decorated with fleurs-de-lys ciphers and escutcheons, and fluttering with silken streamers, this balcony occupied one side of the quadrangular court. At the further extremity of the lists stood a grand roofed gallery, supported by heavy pillars, destined for the reception of the three queens, their attendants and danes of honour. The curtains and hangings of this splendid structure were of gridelin velvet, flowered with ciphers of silver; displaying in the centre a vast argent shield, emblazoned with the royal escutcheon of France. At the right of the tiltyard was placed a scaffold, with palisades reserved for Montjoie, the king-at-arms, the marshals and judges of the field: and next to it, under a canopy fretted with gold, ran a line of tabourets, set apart for the favourites of Henri III. ; in the centre of which was :a raised velvet fauteuil for his majesty's own occupation.

At either end stood two pavilions of struped silk for the use of the esquires, armourers, and other attendants of the combatants. Upon a low seaffold to the left of the grand gallery, guarded by four officials, disguised in the ghastly leaden-coloured hood called the chaperon, and surrounded by a band of halberdiers, stood Ruggieri; with his hands folded upon his bosom, and his eyes fixed upon the ground.

Indicating to his retinue the position they were to occupy, Joycuse rode through the entrance of the lists and joined the marshals of the field. Crichton followed more slowly. The breast of the Scot beat high as he gazed on the inspiring seene. The morning was bright and beantiful ; the sumbeams glanced on casque, and corslet, and on the thousand dyes of banner and blazon; the soft breeze, tempered by the gemial waruth of approaching spring, served with its freshening breath to give enthusiasm to the heart, and vigour to the frame; and so fully did Crichton feel the influence of these stiring thoughts, that spurring his charger, he compelled him to perform a demi-volte in the air, and then to career round the arena. All was animation and excitement. The rustle of silks, the pleasant sound of gentle voices, the flash of brilliants fiom above, amounced the arrival of the anges de paradis (as they were rapturously termed by the minstrels) in the balconies. Each casement of the Louvre poured forth its stream of beauty; and as the Scot gazed upon those lovely and high-born dames, whose natural charms were heightened to the utmost by the aid of costliest ornament and dress, he felt his bosom beat with redoubled ardcur. Reining his steed, he paused to look around. On all sides were ranged dense masses of spectators, over whose uncovered heads bristled the glaneing pikes and halberts of the sergeants. On the right of the royal gallery were arrayed the fourteen followers of D'Epernon, glistening in steel, and headed by the baron himself: on the left, behind the scaffold of the astrologer, stood the sumptuous retinue of the Duc de Nevers. Bands of cavaliers, who, on the appearance of the dames on the balcony, regardless of the interdiction of the heralds, had dashed into the course, were now seen extending their lanees towards its sides, whence fell a shower of wreaths, bracelets, and scarves, which were speedily attached to salade and spear. Much occupation was thas given to the king-at-arms and the marshals, whose province was to maintain a clear field; and the champions, waving their hands to the mistresses of their hearts, quitted the ring. Amid the subordinate officers of the tilt-yard, must be enumerated the pursuivants, the trumpeters with their clarions dressed with silken flags, and troops of minstrels stationed at each outlet.

A shout was now raised by the crowd, and the Scots attention was direeted towards the grand gallery, in which the Queen Louise and her demoiselles made their appearance. Amid the latter Crichton at once distinguished Esclairmonde. The Princess of Condé was perfectly pale; but her want of bloom in nowise
detracted from her loveliness. On the contrary, she had never before appeared so eminently beautiful in the eyes of her lover; nor had he heretofore, as he thonght, remarked so much dignity and self-possession in her demeanour. In fact, the events of the last night, and the knowledge so recently and mysteriously acquired of her exalted origin, had worked a sudden but entire change in Esclairmonde's character. She was no longer an orphan maiden without name, and without family. She now felt a pride, of which she had been hitherto unconscious, kindled within her bosom; and a resolution, as yet wholly unknown to her, amimate and sustain her spirits against the perils and difficulties to which she was exposed. This new-sprung courage was the more fully proved in the ordeal to which she was shortly afterwards subjected in an interview with Catherine de Medicis and Marguerite de Valois; both of whom, with their attendants, now entered the gallery. But her firmness did not fail her in this trial; and she returned the scrutinising look of the queen-mother with a glance as lofty as her own. Marguerite was all smiles and courtesy: but the smile of a rival is little to be trusted, and Crichton, who was well acquainted with Margucrite's talent for dissimulation, read in her professions of friendship, and wimning attentions, the deadliest treachery. These greetings concluded, Esclairmonde, at the request of Queen Louise, took the throne appointed for her as sovereign arbitress of the tourncy,-a chair placed a little in adsance of the royal seats, and so situated as to make her the principal object of attraction to the spectators. Her costume was a robe of white damask, flowered with silver, with sleeves of snowy silk of the ample mode of the period, embroidered with roseate and green pearls. Never had Queen of the Lists appeared so attractive; and a murmur of admiration arose from the multitude as she became more fully revealed to their view.

At this moment the gaze of the princess fell upon the knightly figure of her lover, who, bending to his saddle-bow, gracefully tendered his homage. As she returned the salutation, Esclairmonde trembled, and her comrage entirely forsook her. Crichton perceived the change in her deportment; and anxious, if possible, to dissipate her anxicty, compelled his steed into its liveliest caracoles; and was about to quit the field, when his progress was arrested by loud eries of "Noel! Noel!—vive le roi!—vive le roi!" Fanfares of trumpets and the elash of cymbals succeeded, and Henri, fully and magnificently armed, entered into the arena. He was attended by the Marquis de Villequier, Saint Lue, and a courtly throng. The royal charger (a snowy Arabian) was caparisoned with sweeping bardes of crimson velvet,-

Toutes chargées de riche orphaverie,
and figured with golden fleurs-de-lys. Courteonsly saluting the Scot, and bidding him prepare for the signal of the combat, which would be shortly given, Henri directed his course towards the
grand gallery, and addressing Esclairmonde, solicited a favour at her hands, that he might break a lance in her behalf. Unable to refuse lis request, Esclairmonde took a string of pearls from her rich auburn tresses, and despatehed it to the monarch by a page. Acknowledging the boon with a smile of gratification, and passing many well-turned compliments upon her charms, Henri proceeded to hold a brief conference with the Duc de Nevers.

Crichton, meantime, rode into the pavilion appropriated to his attendants; the hangings of which were closely drawn after him. Dismounting from his steed, he was presently joined by the Vicomte de Joyeuse, Montjoie, and Pierre de Gondi, by the latter of whom the enstomary oaths of the combat were administered. Kissing the crucilix and the Te igitur, the Scot next submitted himself to his armourer, who riveted upon his cuirass a placeate of shining steel, similar to that borne by Gonzaga. Being thus fully equipped for the tight, notwithstanding the inereased weight of his armour, he vaulted into the saddle without the aid of the stirrup; and taking lis lance from his esquire, awaited the signal for the combat.

Hemri having by this time taken his seat beneath the canopy, gave with his baton a signal to Montjoic, the king-at-arms, who, attended by two heralds, advanced, amidst a flourish of clarions and hautboys, towards the centre of the arena; and, commanding silence, proclaimed in a lond voice the names and titles of the appellint and the defendant, together with their cause of quarrel, prohibiting all persons whatsocver from offering interruption, by word or sign, to the combat. Fresh fanfares of trumpets succeeded this ceremonial, during which all eyes had been fixed upon Ruggieri, who, though pale as death, maintained a composed and resolute demeanour, ever and anon stealing a glance towards the gallery, in which sat the queen-mother. Silence being once more restored, Montjoie cried aloud, "Faites vos devoirs, chevaliers."

On the third call, the curtains of the pavilions were swiftly drawn aside, and both knights issued forth, each taking up a position at the right of the barriers. Esclaimonde's bosom palpitated with emotion as she behell the stately figure of her lover cased in steel thus suddenly set before her, and recognised her own gage upon his lance's point. Any fears she might have entertained for his safety vanished in his presence; and with a heart throbbing with expectation, she heard the first blast of the clarion sound for the hostile career. A profound hush now reigned throughout the assemblage. Even the royal tenants of the gallery rose and advanced towards its edse, and Marguerite de Valois, disregarding Montjoie's injunotion, leaned over the side of the balcony and waved her hand. Crichton perceived the action; and, unable otherwise to account for it, attributed it to some return of tenderness on the part of the impassioned queen. Again the trumpet sounded, and as the blast was blown, Crichton struck his spurs into his stecd, executing a demi-volte to the right, while he slightly raised his lance in the air,
bringing the truncheon within a few inches of his thigh, in readiness for the eareer. In this action were displayed the unequalled grace and dexterity in the management of his steed, for which the Scot was so eminently distingrished. The martial notes of the clarion now resounded for the third time, and hurling a gauntlet to the ground, Montjoie shouted in a voice of thunder," Luissezles aller-luissez-les aller."

Swift as bolt from cloud, Crichton, at this signal, speeded from his post. As the steed started on his rapid career, the Scot, quick as thought, raised the truncheon of his lance to a level with, his line of vision, and then firmly fixing it in its rest, declined its point towards the left ear of his charger as he approached within some half-dozen paces of his adversary, and directed his aim against the upper part of his helm. Both lances were shivered as the chanpions inet in mid carecr. Gonzaga's mark had been the same as that of his antagonist, but the point of his lance glanced from the sharp gorget of the plastron; while the blow of Crichton, taking place upon the crest of the prince, carried off the panache.with which it was surmounted, and seattered the plumes far and wide over the field. Neither, however, had been dismounted; and as each knight gracefully brought his steed to a rest, and hurled away the truncheon of his broken lance, he opened his gauntlet to show that he had sustained no injury from the encounter.

Snatching fresh lances from the attendants, the combatants again started on a new career. In this second attaint, the advantage was decidedly in favour of the Scot; his lance striking his adversary's visor, and staggering him so much, that he could with difficulty rein in his charger. Notwithstanding the shock he had sustained, the prince seized a sharp-pointed lance from his esquire, and bidding a purstivant communicite his intentions to his opponent, prepared for the final course.

The excitement of the spectators was now raised to the highest pitch. On the issue of this trial depended the fate of the accused, and the movements of the combatants were watched with intense interest. For the third time they started upon their career. Upon this oceasion the steel edge of Gonzarg's lance direw sparkles from the beaver of the Scot, as it came in contact with his helm; but the blow, thongh well directed, could not shake the firm horseman in his saddle. Not so was it with Gonzaga. The stroke of Crichton, into which he had thrown all his force, was dealt with such resolution upon the visor of Vine nzo, that, unable to resist its violence, and still maintaining his hold of the bridle, horse and rider were hurled backwards upon the dust.

Instantly recovering his fect, and unclasping his visor, with a countenance flushed with shame and fury, the prince walked across the lists to the tribunal of the judges, and claimed, in a harghty tone, to be allowed the privilege of the combat with the sword. This request was peremptorily refused, but Crichton, riding up at the same moment, generously seconded his adversary's request, and
refusing to consider the triumph he had obtained as deeisive, Montjoie's objections were overruled, and the combatants retired to renew their contlict with different weapons. The checrs, meanwhile, from the lookers-on, were almost stunning; and the courtesy of the Scot was on all hands loudly applanded.

Crichton now withdrew to the pavilion, where his armourer unbraced his haute-pièce, and furnished him with another and lighter morion of Damascus steel, crested with a tall cluster of white feathers. A long estoc was girt to his side, and to the pummel of his saddle was fastened a keen, well-tempered miséricorde. Thus accoutred, he mounted a light agile barb, sent to him by the Vicomte de Joyeuse, as being fitter for the rapid and furious passades he would now have to perform, than his own charger, and returned to the lists "lien gentement ferant de l'esperon."

Meanwhile, the barriers traversing the arena had been removed, and the space was left vacant for the combat. As the Scot passed through the outer pales, his visor was raised, and he cast a look towards the gallery in which Esclairmonde was seated. The princess rose as he appeared, and gracefully saluted him. Crichton returned her greeting, and unsheathing his sword, kissed the hilt as if vowing to draw it in her name. The action was not unobserved by Marguerite de Valois, over whose countenance cane a sudden and fearful change. The Vicomte de Joyeuse on the one hand, and the Duc de Nevers on the other, had in the interim marked out upon the sand of the tilt-yard a circular space, within the limits of which it was necessary that the combatants should keep. Armed in all respects like his antagonist, and similarly mounted, Gonzaga now rode into the lists. Making a motion to the Duc de Nevers that he desired an instant's speech of the Chevalier Crichton, apart from their parrains, he rode towards the Scot, who sheathed his sword as he drew nigh, and advanced to mect him. This proceeding on the part of the prince was watched with great anxiety by the spectators, who were apprehensive lest they should lose the most interesting part of the anticipated spectacle. Their doubts, however, were quickly relieved on noting the imperions gestures of Gonzaga, and the corresponding haughtiness with which they were received by his adversary.
"Chevalier Crichton," said the prince, in a deep, low tone, "I am aware that by the laws of arms I am already vanquished, and not more so by your address than by your generosity. So much am I beholden to you for the opportunity you have afforded me of redeeming my honour, that I would evince my sense of your high and chivalrous conduct by the proffer of my friendship, if you will accept it in licu of doing battle upon a quarrel which, methinks, might be easily adjusted."
"Prince of Mantua," replied Crichton, courteously, " I should be proud to accept your friendship if I could do so without imperchment of my honour. But it may not be. I have denounced

Rugrgieri as false and perjured; an enemy of Guad, and a tranter to his king. You have falsilied my charge-and I must make grood the accusation with my sword."
"Enough," replied the prince, hanghtily; " once and again, I thank you. You have now liberated me from the weight of obligation under which my spirit laboured. The combat which ensues must be a duel to the death. Your generosity might have restrained my :rm. It is now free to strike-and, by Saint Paul, I charge you to look well to yourself."
"To your post, then, prince," replied Crichton, sternly; "and lyy the ain of God, our Lady, and Saint Andrew the good knight, I will approve with my body against your body the justice of my suarrel."

So saying, with a proud salutation, he closed the visor of his helm, and backed his charger till he brought him in a line with the Vicomte de Joyeuse, while Gonzaga, turning his horse's head, rejoined his sponsor and second, the Due de Nevers.

After some little further delay, the combatants, placed about forty paces asunder, awaited with rapier drawn and beaver up the fultiment of the trumpeter's devoir. As the third charge was sounded, grasping the rein firmly with his left hand, plunging his spurs up to the rowel in the flanks of his steed, and raising his sword-arm in the air, each champion dashed furionsly against the other, dealing, as he passed him, a mandritta, or blow from right to left, on his antagronist's casque, and then wheeling suddenly round, performed a demi-volte with eurvets, and returning with the same fury as before, reiterated his stroke. Upon the third encounter, executing a shorter demi-volte, Crichton turned sharply round and faced his assailant. Continuing their curvets and voltes, each champion then discharged a suceession of imbrocatas and riversas upon his enemy's morion and breastplate. No attempt on either side, on the onset, appeared to be made to ward off those blows, but on the third volte, Crichton directed a heavy stramazone (or cutting blow) against Gonzaga's crest. The prince raised his estoc to beat away the blow, but the weapon flew from his grasp, and so terrible was the stroke, that Crichton's own blade shivered to the hilt. Plucking his dagger from its sheath, and grasping it in his right hand, each now spurred lis steed close to that of his antagonist. Accustomed to this species of encounter, the animals stood stock still. Crichton then grasped the left hand of his enemy, and a deadly struggle ensued.

It was evident to the spectators that a few more blows would now decide the conflict, and their interest rose in proportion. Not a breath was drawn. Eselairmonde leaned over the balcony with a look as if her own life hung upon that of her lover. Nor conld Catherine de Medicis, whose cause was leagued with that of the opposite party, control her anxiety. At this moment, a voice soft and low, in whose tones, altered as they were by passion, she yet

recomised those of Marguerite de Valois, reached the ear of the I Yincess of Condé.
"I would give my soul to perdition," said the Queen of Navarre, "to see the poignard of Gonzaga pierce the heart of his enemy."
"For pity's sake-wherefore?" asked the prineess, without removing her gaze from the combatants.
"To be avenged of thee," answered Marguerite, in a hollow voice.
" Gracions heaven !" exclaimed the princess, " thy horrible wish is aecomplished-he falls-he falls."

In the struggle it appeared that the dagrer of the prince, glancing from the corslet of the Scot, had dangerously wounded the steed of the latter in the neck. The blood gushed in torrents from the deep gash, and the horse reeled with faintness. Pursuing an advantage obtained contrary to the laws of the combat, which forbade hurt to be done to the charger, Gonzaga threw himself furiously upon his antagonist, endeavouring to drive him beyond the boundary described upon the arena; but Crichton, feeling his steed totter under him, avoided the blow by leaning backwards; and disengaging at the same moment his feet from the stirrup, leapt to the ground, and cre the prince could regain his balance, seized him by the arm, and dragged him from the saddle.

The conflict was now contimued on foot. Blow after blow was dealt upon liclm and cuirass. The tilt-yard rang like the forge of an armourer. Hacked off by the trenchant edges of the poignards, chips of the gold embossments and enamel strewed the arena, promising at rich harvest to the heralds. Gonzaga displayed all the address of a finished man-at-arms. In strength he was evidently inferior to his antagonist, but so expert was he in the use of the dagger, so dexterous in avoiding foyns and thrusts which must have proved fatal, had they taken effect, that the spectators felt doubtful as to the issue of the strife. At length, the poignard of Crichton, driven through the vantbrace of the prince, but without inflicting more than a trifling scratch, snapped in twain, and he appeared at the mercy of his opponent. Ruggieri lifted up his hands, and uttered an exclamation of joy.
"Now Heaven be praised !" cried Catherine de Medicis," the right will trimmph."
"He is not yet vanquished, madam," exclaimed Eselairmonde, " and trust me, the right will triumph."

As she spoke, the prince advanced his dagger's point to the throat of Crichton, and glancing at him through the bars of his visor, commanded him to yield.
" Yield," replied Crichton, fiercely, "it is a word I have never pronounced. Let this decide the combat."

And, with the broken blade of his poignard he delivered so terrible a blow upon the morion of the prince, that head and casque appeared to be crushed by it. Gonzaga fell without ene or motion ; a stream of gore flowing from out his visor.
"Yicld, prince," cxclaimed Crichton, stooping over him. and snatching the dagerer from his loosened grasp, "or by Laint Andrew ! you have breathed your last."

But Gonzaga answered not.
At this moment the Duc de Nevers and the Vicomte de Joyeuse, followed by Montjoic and his attendant, spurred their horses to tho spot.
"The victory is yours, Chevalier Crichton; slay him not," cried the duke, flinging limself from his steed. "Ha!" exclaimed he, as he regarded the motionless form of the prince, "you have destroyed the hopes of my brother of Mantua. By Saint Francis! you shall answer for the deed."
"If the prince is slain, he hath perished in the quarrel he himself " provoked," replied Crichton, sternly; " to yourself, my lord, or to others of his house, I will answer for what I have done."
"The prince, your nephew, has been fairly vanquished, my lord," said Joyeuse; " and the only felon stroke dealt during the combat, was that by which yon bleeding charger was wounded."
"And that was accidental," said Crichton.
By this time the attendants had unclasped Vincenzo's helmet, and though stumned and wounded by the concussion, his life was evidently not in danger. Satisfied with this examination, the duke became eager in his apologies to the Scot for the impatience he had exhibited; and his excuses being courteously accepted, he next directed his followers to remove the senseless body of the prince from the field. While this took place amid the shouts of the spectators, and a loud flourish of trumpets, Crichton proceeded to the canopy occupied by the king, and prostrated himself before him. Henri greeted him with a smile, and raising him from the ground, passed many encomiums upon the bravery he had displayed.
"You have approved yourself a loyal and valiant knight, Chevalier Criehton," he said, "and have fully established the truth of the charge you brought yesternight against the traitor Ruggieri, whose guilt admits of no further justification. Quia transivit in rem judicutum, et judicatum debet inviolubiliter observari, as is appointed by the ordinance of our predecessor, the good King Philippe le Bel, respecting the judicial combat. Par la Mort Dieu! the Place de Greve shall blaze this night with his funcral pyre. Let him be removed to the Châtelet, and see whether the question will extract the truth from his lips.",
"My gracious liege," said Crichton, "I crave a boon at your hands."
"Name it," replied the king; " if it refer not to one whom we will not name, it is yours ere asked."
"Let the punishment to which you have condemned the traitor vggieri be commuted into perpetual exile."
" Do I hear you rightly?" asked Henri, in surprise.
"Grant me his life, sire, upon the terms I shall propose to him," continued Crichton.
"He is in your hands-deal with him as you see fitting," returned Henri. "Bring hither the traitor," he added, speaking to his attendants, " and let him now be confronted with his accuser."

And half dead with terror, the astrologer was dragrged by his hooded attendants into the king's presence, amid the execrations of the spectators.
"Cosmo Ruggieri, thy guilt is fully approved," said Herri, sternly; " thy sentence, whether of death or banishment, rests with the Chevalier Crichton. It is with him to pronounce thy doom. Down on thy knees, miscreant, and sue for grace. 'To me thou pleadest in vain."

Crichton approached the astrologer, who cast himself abjectly at his fect, embracing his knees, and striving to move his compassion with floods of tears. "Mercy," he cried, in a piteous tone.
"Thon wilt find none, unless thou provest obedient." replied Crichton; " arise, and listen to me." And as Ruggieri obeyed, Grichton whispered in his ear the conditions upon which he might rook for clemency. The astrologer started and trembled.
"I dare not," he said, after a moment's pause, during which he stole a troubled glance towards the gallery.
"To the rack with him," said Crichton.
The hooded officials instantly darted upon him like kites upon carcase.
"Hold !-hold !" cried Ruggieri; "I cannot brave that dreadful engine. I will do as you command me."
"Take him hence, then," commanded Crichton, " and let him remain with a sufficient guard within my pavilion until after the tourney."
"Your own lives shall answer for him," added Henri, as the astrologer was removed; "and now, mon cher Crichton," he added, "if you would effect the liberation of a captive princess from an enchanted castle, in which she is detained by magic arts, haste and equip yourself in fresh armour. Joyeuse will find you another steed in lieu of the one slain by the felon blow of your antagonist. Away, arm yourself, and join our ranks. And now, messeigneurs, for the Châtel de la Joyeuse Garde! What, ho! Du Halde-my horse-my gallant Papillon."

Crichton joyfully departed to array himself for this new encounter; while the king, momnting his snow-white Arabian, proceeded to superintend the preparations for the grand estour. As he rode across the arena, a billet was presented to him by a page in the livery of Catherine de Medicis. Henri knit his brow as he perused it.
"Peste!" he muttered, "am I ever to be a puppet in my mother's hands?-By Saint Louis! this shall never be. And yet, all things
considered, it may be better to concede this trifle. Du Halde," he added, beckoning to the chief valet, and speaking in an under tone-" get thee to Crichton's pavilion, and contrive some means for Ruggieri's instant escape. We desire not to be known in this matter:-Thou understandest-about it quickly."

Du Halde departed on his mission, and Henri, turning to his courtiers, with a smile that but ill-concealed his mortification, sail, "It is our mother's pleasure, messcigneurs, that the grand metlé be deferred till night. The defence of the chatel will, therefore, take place, as at first designed, by torchlight. Joyeuse, do thon give orders to this effect. Her majesty hath desired instant speech with us-on affairs of state," he added, in a sarcastic tone, "we presume-no matter-after our conference, which we shall certainly not prolong, it is our intention to essay a course with this preux Scottish knight, in honour of our fair Queen of the Lists."

With this, the monareh pressed forward, and dismounting from his charger, entered the royal gallery.

## CHAPTER V.

## THE PAVII, ION.

La reine vouloit persuader que ce pauvre prince, son fils, avoit conspiré, afin de le rendre odieux ì chacun.

## Henri Etienne. Discours Merveilleux.

When the armourer had completed his office, and Crichton, attired in a magnificent suit of russet-coloured mail sent him by the Vicomte de Joyeuse, was about to place his plumed casque upon his brow and return to the tilt-yard, a page in the royal livery suddenly appeared at the entrance of the pavilion, and annomnced the queen-mother. Ere the Scot could recover from the astonishment into which he was thrown by this unlooked-for visit, Catherine stood before him.
"My presence occasions you surprise, messire," said the queen, with a gracious salutation, which Crichton hanghtily returned, " nor will that surprise be diminished when you learn the motive that has brought us hither."
"To whatever motive I must attribute your majesty's present condescension," returned Crichton, coldly, "I am well aware, from your smiles, that some new danger is to be apprehended."
"You wrong me by your doubts, Chevalier Crichton," rejoined Catherine, in a tone of great courtesy, and apparent candour; "my enmity to you exists no longer. In vanquishing Gonzaga you have vanquished me. I am here to acknowledge my defeat; and I am assured that your nature is too chivalrous to refuse mercy to a prostrate foc."
"Your majesty forgets our interview last night," said Crichton,
regarding the queen distrustfully, " and the Machiavelian precepts with which you unintentionally favoured me. Need I remind you that 'words are the cloak 'neath which the sword is hidden;' need I add, that under your present fair professions, I discern a dark and deadly purpose. Your majesty is no prostrate foe. And it is for me-not for yourself-to sue for clemency."
"You have aothing more to apprehend from me, messire," said Catherine, a slight shade passing across her majestic features, "unless, indeed, you wantonly provoke my resentment. I pledge my royal word, that I am come hither to confer with you in amity."
"That royal word was plighted to the brave and trusting Coligni," rejoined Crichton; "how it was kept, the gory gibbet of Montfaucon best can answer."
" Grant me patience, heaven !" exclaimed Catherine, in an altered voice-" you will not then accept my assurance of friendship?"
"No, by the Saint Barthélemi, madam," answered Crichton, sternly.

Catherine's quivering lip proclaimed the struggle she underwent to repress her almost uncontrollable indignation. Skilled, however, in the mastery of her emotions, she did instantancously repress it; and waving her hand to the attendants, who had withdrawn to the outlet of the tent at her approach, she was left alone with the Scot.
"Chevalier Crichton," she said, in a deep low tone, " you are brave-but your bravery amounts to folly. Of what avail are these idle taunts?-We understand each other."
"We do, madam," replied the Scot.
"And with this understanding, why should we not act in unison? Our interests require it. As friend or foe our purposes are so indissolubly connected, that to separate one were to destroy the other. So far you have succeeded. You are in a position to make terms with me. Propose them. Let not your ambition dread too high a flight. You have boasted that your ancestry is noble-regal-"
"The blood of the Stuart flows in my veins," said Crichton, proudly.
"If I have heard aright, your sire is-"
"Sir Robert Crichton, my father, is sole advocate to James of Scotland," interrupted Crichton; "our religious opinions are at variance, or I had never quitted my native land."
" You did ill to leave it in its scason of calamity," said Catherine, "a prey to heresy and rebellion. One hand like yours, one voice potent as your own, might have availed to cheek, if not avert, this widely devastating storm. Your energies would, indeed, have been beneficially displayed in crushing that serpent brood which the pernicious zeal of the fanatic Knox has called into life. Had the tocsin of Saint Barthélemi been rung from the towers of Edinburgh Castle; had our gentle daughter Mary dealt with her ruthless foes as we have dealt with the enemies of our faith, she would not now
have been a captive to Elizabeth. Chevalier Crichton, your lovely queen weeps away her hours in prison. It should have been your aim, as faithful Catholic, and loyal subject, to have effected her liberation."
"You have, unwittingly, touched upon a chord that vibrates through my heart, madam," said the Scot, his colour mounting, and his glances kindling as he spoke. "To rescue my beloved queen from her oppressors, I would willingly lay down my life-nay, a thousand lives, if I possessed them! If her guard were thrice in number what it is-her prison yet more inaccessible-if she were lodged within the palace of her rival-or immured in London's impregnable tower, I would accomplish her deliverance, or perish in the attempt, did not an awful bar prevent me."
"What bar?" demanded Catherine, with some appearance of curiosity.
"A father's malediction !" replied Crichton, with a sudden change of tone. "Your majesty has spoken of the devastation which heresy has spread throughout my unhappy land. Her temples have been desecrated - the fire that burnt upon her ancient altars has been extinguished; her reverend priests have been driven forth -but this is not all. Into the bosom of her families these new doctrines have brought fierce and bitter dissension. Irreconcileable hatred has sprung up where love before existed. My sire (alas! that it should be so) has embraced the reformed Faitl. I have remained constant to the creed of my ancestry-to the creed of my conviction; and in behalf of that religion in the cause of my injured queen, I should have taken up arms, when I was of years to bear them, had not my sire placed between my sword and the hand that would have grasped it-his curse! With a father's malediction langing over my head, I could not hope for success. Without a struggle I resigned the first, the dearest wish of my dawning life. In vain were prospects of ambition, clouded with heresy, and stained by rebellion, opened to me. In vain were proffers made me by those who would have purchased my services. I left my country, for whose weal I would have gladly bled-I quitted my paternal halls, to which a thousand tender recollections bound me-I rowed never to return to that country-never again to behold that home, till the schism of the one should be annihi-lated-the old rites of worship, once observed by the other, restored."
"You will never then see Scotland more," said Catherine; "she will eling to her false faith, as a libertine to the leman whose arts have ensnared him."
"Or, as her preachers affirm," rejoined Crichton, in a tone of scorn, "she is like the profligate who has abandoned the mistress, and assumed the wife. But your majesty is right. Scotland will know no change. The homely creed she has adopted suits her homely people well. Austere in feeling as in manner, they
will become hardened in heresy. The dogma promulgated by Knox-plebis est religionem reformare roused the whole nation. The people have reformed their faith-and their creed is essentially plebeian. Stripped of its ornaments; robbed of its majesty and grace; its magnificent proportions, sculptured and reared by ages, destroyed; its venerable and hoary colouring, which time alone could impart, effaced; its odours scattered to the breezes; its traditions forgotten or despised; the worship of my country simple, naked, and, it may be, pure, no more resembles its aucient grandeur and sublimity, than the lowly temple of the Huguenot will bear comparison with the glorious edifice of Nôtre-Dame. A cathedral is religion. Who can enter its reverend aisles ummoved -who can gaze upwards to its vaulted roofs with thoughts that stray not heavenward! Mine be the antique fane-mine the timehonoured ereed. Mine be the saint, the shrine, the solemn and melodious mass-mine the faith pieturesque, poctical, beautiful. My native land I may never behold again-my fither's blessing I may never receive-but the religion of Rome, entwined around my heart, endeared to me even by persecution, I will ever maintain."
"I applaud your zeal, messire," said Catherine. "To the brave man the soil he treads is his country. Be France the land of your adoption. Her faith is yet unchanged. Heaven grant it may continue so! The storm we have swept away is again gathering with increased power and fury. Lend us your assistance to dispel it-to uphold the religion so dear to you. In the reign of the Seventh Charles, who swayed the secptre of this fair kingdom, one of your countrymen was, for his bravery displayed in the well-fought field of Beaugé, in Anjou, when the royal Clarence fell by his hand, created Constable of France-why should not a like dignity be yours?"
"Were such unhoped-for distinction mine, madam," said Crichton, smiling, "I should not be the first of my line who has been similarly graced. The valiant Earl of Buchan, the countryman to whom your majesty refers, by whose proud achievement the field of Beaugé was won, and by whom the baton of France was thenceforth borne, was (l hesitate not to proclaim it) iny ancestor."
"Indeed!" exclaimed the wily queen, with well-feigned sutaprise. "Valour it seems is your inheritance. I rejoice to learn that you are a descendant of bold John of Buchan, whose chivalrons ileeds my consort Henri II. has so often rehearsed to me. Why, I again ask, should you not tread in the steps of your ancestor? Why should not your hand grasp the marshal's baton? Why shonld not your voice lead on thie chivalry of France to conquest? Why should not your vigilance maintain her ancient faith unst:llied "."

Crichton returned no answer. His countenance glowed and his frame dilated, as Catherine, not insensible of the impression she had produced, continued - "Why should you not aspire to the hand of the fairest princess of her time? Why should not the lovely Esclaimonde be yours?"
"No more, I pray you, madam-tempt me not."
"Graced with the rank of marshal-allied to the royal house of Condéenriched with the dowry which your bride will bringwould not even your ambition be contented ?"
" Even in my wildest dreams my aspirations never soared so high," ejaculated Crichton-" A marshal of France !"
" Her leader!" said Catherine.
"That baton in my grasp which Bertrand du Gueselin. Olivier de Clisson, and the brave Boucicart bore-which Gaston de Foix, Brissac, and Montmorency wielded-that baton mine!"
"The legions of France beneath your command," added Catherine.
"Her legions!" echoed Crichton-"ha! Saint Andrew! I see them rise round me! I see her fieree and fiery bands pour like a tide upon the plain. I see her chivalry arrayed before me-that peerless chivalry which Bayard led-ha! Montjoic! St. Denismethinks I hear the hattle-cry."
"Be Bayard's fortune yours."
"Bayard was reproachless, madam," returned the Scot, the glow which had lighted up his features suddenly fading away; "the name of Crichton shall be equally so."
" Your name shall not be stained, messire," said Catherine, impatiently; " but in your dreams of ambition you have forgottenwhat we should least have expected you to forget-your tender aspirations."
"Esclairmonde!" exelaimed Crichton.
"Say rather the Princess of Condé;" rejoined Catherine, "for her rank will speedily be acknowlenged."
"Will you acknowledge it, madan?" demanded Crichton, earerly.
"At my own pleasure," returned the queen, coldly. "Question not-but listen. The baton of France-the hand of the Princess of Condé are yours-on certain conditions."
"Hell hath her compacts," muttered Crichton; "and men have bartered their eternal weal for lighter offers. Your conditions, madian?"
"Have I your knightly word, that whether or not you accept the terms I am about to propose, your lips shall reveal no syllable I may utter?"

Crichton appeared lost in reflection.
"Have I your word ?" repeated Catherine.
"You have, madam," returned the Scot.
"I trust you with my life, then-for I am well assured, that once plighted, you will not break that word."
"Your majesty may speak as to your confessor-"
"My confessor!" echocd Catherine, derisively. "Think you I would intrust a secret-the betrayal of which would fill our city of Paris with seaffolds,-would float her streets with blood,would crowd the dungeons of her Bastile, and the oubliettes of her Châtelets with noble prisoners, to a crafty priest. No! there are secrets which must not even be breathed to heaven. Ours is one of them."
"And crimes too deep to be forgiven," said Crichton, gloomily. - "Heaven grant your majesty propose not such."
" Be patient, messire," returned the queen, "and you shall hear what I do propose. You are already (no matter how!) in possession of my plans. I need mot, therefore, tell you of my project for Henri's dethronement-of my scheme to place his crown upon the Duc d'Anjou's head."
"Thus much I know, madam," said Crichton.
"But you are not aware," continued Catherine, approaching more nearly to the Scot, and lowering her tone, "that Anjou is now in Paris."
"Within this eity ?-ha!"
"Within the Louvre-within the palace soon to be his own."
" Great heaven!"
"Bussy d'Amboise, his favourite, has this morning arrived from Flanders. All goes well for us. We have the gold of Spain - the swords of Switzerland and Scotland-for the guards are murs. Our thousand agents, our spies and emissaries are at work. 'ihey thread each quarter of the city. Our partisans enllect together, and only await the signal to declare themselves. 'That signal wili be given to-night."
"So soon!"
"Ay, so soon," reiterated Catherine, triumphantly. "Nostradamus foretold that all my sons should be kings. 'Io-morrow his prediction will be verified."
"And Henri ?"
Catherine grew pale as death, and trembled so violently that she was compelled to lay her hand for support upon Crichton's armed shoulder.
"What of the king, your son, madam ?" continued the Scot, sternly.
"Of all iny sons," exclaimed the queen, with a look of deep agony, and it might be, compunction, "Henri hath ever been the most dear to me. The sickly François, the rugged Charles, found no place in my heart. But Henri, the fond, the pliant, the winning; Henri, ever devoted, ever deferential to my will; Henri, the graceful, the polished, the beautiful-whom nature intended for a king, and for whom I have seconded nature's intentions-he has ever been my favourite."
"And you will now destroy your own work; you will sacrifice your favourite son?"
"My safety requires it," returned Catherine, sighing deeply; "Inemi has of late grown wayward and capricious. He refuses to follow my counsel-to acknowledge my sway. His minions have supplanted me in his esteem. Saint-Luc, Joyeuse, D'Epernon rule where I was wont to govern. The Salic law prevents the exercise of sovereign authority in my own person. I reign through ony sons: if not through Henri, I must reign through Francois."
" Weighed against love of power, a mother's love is nothing," said Crichton.
" Against high resolves it should be nothing," retumed Catherine; " against Fate it $i$ s nothing. Of what avail is my tendeness for Henri; of what avail are my regrets for his defection, of what avail is this hesitation to pronounce his doom? Chevalier Crichton," she continued, in a voice that froze the Scot's blood within his veins, " he must die !"

There was a terrible pause, during which each regarded the other fixedly.
"Horror!" exclaimed Crichton, at length recovering his speech; " can a mother say this?"
"Hear me!" cried Catherine, "and learn with whom you have to deal-learn, and tremble! By blood-my own blood, was my power obtained; by blood-my own blood, must it be maintained. Hemri must dic."
"By the hand that reared him?"
"No! mine might falter. I will find a surer arm to deal the blow. Listen," she continued, becoming perfectly calm, " by midnight all will be in readiness. Under various pretexts, and in various disguises, the leaders of Anjou's faction will, ere that hour arrives, have been introduced into the Louvre. Bussy d'Amboise has his own quarrel to avenge upon the king's favourites. His sword hath seldom failed him. He will deal with Joyeuse, D'Epernon, and Saint-Lue. The Due de Nevers is ours already. Villequier and D'O are vanes that will shift with the wind. Henri alone remains-and he-"
"Well! madam."
"Is reserved for your hand."
"For mine!"
"I have prevailed upon him to defer the grand chivalrous emprise in which he takes part till midnight. Amid the conflict his lance will seek yours. Couch then your sharpened spear,--ery 'Live François III.,' and strike! I know too well the force of your arm to doubt the fata! issue of the blow. That cry-that deadly stroke, will be the signal to Anjou-and to our party. They will respond to it. Henri's adherents will be exterminated-his arown will be his brother's."

"From the scene of carnage you depict, madam," said Cricnton, " my mind flies back to days gone by-to the fair month of June, 1559. Before the palace of the Tournelles, a splendid tournament is set forth to celebrate the nuptials of Elizabeth of France with Philip of Spain. A chivalrous monarch maintains the passage of arms against all comers. That monarch is your husband. That monarch is Henri II."
"No more-no more."
"That monareh demands a favour from his queen. Her scarf is sent him. He places it upon his corslet. He calls to the Earl of Montromery to place his lance in rest. The earl obeys him. The combatants rush upon each other. The lance of Montgomery is broken-"
" Hold! I command you, messire."
"But a splinter hath pierced the brain of the ill-fated king," continued Crichton, heedless of Catherine's frowns. "He falls mortally wounded. You witnessed this fearful catastrophe, madam. You saw your husband hurled bleeding to the earth-and to a like fate you would now condemn your son-his son!"
"Have you yet done?"
"Think you I am an assassin, madam, that you propose to me a deed from which even the ruthless bravo of your native Italy would shrink aghast?"
"If I propose a deed dark and terrible, I offer a proportionate reward," returned Catherine. "Stay!" she continued, drawing from her escarcelle a small roll of parchment, to which a broad seal was appended, "here is your appointment."
"It bears date to-morrow."
"It will be ratified to-night," rejoined the queen, placing the document upon a tapestry-covered table which stood beside them. "Behold the royal signet-behold your title as Marshal of Franee! Your answer?"
"Is this," replied Crichton, suddenly drawing his poignard, and striking it through the parchment with such force that all trace of his name was effectually obliterated.
"Enough!" exelaimed Catherine, tearing the mutilated document from the board. "You shall learn anon whose wrath you have provoked."
"Threat for threat, madam," returned the undaunted Scot "You may find in me a formidable enemy."
" Ha:!" ejaculated the queen, pausing, " you will not betray my confidence? Yuur word is passed."
"It is,' replied Crichton; "but your majesty forgets that Rugrgieri is in my power."

Catherine smiled.
" liugegeri will betray nothing," she said.
"He has swom to reveal all, on condition that his life be spared," returred Crichton.

Catherme's brow darkened for an instant; but the same sinister smile still played around her lips.
" If my astrologer be your sole instrument of offence, messire," she said, "I have little to apprehend."
"Your majesty is confident," rejoined Crichton. "What, if I tell you that the packet containing the proofs of the Princess Esclairmonde's birtli is found?-what if I add that your own letters to the Due d'Anjou - your despatches to the Prince Vincenzo di Gonzaga are now on their way to the king?"
"And if I answer-it is false!-false as your assertion that Ruggieni will betray me. That packet will never reach the king. That packet is in my possession. The Huguenot preacher, who was to have conveyed it to Henri, is my prisoner."
"The powers of darkness have not deserted your majesty, I perccive," said Crichton, with a look of astonishment.
"Nor those of earth," retorted Catherine, clapping her hands. "Let Ruggieri be brought before us," she added, as the attendants appeared.

The men betrayed evident symptoms of alarm-and one of them stammered out something like an exeuse.
" How is this?" demanded Crichton. "Have you dared to disobey his majesty's commands?-have you suffered your prisoner to escape?"

At this moment two of the hooded officials entered the pavilion.
"Where is the astrologer? - answer on your lives," said Crichton.
"We are come to seek him here, monseigncur," said the foremost of the twain.
" Here !" cehoed Crichton, furiously.
"Yes, monseigneur," returned the man; "we had no sooner placed him in the guard-room, than he disappeared; we know not how or where-and we thought he was as likely to be here, as in any other place."
"I recognise your hand in this, madam," said the Scot, turning to Catherine.

The queen replied with a bitter smile: "The powers of darkness have not yet deserted us, yon perceive, messire."
"The other prisoner, however, is safe enough," said the foremost oflicial, as he drew back.
"What prisoner?" demanded Crichton, eagerly.
"The heretic preaeler," returned the man; "he is at hand if you wish to interrogate him." And without waiting for the Scot's reply, he motioned to his comrade, who, in his turn, motioned to some one without; and the curtain of the tent being drawn aside, with his arms bound with cords, and his whole appearance betokening great personal suffering from ill usage, the venerabie Florent Chretien was dragged into the pavilion.
"His companion, the Englishman, escaped us," interposed tho
official, who acted as spokesman, "owing to a fiend in the form of a dor, with fangs like a wolf, who fought by his side, and covered his flight. But he camot have passed the gates of the Louvreund we may yet secure him."

Crichton was about to rush to the assistance of the captive preacher to free him from his bondage. But a look from the old man restrained him.
"It is in vain, my son," said Chrétien; " do not draw down your blood likewise upon my head."
"The packet?" demanded Crichton, with frantic eagerness; "say it has not fallen into the hands of this remorseless queen-say you have given it to the Englishman Blount-say that he hastens with it to the king-say there is yet hope."
"Alas! my son, why should I deceive you? My mission hath failed. Our cnemies triumph. They have pursucd me sore. Like a bird I have fallen into their snare. The precious casket hath been stolen from me. There is no hepe save from on high."
"Heaven will'work no miracle in thy behalf, rank heretic that thou art," said Catherine; "the populace, robbed of the spectacle they anticipated in Ruggieri's execution by fire, will need a victim. They shall have one. The stake shall not have been planted, nor the fagots piled within the Pré-aux-cleres, in vain. Abjure thine heresies, old man. Make thy peace above. Thy sentence is pronounced."
"I desire no better end," replied Chrétien; "my death shall be a testimony to the faithful."
"Your fanatic zeal blinds you, good father," said Crichton; "forsake your errors while there is yet time."
"Forsake them!" echoed the preacher, with fervour; "never! Flames may consume my breathing body. Torture may rend my limbs asunder. But my lips shall never gainsay my heart. For a death like this, my whole life hath been a preparation. I am not taken by surprise. My house is set in order. I shall glory in my martyrdom. I shall rejoice to be numbered with the righteons, who have perished in the service of their God. It is thou, my son, who art in crror. It is thou who art blinded and perverse. It is thou who art in danger of unquenchable flame. Let my words dwell with thee-let my spirit be upon thee. So shall I not die in rain; so shall thy own end be happy-be joyful as mine. Thou hast called me father-as a father I bestow my blessing upon thec.,"
"As a father-oh God!" exclaimed Crichton, his eyes filling with emotion, and his voice faltering.
" Kneel down, my son; an old man's benediction, whatever may be his creed, cannot injure you."*

Crichton instantly threw himself at the preacher's feet.

[^21]"Heaven's grace descend upon your head, my son," said Clırétien, bending over him; "and may the dawning of a new l:ght from heneeforth break upon your soul!"
"My soul will never swerve from its fixed bias," replied Crichton, as he arose from the benediction. "I admire your constancy; but my faith is changeless as your own. I shall be no apostate."
"V Video meliorn, proboque, deteriura sequor," sighed the old man, —"ah, my son, you are stubborn in umbelief. But my prayers will not be unheard, and your name, together with that of one dear to you as to myself, shall mingle with iny latest breath. I shall expire in the hope of your spiritual regencration. For thee, perfidious and bloody-minded woman," he continued, turning to Catherine, and recrarding her with a terrible look, "a day of dreadful retribution is at hand. Thy portion shall be that of the idolatrons Queen of Judah. Evil shall be brought upon thee and shame. Thy posterity shall be utterly taken away. With blood hast thou pollinted this city; and with thy own blood shall it be cleansed. "Vengeance is mine,' saith the Lord, 'and I will repay.'"
"Peace, blasphemer," interrupted the queen, "and learn to thy confusion, that if the arm of heaven hath been manifested at all, it hath this day been declared in favour of the religion thon deridest. The leader upon whom the reliance of your miserable sect is placed-our chief enemy hath been delivered into our hands. IIa: thou tremblest - have I found a way to shake thy inflexible spirit?"
"It cannot be!" exclaimed Chrétien, with a despairing look.
"It is," returned Catherine, trimphantly; "we hold thy chieftain within our foils."
"Ah, fatal rashness!" eried Chrétien, bitterly; "but I will not murmur against the deerees of Providence. I pray your majesty to send me forth; I am very faint."
"Take him hence," said Catherine, "and let it be proclaimed by sound of trumpet in each quarter of our faithful and Catholic city, that a Hugnenot minister will be put to death by fire at midnight within the Pré-anx-eleres. Let the ecelesiastical authorities receive instant intimation to attend. Here is your warrant," she added, delivering a written paper to the oflicial.
"Your majesty hath delivered me the wrong order," said the oflicial, glancing at the superseription of the seroll; "this is a warrant for the execution of Cosmo Rurgieri, Abbé of Saint Mahé, convicted of the crimes if leze-majesté and sorcery."
"It will suffice," returned the queen, imperiously; "remove your prisoner."

Chrétien dropped upon his knees.
" How long, O Lord, holy and truc," cried he, gazing earnestly towards heaven, " dost thou not judge and avenge our blood on them that dwell upon the earth ?"

And with these words his reverent head dechined upon his
beeast, while, supported by the two officials, he was borne out of the pavilion.
"Your majesty, indeed, is an inexorable enemy," said Crichton, gazing after the unfortunate preacher, with looks of the deepest commiseration.
"And as unalterable a friend," returned the queen; "it is for you now to determine, Chevalier Crichton, in which light I must henceforth be viewed. A word ere we part. In Henri you have a rival. He loves the Princess Eselairmonde."
"I know it, madam-"
"To-night she is his, or yours."
"IIs she shall never be."
" Then you accept my terms?"
At this moment the lond blast of a bugle was heard sounding from the further end of the tilt-yard.
"A knightly challenge!" exclaimed Crichton, listening for a repetition of the notes.
" A kingly challenge," returned Catherine; "that trumpet blast is the defiance of Henri of Navarre."
" Henri of Navarre!" echoed Crichton, in astonishment; " he then is the Huguenot leader whom fate hath delivered into your hands."
"He is," replied Catherinc. "I am indebted to chance for this important discovery. One of my demoiselles, La Rebours, as she rode to the Louvre, was struck with the resemblance of a soldier in the train of the Baron de Rosni to Henri de Bourbon. The circumstance was casually alluded to in my hearing. My suspicions were at once aroused. Spies were instantly put upon the scent, and I found that the soldier was the monarch in masquerade. The secret must rest between ourselves, messire."
"Fear nothing, madame," answered the Scot, "my lips are sealed."
"I learnt also, that this fool-hardy king was about to attend the jousts hold at the Louvre, for the express purpose of breaking a lance with you."
"With me, madame?"
"Your renown as an expert tilter has, I conclude, reached his ears, and he is resolved to part it to the proof. But hark! his trumpet sounds for the scond time. This conference must be brought to a close. Your answer to my proposal ?"
"It shall be delivered after the jousts?"
"Our confidence in the mean time-?"
"Shall be held sacred. I swear it."
"Enough-after the jousts I shall expect you within the royal gallery. Place your hand, as if by accident, upon your poignard when you approach me. From the gesture I shall infer that you assent. Dieu vous garde! messire." So saying, Catherine summoned her attendants and quitted the pavilion.
"What ho! my lance-my stecd," shouted Crichton, snatehing his helmet from the armcuier, who hiu promptly answered his call,-" ha! Saint Andrew, my gorget, my gauntlets! By heaven!" he murmured, " to eross a lance with the bravest prince in Christendon were reward enough for a thousand risks. Our Lady aid me in this essay!"

In another instant his equipments were completed, and, vanlting upon his steed, the Scot dashed through the entrance of the lists.

No sooner was the coast clear, than from beneath the tapestrycovered table, which stood in the middle of the tent, emerged first a long conical cap-then a fantastic visage in which drollery was strangely mixed up with apprehension-and lastly the odd-shaped party-coloured person of Chicot-his teeth chattering and his limbs shaking.
"Sang de cabres!" he cried, after casting an anxious glance around. " I have stolen here to some purpose. Pretty revelations I have heard. A conspiracy on the eve of breaking forth !-our dear Henriot about to be transfixed with a lanee as his father was transfixed before him. Had it been the cloister to which he was condemned, I should not have cared-he had always a taste for the frock-but assassination !-Cornes de diable! I am horror-stricken. Old Buridan was in the right to propound his sophism-' Reginam interficere nolite timere bomm esse.' It would be a praiseworthy act to put Queen Catherine out of the way. But Buridan's theories are out of fashion even in the Sorbonne. What is to be done? Luckily $I$ have made no vow not to betray her majesty's confidence-and if I had, on an oceasion like the present, I should not scruple to break it. What is to be done? I ask myself that question for the second time. I am sorely perplexed. Who will believe my tale? I shall be laughed at-cuffed-perhaps-be put out of the way myself-the common fate of meddlers. I have it. I will abide the issue of the jousts, and then confer with this Scotfor I can guess what answer he means to give our Jezabel. How runs the pasquil?

Twixt Catherine and Jezabel
The difference is small-
The one the phage of Israel, The other plague of Ganl.
But if the fate ot Jezabel Our Catherine should befal, The very dogs would (mark ne well!, liefuse to eat at all."*

And muttering these scurrilous strains as he went, the jester crept cautiously out of the pavilion.

[^22]
## CHAPTER "I.

## 'TIIE BEAKNAIS.

Que direz-vous, ficheux maris, de cette souffrance? N'aurez-vous point de peur, que vos femmes vous laissent pour venir ì moi? ou n'estimerez-vous point plutôt que ce fût quelque lâcheté.

## Divohce Satirique.

As Crichton rode into the tilt-yard, he found Henri, encireled by his favourites, impatiently awaiting his return, and speculating upon the haughty defiance with which the walls of the Louvre yet resounded.
"Away, Montjoie - away, messicurs," cried the monarch, addressing the king-of-arms and the heralds; "do your devoir quickly, and bring us word what hardy champion dares to intrude within our lists. Par la mort-dien! it would seem we hold a free passage of arms, and not private jousts. But this adventurer, whoever he may be, shall rue his temerity. Away! and let us know his title and condition. Ha! you are come," he added, as the Scot drew in the rein by his side-" we shall question you anon, messire, as to the nature of your interminable conference with our mother. We suspect from your looks, that you have been hatching some treason against us. Is it so ?"
"Sire!" exclaimed Crichton, reddening.
"By our faith your interview huth made you serious since you thus resent our jest," said the king, smiling; "and no wonder-for, certes, a tête-ì-tête of any duration with her majesty the queenmother, is no laughing matter, even to ourself. However, upon the present oceasion we ought to thank, rather than chide you, for detaining her so long, as her absence has enabled us to lay closer siege to her lovely demoiselle, than we should have cared to do in her presence. Apropos of the fair Esclairnonde, Chevalier Crichton, so soon as we have disposed of this unknown challenger, it is our intention to splinter a lance with you in her honour. We have no fears of your disloyalty you see, or we should not thus heedlessly place our life at your disposal."
"Be warned, sire!" said a deep voice, " and run no course today."

Henri started.
"Who speaks?" he ejaculated, turning with some misgiving, in the supposed direction of the sound. His looks of inquiry fell upon the frank countenance of the Vicomte de Joyeuse, which was charged with as much astonishment as his own.
" Remember your father's fate!" exclaimed the same deep voice now appearing to sound from a different quarter-" Beware!"
"Sang-dieu!" vociferated the king, furiously. "Who dares thus address us? Let him stand forth." But no answer was returned: nor was any movement made in obedience to Henri's mandate.

The courtiers eyed each other with glances of suspicion. No one, however, conld tax his neighbour with having uttered the ominous words.
" Jesus!" exclaimed Henri, in a tone of some uneasiness, at the same time secretly crossing himself, "that voice recals our idle terrors of last night. But there can be no sarbacane upon the present occasion."
"Vive-dieu! no, sire," cried Joycuse, springing to the king's side. "But there may be other artifice."
"It may be well not to neglect the caution, my gracious liege," said Saint-Lue, who was almost as superstitious as his sovereign. "Cliarles le Bien-Aimé had his warning."
"And our ill-fated father, likewise," mused the king.
"Your majesty will not suffer yourself to be deterred from entering the jousts by this imposture," said Joyeuse; "were 1 in your place, sire, I would show my contempt for this hidden traitor's counsel, by seizing a lance, and proceeding at once to the barricrs."
"Joyeuse is in the right," said the Due de Nevers, with a singular smile; "it were an inpeachment of the Chevalier Crichton's loyalty to refuse him, upon such light grounds, the honour of a carcer with your majesty."
"It is an honour which I have not sought, monsicur le Duc," returned Crichton, sternly; "and I pray you to remember that the stroke by which Hemri M. fell was accidental."
"Speak not of it, mon cher," said the king, shuddering.

> "Servans damours regardez donleement, Aux eschaffaux anges de paradis-"
sang Joycuse, anxious to reassure the pusillanimous monarch. "Think of the bright eyes that will watch your prowess, sire: think of the belle Esclairmonde."

Henri glanced towards the grand gallery; he there beheld the fair Princess of Condé, "the cynosure of neighbouring cyes," and his fears instantly vanished.
"Thou hast restored us, my brother," he said to the Vicomte. "We will think of the mistress of our heart. Were it to be our last career we would no longer hesitate."
"It will be your last," said the deep voice, sounding yet more hollowly.
"Ha!" cjaculated Henri, relapsing into all his former terrors,"that voice again! This passeth a jest-if a jest be intended; and though we pardoned our buffoon Chicot's effrontery last night, think not we will tolerate similar freedom to-day. Look to it, messeigneurs, and let our hidden monitor, who lacketh the courage to discover himself, in his turn beware."
"Methinks your hidden counsellor displays more courage and forbearance in concealing himself," said Crichton, "than he would do were he to obey your mandate. He can have nothing tc apprehend from your majesty."

At this moment, and while the utmost confusion prevailed amid the royal group, to Henri's infinite relief Montjoie and his attendant heralds returned. "Heaven be praised !" exclaimed the king, "if I am to be kept in the dark respecting this mysterious warning, my curiosity will, at all events, be gratified on another point of equal interest. Thon art welcome, Montjoie. Thy news!-the name and condition of this hardy adventurer? Yet hold! Ere thou speakest, I will wager the string of pearls against the knot of ribbands that flutters on the Chevalier Crichton's heln, that this champion is the Balafré."
"I accept your wager, sire," said Crichton. "Favour against fivour."
" Decide, Montjoie," said Henri.
"Your majesty is the loser," returned the king-of-arms; " it is not the Duc de Guise."
"Diantre!" exclaimed Henri, reluctantly yielding the gage to Crichton; "you are ever fortunate. It were vain to contend with one upon whom thie capricious goddess constantly smiles."
"Certes, your majesty has lost a talisman which more than tempered steel would have been proof against my lance," rejoined the Scot, joyfully unhelming himself, and attaching the string of pearls to his casque.

Executed with consummate grace, this slight action was not unobserved by the fair princess by whom the ornament had been worn. Her situation enabled her to command the whole scene, and she witnessed with surprise the inexplicable conduct of the king towards ?his rival. Her astonishment was, however, speedily changed into admiration and delight as she beheld her lover's employment; and as she gazed upon his proud head, now divested of all covering save that afforded by his fair and flowing tresses; as she looked upon the stately and snow-white throat springing from out his "habiliments of war," like the moulded neek of Antinous; as she listened to the unrestrained praises of the dames by whom she was surrounded; and the louder plaudits of the admiring multitude; and as she finally encountered his enamoured gaze, and felt that he to whom all this homage was paid rendered homage alone to her-shall we injure her in the esteem of the fair reader if we say that something of self-elation mingled with her tenderer emotions? As Criehton replaced his bourginot upon his brow she waved her hand, and her salutation was instantly acknowledged by the Scot with a look and gesture of the deepest devotion.

Henri, meantime, turning to Montjoie, continued his interrogations respecting the strange knight.
"As permitted by the laws of chivalry, my liege," returned Montjoie, in answer to the king's inquiry, "this champion claims to be exempted from the disclosure of his name."
"And thou hast recognised his right to do so, we will be sworn?" said Hemri, in a petulant tone.
"In the due discharge of mine office, as your majesty's representative in the court of arms, I could not do otherwise," returned Montjoic.
" You have done well, sir," said the king, frowning.
"I have fulfilled my duty, sire," returned Montjoic, bluntiy; "your father, Hemri II., of glorious memory, would not have thus rebnked me."
"Nor will his son," said Hemri, kindly: "your pardon, my old and loyal servant. What title has this knight inscribed upon your rolls?"
"A strange one, sire-the Béarnais."
"The Béarnais!" exclaimed Henri, in surprise; "this is some mockery. There is but one champion in Europe who has a right to that title, and he is not so much in want of warlike pastime, or so fool-hardy, as to venture hither in quest of knightly adventures."
"The cavalier is, perchance, one of the King of Navarre's valiant captains, who has, for the nonce, usurped his sovereign's title," returned Montjoie-" it may be Chatillon or D'Aubigné."
"Is he unattended?" demanded Henri.
"No, my liege," answered Montjoic; " his companion is the King of Navarre's envoy, Maximilian de Bethunes, Baron de Rosni."
"Ah! the Polydor of our cousin Aleandre," said the king, smiling.
"And the husband of the fuir Dioclée," observed Joyeuse, significantly.
" Madame de Rosni is still alive, I believe, though her husband threatened her with the dagger and the bowl when he discovered her inconstancy with Henri of Navarre-ch! marquis ?" said Saint-Lue, addressing Villequicr.

This was a home-thrust. The Governor of Paris, a few years back, had slain his first wife, Françoise de la Marek, for a like fault.* He endeavoured, however, to parry the stroke.
"The Baron de Rosni is a base and contented wittol," he said, with a sneer, "and merits his fate. Fortunate are they who possess spouses sufficiently ill-fivoured to ensure their safety."

The laugh was now on the governor's side, for the baroness (as we have before remarked) was the plainest woman of her time.

Saint-Lue was about to make an angry retort to Villequier's raillery, but his petulance was cheeked by the king.
"No more of this, messeigneurs," said Hemri; " here comes the Baron de Rosni and his unknown companion. I pray you observe them closcly."

[^23]And as he spoke, two lanights completely armed, and each followed by an esquire bearing his shield and lance, entered the champ-clos. The foremost of the twain, whose stature, originally large, was materially increased in bulk by the ponderous plates of steel in which his limbs were cased, was mounted on a fiery jet-black barb, which required the utmost efforts of his rider's powerful arm to restrain his impatience. The visor of the knight was closed, and through its narrow bars not even the flashing of an eye could be discerned. One uniform ruddy tint pervaded his equipments. From sallade to solleret, his harness was crimsoncoloured. His panache of ostrich plumes, "longs et haulx;" the sweeping caparisons of his charger; the feathered tufts that nodded on the chamfrin and croup of the lordly animal; the shield and battle-axe that hung at his saddle-bow, were all of the same sanguine hue.

Behind this champion, who, it is needless to say, was Henri of Navarre, rode an esquire in livery of similar complexion, bearing in his right hand a lance, on the point of which fluttered a small silken pennon, and on his left arm a buckler, painted with the simple flower so exquisitely described by a great poet of our time as

> A silver shield with boss of gold
> That spreads itself, some Faëry bold
> In fight to cover-
and surmounted by a diadem, with the following couplet traced in grolden characters beneath it:-

## 3)'aurai toujours aut cour corite Gur toutes flurs la fetargucrite.

It was evident from the device that this posy was intended as an allusion to Margaret of Navarre.

The Baron de Rosni (better known by his subsequent illustrious title of the Duc de Sully) appeared in the same martial apparelling in which he was first introduced. His long two-handed sword -a formidable weapon, described by a skilful professor of the art of defence, Giacomo di Grassi, as being "four handfuls in the handle, or more, having also the great cross"-was still girt to his side. The housings of his steed, a powerful roan, were crimson and black in colour; while plumes of the same mixed hues crested his morion, the visor of which was raised.
"Yon knight is of larger make than Alcandre, my liege," said Joycuse; "it cannot be he."
"By Saint Andrew!" exclaimed Crichton, who had witnessed the entrance of the two chieftains with rapturous enthusiasm, "the glowing trappings of yon preux chevalier remind me of the lay of the brave Louis de Beauveau (as charming troubadour as he was
expert tilter), wherein he has depicted his own appearance at the jousts. Thus runs his ditty, if I remember rightly:-

## 並es plus rouges n sont pris.

## I.

Slowly unto the listed field I rode, Rouge was my charger's wide caparison; And the same hue that on his housing glowed, Purpled my shield, my spear, my morion.

## II.

Ronge was my couvrechief, that swept the sward, Rouge the tall plume that nodded on my crest; And the rich scarf-my loyalty's rewardBlushed, like a timorous virgin, on my breast.

## III.

My broad ensanguined shield bore this device, In golden letters writ, that all might see How for bold deeds will lightest words suffice, And thus it ran-'Les plus rouges y sont pris.'"
"Have a care! mon cher," said Joyense, smiling at his friend's ardour. "See you not against whose shield the lance of yon doughty knight is directed?",
"Now, by Saint George!" replied Crichton, striking his spurs into his steed, and compelling him to execute a rapid succession of eurvets, "I am right glad the appeal has been made to me."
"By the memory of my valiant uncle, Framȩis de Vivonne," exclaimed the Abbé de Brantôme, who, though not hitherto particularised, formed one of the group of courtiers in attendance upon the king, "you are the flower of knighthood, Chevalier Crichton, and appear to revive in your own person one of those hardy champions of François I., who, standing upon the very spot where we are now assembled, said, in admiration of their achievements,

> Châteigneraye, Vicilleville, et Bourdillon, Sont les trois hardis compagnons!"
"The saying would apply with equal force to the champions of our own time, dear abbé," returned Crichton, smiling. "The courage of the three renowned warriors you have named survives in their successors; the kingly courtesy of François is renewed in his grandson; and our own monarch might, with as much truth as his ancestor, exclaim,

The three nobles smilingly acknowledged the compliment; nor did Henri appear less gratified than his favourites.
"What is all this?" cried Chicot, who had now found his way to the side of his royal master, "what miscrable distich is that I hear? Talk of ancestors and descendants-pouah !-I, who am the descendant of the great Triboulet, who was fool to a greater fool, and upon whom my ancestor's cap and bells as well as his office have fallen-I, Chicot, buffoon in ordinary to-

> Henri, par la grâce de sa Mère,
> Inerte Roi de France, et de Pologne imaginaire,
swear and declare upon my bauble, that

Joyeuse, Saint-Luc, et D'Epernon Sont fous au merveilleux Crichton!

And there's a better rhyme, as well as sounder reason for you."
Henri of Navarre, meanwhile, followed by his esquire, having left the Baron de Rosni at the entrance of the tilt-yard, slowly traversed the arena, attracting universal attention, especially among the gentler sex, by his athletic and finely-formed figure, by the singularity of his equipments, and more than all, by his vert-gallant and amorous demeanour, which even danger could not subdue, nor bars of iron entirely conceal. The carelessness with which he bestrode his mettlesome and curveting charger; the continual movements of his helmet from side to side, as his ardent glances wandered over the crowd of beauties; the majestic ease of his carriage, and a thousand indescribable graces, none of which were lost upon the spectators, worked wonders in his favour. Something, indeed, there was in the gallant Bourbon's manly form, that, under any disguise he might assume, never failed to awaken immediate interest in the female bosom. On the present occasion its effect was little less than magical; and as le paused for a moment beneath the grand gallery, a perfect sensation was excited among its fiilr and frolic occupants.
"Who is he ?" ran from lip to lip.
"It is the Duc d'Anjou," said Madame de Narmoutiers.
"It is Bussy d'Amboise," said lsabel de Montsoreau.
"It is the Duc de Guise," said la Maréchale de Retz.
"Mon Dieu! mesdames, yon knight's armour would encase all three," said Torigni, screaming with laughter. "You ought to know your old lovers better."
"Unless, like the Demoiselle de Torigni, we should have had so many as to have forgotten all save the last," returned the marbchale, maliciously.
"Merci, madame," rejoined the Florentine, " you are quite we! come to attack my memory, so long as you compliment my attrau tions."
"What if it be the gendarme of the Rue Pelican ?" sighed La Rebours.
"Your head has been running all the morning upon that soldier, demoiseile," remarked La Fosseuse, pettishly. "You thought him like Henri of Navare, and now you think everybody like him."
"Ah! if it should be the Bourbon, after all!" ericd La Rebours, suidenly recovering her animation.
"Whocver he may be," rephied Torigni, "he has decidedly the finest figure of any knight in the tilt-yard-the Chevalier Crichton not excepted."
" Name not the traitor in my hearing," observed Margucrite de Valois, whose attention this chance allusion to her lover's name lad aroused.
"Our unknown cavalier appears in seareh of some dame from whom he may solicit a favour," said the Maréchale de Retz.
"And he is so like the Duc de Guise that you camot possibly refuse him," rejoined Torigni.
"His glances are directed towards La Rebours," said La Fos-scuse-" see, he moves."
"To me!" ejaculated La Rebours, crimsoning to the temples. "No," she added, with a look of disappointment, "it is to her majesty."
"And see you not the device on his shicld," remarked Torigni, " and the motto

> J’aurai toujours au cour écrite Sur toutcs fleurs la Marguerite.

He is, evidently, an aspirant to the smiles of our gracious mistress. Your majesty,"continued the artful Florentine, addressing the queen in a low tone, " will have now an opportunity of fully revenging yourself upon your inconstant lover.'
"You forget whom you address, minion," replied Marguerite, vainly endeavouring to hide her emotion under the mask of impatience; " once more I forbid you to allude to him."

At this moment, a page pressed forward, and bending the knee before the Queen of Navarre, tendered the homage of the unknown knight-
"The companion-in-arms of the Baron de Rosni," he said, "who solicits some slight token from your majesty, that he may splinter a lance in your behalf with the Chevalier Crichton."
"With Crichton !" exchaimed Marguerite, rising.
"I was in the right you sce, madame," cried Torigni; but perceiving the farful change that had taken place in the countenance of the queen, she checked her vivacity; " after all, she will avenge herself upon her lover," thought the demoiselle; "that look reminds me of the night when Guillaume du Prat, enticed by her caresses to the deed, for ever silenced the envenomed tongue of her enemy, Du Guast."
"This knight is the companion of the Baron de Rosni, thou sayst ?" demanded Marguerite, with an abstracted air.
"His brother-in-arms, madane," returned the youth
"He shall receive a gage from our own hand," said the queen, after a brief pause.
"He will value it the more highly," rejoined the youth. "Honoured by so fair a queen, his success in the career is certain."
"On my faith, beau sire, thou hast learnt thine office betimes," said Torigni, smiling.
"Let thy lord attend us within the chamber beneath this gallery," said Marguerite. "Demoiselles Torigni and La Rebours, you will accompany us."

The page arose and departed.
"May I crave a word with your majesty ?" said Esclairmonde, approaching the queen.
"Your pardon, demoiselle," replied Marguerite, haughtily, "we would pass."

And she quitted the gallery, followed by her attendants.
Having completed his survey of the fair occupants of the balcony, and despatched the message we have just heard delivered, Henri of Navarre spurred his steed in the direction of the pavilion, before which, attached to a halbert struck decply into the earth, was displayed Crichton's shield. Snatching a lanse from his esquire, the monarch struck it against the targe with so much good will that the halbert and its clanging burden were at once borne to the ground; while, startled by the noise of the falling arms, his charger began to rear and plunge violently.
" Harnibleu!" muttered Henri, sharply applying his armed heel to the flanks of the unruly animal, and by a powerful effort reducing him to subjection; "this froward steed is evidently unused to the exercisc of the tilt-yard. He starts at the clatter of steel as an unmanaged colt winceth at the lash of the chambriére. He may know his paces; but I doubt if I shall be able to bring him to the rest, after the career. My sage counsellor Rosni had, I suspect, his own motives in persuading me to abandon my brave old Norman charger, whom the roar of a culverin, or the clash of a thousand pikes would not affright, and whom I can restrain with a silken thread, for this high-spirited and fantastic barb, because, forsooth, he has finer limbs, and a sleeker coat. The knave would gladly see me discomfited, that his own superior wisdom may, in future, be acknowledged. It shall go hard, however, if I do not, despite his ingenious stratagem, outwit him. At all events, I will not give him the satisfaction of perceiving the annoyance he has occasioned me. I have overcome greater obstacles than this rebellious animal presents-ay, and turned them to account, too. An enterprise without danger is of little worth. Invia virtuti nulla est riu:has ever been my device. And now for my lady's token! Sa ha! sirrah—take heed! You carry Cosar and his fortunes."

Again applying the spur, and ehecking the impetuous movements of his steed with an arm of iron, Henri, as deliberately as he came, returned to the grand gallery.
"Her majesty will bestow the token upon you with her own hand, monseigneur," said the page, advaneing to meet him.
"A la bonne heure!" exclaimed the king. "This is exactly what I wished." And dismounting, he flung the rein to his esquire, and entered the seaffold with a light and joyous footstep.
"This way, sir knight," said one of the huissiers stationed at the portal. "The Queen of Navarre will give you audience within this chamber."

A tapestried curtain, suspended before an open valve, was then dirawn aside, and the king found himself in the presence of his consort.

Henri of Bourbon was not wont to have misgivings where a lady was concerned. But the situation in which he was placed with his queen was rather embarrassing. It was a relief to him, therefore, to find that she was not alone. Having no such apprehensions, and not being aware who it was that stood before her, Margucrite immediately, on the king's appearance, dismissed her attendants. La Rebours lingered for an instant behind her companion; and as she passed the monarch, her embroidered handkerchief (it might have been by accident) fell to the ground. Hemri stooped to raise it; and as he restored the perfumed mouchoir to its fair owner, his hand, divested of his gauntlet, contrived to encounter the taper fingers of the demoiselle. Assuredly it was not by aceident that the pressure which he hazarded was so perceptibly returned.
" Ventre-saint-gris!" muttered the king, "this is the lovely dame whom I beheld in the rue Pelican."
"I will stake my life that it is Hemri of Navarre:" thought La Rebours, glancing from beneath her downeast eyclids at the Bourbon's stately figure; "and if so," ran her meditations, as she quitted the room, "there can be no danger in trusting him with his queen. I need apprehend no rivalry in that quarter. Connubial devotion is certainly not Henri's foible."

If the monarch felt disconcerted at the idea of a tête-ì-tête with his spouse, his embarrassment was not diminished when he found that this little piece of gallantry had not escaped her notice. His fears, however, were needless. Margucrite entertained no jealousy of him; though it suited her purpose to affect some slight pique.
"The kerehief of my demoiselle would seem to have a higher value in your eyes, messire," she said, "than any grage I could bestow, were it even a tress of my own hair to bind upon your helm?"
"You are mistaken, madame," returned Henri, in a feigned voice, but in the impassioned tone which he had ever at command, " the simple pearl is lovely in mine cyes; but the 'pearl of pearls'

18 that which wins my homage. As Jean de la Taille, from whom I have borrowed the scroll upon my shield, sings,

> Ce ne fut pas la paquerette
> L'oillet, la rose, ni le lys:
> Ce fut la belle Marguerite, Qu'au cœur j’aurai toujours érite.

Marguerite, your name is inseribed upon my heart as upon my buckler. Recal not your boon, I implore of you. Yield me that treasured gage, and you ensure me victory."
"If it will ensure you victory, it is yours," said Marguerite, eagerly.
"What you refuse to love you readily accord to hate, I perceive," returned Henri. "You have some quarrel to avenge upon the Chevalier Crichton."
"'The deepest a woman has to avenge," replied Margucrite. "I will not disguise from you, messire, that I have to requite a lover's inconstancy."
"Soh," thought Henry " I am destined to hear my own dishonour proclaimed by lips to which I cannot with propricty give the lie. I also have a quarrel to arrange with this Scottish knight," he added aloud, "and by consequence you could not have found a fitter champion to redress your wrongs. He has injured me as deeply as yourself."
"Impossiblc."
"Corblen! madame," returned Henri, " most men would consider my injuries the heavier. But I will not contest the point. You are, undoubtedly, the best judge as to which of us is the greater sufferer:"
"I see to what you allude, messire," said Marguerite. "I have to complain of the perfidy of a lover-you of the infidelity of a wife."
" Precisely so," replied Henry.
"Wash out the stain upon your name in the traitor's blood," exclaimed the queen. "As to your faithless dame, if the death of her paramour will not content your vengeance, I swear, it she belong to the court of France, or to that of my royal husband, Henry of Navare, her erime shall not pass unpunished."
"The guilt of the adultress shall not pass unpunished," rejoined Henri, gravely. "But it is well for my faithless dame that my plan of retribution differs from that proposed by your majesty."
"You love her, then, despite her fault?" said Marguerite.
"No," replied Henri, mournfully-" but I have loved her-and for that remembered tenderness I will spare her."
"Your dame is fortunate in the possession of a lord so patient," returned Marguerite, scornfully.
"She is more fortunate than she deserves to be, I must own, madame," answered Henri.
"You may repent this weakness when it is too late." rejoined Marguerite. "I comprehend not how a wrong like this can be forgiven."
"Would not these words pass sentence upon yourself, madame, were they uttered in the presence of the king your husband?"
"Speak not of Henri,", said the queen. "He hath long divorced himself from my love. If I have been faithless consort, he has been faithless lord. He cannot complain. I could have loved him -but-no matter! It is not of him I would speak-but of yourself."
" Two persons closely connected," thought the king.
"Hear me!" cried Marguerite, clasping Henri's fingers with a hand that burnt with fever; "your dame has wronged you-you love her not."
"I have already confessed as much, madame. Open not my bleeding wounds anew."
"I do so but to heal them. Now, mark me. Let the result of this career be fatal to-to the Cheralier Crichton, and what I have of love is yours."
"Ventre-saint-gris!" mentally ejaculated Henri. "This is a novel reward for redressing my own injuries."
"How say you, messire?" demanded the queen, impatiently.
"Can you doubt my answer? I accept your proposal. But what assurance have I of your sincerity?"
" My word-the word of an injured and vindictive womanthe word of a queen."
" When her injuries are redressed, the queen may forget what the woman has promised."
"The woman shall never forget that she is a queen, nor what is due to her as the sister, and the spouse of kings," returned Marguerite, haughtily. "When I laid my commands upon the Baron de Viteaux to slay the ribald Du Guast; when I made the same proposal to him that I have made to you, he hesitated not." But he had loved me long."
"I have loved you yet longer, Marguerite," rejoined Henri, in a troubled tone; "and I will do your bidding. But do not liken me to the assassin Viteaux."

[^24]"I blame not your incredulity, messire," said the queen, resuming all her softness and blandishment of manner; "it conld not be otherwise. That I should affect to love one whom I never before beheld-with whose features-with whose name I am alike unacquainted-were to belie myself-to deceive you. But there is something in the tone of your voice that inspires me with confidence. I have unhesitatingly trusted you with the hidden purposes of my soul. As loyal knight you will not betray them. Obey my behests, and I will fulfil my promise. You ask for some token of my truth. Here is one will remove all doubts;" and as she spoke, she took from her neck a carcanet of pearls, the lustre of which was eclipsed by the dazzling faimess of her skin; "this omament was the gift of Henri of Navarre."
"Diable!" cjaculated the king.
"It was given me on our espousals-it is yours."
"Could Henri of Navarre have anticipated you would part with it thus, his hand should have been hacked off at the wrist ere he had bestowed it."
" How?"
"I crave your majesty's pardon. I have a strange habit of putting myself in the situation of other people, and for the moment fancied myself your credulous husband. Give me the chain."
"Remove your casque, then, and with my own hand I will attach the collar to it."

Henri appeared irresolute.
"Trifle not," said the queen, " but to the lists. And then death to the traitor, and confusion to your faithless dame!"
"Be it so," replied the king, umhelming himself, and gazing sternly at his consort. "Take back your own words, Marguerite, -confusion to my faithless dame!"
"Henri!" ejaculated the queen, gazing at him as if she beheld a spectre. "Pity-pity!"
"Be silent, madame," said the king; "this is my retribution."
Marguerite made an effort to control herself-but in vain. Her limbs failed her, and she sank senseless into the arms of La Rebours, who most opportunely flew to her assistance.
"Give me thy kerchief, ma mic," said Henri, to the demoiselle; "it shall be my gage instead of this polluted carcanet. And now, thy hand-nay, thy lips, sweet one; we shall meet again anon."
"Success attend your majesty," said La Kebours, as the king departed. "Give me joy, 'Torigni," she added, when the latter appeared; "my fondest hopes are realised."
"In what way?" asked the Florentine.
"Hush! her majesty revives-the intelligence is not for her ears."
"Is he gone?" gasped Marguerite.
"He has returued to the lists, madame," replied La Rebours.
"And my gage?" asked the queen.
"Is there," answered the attendant, pointing, maliciously, to the neglected pearls.
"Assist me to that fautcuil, Torigni," said the queen, withdrawing herself from the support of La Rebours. "If Crichton proves victorious in this conflict, bid the Demoiselle Esclairmonde attens me here."

## CHAPTER VII.

## TIIE BARB.

> Guerry encor, j'en ay bien souvenance, I'autre rompit, et depuis contenance N'ot son destrier à la lice approchier, Et car long temps ne se peuvent touchier. Lours de Beauveac.

Chichion, meantime, in answer to the defiance of the King of Navarre, instantly proceeded to the entrance of the lists, executing, as he rode thither, so many graceful curvets and high passades (which latter, according to Pluvinel, constitute "la vraye pierre de touche du bon chevalier, et du bon cheval") that the air resounded with the applause of the spectators, and the tide of popular opinion, which a breath will ever turn, again ran high in his favour.

Stirred by their shouts, and still more clated by the prospect of an encounter with his kingly and chivalrous antagonist; perceiving, also, that the Bourbon had dismounted, and that the pales (again hastily stretched across the area under the direction of the Vicomte de Joyeuse and Montjoic) were not yet firmly fastened to their supporters, the Scot called to his esquire, and taking his spear, with the ostensible purpose of breathing his charger, performed a brilliant course alone.

Nothing could excced the rapidity and dexterity with which this pass was made. The animal scemed to obey every impulse of his rider. Starting from his post with a snort of wild delight, he launched into the eareer as if he would bear down all opposition by his fury. Crichton threw the rein upon his shoulder, and flung his heavy lance into the air-caught it-again tossed it atoft -and repeated this extraordinary feat for a third time, ere the haunches of his steed seemed to stiffen into marble on his arrival at the point of rest. Universal acclamations rewarded this triumphant exhibition of knightly skill.

But the admiration of the beholders amomed to the most rapturous enthusiasm as they witnessed what next ensued. The Scot shouted to the attendants, and, in obedience to his command, the ring employed in the tourney was instantly attached to an elevated
post, forming part of the framework of the lists. Executing a demi-volte with curvets, he agrain started on his career; again thrice hurled his spear aloft; and, maintaining throughout this gallant action an unaltered carriage of body, moving only the right arm, as occasion demanded, finally carried off the prize upon his lance's point. 'This performance (prolonged in description) was the work only of a few seconds.

The dames waved their kerchiefs; the sergeants of the guard clashed their halberts; the mob flung their caps into the air, without being so successful in regaining them as the Scot had bcen in the recovery of his spear; the bosoms of the youthful nobles beat high with ardour and emulation; even the members of the royal group were loud in their applauses.
" Honneur aux fils des preux!" exclaimed Brantôme, with transport; " that course was bravely exccuted."
"A marvellous exploit, certes, my dear abbé," said Henri. "Your valiant uncle, the Sieur de la Chatteigneraye, with all his address in horsemanship, and expertness in the management of arms, could scarcely have achieved that amazing feat."
"It may not occur to your majesty's recollection, but precisely the same feat as that we have just witnessed, was performed by the Sieur de la Chateigneraye in the presence of your royal father," returned Brantôme. "My brave uncle has deen surpassed by no knight, living or dead, in vigour and address."
"Save by Gui de Chabot, abbé," cried the jester, with a scoffing grimace. "The coup de Jarnac has passed into a proverb. It will be fortunate for our dear Henriot if the coup de Crichtun do not supersede it."
"A truce to this!" said the king; "thy jesting is ill-timed."
" Good counsel is generally so, compère," retorted Chicot. "If, however, after this specimen of Crichton's consummate skill, like yon unknown knight, you are so madly adventurous as to tilt with him, I shall say of yon, what one wiser than I am said of the king, your father-

## Sire, vous n'estes plus, vous n'estes plus que cire!'.

"You shall say what you please of us, scélérat," returned the good-humoured monarch, laughing; "if we do hazard the suffety of our royal person, and endanger our hitherto untarnished reputation as a knight, by entering the lists with this invincible Scot, whom Sathan certainly abetteth. But see! his fool hardy challenger again takes the field-ha! mort Dieu! what is this? Our Béarnais (if he must be so designated) tears the silken streamer from his spear, and casts it beneath his charger's hoofs."
"Observe, also, my liege, that he replaces it with a kerchief," interposed Brantôme; "and note, moreover, that this kerchief has not the golden fringe which is worn by the Queen of Navarre

Her majesty, whose colours he hath rashly assumed, has evidently refused him a favour-ha !-ha!"
" There is nothing extraordinary in that, Seigneur Abbé, seeing that the Admirable Crichton is in the case," returned Chicot. "I warrant me, if thou ladst been his opponent, this eavalier's suit would not have been fruitless. Let it suffice that he has a ${ }_{8}$ wage -no matter what-or whence obtained-

> What a queen hath denied him, A guean hath supplied him: And the favour he beareth No favourite shareth: His choice is a right one With kerehief a white one, To tilt against Crichton."
"By Phobus! gossip!" exclaimed the king, " thou mymest like Frère Jean, en cramoisi. But hark! the charge is sounded. Montjoie's arrangements are completed. Allons! messcigneurs. Hola! Du Halde, my warder! Hast thou contrived Ruggieri's escape ?" he added, in a whisper.
"He is already without the Louvre, my liege," returned the chief valet, in the same tone.
"The fair Esclairmonde is ours, then!" ejaculated Henri, with triumph.

And, followed by his favourites, he procceded to the canopy and took his seat upon the throne.

By this time the area of the tilt-yard was cleared of its numerous intruders. The marshals of the field hastened to their tribumal; Montjoie hurried to the estrade reserved for himself and his attendants; while each cavalier sought to sceure for himself an advantageous position for the approaching spectacle. For the moment all was bustle and clamour. But, above the shouts of the various officers, stationed (it would seem in all ages), not so much to preserve order as to increase confusion, the trampling and neighing of steeds, and the jingling of martial equipments, arose the loud fanfare of the trumpeter, making "young pulses dance" with its stirring notes.

As the blast died away, profound silence ensued. The two champions and their esquires alone occupied either extremity of the barriers. Each regarded his antagonist with curiosity. On the part of Crichton the feeling was one of enthusiastic delight: on-that of Henri of Bourbon admiration was chilled by deep sense of wrong. Nevertheless, his frank and noble nature couid not resist the Scot's high claims to consideration; and as he narrowly scrutinised his matchless symmetry of figure, and consummate grace of demeanour, he, who was no harsh judge of woman, felt half disposed to overlook his consort's fault.
"Ventre-saint-gris!" he mentally ejaculated; "a likely galliard
to please the fancy of a quecn-and worth a thousand such migmisicid voluptuaries as the balladin La Môle, or that grand dégôuté Tirrenne. I could forgive his attentions to Marguerite. But there is our fair cousin of Conde-I must punish his presumption in that quarter. Sa ha! the devil is in his steed."

Crichton now drew his visor over his glowing cheek, and repressing the tumultuous emotions of his heart, with a light and steady hand placed his lance in its rest. The trumpet sounded for the second time, and Hemri was about to follow the Scot's example, in expectation of the signal of assault, when, affrighted by the kerchief fluttering over his head, his fiery charger, disregarding all restraint, broke from his post, and dashed headlong into the area.

Expert in all martial exercises, the chivalrous Bourbon was one of the most perfect horsemen of his time, and his arm was endowed with no ordinary vigour; but neither skill nor strength availed him on the present emergency. Encumbered by his lance, which he was unwilling to throw aside, he could only employ his left hand in coercion-while, deeply mortified and irritated at the occurrence, his efforts were in the first place directed rather to the pumishment than the subjection of his unruly steed;-and this made matters worse. Each application of the spur was followed by a fierce and violent plunge. The infuriated animal reared, jerked, winced, and resorted to every vicious practice and stratagem to dislodge his rider. In this he failed. But, in his turn, his rider failed in compelling him to approach the lists.

At this juncture, and just as the monarch, full of wrath against his counsellor Rosni, began to despair of accomplishing his point, assistance was afforded him from a quarter whence it could have been least anticipated. Perceiving the Bourbon's inability to govern his charger, Crichton rode towards him-and in a tone of the highest courtesy proffered to exchange steeds with him; expressing, at the same time, his perfect conviction that he could achieve the animal's subjection, and carry him safely through the course.
"By the soul of Bayard!" returned the Bourbon, with equal courtesy, "fame hath not belied you, Chevalier Crichton. Your proffer is worthy of a brighter age of chivalry, and should have been made to a worthicr knight than myself. In acceding to your proposal I feel that I acknowledge my defeat. In any case you are victor in point of generosity. Nor will I by a refissal rob you of additional honour." So saying, he flung himself from his charcrer's back.
"It follows not, because I may be the more expert horseman, that I shall also prove the more expert tilter," returned Crichton, dismounting.
"If you overcome the impetuosity of this froward beast, you will accomplish a feat more difficult than that of Alexander of

Macedon," rejoined the Bourbon. "But if you succeed in bring. ing him to the pales, look well to yourself-I promise you the es ception due to so valiant a champion:-

> Les plus jolis n'ont pas à leur plaisance Aucune fois l'honneur et le renom."
"You will find me no fainéant," replied Crichton. "Nor do I think so lightly of your prowess as to neglect your caution."

At this moment the Baron de Rosni, attended by Montjoie and Joyeuse, rode up to them.
" Sire," said Rosni, in a whisper, "I pray you take my steed."
"Stand back, sir!" returned the Bourbon, coldly.
"Chevalier Crichton," said Rosni, turning to the Scot. " mount not that ungovernable horse-my charger is at your service."

Crichton replied by vaulting into the saddle of the King of Navarre, and giving the rein to the barb, he carcered round the tiltyard, as if he was borne by one of the winged horses of the sun.
"Courage, mon Admirable," cricd Joyeuse, looking after him, with a smile.

Vain were the efforts of the nigh frantic steed to shake his firmseated rider; -he had to strive against one with whom contention was ineffectual. Crichton, for the moment, allowed him to expend his fire. He then struck spurs fiercely into his sides, and compelled him to execute upwards of twenty caprioles in a breath. His fury now visibly abated; and the Scot completed his mastery by another career, and a swift succession of curvets. The next moment the animal stood controlled and motionless at the entrance of the lists.

The loudest plaudits would have followed this achievement had not all clamour been interdicted during the actual progress of the jonsts. As it was, an irrepressible murmur testified the wonderment and delight of the spectators.

The clarion now sounded for the third time, and the combatants started on their career. Both lances were splintered by the vehement shock of their encounter. But no injury was sustained on either side. A similar result followed the second atteinte.
"Give me that painted spear, it is of tougher wood," said Crichton. to his esquire, while the trumpet was blown for the third assault. And couching his lance, as he again sprang forward, he directed it, with unerring aim, against the crest of his antagonist's morion.

The result of the eareer was decisive. The shock was more violent than those of the preceding rencounters. The lance of the Bourbon, whose mark had been the centre of the Scot's helm, again shivered to the handle; while the stroke of Crichton, into which he had thrown all his foree, would unquestionably have
unhorsed his adversary, had not the helmet of the monarch, which had never been firmly fastened since his interview with his queen, yielded to the blow, and rolled to the ground.
"Bon dieu!" exelaimed Henri HII., rising, "it is the Béarnais -it is our brother of Navarre. We should recognise that Bourbon nose among a thousand. What ho!-our steed! our steed.Where is our mother?-where is her majesty, Catherine de Medicis? We would speak with her, ere we confront the hardy traitor. Surround us, messeigneurs, and let our bodyguard be trebled. Some conspiracy may-nay, must be on foot. What think you of it, Villequier, and you, cousin of Nevers? See to the outlets of the tilt-yard. Suffer none to go forth, or to enter. By Saint Hubert! we have snared a tiger."

Crichton, meantime, had reined in his steed, and returned to the Bourbon. "Sire!" he said, speaking in a low, determined tone, "I lave, unwittingly, betrayed you to your foes. But if you will confide in me, I pledge myself to accomplish your deliverance."
" My counsel to your majesty," interposed Rosni, " would be to hasten to the king your brother, and if possible obtain permission to depart with your escort ere he have time to confer with the queen-mother. It is your only hope."

Herri averted his head from his confidant. "Chevalier Crich ton," he said, addressing the Scot, "I will trust you. There is my hand."
" If I take it not, sire," replied Crichton, " your majesty will understand my motive, when I say that the eyes of Catherine de Medicis are upon us."
"True," replied the Bourbnn, " and those of our fair cousin of Condé, also-hem ! chevalier:"

## CHAPTER VIII.

## THE ENGLISIMAN.

Where'er I wander, boast of this I can,
Though banish'd, yet a true-born Englishman.
Shakspeare. Richard II.
The majestic and remarkable comntenance of Henri of Navarre (a face once seen, not readily forgotten) had been instantly recognised by the majority of the assemblage; and such of the crowd as were unacquainted with his features, speedily gathered his title from the general vociferations. Coupled with various and most discordant epithets, his mane now resounded from every quarter. Some applanded his bravery and bonhommie; some derided his imprudence and temerity; others railed bitterly and loudly against his heresies, and apostacy from the religion of

Rome (whose tenets Henri, not over-scrupulous on matters of faith, embraced or renounced, as circmanstances required); others, on the contrary, silently and devontly hailed him as the champion of their creed. A few there were, who fancied they discovered in his sudden appearance in the midst of his foes, a signal for an insurection and massacre, in retaliation for the sanguinary day of Saint-Barthélemi, and held themselves in readiness to obey his mandates; while another, and more numerous faction, deeply interested in all events affecting their project, regarded the occurrence as singularly inauspicious. Catherine de Medicis, alone, viewed the discovery without surprise or dismay.

Popular by his affability, generosity, and manliness (qualities which afterwards won for him the affectionate appellation-yct hallowing his name in the breast of every truc Frenchman-of ' le bon roi"), the Bourbon, even during the period of his deten"on within the Louvre, had attached no inconsiderable party to his cause; and amongst the yonthful and light-hearted nobles then present, there were many whose zeal would have prompted them to deelare themselves in his favour, had any attempt been made upon his life. The situation, therefore, of the intrepid monareh, who, attended by Crichton and Rosni, remained unmoved, with his hand upon the pommel of his sword, and a smile upon his lips, was not franght with so much peril as at first sight would appear.

Joyeuse and D'Epernon, with several of the immediate and loyal adherents of Henri III., flew to each ontlet of the tilt-yard, re-inforeed the guard, and issued the ling's commands to allow none to enter or to pass forth from the arena.

Before these orders could be obeyed, a man of robust appear ance, and square, stout make, rushed upon the ancient, or standard bearer of the guard, plucked from his side a lone two-handed sword, leapt over the palisades of the lists, and, followed by a huge dog, made the best of his way in the direction of Henri of Navarre.

The action was too suddenly and too swiftly exceuted to be prevented. But the flying figure of the man catching the eye of the Vicomte de Joyeuse, he struek his spurs into his charger, and dashed in pursuit with the intention of cutting him down. Nothing could have prevented the fugitive's destruction but the timely assistance afforded by his four-footed companion. Just as Joyecse had overtaken him, and was about to discharge a blow, which must have proved fatal, the career of his steed was checked by the dog, whose fangs were suddenly fixed within the nostrils o: the terrified animal. At the same moment the man turned and stood upon his defence.

With eyes starting from their sockets, veins distended, flanks quivering, head borne to the ground by the weight of the dog,
and nostrils gushing with blood, the poor horse uttered a shrill neigh, sounding almost like a seream; but attempted neither to move nor to free himself from his fierce assailant. Exasperated beyond endurance at the condition of his steed, Joycuse directed his next assault against the hound.
"Hold !" exelamed Blount. "Touch a hair of my dog's hide, and, by Saint Dunstan! I will no longer stay my hand."

Joyense replied by aiming a downward blow at the Englishman. Blount received the stroke upon the edge of his sword, and returned it with such good effect that the vicomte's rapier was beaten from his grasp, and whirled to some distance.
"Call off thy dog, villain," shouted Joyense, furiously, " or thou shalt repent it. Ha! Vive-dieu!" he added, as several of his attendants rode up, "scize him! If he resists, show him no quarter-yield, madman?'
"Never !" replied Blount, stoutly, "were they ten times their number. I ask no quarter, and will yield to no man, or men. It shall not be said that an Englishman sucd for mercy, while his hand could wield a sword. Come on, then, my masters-one, and all-and try the foree of an English arm. Your sires have felt the weight of our blows at Créci and Poitiers-and their sons shall find that our bull-dog breed is not degencrated, or his country disgraced, in the person of Simon Blount."
" Why do you hesitate ?" thundered Joycuse.
"Why do they hesitate?" cehoed Blount, in a taunting tone, at the same time flourishing his tremendous blade with the greatest ease over his head. "Because I am an Englishman. They are six and I am onc. They are mounted, I on foot. They have sword and partisan-I, sword only. They are Frenchmen-I am an Englishman. By my troth! we are fairly matched."
"Silence him!" cried Joyeuse.
But this was no such easy matter. The inert, but sturdy Islander was now fairly roused from his habitual lethargy. His arm and tonguc were alike in motion. He answered with a roar of defiance.
"Silence me! quotha. E'en let them, if they can! But they have good reasons for their forbearance. Their memorics serve them too faithfully. They recolleet the bygone times of the Regent Bedford-when a French noble was obliged to doff his cap to an English churl. Old Rabelais has told them of our thirst-and at whose cost we allayed it."
"Cravens! will ye bear this?" cried Joyeuse. "Hc says truly -ye are six to one."
"It was the same at Azincourt," retorted Blount, " and ye know by whom that day was won."
"That day was not won by big words, sirrah," rejoined Joycuse, amazed at the Englishman's aurlacity.
"Right!" exclaimed Blount, waving lis sword, as if selecting a mark. "I thank you for the hint. I have already talked too much."
" Despatch this hound with your pike, Baptiste," shouted Joyense, " and liberate my wounded charger."

The man instantly obeyed, and thrust his partisan through the throat of Druid. Severely, but not mortally wounded, the courageous brute still maintained his grasp.
"Hew him in pieces!" vociferated Joycuse. "It is the nature of the accursed animal to cling thus, while aught of life remains."

Another man-at-arms now took up the attack; and in his endeavour to cleave asunder the dog's skull, which he was only prevented from effecting by the resistance made by his thick hide, struck off his right ear and fore paw.

Blinded by his own blood, and frightfully mutilated, Druid kept his hold with unflinching tenacity.
"Saint George for England!" shouted Blount. And as he spoke, his sword whistled through the air, and the man-at-arms fell headless to the ground. "Here is a sweet morsel for thee, Druid," he added, with a savare laugh, at the same time spurning with his heel the gory head, which had dropped near him. "Come hither, sirrah, quick !"

Obedient to his master's call, the dog yielded that compliance which he had refused to commands, enforced by sharpest blows; and at once, set free the vicomte's charger. Uttering a piercing cry, the latter animal galloped, with uncontrollable speed, to the farther end of the lists; where, fortunately, his career was stopped by one of the heralds, and Joyeuse was enabled to dismount.

Blount's assailants were now reduced to five. But he was on all sides surrounded; and fresh foes were pouring against him from each quarter of the tilt-yard. Undismayed by numbers, and supported by his constitutional phlegm, he viewed his probable end with indifference, and resolved to meet it as became a brave man, and a denizen of that island nook, which, in the words of the greatest of her sons, " breedeth very valiant children."
"Would I were with my back against a wall," he thought, "I would take far greater odds, and give them ruder welcome than they bring. As it is, with this long poking-iron so luckily obtained, I will carbonado some of their doublets after a fashion in which they were never slashed before. Gules shall predominate over or and azure in their emblazoned coats."

And as these reflections ran through his mind, his sword again described a tremendous circle, in the course of which it encountered the various weapons of his antagonists, who were thrusting and striking at him from all points, and finally descending upon the shoulder of the halberdier, by whom Druid had been first wounded, the man, cloven almost to the girdle, fell to the ground.
"Habet!" cried Blount, laughing, and again whirling round his ensanguined blade.

In the midst of this gladiatorial display, which was regarded by the beholders, even of the gentler sex, with the same fierce and thrilling interest that prevailed amongst the witnesses of the terrible entertainments held within a Roman circus, we shall take breath for an instant to describe more fully the weapon used by our English combatant. We have before adverted to the treatise of Giacomo di Grassi,*-

> Expert in battles, and in deeds of armes -
and we shall now give the manner of wielding the two-edged sword, as delivered by the Italian professor. In the words of his quaint translator we are told that "one may with it (as a galleon among manie gallies) resist manic swords, or other weapons. And it is aceustomed to be carried in the citie, as well by night as by day, when it so chaunceth that a few are constrayned to withstand a great manie. And because his weight and bigness require great strength, therefore those only are allotted to the handling thereof which are mightie and bigge to behould, great and stronge in bodic, of stout and valiant courage. Who (forasmuch as they are to encounter manie, and to the end they may strike the more safelie, and amaze them with the furie of the sword) do altogether use to deliver great edge-blows, downright and reversed, fetehing a full circle or compass therein, staying themselves sometimes upon one foot, sometimes on the other, utterlie neglecting to thrust, and persuading themselves that the thrust serveth to amaze one man onelie, but these edge-blows are of force to encounter manic. The which manner of skirmishing, besides that it is most gallant to behold, being accompanied with exceeding swiftness in deliverie (for otherwise it worketh no such effect) it is also most profitable, not properly of itselfe, but because men considering the furie of the sword, which greatly amaseth them, are not resolute to doe that, which otherwise they could not choose but doe."

All that Di Grassi has here so graphically depicted, was performed by Blount-and more than this; for so great was his aetivity and dexterity-so nimble was he in the management and recovery of his weapon-so tremendous was its sweep, " being of the compass of ten arms or more," that in the space of a few moments he had disabled a third opponent, and beaten off the others.
" Hurrah!" he shouted, with lusty lungs, tossing, as he spoke. his bonnet into the air; "hurrah! for England, and God sare Queen Bess."

At the same time, as if partaking of his master's triumph, Druid upturned his mangled visage, and uttered a loud and exult. ing howl.

[^25]"Poor fellow!" said Blount, his heart smiting him as he heard the sound. "Thou art sorely hurt; but I have amply avenged thee," he added, looking grimly around; "we can at least die together-thou wouldst never survive thy master."

The faithful dog understood this appeal. His fierce howl changed to a piteous moan.
" Peace, sirrah !" cried Blount, angrily; " no whimpering. Thou art wounded, or I would bestow a buffet on thee for thy cowardice. An English bull-dog-and whine?"

The red flame in the dog's cyes at this reproof blazed yet more fiercely, and his fangs were instantly displayed.
"Why, that is right," cried Blount, in a tone of approval.
Whereupon, shouldering his gigantic blade, and keeping his cye steadily fixed upon the movements of his foes, though menaced with immediate, and, it would seem, inevitable destruction, in order to show his utter disregard of the peril in which he stood, he begran to carol in a rough, but not inharmonious voice, the following homely stave:-

## 回ruic.

## I.

Through the world have I wandered wide, With never a wife, or a friend hy my side, Save Druid-a comrade stanneh and tried:-

Troll on away!
Druid, my dog, is a friend in need, Druid, my dog, is a friend indeed, Druid, my dog, is of English breed!

More need I say?
Troll on auay

## II.

Druid would perish my life to save, For faithfnl Druid like fate $I ` l$ brave, The dog and his master shall find one grave.

Troll on away!
Life! I heed not its loss a feather!
And when black Atropos snaps my tether, She must cut wice-we'll die together!

No more Ill say,
Troll on away!
In enumerating the good and evil qualities of Hemri III., we have before mentioned his singular predilection for the canine species. His attachment to dogs was as strong as his aversion to cats. Upon the commencement of the skirmish just described, the royal train, by their sovereign's command, had halted, and Henri's attention, throughout, had been attracted towards Druid, whose courage and fidelity he could not sufficiently admire and applaud. It was owing to this circumstance that Blount remained so long unmolested.
"What would I give for a follower so faithful!" said the king. "Suelz a hound were worth a whole pack of barbets and spaniels, with my two favourites, Citron and Chatelard, at their head. I must possess him. Miron will specdily heal his wounds. But how shall we get rid of his master, without doing the dog furtlier mischief ?"
"Let your arquebussiers fire upon the knave, my liege," said the Duc de Nevers, in a low tone; "and, if a stray ball should reach the lBéarnais, your majesty will have an enemy the less. Maurevert is behind us, armed with the same caliver with which Coligni was wounded. A look will suffice for him."
"Thanks, fair cousin," returned Henri, " but we are in no such hurry. We see no reason to suspect treachery on the part of our brother of Navarre. He appears as much diverted as ourself with this fray. Besides," he added, smiling, "we have not yet consulted our mother upon the expediency of a step so important in its consequences."
"I will answer for her majesty's approval," returned the duke, hastily.
"You!" exclaimed the king, with a look of surprise. "Are you our mother's confidant, Monsicur le Duc? What reason have you to suppose she would desire the death of the Béarnais?"
"Because," replied Chieot, boldly, " he is like the wrong king unexpectedly turned up at Primero; he spoils thie order of the cards, and ruins the game."
"Parbleu! what game, compère?" demanded the monareh.
"Your majesty forgets the dog you are anxious to save," interrupted the duke, darting an angry glance at the jester; " another moment and it will be too late."
" Right!" cried Henri; " command yon men-at-arms to stay their swords, and let a company of arquebussiers advance."
'The king's orders were instantly obeyed. 'The soldiers, who had rushed to the assistance of their comrades, reluctantly withdrew. A dozen arquebussiers, attired in richly-emblazoned doublets of crimson frieze, girded in at the waist by broad leathern belts, from which depended matches of lighted tow; with great ruffs round their throats, pale green hose upon their lower limbs, and roses of ribbons, almost as large as the shoes they covered, upon their feet; each carrying on his right arm a huge bell-mouthed musquet, and on his left a forked staff intended to support it-this troop, headed by Maurevert, the hired assassin of Charles IX. (and surnamed le Tueur (hu Roi), swiftly advanced, ranged themselves in two lines by the side of the king, planted their forks in the ground, pointed their artillery against the Englishman's breast, and awaited only the royal mandate to fire.

Blount witnessed these proceedings without dismay. When he
saw the death-dealing tubes levelled agrainst him, he stooped to the ground, and catching Druid in his arms, breathed the words of his song-

The dog and his master shall find one grave :-
fully prepared to meet his fate.
"Hold!" exclaimed Henri; "some fiend hath put it into the knave's head to defeat our object. Bid him surrender at discretion, Maurevert. Once get possession of his dog, and deal with him as you list. But I charge you, on your life, do the animal no further injury."

Maurevert stepped forwards. Blount, however, sturdily refused to yield up his sword.

At this moment, and while Henri, ever irresolute when resolntion was required, hesitated to give the signal to the arquebussiers, Crichton rode up. "I will disarm him, sire." he said," if I have your majesty's permission to do so."
"Graminerey! mon cher, you have our permission at once, and to slay him, too, if it please you, provided you harm not the dog."
"One will seareely succumb without the other, I saspect, my liere," replied the Scot. "We shall see."

Saying which, he dismounted, and giving his steed to the charge of an attendant, advanced towards Blount.
"Are you mad?" he said, sternly, as he arrived within a few paces of the Englishman, "that you adopt this braggart posture? Yield! and I may yet preserve your life."
"I should hold it foul scorn were such words to pass my lips, even at your bidding, Chevalier Crichton," replied Blount, doggedly.
"Fool!" said the Seot, in a low and significant tone, " this is but a feint. Throw down your sword. I will be your safe-乡uard."
"Were I to do so it would seem as if I yielded," rejoined Blount; "and I would rather die a thousand deaths than these accursed Frenchmen should be able to crow over me."
"Defend yourself, then," exclaimed Crichton, plucking his rapier from the scabbard.
" If I fall by your hands I shall die the death I would have chosen," replied Blount. "Yet think not I will perish tamely. I hold it ton good luck to cross swords with you, not to approve myself worthy of the honour. But our bludes are ill-matched. I cannot fight without equal arms."
"I have helm and corslet," answered Crichton; "you have neither buff jerkin, nor steel cap. The advantage is on my side."
"Down, Druid," said Blount, quitting his hold of the dog,
" stir not-use neither tooth nor claw. Chevalier Crichton," he added, in a tone of some emotion, "if I fall-this hound-"
"I understand," replied Crichton. "I will be his master."
" No !" said Blount, "I meant not that-despateh him."
"Waste no more words in this idle parley," returned Crichton, fiercely. "My blows are for men, not dogs. Again, I say, defend yourself."
"Saint George for England !" shouted Blount, fetehing a compass with his sword that dazzled the eyes of the beholders like a flash of lightning. But rapid as was this cirele-not so swift was it as the corresponding movement of the Scot. Instead of endeavouring to avoid the blow, or to encounter its force, where it was most dangerous, at a distance, he at once rushed in upon the Englishman, met the edge of his weapon in mid sweep with a stoccado, and nothing daunted that his own rapier was hurled from his grasp, clutched with his left hand the wrist of his adversary, and with his right fearlessly eatching hold of his enormous blade, by a violent downward jerk wrested it from his gripe.

Thus far Druid had obeyed his master's orders, and crouched inoffensively at his feet-but now instinctively comprehending his danger, he flew with such violence against Crichton's legs, that had they not been plated in steel, he must have withdrawn his attack from Blount to defend himself from his follower. "Lie still, sir," cried the Englishman, furiously. And setting his foot upon the dog's back, he pressed him, notwithstanding his desperate struggles, forcibly to the ground. "Your are the vietor," he continued, addressing Crichton, "s strike!"
"I have accomplished all I desired," replied the Scot, " in disarming you."
"I will not yield," said Blount, sullenly. "You had better finish me."

The words were searcely uttered, when his arms were suddenly seized from behind by a couple of halberdiers, who had stolen upon: him unawares; and a stout sword-belt, slipped over his wrists, and drawn tightly together, prevented any further resistance on his part At the same moment, a sash, tied in a noose, and flung over the head of Druid by a third man-at-arms, made the brave animal likewise a prisoner.
"Harm neither," said Crichton, addressing the guards; " but await his majesty's pleasure-and see! he approaches."
"Draw near to me, I pray you, Chevalier Crichton," said Blount, gazing earnestly at the Scot, "I have something to communicate, which, in my confusion, I had forgotten."
"I know what you would say," returned Crichton, making a gesture of silence; " all is lost!"'
"The devil!" cxclaimed Blount, with a look of disappointment,
"my labour then has been in vain. It was inerely to bring you these tidings that I adventured within the liste."
" Heed not that, good Blount, but pacify your dor," said Crichton, noticing, with uncasiness, the violent efforts of the animal to free himself, by which he was well-nigh strangled; "on lis life hangs your own."
"True," replied Blount, taking the words literally, "it does so." And he addressed an angry declamation to Druid, who instantly became passive in the hands of his captor.

## CHAPTER IX.

## THE TWO HENRIS.

Premier Scldut. Le Béarnais a peut-être promis de retourner à confesse. Ca serait heureux, tout de même-il me fait l'effet d'un bon compère de roi:

Deuxième Soldat. Le nôtre n'a pas mauvais air non plus sur sa grande jument -mais il sent trop le jasmiu.

La Morl de Henri III.
Unwilling to hold any private conference with the King of Navarre, until he should receive some information of Catherine's disposition towards him; and "perplexed in the extreme," that no message had, as yet, arrived from her majesty, Henri III., uncertain what line of policy he ought to pursue, and glad of any pretext to gain further time, instead of advancing to question the Bourbon, as he had originally intended, bent his course towards the captive Englishman. 'This plan, however, was defeated. Henri of Navarre, yielding tardy compliance with the earnest solicitations of Rosni, who represented, in the most moving terms, the perils and calamities in which his present fatal obstinacy must necessarily involve himself, his people, $\cdots \mathrm{rd}$ his religion, came suddenly to the resolution of throwing himself upon the generosity of his royal brother. Accordingly, when Henri III. turned aside to confer with Blount, he stuck spurs into his charger, and rode towards him.

A grecting of apparently fraternal warmth passed between the two monarchs. Though each, in seeret, distrusted the other, both deemed it prudent to assume an air of umbor aded confidence and goodwill. Dissimulation formed no part of the Bourbon's frank and loyal character. But his long experience of the perfidy and insincerity of the race of Valois, while it preventel him from being Henri's dupe, satisfied him that any advantage which might aecrue to him from the interview, could only be attained by the employment of similar artifice. 'Throwing himself, therefore, instantly from his steed, he attempted, with the greatest cordiality, to take
the hand of the king, with the intention of proffering the cuspmary salutation.

Henri III., however, drew back his steed as he approached. "Your pardon, my brother," he said, with a gracious smile; "we rould cut off our right hand conld we suspect it of heresy, nor can we consent to take yours, tainted as it is with that contagious leprosy, unless we first receive assurance from your lips that you are come hither, like the prodigal son, to confess your indiseretions, to implore our forgiveness, and to solicit to be received once more into the indulgent bosom of our holy Catholic, Apostolic, and Roman church."
"Sire," replied the Bourbon, "I own that I am in much the same predicament as the unfortunate wight to whom you have likened me. I have, at this moment, more nose than kingdommore care than coin-more hope than faith-more regard for your majesty than the religion you propose-"
"And more regard for your body than your sonl, I fear, my brother," interrupted Henri III., gravely shaking his head, and telling a bead or two upon his rosary.
"That is to say, he has more regard for his mistress than his queen," said Chicot. "You are right, compère. Our Béarnais will never be saved unless the good old faith of the Gentiles comes round again, and new altars are raised at Cnydos and Paphos, to the goddess he worships."
"Certes, thou malapert knave, $I$ am a heretic in no creed in which beauty is concerned," replied the Bourbon, laughing; " and amid yon gallery of fair saints, there is not one to whom I would refuse adoration."
" I conid point out one," cried the jester.
"I defy thee," said the Bourbon.
"Your queen!" returned Chicot.
Even Henri III. could not help joining in the mirth oceasioned oy this sally of the jester.
"Ribald!" exclaimed the Bourbon, laughing louder than the rest; "thy fool's cap alone protects thee from my resentment."
"My fool's calotte is a better defence than many a knight's casque," answered Chicot. "For the love I bear her majesty of Navarre, I will exchange it for thine, and throw my marotte into the bargain. Thou wilt need both on thy next encounter with the Adinirable Crichton."
"Wilt thou throw thyself into the bargain, knave," asked the Bourbon, " and follow my fortunes?"
"Of a surety, no!" replied the jester. "That were to quit the master for the valet; the provost for the prisoner; the falconer for the quarry."
" Pardicu! compère," said Henri III., in a tone of raillery, "art thou so blind to thy own interest as to tarry in our
servec, when an offer so brillant is made thee by our brother of Navarre? Bethink thee of the eminence to which thy wisdom art decorum must, necessarily, promote thee, amongst the synods of the Huguenots, and the sage comecils of the court of Pau!"
"I never leap in the dark, gossip," replied Chicot. "It were the province of a wise man to go in quest of danger. I am a fool, and prefer safe quarters at home."
"Wholesome advice may be gathered even from the mouth of fools, you perecive, brother," said Henri III. "May I now inquire to what fortunate circumstance I owe the mexpected happiness of this visit? I have been singularly misinformed about you and your proceedings. I am told you are an enemy -I find you our best of friends. I learn that you are at the head of a hostile army, putting my towns and subjects to fire and sword-I find you as blithe companion as ever, and almost unattended. My last accounts are, that you are barricaded within the walls of Pau, or Nérac; my next are gathered from your own lips within the walls of the Louvre. See how one may be deceived."
"Your majesty is not deceived in my expressions of friendship," replied the Bourbon, cordially. "Will it please you to command your gentleman to stand further off?"
"Excuse me, my brother, if I venture to retain my attendants," replied Henri III. "I am curions to question this bold knave," he added, glaneing at Blount. "You may reserve your tale, if you please, for the ear of our confessor, whom you will permit me to recommend, in the hope of accomplishing your conversion."
"Your confessor, sire!" ejaculated the Bourbon, knitting his brow.
"And at the tail of the priest the headsman," added Chicot. "You will not then fail to profit by his instruction, and for the third time get rid of any seruples of conscience. The laconic messaye of his late Majesty Charles IX., to your cousin, Henri of Conde, had other merits besides its conciseness."
"What message was that, gossip!" asked Henri III., ffecting ignorance.
"Messe, mort ou Bastile!" replied the jester. "Our Béarnais will remember it by the token, that about the same time he abjured his own Calvinistic heresies."
"Ventre-saint-gris! thou scurrilous varlet," cried the Bourbon, fiercely; "if thou darest to push thy mischicvous pleasantry further, not even thy own insignificance, or thy royal master's presence, shall prevent my inflicting due chastisement upon thee."

Alarmed by the menacing aspect of the King of Navarre,
with a grimace of mixed terror and defiance, Chicot, like a snarling eur, apprehensive of the heels of a noble steed he has annoyed beyond endurance, now turned tail, and retreated to the protection of his master, who was secretly delighted with this specimen of his skil! in the "art of ingeniously tormenting."
"Since you decline answering my inquirics respecting the motive of your visit, brother," said Hemri III., in his blandest nccente, "I will not press the point. But I trust you will not object to remaining near my person till I return to the banquet?"
"Your majesty has only to command me."
"And as you have no attendants excepting the Baron de Rosni, I give you your choice of six of my own gentlemen, who will continue constantly by your side."
"I understand your majesty. I am a prisoner."
"I did not say so, brother. Choose your attendants."
"My choice is readily made, sire. I shall name but one -the Chevalier Crichton. I leave the nomination of the others to him."
" Fenum habet in cornu," muttered Chicot, "a wittol's choice!"
"You could not have made a better election," observed Henri III., with a smile.
"I think not," said the Bourbon.
"I am sure not," added Chicot. "Forgiveness becomes a Christian prince. Madame Marguerite will highly applaud your generosity and placability."
"Peace, droll!" said Henri III. "And now, brother," he continued, in the same honeyed tone he had previously adopted, and which by those who knew him was more dreaded than the most violent bursts of indignation, "as the jousts are at an end, and you will have no further occasion for it, I entreat you to resign your sword to the custody of him whom you have appointed your principal attendant."
"My sword, sire?" exclaimed the Bourbon, recoiling.
"Your sword, brother," repeated Henri III., blandly.
The King of Navarre looked around. On all sides he was invested by danger. The whole circle of the area in which he stood bristled with pikes and spears. Above the halberts of the Switzers rose the javelins of the Scottish guards; and above the javelins of the Scots gleamed the long lances of D'Epernon's gallant Gaseon troop. Here was stationed a company of archers-there a band of arquebussiers. On the right were arrayed the youthful nobles, under the command of the Vicomte de Joyeuse, readily to be distinguished by their gorgeous apparel and fluttering pennons; on the left sas drawn out the sumptuous retinue of the Duc de Nevers. Nor
was this all. A nearer circle of the king's body-guari encompassed him. Every hand was upon a sword-hilt-every glance fixed upon him. As he carelessly noted all this hostile preparation, the Bourbon turned towards his comsellor Rosni, who stood leaning upon the handle of his sword immediately behind him. Not a wordnot a sign were exchanged between them. But the monarel muderstood the meaning of the cold stern look of his counsellor. At this moment, the rolling of drums, mingled with the sound of other martial instruments, was heard from the outer courts of the palace.
"IIark! the tambour!" exclaimed Henri III.; "fresh troops have entered the Louvre."
"By your command, sire?" asked the Bourbon, in a tone of displeasure.
"Our subjects are careful of our safety," answered Henri III., evasively.
"They ought to be so, sire," replied the Bourbon; "your majesty has well earned their love; and when were the people of France ungrateful? But against whom are all these precautions taken? Is the Lonvre in a state of siege, or have the burgeses of your good city of Paris broken into revolt?'"
"No, brother, our good city is at present frec from faction or tumult; and it is our intention (with the aid of Heaven) to maintain its tranquillity undisturbed."
"You cannot suppose I would be the instigator of disorder, sire," said the Bourbon. "I have drawn the sword to protect the rights of my people, and to uphold their persecuted creed, not to wage war upon your majesty. On any terms which shall secure to my subjects the immunities, and religious toleration they seek, I will, at once, enter into a compact of truce with your majesty, and place myself in your hands as a hostage for the due observance of its conditions."
"Sire!" exclaimed Rosni, grasping his sovereign's arm, "each word you utter is a battle lost."
"Your majesty will not now suspect me of disloyalty," continued the Bourbon, disregarding the interruption.
"I suspect nothing, brother-nothing whatever," said Henri III., hastily; "but I will sign no truce-enter into no compact, which shall favour, or appear to favour, the dissemination of heresy and sedition. To tolerate such a faith were to approve it. And I would rather command a sccond St. Barthélemi; rather imitate the example of my brother, Philip II. of Spain; or pursuc the course pointed out to me by my cousin of Guise and the gentlemen of the league, than in any way countenance a religion so hateful. I am too good a Catholic for that, brother. My reign has been (for my sins) disturbed by three great troubles. My brother of Anjou and his faction; the Balafré and his leaguers; you and yous friends of the reform."
"Sire!"
"I know not which of the three has been the most vexations. Anjou with his claims; Guise with his pretensions; or you with your exactions. I shall be glad to put an end to one of these amoyances."
"I have exactcu nothing but what was my due, sire," replied the Bourbon, bluntly.
"So saith Anjou; so saith the Guise; so say all rebels."
"Rebels, sire!"
"Fret not yourself about a word, brother. Your own conduct will best prevent the application of the term, if you deem it injurious."
"Sire," replied the Bourbon, drawing himself up to his full height, and regarding his royal brother with a glance of undisguised scorn and defiance, "you have done me deep wrong in stigmatising. me as a rebel. It is false. I am none. Rashness, insane rashness -if you please, is all that can be laid to my charge. I came hither attended only by the Baron de Rosni, whose person, as my ambassador, guarded by your passport, is sacred: and as I came I should have departed, had not an accident occasioned my discovery. No thought of treason was in my breast. Nor had I other motive save a desire to splinter a lance with one whose prowess I doubted, with as much justice, it appears, as your majesty now exhibits in questioning my sincerity."
"You mistake me, brother. Heaven forbid I should question your fealty."
"Your actions contradict your words, sire," returned the Bourbon. "It is evident from the threatening demeanour of your attendants, from the hostile disposition of your troops, as well as from the orders you have issued, that you do distrust me; and that you have more reason to apprehend my influence with the populace, in the event of an insurrection, than you care to admit. Your alarm is groundless. Had I come as an enemy, I should not have come alone. I am the contriver of no plot, the leader of no faction; nor, amid yon vast assemblage could I point out the features of a single adherent, though I nothing fear, if my war-cry were once raised, I should find friends enow to rally round my standard. Yes-ter-morn, with but a dozen followers, I entered the gates of Paris: to-day, with but one, those of the Louvre. And to-morrow's dawn shall find me and my seanty train far on our way to my territories, if I have your majesty's permission to depart peaceably."
"In the mean time, brother," said Henri III.," I would gladly learn what induced you to quit those territories to which you are now apparently so anxious to return? I can scarcely flatter myself that a desire to hold this interview with me was your sole motive."
"So far from it, sire, that I repeat it was my intention to have remained strictly incognito, had not my own heedlessness
betrayed me. The object of my hair-brained journey I will no longer disguise. When I deserted the Louvre," he added, his brow relaxing to a slight smile, "there were two things which, in my haste, I left behind me."
" $A h_{1}$ ! what were they, brother?"
"The mass and my wife, sirc. For the loss of the former I felt little concern. The want of the latter was a more serious grievance. And having failed in my previous remonstrance. made through the Sieur Duras, I thought the fault might rest with my envoy. Accordingly, I resolved -"
"To come yourself," interrupted Henri III., laughing heartily. "A wise determination, certes. Still, I fear your suit has proved as unsuccessful as ever, though backed by your own solicitations."
"His majesty is certain of gaining his cause, now that he has employed the Chevalier Crichton as an advocate," cried Chicot. "It is exactly threc years since the Sieur Duras came to Paris on this fool's errand, and then Bussy D'Amboise sent him back again, like Panurge, 'aver une puce à l'oreille.' The same result would have followed his own application had it not been for this masterstroke. Of all men Henri of Navarre ought to be the last to forget the maxim, that-

> A husband out of season
> Is a husband without reason!"
"Let not these taunts annoy you, brother," said Henri III. "You shall have both your lost matters. But I cannot restore the one without the other."
"I will have neither, sire."
"You are changeable, brother."
"It may be so, sire," replied the Bourbon, coldly; " but I have the same aversion to a faithless woman that I have to a consecrated wafer."
"I have at all events made you the offer," said Henri III., angrily. "And now, Chevalier Crichton," he continued, addressing the Scot, who had remained near him, a silent, but deeply interested observer of the scene-" advance!-arrest him!"

These words, uttered in a sharp, abrupt tone, produced a startling effect upon the group. Saint-Luc and D'Epernon drew their swords, closing in on either side of their sovereign. The Bourbon uttered a single exclamation, and placed his hand upon the hilt of his own weapon. His arm, however, was again forcibly withheld by Rosni.
"Remember, sire," said the baron, m a deep whisper, " your sacred pledge to your people, and to your God. One false step, and your subjects are without a ruler-your church without a .defender. Be warned!"
"Quem Deus vult perdere prius dementat," said Chicot.
Crichton meanwhile stirred not, but watched steadily the move-
ments of the King of Navarre. "Must I repeat my orders, messire ?" asked Hemri III.
"No, sire," replied the Bourbon. "I will relieve the Chevalier Crichton from his embarrassment. Here is my sword."

The Scot received it with a profond salutation.
"Keep it," continued the Bourbon; "you need not blush tu bear it."
"I blush to receive it, sire," returned Criehton, scarcely able to repress the emotions swelling within his bosom.
"And now for the other captive and his dog," said Henri III.
"Hold, sire," exclaimed the Bourbon; "ere this conference is broken up, I have a secret of importance to disclose to you. I would willingly have imparted it to your ears alone. But since you refuse me a private audience, I am compelled to proclaim it openly."

At this moment the shifting glances of Henri III. fell upon the Due de Nevers. The latter was evidently ill at ease, and approachmer his sovereing, said, in a low emphatic tone,
"This interview were better concluded, sire."
"I think otherwise, fair cousin," returned the king, whose curiosity was awakened. "May I venture to trust myself alone with him for a few moments?" he whispered. "He is unarmed."
"By no means, sire," returned the duke; " he has a poignard."
"'True," returned INenri III.; " and he is not unskilful in its use, as I have scen. His strength, too, greatly exceeds my own -and though his bearing is frank and loyal, it were most imprudent implicitly to confide in him.--Speak, brother," he continued, aloud. "I am impatient to hear your disclosure."
"Your majesty drives me to the course I now adopt," returned the Bourbon, haughtily; "the shame I would willingly spare the queen your mother I will no longer spare her."
"Will you endure this insolence, sire?" said the Duc de Nevers, alarmed at the King of Navarre's commencement.
"Heed him not," returned Henri III.; " her majesty will give herself little concern about his reproaches."
"What I would have requested," continued the Bourbon, who had paused for a moment, "I now demand. In the name of my cousin, Henri I. of Bourbon, Prince of Condé, whose person I here represent, I require from your majesty the liberation of his sister, unjustly detained a captive within the Louve by the queenmother, Catherine de Medicis."
"Mort-dieu! brother," exclaimed Henri III., " you are strangely deceived in this matter. Our mother has no such captive."
"Contest not the point, sire," whispered the Duc de Nevers, who was now relieved from his own apprehension. "Promise her liberation."
"Your majesty has been, designedly, kept in ignorance of the circumstance," said the Bourbon.
"Well, brother," returned Henri III., with affected boahommie, "c if your representation be correct, we pass our word for the frecdom of the princess."

As this speech was uttered, a slight exelamation of joy escaped Crichton. But when the king glanced towards him, his eyes were riveted upon the Bourbon's sword.
"Add to your boon, sire," said the King of Navarre, "for which I thank you as heartily as if my own liberty had been included in it, and suffer the princess to set forth, at once, from the Lonvre, under your safe conduct. My own escort shall, with your majesty's permission, act as her convoy to Henri of Condé."
"W' hy this extreme urgency, brother?" asked Hemri III., doubtfully.
"Because," replied the Bourbon, "while she remains in the power of Catherine de Medicis, her life, her honour are in danger."
"Beware how you seandalise our mother," retumed Henri III., with warmth. "These are dark accusations."
"They are made in broad daylight before your assembled nobles, sire, and will not be unremembered."
"Nor unrequited," answered Henri III., frowning. " Procced, brother."
"I am a soldier, not a courticr, sire," continued the Bourbon. "My steel corslet is seldom exchanged for a silken pourpoint;-my rude speech as seldom takes the garb of flattery. Your majesty will bear in mind that you have forced me to make this charge in public. I am prepared to answer to the queen your mother for my accusation, and to approve it. Your royal word is passed for the liberation of the princess. That is enough for me."
"What are we to think of this mystery?" demanded Hemri III. of the Due de Nevers.
"That his Majesty of Navarre's wits, as well as his discretion, have deserted him, my liege," returned the duke. "I am sufficiently in the confidence of her majesty the queen-mother, to assert. unhesitatingly, that there is no such princess."
"You are sure of it, fair cousin?"
"As of your majesty's existence-as of the presence of yon Bernese bear."
"You have already relieved me. I began to fear that I had, in some way or other, committed myself."

The Bourbon, meanwhile, conferred an instant apart with his counsellor. "Thou wilt command this escort, Rosni," whispered he, "and say to the Prince of Condé that-"
"I quit not your majesty's sile for any prince or princess," interrupted Rosní.
$\therefore$ How, sir?"
": Spare your frowns, sire. I can be as obstinate, on occasion, as your majesty."
"Stay with me, then, my faithful friend," replied the Bourbon, pressing the hand of his counsellor, "and let our recent difference be forgotten. Thou hast my full pardon."
"When your majesty has obtained your own forgiveness, it will be time enough to extend the same grace to me," rejoined Rosni, bluntly.
"Chevalier Crichton," said the Bourbon, turning in displeasure from his confidant, " will you escort the Princess of Condé to her brother ?"

The Scot's colour mounted to his temples at the proposal. "Your majesty has already appointed me to the post of your ehicf attendant," he returned, in a voice of constrained calmness; "I camnot accept both offices."
"Nor can I consent to part with you, mon cher," said Henri III., approvingly. "To put an end to this discussion, brother," he continued, addressing the Bourbon, "if you will find the princess, I will undertake to find the convoy."
"A la bonne heure !" cried the King of Navarre. "My task will be readily performed. Behold her!" he added, pointing to the royal gallery.
"Behold whom !-you cannot mean?-"
"In the queen of the lists-in the fair Esclairmonde your majesty beholds the sister of Henri of Condé-my cousin-your cousin, sire."
" Mort et damnation! Esclairmonde my cousin! Eschuirmonde a Princess of Condé!-Were it so-but you do not, cannot expect us to credit your assertion, unsupported by proof, upon a point like this?"
"I have proofs, sire,-proofs of her illustrious birth—of her capture as an infant by 'Tavannes-of her detention within the Louvre by Catherinc-proofs which will carry conviction even to. the mind of your majesty."
" Produce them, brother, produce them!" cried Henri III., trembling with agitation.
"Let your guard, by sound of trump, summon before your presence Messire Florent Chrétion, a preacher of the Reformed Faith and the spiritual adviser of the princess; he is within the Louvre-he is in possession of these proofs."
"Ha! think you to delude us by the devices of the evil one-of his minister?" vociferated Henri III. "Think you we would place the fabrications of this miserable hypocrite against the word of our mother? Think you we will endure the presence of $a$ heretic, and a propagator of heresy, knowing him to be such? Let him take heed how he approaches us-how he defiles the hem
of our garment-how he pollutes our palace. The Grève hath an axe-the Pré-aux-cleres a stake-Montfaucon a gibbet. He shall have his choice of the three; the sole grace a false and perjured Huguenot may look for at our hands."
"Be all three his portion and mine, if he deceives you, sire," returned the Bourbon. "Let him be summoned. I will abide the issue."
" Be it so," replied Henri III., as if he had suddenly decided upon the course he ought to pursue.
"Your guard must scek him within the dungeons of the Louvre," said Crichton. "He is a prisoner."
" A prisoner!" echocd the Bourbon, starting.
" A prisoner !" repeated Henri III., joyfully.
"He is in the hands of Catherine de Medicis," continued the Scot.
"And the documents?" demanded the King of Navarre, eagerly.
"Are also in her majesty's possession," returned Crichton. "Florent Chrétion is adjudged to the stake."
"Will you now forgive yourself, sire ?" asked Rosni, in a low tone.
"Away!" ejaculated the King of Navarre, stamping his foot upon the ground with wrath. "Ventre-saint-gris! is this a season for reproaches? Your majesty, I am well assured," he added, indignantly appealing to his royal brother, "will see fit to reverse this most unjust judgment. Chrétion is innocent of all crime."
"Of all, save that of heresy, it may be," returned Henri III., "than which no guilt is more heinous and unpardonable in our eyes, and of which, even by your own showing, he is culpable. Our mother has acted in conformity with our wishes, and in furtherance of the interests of the true faith, in condemning this Huguenot preacher to expiate his offences against Heaven at the stake; and, were our sanction needful, it shoud be readily accorded."
"Vive la messe!" cricd the courtiers.
"You hear, brother," said Henri HII., smiling. "Such are the sentiments of every good Catholic."
"Will you violate the majesty of your own laws, sire ?" demanded the Bourbon. "Have you no regard for the sanctity of the pledges voluntarily given for the security of your Protestant subjects?"
" Hareticis fides non servanda est," rejoined Henri III., coldly.
"It follows then, sire," said the Bourbon, "that your royal word, passed to me for the liberation of the Princess Esclairmonde, is not binding upon your pliant conscience? -ha!"
$\because$ Satisfy me that she is a princess, and I will keep my faith with you, albeit you are a heretic, brother. Produce your proofs, and I repeat, she is free."
"Your majesty may safely make that promise now," returned the Bourbon, scornfully.
"If $I$ produce those proofs cre midnight, will you fulfl your word, sire ?" asked Crichton, advancing.

Henri III. was visibly embarrassed.
"You cannot retreat, my liege," whispered the Duc de Nevers.
"But, fair cousin," returned the king, in an under tone, "we would rather part with our crown than Esclairmonde-and this accursed Scot would outwit the devil."
"He will not outwit Catherine de Medicis, sire," said the dule.
"I will put her upon her guard."
"How says your majesty?" demanded the Bourbon.
" Our word is already passed," returned Henri III.
" Enough!" said Crichton, retiring.
At this moment the Vicomte de Joyeuse approached.
"I am the bearer of a billet from the queen-mother, sire," h: said, presenting a sealed despatel to the king.
"Peste!" exelaimed Henri III., as he glanced over the contents of the letter. "We have been too precipitate, fair cousin," continued he, addressing the Due de Nevers. "Her majesty counsels us to treat the Béarnais with all courtesy and consideration."

The duke replied by a shring of the shoulder.
"Nay, this is not all," added the king; " she entreats us to restore his sword."
" And your majesty will, of course, comply with her request."
"Pardieu! no, cousin."
"Remember the fair Esclairmonde, sire."
"Ah! you are right," returned Henri III., hastily. "That name at once decides me. I know not what credit is to be attached to this story of the lovely demoiselle's birth. It is possible it may be true. But true or false, it is plain, if I would hope to succeed in my designs upon her, I must now, more than ever, yield implicit obedience to my mother's behests."
"Wiscly resolved, sire."
"A reconciliation with the Béarnais will not be difficult," pursued Henri III.; "his choler is as readily appeased as aroused. You shall see how easily we will cajole him. A fair word or so will make all smooth between us. Approach, brother," he continued, addressing the King of Navarre in a friendly tone;" I have done you wrong, and am eager to make you reparation."
"Sire!" exclaimed the Bourbon, springing eagerly forward.
"Your hand, brother."
"It is the hand of a heretic, sire."
"No matter! it is a loyal hand, and as such I clasp it. Nay, withdraw it not, good brother. I wish all my court to perceive that we are on terms of amity together-especially my mother," he added, aside.
"Vive le Roi !" cried the courtiers. And the shout was echoed by a thcusand voices.
"I have deprived you of your sword," continued Henri III. "You cannot reclaim your gift from the Chevalier Crichton. I pray you, therefore, to wear this blade for my sake," he added, unbuckling his rapier, the hilt of which was studded with diamonds, and presenting it to the King of Navarre. "Promise me only that you will not draw it against a subject of France."
"I will wear it for your defence, sire," replied the Bourbon. "Your majesty's kindness will not allow me for an instant to doubt your sincerity, but I would gladly learn to whom I am indebted for this sudden alteration in your sentiments."
"'To one whose intercession you scarcely merit," returned IIemri III., with a gracious smile-" to the queen-mother."
"Jour de dien !" exclaimed the Bourbon, "to her !"
"Pardon the muworthy reception I have given you. I was taken by surprise, and could not divest myself of certain misgivings, which this letter has wholly dispelled. I will make the best amends in my power."
"Grant me the life of Florent Chrétien, and we are quits, sire."
Henri III. was again perplexed.
"His lite is in my mother's hands," he said; " make your appeal to her. You stand well with her, it seems. I never interfere between her majesty and the objects of her displeasure. Yet stay! if you can induce this Chrétien to abjure his heresies, I think I may venture to promise you his life."
"You have ratified his doom, sire," said the Bourbon, retiring. "What think you of this change, Rosni?" he added, as he rejoined his counsellor.
"I like it not," returned Rosni. "The friendship of this Vilain Herodes is more to be dreaded than his enmity. But you have confided in him?-"
"Bon gré, mal gré," answered the Bourbon.
" How have I played my part, my cousin?" asked Henri III. of the Duc de Nevers.
"To admiration, sire," replied the duke.
"You are a flatterer. But I am weary of this conference. Bring forward our captive and his dog. 'Twill divert my thoughts to question him."
"Take heed, compère," cried Chicot; "you will not find that dog so carefully muzzled as the great bear of Berne."

## CHAPTER X.

## THE MISSAL. <br> _Que toute trahison sur te traître retombe!

Victor Hugo. Hernanz.
Blount, who had been strictly guarded during the conference previously detailed, and had endured, with stoical calmness, all the petty persecution, in the shape of taunts and blows, that his captors chose to inflict, was now dragged into the king's presence. Druid followed as closely at his heels as the sash by which he was restrained would permit him to do.
"Before you bestow yon caitiff"s head upon the executioner of the Châtelet, my liege," said Joyense, "it may be well to interrogate him as to the motive of his daring action. I can scarcely think, with all his reckless courage, that it proceeded from mere bravado. My own opinion is," he added, lowering his voice, "that he is charged with a message to the Bearnais-in which case your majesty may elicit some important information from him.,"
"I will essay, mon enfant," replied Henri III.; " but I despair of success. Look at his stubborn visage and resolute bearing, and say if threats are likely to shake him? That man would perish rather than play the traitor."

Ard so it proved. Blount refised to retmon other than a surly monosyllabic response to the monarch's inquiries.
"Remove him to the Grand-Chatelet," said Henri III., impatiently, "and let the question ordinary and extraordinary be proposed to him."
"It will extort nothing," rejoined the Englishman, firmly.
"I was right, you perceive, mon cher," said the monarch, turning to his favourite.
"I will find a way to wring his secret from him, my liege," replied the vicomte. "I see where his vulnerable point lies."

And he whispered to the king.
"You have hit it," returned Henri, laughing; " but proceed not to extremities."
"Leave him to me, sire," said Joyeuse. "Draw thy sword," he added, addressing the man-at-arms by whom Druid was guarded, "and upon each interroration which this obstinate traitor may decline to answer, hew a limb from his hound."

The weapon of the halberdier flashed in the air.
"Devils!" cried Blount, in a voice that sounded like the roar of a lion, at the same time exerting himself with so much force as to burst asunder the leathern thong that confined his arms. "What would you have me do?"
"Reply, without disguise, to his majesty's interrogations," said Crichton, advancing towards him.
"Well, then," returned Blount, "to spare my dog unnecessary suffering, I will do that which I would not have done to preserve my own flesh from the hot pincers, or my bones from the grinding wheel-I will speak-though, by the rood! I have nothing to reveal. I might have borne to see Druid perish," he muttered, "but to behold him die by piecemeal-no-no-I could not endure that."
"What brought thee hither, thou contumacious varlet?" demanded Henri III. "Wert thon not aware that thy life would pay the penalty of thy rashness?"
"I was fully aware of the consequences of the step I took," answered the Englishman. "But the desire to serve a friend was paramount to any consideration of danger."
"What friend, sirrah?"
"I have been too bold, perhaps, to term him such," returned Blount; " but death levels all distinctions, and mine is so near at hand, that I may claim some exemption from worldly forms. My fidelity will, I nothing doubt, insure me a worthy place in his remembrance."
"'Thy devotion to whom, sirral?" demanded Henri III., impatiently. "To the King of Navarre?"
"'To the Chevalier Crichton, sire."
"To Crichton!" echoed Henri, in astonishment. "Morbleu! Joyeuse," he continued, addressing the vicomte, "this Scot exercises an unaccountable influence over his fellows. Here is a sturdy knave, who derides the dungeon and the rack, ready to lay down his head for the love he bears him. By what magic is this accomplished?"
"By the magic of manner, sire," returned Joyeuse. "Was ever smile beheld so eaptivating-was ever demeanour witnessed at once so courteous and so dignified, as that of Crichton! Add to the charm of manner, the ennobling and heroic spirit of chivalry breathing from his lightest word and action-weaving its spell around him, and inspiring all who approach with kindred ardour, and you have the secret of his witchery over the minds of men. It was the same with Bayard-the same with Du Guesclin-with Charlemagne, and with Godefroy de Bouillon. Some men there are for whom we would willingly live: others for whom we would as readily die. Crichton is anong the latter."
"You have merely drawn the distinction between friendship and devotion, mon cher," replied Henri, turning, with a look of displeasure, towards Blount. "Thy intelligence must have been of vital import, sirrah," he added, pursuing his inquiries, "since it could not be delayed till the jousts were ended?"
"My errand was nothing more," answered Blount, carelessly, "than to apprise the Chevalier Crichton that a packet on which he set some store, and which, after incurring various risks, had been strangely found, was again as strangely lost."
"Is that all thou knowst concerning it, mon maitre?"
"I know that it has proved a fatal charge, sire. All who have meddled with it have come to ill. It was lost, as it was won, at the point of the sword. To the breast of hin who first grasped it, it brouglit a poignard; to the next who received it, the stake; and to myself, it is like to bring the axe. May like calamity alight on her into whose possession it hath now fallen."
"Your majesty will, perhaps, next question him as to his acquaintance with the contents of the packet?" interposed Crichton.
" By no means," returned Henri, frowning. "I perceive your drift, and have heard enough to convince me that the testimony of this traitor is suborned. Hola! Larehant," he continued, addressing one of the oflicers in attendance, "let the prisoner be conveyed to the Châtelet, and thrown into the Fïn d'oise, where, if he expire not within the week, the headsman may release him from further torture."
"Yours are tender mercies, sire," returned Blount, smiling disdainfully.
"Let the hound be eared for," continued Henri.
"Is he not to go with me ?" asked Blount, starting.
" Hence with the prating knave!" exclaimed the king, furiously.
Blount suddenly broke from his guards, and prostrated himself at the king's feet.
"I do not ask for mercy, sire," he cried. "I know my life is forfeited, and justly; but oll! separate me not from my faithful companion."

Henri wavered. If he had a heart, it lay on the side on which the Englishman now assailed him.
"Thou lovst thy dog?" he said, musingly.
"Better than my life."
"'Tis a good sign!-Thou shouldst be honest. I cannot, however, grant thy request. Refusal here is merey. The poor animal would only howl beneath thy carcase ; and it may console thee to learn, that in changing masters, he will find one who will not value him less than thou dost, while he is better able to protect him. Stand back! mon maitre."
"My dog is no courtier," replied Blount, rising; " he will serve no sceond master. What ho! Druid."
'This summons, followed by a short, sharp whistle, brought Druid instantly to the Englishman's feet. The scarf was round his throat; and in his teeth he held a large fragment of the apparel of the man-at-arms, which he had torn off in effecting his liberation.
"I knew no bonds would hold thee, brave fellow," said Blount, caressing his dog, who, in his turn, fondly licked his master's hand. " We must part, old comrade."

Druid looked wistfully in his face.
"For ever," said Blount, slowly, "for ever!"
"Away with him," cried Henri, " but take heed you harm not
the dog. I would not lose that noble animal for a prince's ransom."
"A moment, sire, and he is yours," cjaculated Blount, orer whose open and manly countenance a sullen cloud had now spread. "It is hard to part with a friend whom one has long cherished. 'This dog," he continued, with difficulty mastering the emotion, which was proclaimed by sundry twitches at the corners of his moutl, " will feed from no hand but mine; will answer to no call lout mine; will fight at no bidding but mine. I must teach him obedience to his new master. You will find him tractable enough when I have done with him."
"I will take every care of him," said Henri, somewhat affected by the scene.
"Fare thee well, Druid !" murmured Blount; " and now," he added, gently, " lic down, lie down, old friend."

Druid crouched upon the ground.
Swift as thought Blount placed his foot upon the dog's body, as if about to crush him to the earth, and with both hands seized the scarf entwined around his throat. Though he pereeived the action, and might have guessed its intent, Druid offered no resistance. His eyes were fixed upon his master. The noose was tightened, and in another instant the fate of the brave dog would have been sealed, but for the intervention of Crichton, who forcibly arrested the Englishman's arm.
"Desist!" he whispered. "I promise to despateh him, if aught befal thee."
"You promise more than you can perform sometimes, Chevalier Crichton," returned Blount, sullenly. "You undertook to free me from any peril I might incur in the execution of your orders. My head is now within reach of the axe."
"Thy own madness has brought it there," rejoined Crichton, sternly: "Release thy dog, or I abandon thee to thy fate."

Blount, with some reluctance, relinquished his hold of the scarf. "Where is the missal which I entrusted to thy care ?" continued the Scot.
"Where you placed it-next my heart; where it will remain while that heart beats."
"Saint Andrew be praised!" exclaimed Crichton, joyfully. "Anticipating they would seareh thee, and discover that book upon thy person, l allowed matters to proceed thus far. But no injury should have been done thee. Deliver it instantly to the king.'

Crichton retired, and Blount drew a small richly-gilded volume from his doublet. "Sire!" he said, addressing Henri III., "this book, confided to me by the Cheralier Crichton, dropped from the folds of the packet about which you have just questioned me. It was committed to my charge because, upon ascertaining it was a mass-book of the Romish Church, Messire Florent Chrétien refused to receive it. I am a Catholic. And were I not, I have
no such scruples. It would seem to belong to your majesty. The vellun cover is emblazoned with a royal crown-with the lilies of France, and with the letters $C$ and $H$."
"Pardicu! it is our mother's missal," exelaimed Henri III.; "it is her cipher linked with that of the king our father. Give me the book, Du Halde."
" Four majesty will not touch it," said the Duc de Nevers, turning pale; "it may be poisoned."
"I will be the first to open it, if you have any such apprehensions, my liege," interposed Crichton.
"I have no fear," replied the king. "From these pages I derive health and succour, not bane. Ah! mon Dicu!" he exclaimed, as his eye rested upon a leaf on which certain mysterious characters were traced. "Have I chanced upon the serpents" nest ?"
"What have you discovered, my liege ?" asked Joyeuse.
"A plot!" vociferated Henri IUI.; "a conspiracy against our crown-against our life!"

Universal consternation prevailed amidst the assemblage. Many mysterious and suspicious glances were interehanged by the nobles, and a look of intelligence passed unobserved between Crichton and the King of Navarre.
"By whom is this plot contrived, my liege?" asked the Duc de Nevers, with quivering lips.
"By whom think you, monsicur le duc? -by whom think you "" thundered the king.
"By the Guise?"
"By our father's son-by the Duc D'Anjou."
There was a deep silence, which no one cared to break except the Bourbon, who coughed slightly in an ineffectual attempt to conceal his satisfaction.
"I have long suspected my brother's treachery," said IIenri, after a pause, during which he appeared greatly disturbed; "but I have here evidence of his guilt under his own hand."
"It is a letter you have found, sire?" inquired the Duc de Nevers, anxiously.
"Ay, my cousin," returned the king, in a deep whisper, "it is a letter!-a letter from Anjou to our mother-a letter of treason and blood penned upon these sacred pages-a letter devised by the demon, inseribed upon the word of God!"
"It is a forgery, my liege. The Duc D'Anjon is incapable of a crime so monstrous and unnatural. I will answer for his innocence with my head."
"Answer for yourself, monscigneur," replied Henri, in a freez. inc tone, at the same time speaking in a voice so low as to be inandible to his attendants, "you will find it no easy matter. The chamacters in which this letter is traced reveal the writer. They are secret characters, known only to myself-my mother-and this arch traitor. They were contrived for the security of my own
despatches from Poland, when Charles stood towards me as I now stand to Anjou; and when my mother betrayed him, as she has here betrayed mc. These characters cannot have been fabricated, neither ean they be deciphered without a key. Look at this writing! 'To you it is incomprehensible as an Egyptian hierocglyphic: to me legible as the billet of a mistress. And see! a leaf is wanting. Where was our mother's letter-here is Anjou's answer. Jesus-Maria! if I had any doubts left, this wonld remove them. I am donbly betrayed."
" My gracious liege-"
"Anjou is guilty of lezze-majesté and felony in the highest degree -and shall die the death of a traitor-as shall all who have favoured, or are engaged in this foul conspiracy-even though I flood the Louvre in the noblest blood of France. The seaffold and the block shall not be removed from these courts, nor shall the headsman cease his labour till he has utterly exterminated this hydra-headed monster of rebellion. Hitherto I have been casy, forgiving, merciful. It has availed nothing. Henceforth I will be relentless and inflexible. The ordinance of my ancestor Louis XI., which condemns him who is guilty of misprision of treason, to like doom with the traitor, is not yet abrogated. You have answered for Anjou with your head. 'Take heed I claim not the pledge. It is already foricited."
"Your suspicions cannot attach to me, sire," faltered De Nevers. "I hare been your loyal follower ever."
"My suspicions!" echocd the king, in a tone of irony. "Par la Mort-dicti! monseigneur, I suspect you not-I am assured of your treachery."
"Malédiction! this to me, sire."
"Be patient, fair cousin. Another such intemperate exclamation, and my guard shall conduct you to the Bastile."
"Your menaces alarm me not, sire," replied the duke, who had now recovered his composure, "conscious as I am of my imnocence, and of the groundlessness of the charge preferred against me. The name of Gonzaga has never yet been coupled with that of traitor. Were I aware of any conspiracy against your majesty, I would denounce it, though my own son were its leader. And if I should march hence to the scaffold with which you have threatened me, my last prayer should be for the minterrupted prosperity and long continuance of your reign."
"Judas!" muttered the king between his teetli; "the plot is better organised, and nearer its outbreak, than I deemed it, if he is thus confident. I must proceed with greater caution. Qui nescit dissimulare, nescit regnare. Vive-dieu, cousin," he continued, placing his hand familiarly upon the duke's saddle-bow, and regarding him with a look, in which distrust was skilfully veiled by an expression of friendliness, "your warmth would almost persuade me I have wronged you in suspecting you of defection. If it be so, you will know how to overlook the error. En-
vironed as I an by faction and sedition-surrounded by perfidy in all shapes and all aspects-by rebels in the mask of brothers - traitors under the cloak of counsellors-assassins in the grise of friends; when those I have most loved, most honou:ed, most rewarded, are the first to desert, to betray me; when those bound to me by the strict ties of duty, and by the stricter tics of affinity, forget alike their allegiance and affection; when the hand that once caressed me brings the poignard to my bosom; and the lips, from which the fondest maternal endearments have flowed, command my destruction, I may be forgiven if I should mistake a luyal follower for a deadly enemy, and for a moment question the stainless honour, and mistaken, though not wholly unrequited, fidelity of Gonzaga."
"My services, however requited," replied the duke, with some asperity, "should have secured me from these unmerited taunts. But since they who should be nearest to your highness in your love are visited with the extremity of your indignation, I an content to disregard the alfront."
"You do wisely, monseigneur," rejoined the king, with a smile of derision; "I need not remind you this is not the first time I have detected and defeated Anjou's treasomable schemes. I need not tell you of the revolt which was to have followed my return from Poland to the throne of France ; of the ambuseade which beset my route; of the assassins who were baulked of their victim. I need not tell you of my brother's capture, interrogation, and confession; of the decapitation of La Mole and Coconnas; and of my mistaken clemency. Catherine de Medicis in those days watched over my safety with zealous eare. Now she has instigated a rebellion she was then prompt to crush. Would to Heaven Anjou had yielded to the promptings of his own dark heart, and strangled her, as he intended to do, when she embraced him in his prison at Vincennes."
"Sire, your resentment carries you too far. Catherine de Medicis is still your mother. To her you owe your crown."
"Oui-dà, monseigneur, and to her, also, I might owe my abdieation and dethronement, if she would permit me to finish my term of life in the seclusion of a cloister, Think you ! know not uhose hand has hitherto grasped the reins of empire-whose voice has swayed my councils-whose mandates have controlled my edicts-whose policy has influenced my actions? Think you I deemed, when Catherine resigned the regency of this realm to me, she resigned also its sovereign sway? Pardieu! if such has been your opinion, it is time you were undeceived. I owe her much, but she owes me more. I am indebted to her for the name of king: she has to thank me for the powers of royalty. If I have preferred an existence of enjoyment and repose (as much repose, at least, as is ever allotted to princes) to the cares and responsibilities of active government-if I have sought to dispel my emnui b,y a thonsand trifling occupations-if the pursuits of pleasure,
the exercises of devotion, the companionship of favourites and of mistresses, have engrossed my attention-though my people may have some reason to complain, my mother has none, because such a course has been consonant to her inclinations. I have submitted all to her disposal. But, if I am rudely awakened from my dream of security-if I find that the arm which defended me has become hostile-that what I have quietly yielded is to be forcibly wrested from me-that not even the semblance of rule is to be left; what wonder if I start, like one from a trance, and, banishing from my breast all feelings, save those akin to justice and retribution, prepare to wreak my vengeance upon the heads of the aggressors :"
"Calm yourself, my licge."
"'Téte-et-sang! I am calm enough, as you will find anon, monseigneur. I pardoned my brother's first transgression-restored him to my love-bestowed upon him in appanage the dukedoms of Berri and Anjou, the canddoms of Touraine and Maine, and refused only his solicitation for the lieutenant-gencralship of the kingdom. I had grood reasons for my refusal. I reserved that high post for some adherent, trustworthy and meritorious as the Due de Nevers."
"Sire," replied the duke, in confusion, umable to divine IIemri's real meaning, and fearful of some snare being laid for him, "I have already received too many proofs of your favour."
"Bah!" exclained the king, with ill-disguised irony; "I never till now sufficiently appreciated your services or fidelity. True, I thought, in raising you to your present elevated position-in entrusting my Piedmontese army to your command-in appointing you to the grovernment of Pignerol, Savillan, and La P'erose; in placing certain wealthy bencfices at your disposal; in granting you a heavy pension from the coffers of the state, and investing you with the cordon of the Saint-Esprit which hangs from your gorget; in doing all this I imagined I had made some slight return for your unremitting zeal and devotedness. But I pereeive my mistake. I have yet, a greater service to exact:-I have yet a higher reward to ofler."
"The service I can conjecture," said the duke, after a pause"the reward-"
" The post I refused to Anjon. My refusal made Lim a traitor. My grant shall make you loyal."
" Sire!"
"Your brevet shall be signed to-morrow."
"I should prefer it to-day," replied the duke, significantly. "To-morrow it may be out of your majesty's power."
"Ha!" exelaimed Henri, with a thrill of apprehension, " is my peril then so imminent? Mary Mother protect me !"
"In the Virgin's name," whispered the duke, "I beseech you to maintain your composure. You are surrounded by the spies of

Catherine de Medicis, whose glanes are fixed upon your every look wate gesture; whose cars are on the alert to eatch each word you let fall. Still appear to suspect me, or I shall become as much the object of their virilanee as your majesty. You are on the brink of a precipice. My arm alone can arrest your fall.".
"How shall I evince my gratitude?" said Henri, vainly endeavouring to repress his agitation.
"By the fultilment of your promise, sire."
"Doubt it not-doubt it not, my cousin. You shall have your appointment on my return to the Louvre. I swear it by Saint Louis, my patron! And now relieve my anxiety. You have put me on the rack-"
" Your majesty must excuse my saying more at present," returned the duke, evasively: "I have already said too much. Your cabinet will be the fittest place for my further disclosures. Here I dare not breathe them. Meantime, do not disquiet yourself. I will answer for your safety."

Henri darted an angry and distrustful glance at the wily De Nevers. "Who will answer for your honesty, monsieur le duc?" he said.
"San-Francesco, my patron," replied the duke, smiling.
"Where is the Prince Vincenzo?" demanded Henri.
"He has been removed by his attendants to the Hotel de Nevers," answered the duke. "Heaven be praised his wound is not dangerous."
"'Tis well!" exelaimed Henri. "And now take heed, consin. 'Io-morrow you are chief in command of our armies, or," he added, in a deep, determined tone, "the Duke of Mantua will have to lament his son and brother."
"As you please, my liege," rejoined De Nevers, with affeeted indifference. "I have warned you, and you will find my warning fearfully verified if you neglect it. Arouse the suspicions of Catherine de Medicis, and all is lost. Her party is stronger than your own. Her majesty, I perceive," he continued, carclesily looking in that direction, " has quitted the grand gallery. She has remarked our conference, and despatched a secret messenger to ascertain its object. It must be brought to a closc. Pardon my freedom, sire. Danger is not ceremonious."
"So I find," said Henri.
"Be ruled by me, my liege," continued the duke, "and your crown shall be preserved without risk-withoat bloodshed. I will meet plot with counter-plot; stratagem with stratagem ; and turn the weapons of your adversaries against themselves. One life only shall be sacrificed."
"The life of my brother?" faltered Henry.
"No, sire; that of your rival in the affections of Esclairmonde -*that of the Chevalier Crichton."
"Sang-dieu! though I shall not regret to be freed from a rival so
furmidable as Crichton, ï see not how his destruction whli ensare the suceess of your schemes."
" On him rests the chief reliance of Catherine de Medicis-of the Due d'Anjou. On him devolves the terrible part of your assassination."
"Jesus!" exclained Ifenri, smelling at a flacon which he took from his escarcelle.
" He must dic."
"In heaven's name let him die, cousin. Order his instant execution, if you think proper."
"In grood time, my liege. And now let me counsel your majesty to command some of your youthful nobles and gentlemen to enter the lists, or to engage in such knightly exercises as may induce your lynx-eyed mother and her mouchards to conclude our tete-it-tête has had reference only to the business of the tilt-yard.'
" Well thought of, cousin," replied Henri. "But can you not derise some better expedient than the withdrawal of our loyal attendants from our side at a critical conjuncture like the present? I dure not-will not hazard it."
"What say you to a combat of animals, sire?" insinuated De Nevers. "Many months have elapsed since the gentle dames of your court had an opportunity of witnessing a spectacle so delightful. It will afford them the highest gratification, and answer our purpose admirably. Suppose you make trial of the strength and ferocity of the African lion, sent by Philip II. of Spain, against the tigers lately presented to your majesty by the Grand Signor Amurath III., or, if you think that match unequal, against the pack of German wolves-"
" Or Italian foxes," interrupted Henri. "No, De Nevers; were the lion worsted, I should hold it an evil omen. I have often heard of the extreme hardihood of an English bull-dog in the fight; I will now put it to the test."
"Bravo !" exclamed the duke.
"I have a wild Spanish bull, black as Pluto, and fierce as Chiron," continued the king; " he shall sustain the hound's attack. Bill his keepers bring him forth, and chain him to the stoutest post they can find in the lists. Mort-dien! 'twill be brave sport," he added, rubbing his hands with pleasurable anticipation.

De Nevers bowed and retired. Henri gazed after him a moment in silence, and then addressing his chicf ralet, said quickly, "Follow him, 1) Halde, and let me know with whom he converses. 'Take note of all he does. Away !-Strange!" he mattered, "everything, whether of love or peril, in which I am concerned, seems to hinge upon Crichton."
"Not at all, compere." said Chicot, who had overheard the latter part of the monarch's self-communion; " he is your destiny."
"How, gossip?"
"In his hand rest your crown -your life-your mistress."
-• Sirrah !"
"Henrint," said the jester, with a look that ill became his wonted laughter-moving visare, "for the first time in my life I am serious."
" And the last, I hope, gossip," returned the king.
"No, compère, I shall be more serious when I am buffoon to François III. By my banble! I had rather they should carve me a monument like that of Thevenin de Saint-Ligier, the faithful fool of Charles V., at Senlis, than what I fear should happen. And it will happen unless you profit by my caution."
"And what is thy caution, my poor gossip ?"
"Place your faith in Crichton, cher Henriot," whmpered the jester. "Otherwise I shall certainly lose one of the best of masters, and France will as certainly gain one of the worst of kings."

Struck by the jester's unfeigned, though ludicrous, emotion, Hemi seemed to reflect for a short time. He then motioned the Scot to approach him. "Chevalier Crichton," he said, "to your charge I intrust this missal. I may require you to produce it hereafter. But understand me, and you too, messeigneurs," he added, looking round, "the suspicions entertained of treasonable intentions on the part of my brother have been entirely dispelled by the Duc de Nevers. I recal my accusation, and beg of you to dismiss it from your remembrance."

A murmur of astonishment and displeasure was heard among the courtiers.
"Have I your majesty's permission to defy the Duc de Nevers to the combat," said Crichton, unable to repress his indignation, " and to extort from his own lips an avowal of his treason?"
"It is needless, mon cher. He has cleared himself from all imputation of guilt."
"You are the dupe of this wily Italian, my liege," returned the Scot, with warmth; "he is a felon knight, and disloyal gentleman."
"The duke is absent, messire," said Hemri, anxious to put an end to the discussion.
"On his return I will hurl the epithets in his teeth."
"Be that task mine," cried Joyeuse. "You have won nonour enough. My sword is eager to leave the scabbard."
"I have a vow to defend his majesty against all traitors," exclaimed Saint-Luc, "and claim the right of challenge."
"His be the right who first shall affront the caitiff," shouted D) Epernon, striking spurs into his charger.
" Agreed !" cried Joyeuse, following the baron's example. " We shall sce who will be first in the race."
" Hold! messcigneurs," ejaculated Henri, authoritatively. " Let no one stir from hence on pain of our sovereign displeasure."
"Vive-dicu!" exelaimed Joyeuse, chating with vexation. "Your majesty shows more favour to traitors than to your loyal foldowers."
"Be patient, mon enfant," returned llenri, smiling graciously. "Your devotion and that of my other faithful friends shall not be forgotten. Meantime, I forbid all further allusion to this matter. After the banquet we shall hold a secret council, at which thou, saint-Luc, D'Epernon, Crichton, and, I trust, my brother of Navarre, will assist. 'Till then, keep guard upon your speech and actions. Chevalier Criviton, a word with you."
"By my patron, the Evangelist," said Saint-Luc, shrugging his shoulders, "I am completely in the dark."
"And I," rejoined D'Epernon. "Henri seems bewitched. Like a love-sick damsel he will-and he will not. He evidently distrusts De Nevers, and yet will not avow his suspicions."
" He has good reasons, doubtless, for his caution," observed Joyense. "I will be sworn this false duke has betrayed his own party, and purchased Henri's favour with the heads of his collcagucs. I am, moreover, of opinion, that in licu of a peaceful mêlée by torchlight, we shall have a sanguinary conflict with swords and sharpened lances. So much the better! Perish the Medicis and her train of Italian impostors, priests, poisoners, and panders. If we can free Henri's neck from this intolerable yoke, he will indeed become a king."
"And thou?" interrupted D'Epernon, laughing.
"A duke, peradventure," returned Joyeuse. "En attendant, we are to have a duel between two raflinés in the art of offence. The horns of the bull will, I trust, avenge the injuries inflicted by the teeth of that accursed hound on my gallant charrer Bavicea."
"The hound will be the victor, for a thousand pistoles," cried Saint-Luc.
"I am for you," replied Joyeuse, eagerly.
"Let us look at him," said D'Epernon; " methought he was sorely wounded by your men-at-arms."
"'That will not prevent his fighting," said Saint-Luc. "These dogs are the bravest in the world, and will fight as long as life endures."

Upon which the three nobles directed their coursers towards the Englishman, at whose feet Druid still crouched.
"What think you of all this, Rosni?" said the King of Navarre to his counsellor.
" That mischief is brewing, sire," replied the baron, knitting his brows, "and that the Valois is cither a knave, or a fool-perhaps both."
"It is easy to sce that a storm is gathering," rejoined the Bourbon. "But it will pass harmlessly over our heads, and may, perhaps, facilitate our cvasion."
" It may so," returned Rosni, gravely.
Henri IIII. meantime conferred apart with Crichton. "Guard that missal," he said, continuing his instructions, "as you would the hidden letters of her you love; as you would a tress of her hair, or
a glove from her hand; as you would guard holy relic or charmed amulet. I may require it anon."
" I will guard it as I would the honour of her I love, sire," returned Crichton, haughtily. "It shall be wrested from me only with life."
"When the bull-fight is ended," said Henri, "depart secretly from the Lourre, and proceed to the Hotel de Nevers. Here is my siguet. Display it to any of the captains of the guard, and such men-at-arms as you may require will attend you. Arrest the Prince Vincenzo-"
" Sire!"
"Interrupt me not. Arrest him, I say, and let him be conveyed in a litter to the palace. I will give orders for his further custody. This done, rejoin us at the banquet."
"Sire," rejoined Crichton, regarding the king with a searching glance, "whatever commands you may impose upon me, I will obey. I would, however, counsel you to adopt measures widely different. I am at no loss to discover your design. It is unworthy of the grandson of François I.,-of the son of Henri II. Unmask these traitors, and let them perish by the death they merit. Sever the web they have woven around you with the sword. But do not resort to this perfidious Machiavelian policy-treachery against treachery, in which the winner is the loser-or you will find, when too late, that you are not so profoundly versed in its mysteries, or so intimately acquainted with its thousand shifts and expedients, as the subtle queen with whom you have to contend."
"We shall sce," replied Henri, angrily. "What I now require is obedience, not comsel."
"Quicquid delirant reges," cried̉ Chicot, who had stolen upon them unawares. "I am now more than ever convinced of the wisdom of the sage who wrote that lings are fools, and fools are kings. Dark the intimate relationship between us.

> Kings are fools, and fools are kings, Majesty does foolish things, While from Folly wisdom springs. Majesty her sceptre swings, Folly soon her bauble brings; Majesty to tinsel elings, Folly bells of silver rings. Crowns and coxcombs, fools and kings Are inseparable things: Where Kings govern Folly rules, Fools are kings, and kings are fools:"

At this moment a loud bellowing roar, followed by general plaudits, announced the appearance of a new combatant within the precincts of the tilt-yard.

## CIIAPTER XI.

THE BULL.

J'ay ouy conter que feus son père luy faisoit mesler en tous ses mangers et beires de la poudre d'or, d'acier et de fer, pour le bien forlifer; ce qu'il continua si bien jusqu'à lâge de douze ans, qu’il le rendit ainsi fort et robuste, jusqu"a prendre un taureau par les cornes, et l'arrester en sa furie.

Brantôme. Hommes Illustres: Disc. LXXXII.
A menagerie, in the olden time, was considered an indispensable appendage to regal state. Sauval relates, that from the reign of Charles V . to that of Louis XII., there existed in the Rue Froidmantel, immediately behind the Louvre, a building "où soulaient estre les lions du roi." When the ancient palace of the kings of France was in part destroyed to make way for the magnificent structure, erected upon its site by Pierre Lescot, and now known as the old Louvre, this vivarium, removed to one of the outer courts, was greatly increased by François I., and carefully maintained by his successors. Here, on grand occasions, conflicts took place between the savage occupants of the various cages, and the atrocities of a Koman amphitheatre were, in some degree, revived. Here the inhuman Charles IX., in whose bosom the soul of Nero was lodged, frequently repaired with his favourites to indulge his insatiable appetite for carnage. Here, brilliant crowds assembled; and the courage and devotion of a lover were sometimes severely tested by his mistress, who, dropping her glove into the scene of strife, made its restoration the price of future favours.

An exploit of this description, attended with more than ordinary peril, marked the commencement of Crichton's amour with Marguerite de Valois. A combat of animals had been commanded. Scaffoldings, reared around the court, were graced with the flower and loveliness of the land. A fiercely-contested fight, between the ruler of the forest and the sole disputant of his sway-the striped tiger, had terminated in the defeat of the latter. With mane erect and paw heavily imposed upon the lacerated breast of his antagonist, the kingly brute, still growling with rage, glared defiance at the assemblage ; when, amid the hush of silent admiration that sncceeded his victory, was heard the light musical laugh of the Queen of Navarre, and the next moment her embroidered kerchief fell at the feet of the slaughtered tiger. The curiosity of the spectators to aseertain whose faith was to undergo this dread ordeal was not lone ungratified. Exclamations of terror burst from many a rentle lip as the figure of a youthful cavalier was discovered within the arenal. To the terrible encounter in which he was about to engage, this youth brought only a poignard, and a short Spanish mantle swathed around his left arm. His finely-formed limbs had no other defence than was affcrded by a rich attire of velvet and
saye, while his fair uncovered locks, floating over his shoulders, added to the noble and poctical beauty of his countenance. He looked like Ogier le Danois before the lion-guarded seats of Avalon. With a swilt and resolute step he advanced towards his foe, who awaited his approaeh with grim, but majestic composure. He had attained the object of his quest; his foot was placed on the kerchief; his eyes were fixed steadfastly upon the kindling orbs of the lion. At this juncture-and when searcely a breath was drawn by the spectators-a page at the back of the scaffold was suized with sudden faintness, and uttered a piercing cry. So absorling, however, was the interest of the passing scene, that no one heeded him, and he fell back deprived of sense. Better had it been for that page he had never revived! Roused by the ery, the hion menaceis his fatal spring. With a roar that shook the rafters of the gallery, he prepared to dart upon his intrepid enemy. But the eavalier evaded the attack. As the furious beast k ounded against him, he sprang to one side, and, with marvellous force and skill, plunged his dayger deeply into the animal's throat. The wound was not mortal. Lashing his sides with rage, the lion returned instantly to the charge. On this occasion, the cavalier flung himself on the ground; and, as the animal passed over his prostrate body, inflicted another and surer stroke. The roseate hue, which, during the combat, had deserted the blooming cheek of Marguerite de Valois, returned with added lustre as the cavalier, on bended knee, shortly afterwards sued for the prize he had so dearly won. Marguerite smiled upon him, as she granted his request, as only queens (and queens who love) can smile; and that smule was then in his esteem held cheaply purchased by the hazard he had run.

On the same night the page we have described as overcome by emotion, beheld another conllict, between the cavalier and the most celebrated duellist of his day, le bien raffiné Bussy D'Amboise-at that time the avowed favourite of the Qucen of Navarre. In this second encounter he was fortunate as the first. He disarmed and slightly wounded his adversary. Quitting this rendezvous, which took place in a retired walk within the gardens of the Louse, the cavalier entered the palace, still warily followed by the page. He was admitted, with some mystery, to the apartments of Marguerite de Valois. Franing a thousand excuses, the page awaited his return within a corridor. It was a night of lengethened torture, for the gallant appeared not till dawn, when, with a quick and buoyant step, he passed the miscrable witness of his bomue furtune.
"Why follow you not your master, the Seigneur Crichton, good youth?" said Aubiac, Marguerite's confidential valet, to the page, who remained like one stupified. "The coast is clearaway !"
"Call him not my master," replied the page, bursting into an agony of tears, and tearing his raven curls; "I serve him not-I love him not-I will forget him. As to your royal mistress," he
continued, glancing with fury at the door, " may my curse fall upon her; may she endure the anguish I have endured; may she pass one such night as I have passed." And with these words he rushed from the corridor.
"Ha! ha !" laughed Aubiac; "I sce how it is-a girl in dis-suise-over head and ears in love with this handsome Scot, whom all the women rave about, though for my part I see nothing extraordinary in him. However, as Madame Marguerite admires him, I suppose he has merits I cannot discover. From heneeforth the Sicur Bussy is dismissed; and for three weeks, or, it may be, three days, the Sieur Crichton will reign in his stead. Maugrebleu! I must take care that pretty vixen does not find her way here again. Of all plagues a jealous woman is the most intolerable; and of all women, your woman of intrigue is the most jealous. Madame Marguerite is the most jealous woman I have the honour to know. The malediction of that unhappy damsel is likely enough to attach to her. Where have I seen that lovely face before? Those dark cyes are certainly not unknown to me. She looks like an Italian: ah! I have it-I recollect her. She is the principal actress of the Hotel de Bourbon. A fine girl i'faith. 'This Crichton is fortunate. I should prefer her to the queen."

Aubiac was right in the conjecture. It was the Gelosa.
To return. Within the ménagerie previously described the Duc de Nevers sought out the warlike beast destined to sustain the attack of Druid. Captured amid the Sierra Morena, this wild momtain bull - one of the fiereest of his untameable race - was so little subdued in spirit by confinement, that it required considerable address to approach him; and it was only by entirely exchading light from his den, that his keepers were enabled to bind and blindfold him. In this state-now rushing madly forward, now suddenly halting, with lip curled upwards, nostrils distended, head bent down, and tail erect-foaming, butting, bellowing, and leaping-girt, as to his neek and shoulders, with a strong tether of ropes, so disposed, that he could neither break loose from his bondage, nor injure himself by its pressure; the furious animal, exasperated by the shouts of the spectators, reached the middle of the arena, where he was speedily attached to the central and stoutest stake in the lists. This done, the covering was withdrawn from his eyes.

Dazzled by the sudden transition from obscurity to sunshine, the bull appeared for a moment bewildered. He then uttered a sullen, ominous moan, which, in the opinion of the experienced, gave unquestionable assurance of resolution and ferocity. His vigour could not be doubted. In make he was perfect. Broad-chested, wide-fronted, straight-backed, thick-neeked, well-hammed-curled, shaggy, tufted; his tremendous energies were plainly written in every limb. In colour, from the points of his short, sharp, wrinkled horns to his pawing hoois, he was black as the steeds of Pluto.

The old Syracusans would have chosen him as an acceptable sacrifice to that Deity. Glaring around the assemblage with eyes of flame, tossing the sand over his shoulders, and lashing his sides with his tail, he all at once changed his moan into a fieree prolonged roar of defiance. This challenge was instantly answered by a growl deep and terrible as his own.

Before, however, we attempt to describe the combat, we will repair, for a few moments, to the outer ranks of the spectators, composed of the burgesses, the scholars, and others of the commonalty of Paris.
"Valeme Dios!" exclamed a swarthy-visaged knave, with a broad-laved, rusty sombrero pulled over his beetle brows, pressing forward as he spoke to obtain a nearer view of the bull; "a noble animal, and of a grod heart, I'll be sworn. IIe is of the right breed and make. I know his stock well. He comes from the mountains of Estremadura; from the heights of the Guadalcana, where range herds of the finest steers in Spain-ciertamente! I have seen a hundred such when a grand bull-light has been held in the Plaza at Madrid, in the presence of his most Catholic Majesty, Don Felipe; and by the black eyes of my mistress it was a glorious sight!"
" No doubt of it, most veracious Don Diego Caravaja," rejoined a bystander, turning round, and disclosing the cynical countenance of the Sorbonist. "But what brings you here, my hidalmo? I was told you had entered into the service of Ruggieri, on the last day of his compact with Sathanas, and were to be hanged from the wills of the Grand Chatelet, at the precise juncture that the fagots of the old sorcerer were lighted in the Place de Grève. Pardien! I am glad to find I was misinformed."
"Never believe idle rumours, amigo," said the Spaniard, twisting his moustache after a threatening fashion; "Ruggieri is free; and the hemp is yet unsown that shall form my halter. . I, the familiar of a magician-foh! Hark ye, compañero," he added, mysteriously, "I am in the service of the quecn-mother."
"You have quitted the devil, then, for his dam," replied the Sorbonist, with a sneering laugh. "But i'faith, man, whether you have escaped the noose of the hangman, or the clutches of the fiend, I am delighted to see you. I am only sorry we shall lose the agrecable spectacle of your master's-I beg pardon-Ruggieri's execution. Because I had a wager with our comrade, the Bernardin, who stands by my side, that the Prince of Darkness would, as a matter of policy, deliver so serviceable an agent from the midst of his fiery torment."
"Which wager you have indubitably lost, compaign," laughed the Bernardin, "for the black prince has clearly interfered in his behalf by releasing him before he has even snuffed the odours of the resinous torehes. Sapristi! I would you had laid a like stake on Caravaja. I should have been a double winner-ho! -ho!"
"Whoso wagereth on my neck, had better look to his own," said the Spaniard, coolly, at the same time tapping the hilt of his long 'Toledo in a significant manner, " or there may be more slitting than choking of weasands. A truce, however, to jesting. I am in no mood for it. In regard to the execution, you will not be disappointel, señors. The Pré-aux-Cleres will not want a bonfire tonight. Ruggieri's name has been erased from the warant, and that of Florent Chrétion substituted."
"Io triumphe! let me embrace thee for the intelligence," cried the Sorbonist. "I had vowed that old simner's destruction. Better one heretic should perish than a thousand sorcerers. There is some hope of the conversion of the latter. Besides, it will be a pleasant pastime to him.

> Tormenta, carcer, ungula, Stridensque flammis lamina, Atque ipsa peenarum ultima Mors Sutheranis ludus estlidebat heec miles Dei."
"Chito!" whispered Caravaja, placing his finger on his lips, and again assuming a mysterious air, "this is not the only spectacle you will behold to-night."
"Indeed !" exclaimed the Sorbonist. elevating his eyebrows into an expression of surprise; "what goodly sight is in reserve?"
"May I trust yon?" demanded the Spaniard, yet more mysteriously.
"You may, if your disclosure be not treasonable," returned the scholar, mimicking the tone and gesture of his companion.
"'Treasonable or not, I will conlide in you," replied Caravaja, in a low voice; "see you these rose-nobles?" he added, thrusting his hand into his doublet, and exhibiting, under the shadow of his cloak, which he held over them, a glittering handful to the greedy eyes of his companion.
"Whose throat are you bribed to cut?" asked the Sorbonist, spitefully.
"Thine, if thou amendest not thy speech, amigo. But listen to me, and I will tell thee how to replenish thine empty pouches. I have discovered the true El Dorado. Lend me thine ear."

The Sorbonist complied. He soon becaune deeply interested in Caravaja's communication.
"And is this to take place to-night?" he inquired, as the Spaniard concluded.

Caravaja nodded.
"And the whole court is to be turned topsy-turvy?"
Caravaja nodded again.
"And thine office-our oflice, I should say-if I join you-is -the word sticks in my throat-the assassination of Crichton?"

Caravaja nodded for the third time, adding a slight cough by way of emphasis.
"By Barrabas! I like it not," said the Sorbonist, as if struck with contrition. "I would not stick at a triflc-but this is crime on too grand a scale for my fincy."
"Choose," returned Caravaja, pointing alternately to the purse and a poignard. "I have but to name thee to one of Catherine's mouchards, of whom there are plenty around us, and the chances are shrewdly against thy reaching the Sorbonne in time for vespers."
"Of two evils the wise man electeth the lesser," replied the scholar. "After all, one king is as good as another. Le roi est mort-vive le roi! I am with you. I will be a conspirator. There is something antique and Roman in the idea of overthrowing a tyrant. It will be as amusing as the jeu de coupe-tête."
"Bueno!" exclaimed the Spaniard, " to-night thou shalt help to rid us of a foe. 'To-morrow thou mayst, peradventure, fill the place of one of these minions of' the Sybarite. 'The scarf I will give thee anon. The word is-"
"Hark!" cried the Bernardin, interrupting their conference. "The sport is about to berin. Yon will lose it altogether if you stand so much aloof. May the devil direct the bull's horns to the heart of that accursed hound for the fright he gave me at the dieputation yesterday!"

Leaving these worthies to struggle for a grood station to vietr the fight, we shall now return to the arena.

Druid, meantime, had not remained inactive. No fiery champion ever evinced more impatience at the sound of hostile bugle, than he displayed on hearing the roaring challenge of the bull. His fury could scarcely be restrained; and his efforts to break lonse became at length so violent, that Blount was compelled to take him in his arms, and forcibly restrain lim. Covered with dust and blood - the thick gore slowly dropping from his unstanched wounds, his head swollen, his right eye closed-the poor brute presented a deplorable spectacle. But neither suffering nor exhaustion affected his courage-he was still fierce and terrible as heretofore. To the questions put by the youthful nobles by whom he was surrounded, the Englishman refused all response, until the Vicomte de Joyeuse casually remarked, "that it was impossible the dog could fight long in that condition-he must speedily give in."

A slight smile of derision passed across Blount's features.
"I would I were as sure of my freedom as I am of Druid's endurance." he said. "He is thorough-bred. And I would stake my life-if iny life were my own to stake-that when once he has jinned the bull, nothing will move him. You may hew him in pieces, from tail to jowl; and, while life lasts, the fangs will cling."

The nobles were laughing loudly at this boast, when Henri III., attended by Crichton, who still continued on foot, approached.
"Thy hound is in a sorry condition, maitre," said the king, in a compassionate tone; "dost think he will face his foc?"
"I an assured of it, sire," replied Blount.
"Thou hast vaunted his courage," continued Henri; "if he is victorions I give thee free pardon. If he loseth the battle thou diest."
"I am well contented," answered the Englishman.
The monarch and his retinue then proceeded to take up a position immediately in front of the bull, leaving an interval of some ter paces between them and the enraged animal, who eyed their movements with a look of malignant curiosity, redoubling his clamour, and vainly endeavouring to disengage limself fiom his bondage. All at once he became still-his glaring orbs seemed fascinated; he ceased bellowing; and giving a loud snort, that scattered the foam over his dusky shoulders, lowered the points of his horns.

The spectators next beheld a man, bearing a dog in his arms, advance from the ranks. At his approach the bull brought his broad front almost to a level with the sand.

Like his antagonist, the dog had left off growling. There was something formidable in the sudden silence of these two savage beasts, who had up to that moment filled the tilt-yard with their roaring.

Arrived within fitting distance of tlec hostile party, Blount deposited his burden upon the ground.
" Upon him!" he cried; "thy country's honour is at stake."
But Druid stirred not.
" How, sir !" exclaimed Blount, angrily; " has thy valour degenerated since I brought thee to this craven country? Ha! I see," he added, changing his manner; " $I$ am to blame, not thou." Upon which he clapped his hands together smartly twice or thrice, and uttered a shrill and peculiar cry.

Exasperated by these sounds, the bull slightly raised his head. The instant he did so, Druid, who had watched his opportunity, sprang furiously upon him, and made good his hold by fixing his tecth in the thick and fleshy covering of his antagonist's eyc. Bellowing with rage and pain, the wounded animal sought to free himself from his persecutor by violently dashing his head to the earth, plunging it between his legs, shaking and tussing it in the air. His efforts were in vain. Crushed, bruised, and goreh, Druid relinquished not his gripe.

The spectators were in cestasies. Henri III. laughed till the tears filled his eyes. The Bourbon, who stood on his right hand, appeared equally to enjoy the spectacle.
"By my bauble!" cried Chicot, thrusting himself between the stecds of the two monarcl:s, "'tis royal sport! and worthy the illustrious beholders. A goodly conclusion to a chivalrons spec-tacle-ha-ha! The sotie after the tragedy-the charivari after the widow's esfousals. May it end as well as it hath begun!

Yon huge cornuto," he added, darting a malicious glance at the King of Navarre, "appears, as yet, to have the worst of it."
"Rail on, knave," returned the Bourbon, laughing goodhumoredly; "thou art welcome."
"Fear me not," rejoined Chicot; "I am of the bull-dog breed myself:

> Ut canis a corio nunquam absterrebitur uncto,

I never relax-onec bit, hold tight. Attend!

> The horns of a bull, 'The sword of a fool, The heels of a mule, Make a King of Misrule. But of crown should he be shorn, Who weareth wittol's horn; Better queen had never suckled him, Than other quean shou'd cuckold him!"

The jester did not wait to sce what effect these ribald strains produced upon the subject of his satire, but diving under the charger of his own sovereign, disappeared.

A loud shout was now raised. The bull had obtaned a momentary advantage over his assailant. By a tremendous effort-attended with considerable detriment to his own hide-he succeeded in dislodging Druid, whom he flung to a great height above his head. Fortunately, the brave hom escaped the deadly points that awaited his descent, but he fell so heavily to the ground, that few imagined he would rise to renew the confliet:-an opinion which was further strengthened when the bull, bending his knees, dropped upon Druid's body before he had time to recover himself, and strove to crush him by his ponderous weight. At this juncture the voice of the Englishman was heard in encouragement of his luckless companion.
"What ho! Druid-what ho!" he cried; "bestir thyself, or the knees of that accursed brute will force all the breath from thy body. By Saint Dunstan! I can scarcely forbear my hand. Up! man-and rouse thee-or it is all over with both of us."

Henri III. was no less disturbed.
"Mort-dicu!" he ejaculated, "the brave hound will be slain, and I shall lose one, who might have proved my trustiest follower. Fool that I was to command tinis fight."
"Had you not better throw down your warder, gossip?" said Chicot, suddenly appearing on the left hand of the king ; "the chivalrous bull will probably attend to your behests-and withhold the stroke of merey. Down with it !-the base cur yields."
""「is false, thou yelping limmer, he docs not yicld," exclaimed Crichton, who, stationed also on the left of Henri III., had watched the contest with lively interest. Seest thou not the maddencd beast hath, in the blindness of his fury, driven his horns deeply into the soil, and not into the dog's reins. And mark how

Druid struggles with his huge oppressor, like Typhon with the rocks of Jove-or Hercules with the Cretan bull. Look! he has extricated hinself!-ha! -bravely done!-bravely done!-to the assault! staunch hound-to the assault! Fix thy keen and tenacious fangs within his leathern nostrils. 'Tis done!--'tis done!-there thou wilt cling till thy foe sinks from exhaustion. The victory is thine. By Saint Andrew!" he added, with warmth, "I would rather assail the bull myself, than that noble hound should perish."
"Your assistance is needless," replied Joyeuse, whose hilarity, occasioned by Druid's recent perilous position, had become overcast by the present aspect of the fray; "I fear I shall lose my wager as well as my charger."
"Certes, if you have backed the bull, you will infallibly lose," said the Scot, laughing, "for see! even now he staggers, and exhibits symptoms of faintness."
"There I differ with you, mon cher," rejoined the king; " to me he appears as if he were collecting his energics for some mighty effort. Remember, this is no stall-fed, scant-winded steer."

Druid, as will have oeen gathered from the forgoing discourse, had again made good his hold upon the nostrils of his antagonist; and such was the effect of his combined weight and strength, that he contrived to detain the bull, for some little space, in the kneeling posture he had just assmmed. No sooner, however, did the latter amimal regain his feet, than, nigh frantic with wrath and agony, he resorted to every expedient tiat desperation sugrested, of freeing himself from his relentless assailant. Worn out, at length, with repeated fruitless attempts, he became comparatively tranquil; and it was this cessation from strife that Crichton had construed into relaxing energy, but which was rather, as the king had surmised, the preparation for a mightier struggle.
"Saint George for England !" shouted Blount, whose sanguine anticipations had also deceived him-" the victory is ours. $\bar{A}$ few minutes must decide the conflict-hurrah!"

But the next moment the Englishman's countenance fell-the smile of exultation fled from lis lips. He perceived his errorRenewing the combat with a fury that showed his vigour was undiminished, the bull tore the ground with his hoofs-filled the air with his blatant cries-tossed his head as if a thousand hornets were buzzing about his cars-and shook the stake to which he was attached, as if he would uproot it.
"Cornes de Diable!" screamed Chicot; "'tis a pleasant sight to witness the fantastic gambols of yon amiable beast, and equally diverting to listen to his music. Foreheaven he danceth the couranto more deftly than the Chevalier Crichton-ha!-ha!-ho!"
"Is the fastening secure, think you, mon cher Crichton?" said Henri III., noticing with uneasiness the violent strain produced upon the rope by the ceaseless struggles of the bull.
"Have no fear, sire!" returned the Scot, advancing a step or

two in front of the king. "I will place myself between your majesty and the possibility of harm."
"Gramercy," rejoined Henri, smiling graciously; " and calling to mind your former exploit in the Court of Animals (which, en passant, cost me somewhat dear in the life of my noblest lion), I cannot doubt your ability to cope with a beast of inferior power. I shall, therefore, rest under your protection as securely as behind a rampart."
" Vivat!" cried Joyeuse, " the bull wins!"
" And the calf," added Chisot.
As lie spoke, the applauses, resounding on all sides, were suddenly checked, and a wild cry of alarm, mingled with screams from the female portion of the assemblage, arose. Druid was again tossed aloft, and the bull, instead of awaiting his fall to gore and trample him as heretofore, gave a headlong dash of such force that the rope, though of almost cable thickness, snapped in twain close to his throat, and, thus liberated, the animal commenced a mad scamper on the arena. The first obstacle he encountered was Blourt, whom he instantly overthrew. He paused not, however, to molest him, but rushed in the direction of Henri III.
"The king !-the king !" cried a thousund eager roices. "Save the king!"

But this seemed impossible. Ere a pike could be hurled, a bolt fired, or a sword drawn, the bull had reached the spot occupied by the monarch, and Henri's destruction would have been ineritable, if an arm of iron had not interposed between him and the danger with which he was menaced. That arm was Crichton's, who threw himself unhesitatingly upon the furious animal, and seizing his wrinkled horns, by the exertion of his almost superhuman strength arrested his career.

Amid the turmoil that ensued, the roice of the Scot was heard sternly exclaiming, " Let no one touch him-I will achieve his subjection alone."
'Thus admonished, the crowds, who had flocked to his assistance, drew back.

The struggles of the bull were desperate-but unavailing. He could neither liberate himself, nor advance. Suddenly, from acting on the defensive, Crichton became the assailant. Calling into play all the energies of his muscular frame, he forcibly drove his opponent backwards.
"It is time to bring this conflict to a close," he thought, holding the bull's head, immoveably, with his right hand, while with his left he sought his poignard.

He then glanced towards the king. Surrounded by the bristling halberts of his guard, Henri looked on at his ease.
"Pollicem verto," cried Chicot, "let him despatch his enemy, compère."

The royal assent given, scarce another moment elapsed before the bull, mortally wounded by a blow dexterously stricken between
the vertebrex of the neck, fell to the ground. Thunders of applause succeeded.

The royal cortège then formed into two lines, and Henri rode forth to grect his preserver.
"Chevalier Crichton," he said, " to you I owe my life. No Valus was ever ungrateful. Claim some boon, I pray you, at my hands."
"Sire," replied Crichton, smiling, as he unhelined himself to wipe the dust and heat from his brow, "my demands will not exhaust your treasury. I ask only th.e life of that man," pointing to Blount, who, with folded arms and a dejected air, stood alternately reararding the carcase of the bull and Druid, who, stunned by his fall, had with difliculty limped to his feet; "he will suffer punishment enough in the mortification oceasioned by his dog's defeat."
" It is yours," replied Henri.
"Your majesty will not separate the faithful hound from his master," continued the Scot.
"As you please," sighed the monarch. "I cannot refuse your request." Crichton threw himself upon his knee, and pressed Henri's hand gratefully to his lips.
"My thousand pistoles, Saint-Luc," said Joyeuse, gleefully.
"They are not fairly won," replied Saint-Luc. "I appeal to D'Eperıon."
"'Tis a drawn wager," returned the baron; "and in future I recommend both of you to back a Scottish right arm acrainst bull or bull-dog."

## CHAPTER XII.

## THE PRIZE.

> Quand ilz furent tous devant sa presence, Et in geuoulx pour sa face choisir, Le roy d'armes en très grant révérence Lui dit ce qu'il s'ensuit, et à loisir: Sire, avecques le vostre bon plaisir Et licence d'autre part obtenue, la pastourelle est devant vous venue Pour le grant pris delivrer orendroit A cellui qui sans doutance $y$ a droit, Lit de deliors deservi l’ara mieux.

> Louis ine Benuveau. Le Pas de la Bergière.

Two sergeants of the guard now advanced, leading a steed, which the earcase of the slaughtered bull was promptly attach by means of cords, and dragrged out of the arena.

A pursuivant-at-arms, clothed in a sumptuous casaque flowered with the lilies of France, next approached; and, reverentially inclining himself before Hemri, demanded, in the name of the Queen of the Lists, his majesty's license to close the jousts. Permission being graciously accorded, the pursuivant, accompanied by a couple of trumpeters, who gallantly did thicir devoir, proceeded towards the pavilions, and removing the shields of the combatimts, delivered that of Crichton to his esquire. This done, the judges
of the field, marshalled by Montjoie, descended from their tribunal, and gravely directed their course towards the grand gallery, into which they were ceremoniously ushered.

Crichton, meantime, looked on in silence. Indeseribable emotions swelled his bosom. The stirring notes of the trumpet rekindled all his fire. Much as he had done to distinguish himself, he burnt for new opportunities of displaying his prowess, and wonld gladly have splintered another lance in honour of the bright eyes he worshipped.
"What would life be," ran his self-communion, "without ambition - without fame - without love? - hopeless slavery and prolonged torture. I for one could endure not its burden. My life shall be computed by days, not years; with me hours shall play the part of days-moments of hours. I will crowd into each moment as much of active existence as that moment will comprehend, nor will I know pause till fate shall for ever check my impulses. I reverence age; but I desire not its honours. I would rather die covered with glory than bowed down by yaurs. Were I to perish now, I should have lived long enough. And if I can achicve the deliverance of her, to whose love my heart is forbidden to aspire-but for whom alone it can ever beat; if I can free yon brave monarch from his thraldom; and that inconstant, yet not ungenerous voluptuary, from the peril in which he stands-I care not if this day be my last."

As these thoughts swept through his mind, the countenance of the Scot-ever the faithful mirror of his emotions-took a slight cast of sadness; and Hemri, inspired by jealousj, having narrowly scrutinised his features during this momentary reverie, fancied he could detect the secrets of his inmost soul.
"It will not do to trust him," thought the king; "his passion is stronger than lis loyalty. Hola! Chevalier Crichton," he alded, aloud, and in a tone of raillery, "while you are studying your next ode, or preparing a thesis for the schools, we, less philosophical, less poetical mortals, are dreaming only of the speedy appearance of the Qucen of the Lists to award the chicf prize of the tourney. I have some notion upon whom it will be bestowed. Attend me to the tribunal. Lover as I am of etiquette, it would i!l become me to break through prescribed forms upon an occasion like the present, when I have fairer dame to grace my lists than ever yet rewarded valour, and braver knight to receive the meed of victory than ever yet won prize from dame!"

With this high-flown compliment, Henri rode slowly towards the canopy, where he dismounted, and took his seat upon the fautenil, placing the King of Navarre on the tabouret at his right. Crichton remained standing on the lowest step of the scaffold.

Presently the inspiring bruit of clarions and other martial instruments was heard from that quarter of the tilt-yard in which the grand gallery was situated. 'Ihe barriers were hastily removed;
the halberdiers rancred themselves en haie; and admittance was given to a troop of finir equestrims, whose personal charms were scarcely less to be apprchended than the wcapons of their knirhtly predecessors. At the head of this radiant band, which, like the burst of a sunbeam, diffised smiles and animation as it proceeded, three fichures were distinguished, each so beautiful, yet each so different in style of beanty, that the admiration of the beholders was divided, and the judgment perplexed, as to whom the pahn of surpassing loveliness ought to be assigned. In the fine and delicate features; the exquisite fairness of complexion; the soft blue eyes and gentle regards of her who rode on the right, the spectators recognised and hailed their queen, the virtuous but lightly-esteemed Lonise. In the fuller form and more majestic deportment; in the ravishing grace, the jetty tresses, and dark languid glances of the queenly dame on the left, no one failed to detect the gorgeous Marguerite de Valois. Murmurs of impassioned homage pursued her. The very air respired of love as she passed; and there was not a cavalier of the thousands who gazed upon her, but would have perilled his life for a favouring regard. Margucrite, however, was insensible to the general idolatry. A smile was on her lips; witchery was in her looks; but in her heart raged the undying worm of jealousy.

Between the two queens, on an Isabelle-coloured palfirey, richly caparisoned with blue velvet bordered with pearls, rode Esclairmonde; and if a preference was shown by the assemblage, it was towards the lovely princess; whose attractions, although they did not excite the fiery admiration roused by the voluptuous fascinations of Marguerite de Valois, awakened a sentiment of far deeper devotion. Immediately behind this captivating trio rode Catherine de Medicis, who displayed the adimirable symmetry of person for which she was celebrated-a charm not to be impaired by timeas well as the proficiency as an equestrian, for which she was equally noted, in the management of a fiery Arabian. In the languishing looks of the beautiful blonde, on the left of the queen-mother, the King of Nararre was at no loss to diseover his new conquest, La Rebours; while, in the sprightly bruncte at her right, admirers, too numerons to particularise, claimed a more intimate acquaintance with Torigni.

Preceding the Princess of Condé, and bearing a white wande, together with the grand prize of the tourney, a magnificent diamond ring, which he ostentatiously displayed to the spectators, marched the pursuivant. The judges of the camp, headed by Montjoie, and followed by a band of pages and trumpeters, brought up the rear of this brilliant cavalcade.

Arrived within a short distance of the royal canopy, the jocund troop came to a halt, and formed a long line in front of the king, of which Esclairmonde constituted the centre. Rapid as thought, the page of each dame, attired in her colours, then advanced, and placed himself' at the bridle of her steed. Executed with groat

precision and quickness, this mancuvre produced an agreeable effect, and was loudly applauded by the gallant Bourbon, whose eye wandered over the fair phalanx in a manner that plainly evinced of what inflammable material his vaiiant heart was composed.
" Ventre-saint-gris!" he ejaculated; "such a legion would be irresistible." Just then his ardent gaze chanced upon his queen. "Peste!" he added, averting his glances, "the snake will always intrude itself into Eden."

It was, in sooth, a pleasiant sight to look upon that array of lovely dames(Catherine's famons "petit bande"), and to mark their different attractions, now so forcibly, yet so advantageously, contrasted-each acting as a foil to the other-each uneonsciously contributing to her neighbour's fascination. Oh! how various are the aspects of beanty-how beautiful are all its aspects.

Making his way through the press, Montjoic now bent the knee before Henri, and repeating a formula similar to that of the pursuivant, entreated permission for the Queen of the Lists to award the prize to him who had demeaned himself the most valiantly in the jousts; concluding with the almost unnecessary assurance, that all would be done " with loyalty and justice." To this solicitation Hemri vouchsafed a gracious response, and the king-of-arms having fulfilled his duty, retired.

Holding the bridle of Esclairmonde's palfrey, the pursuivant next led her towards Crichton, who, perceiving the intention of the princess, advanced to meet her, and threw himself at her feet. Taking the ring from the pursuivant, Esclairmonde then placed it upon the finger of her lover. The Scot joyously arose. The reward to which he looked forward with most cagerness was yet to be conferred.

Amid the thunder of acclamations that succeeded, the voices of the heralds were heard exclaiming, " A Crichton!-à Crichton! -largesse! largesse!'"

The Scot motioned to his esquire. Raising the shield of his master, the youth filled it with broad golden pieces, which he distributed amongst the officers of the tilt-vard, who thereupon redoubled their joyous vociferations

While this was passing, Montjoie, with stately step, drew near the principal group of this vast and resplendent picture.
"Remove your heln, sir knight," he said; " the Queen of the Lists desires to thank you for the fair courses you have run in her honour, and to bestow upon you the priceless reward of your prowess."

A deep blush mantled Esclairmonde's cheek as Crichton obeyed the injunctions of the king-of-arms. The next moment he felt the slowing lips of the princess pressed upon his brow. That salute annihilated all his prudential resolutions. He forgot their disparity of rank-his own danger-her perilous position. He did not relin-
quish the hand she had confided to him-but, in the delirium of the moment, raised it to his lips.

Esclairmonde was equally agitated. Suffused with blushes, and anon becoming white as marble, palpitating, faint, she could searcely maintain her seat upon the umruly palfrey; and in order to prevent mischance, Crichton deemed it necessary to pass his arm around her waist. The situation was rather cmbarrassing, and awakened the ire of the two monarchs.
"Eselaimonde," whispered Crichton, passionately, "you are mine."
"I am-I am," returned the princess, in the same tone. "I would abandon my newly-discovered title-my rank-life itself, rather than my love."
"I have the queen's assent to our cspousals," rejoined Crichton. in an altered voice. "She has promised me your hand-on certain conditions."
"On what conditions?" asked Esclairmonde, tenderly recrarding her lover.
"Conditions which I cannot, dare not fulfil-conditions which involve the sacrifice of my honour," replied Crichton, gloomily. "Esclaimonde," he added, in accents of despair, "the dream is passed. You are the Princess of Condé. It is madness to indulge these vain hopes longer. I may serve you, bat I may not love you-farewell!"
"Stay!" exclaimed the princess, detaining him with a gentle grasp. "I have a painful, a dreadful duty to fulfil to-night. I have to take an eternal farewell of one who has been a friend, an adviser, a father to me.'
"Of Florent Chrétien?"
"Intelligence of the martyrdom to which he is adjudged by the merciless Catherine has just reached me. An hour before midnight I shall be within his cell to receive his parting benediction," she added, with some hesitation, and gazing at the Scot with eyes that swam with tears.
"Were it to encounter certain destruction I would be there," returned the Scot, fervently.
"And you will encounter certain destruction if you carry this presumptuous passion further, Chevalier Crichton," said Henri of Navarre, adrancing towards them. "You cannot plead ignorance of the exalted station of the maiden to whose love you aspire. The bright blood of the Bourbon will never mingle with that of a Scottish adventurer. Your pardon, fair cousin," he continued, addressing Esclairmonde in a conciliatory tone, "it is with extreme reluctance that I interfere in an affair of the heart. I would rather forward a lover's suit than oppose it, especially the suit of a cavalier so accomplished as Crichton. But I must act as the Prince of Condé would have acted. Take this decision, then, from his
lips．The daughter of Louis of Bourboan can only bestow lier hand upon her equal．＂
＂The danghter of Louis of Bourbon will only bestow her hand upon him she loves，＂returned Eselairmonde，with a spirit such as she had never before exhibited；＂and your own experience of her race will inform you，sire，that her heart is as little likely to bo rontrolled as her hand．＂
＂As I expected，＂rejoined the Bourbon；＂but it camot be．It is one of the curses of exalted birth，that the hand and the heart can never go torether．＂
＂And why should they be divided in this case，＂asked Catherine de Medicis，adrancing，＂if my consent be wiven to the mateh？＂
＂For at sullicient reason，madame，＂said Henri III．，joining thes wroup；＂because our pleasure is otherwise；and because we forbid the Chevalier Crichton，on pain of banishment from our presence－－ from our kingdom－as he would escape the doom of a traitor，and a dungeon within the Bastile－again to approach the Demoiselle Esclairmonde in the character of a lover．We shall see whether he，or you，madame，will venture to disobey us．＂
＂．IIenri！＂exclaimed Catherine，in amazement－＂this to me？＂
＂You are our mother－but rou are also our subject，madame，＂ returned the king，coldly．＂We have issued our commands－it is fir you to see them obeyed．＂

Catherine did not reply．Her glanec fell upon Crichton，and an almost imperceptible smile passed across her features．At the threat of the monarel the Scot＇s hand instinctively sought his poignard，upon the hilt of which it now rested．When too late， he perceived his error，and the false constructions put upon the action by the queen．
－If you will set at rest the fuestion as to the illustrions birth of the Demoiselle Esclairmonde，madame，I am content to obey the mandates of the king，＂said Crichton．＂On your decision，＂ho added，with a significant look，＂must reet her fate．＂
＂The time is arrived for the acknowlelgment of her birth， which you have truly said is illustrious，messire，＂replicd Catherinc， slancing triumphantly at her son．＂Esclairmonde is a princess of the blood royal of France．She is a Bourbon．Let the King of Navarre take note of my words；let all remember them；and let those who reverence the memory of Louis I．，Prince of Conde， incline themselves before his daughter．＂

Obedient to the intimation of Catherine，a crowd of nobles pressed forward to kiss the hand of the newly－discovered princess； and many there were，who，upon that oceasion，forgot their ancient enmity towards the great champion of the Protestant Church，in the admiration excited by lis lovely descendant．
＂Well，sire，＂said the Bourbon，turning to Henri III．，＂I have $f_{o u n d}$ the princess．Of course you will find the convoy：＂
"Peste!" exclaimed Henri, angrily. And motioning to Du Halde, he issued his commands to close the jousts.
"The princess is yours," said the queen-mother, aside to Crichton.
This assurance, however, gave little encouragement to the Scot. He felt that his passion was hopeless. And the despair which love without hope must ever inspire, took possession of his soul.

The flomish of trumpets which immediately succeeded afforded some relief to his oppression. Silence being proclaimed by this warlike prelude, the pursuivant advanced, wand in hand, and uttering thrice the preliminary "Oiez," informed the noble assemblage that the jousts were brought to a conclusion-that his majesty bade them all to the banquet within the Lonvre-and that in lieu of the emprise of the Chatel de la Joyeuse Garde, and the grand mêlée by torchlight, the king would hold a masque and fête within the palace.

This anmouncement was received with general surprise and chagrin.
"How is this, my son?" said Catherine, in a troubled voice. "Have you abandoned the chivalrous spectacle to which you looked forward with so much pleasure? Methought you were about to exhibit your own matchless skill as a tilter in the courses à la foule."
"Par la Mort-dicu! madame," replied the king, in a tone of raillery, "the masque will be more in character with the strange scene we have just witnessed than the mêlée. Besides, the tiltyard is not the theatre for our display. The lists are unlucky to our race. We remember our father's fate-and shall in future avoid the lance."
"Ha! betrayed," muttered Catherine. "But the traitor shall not escape my vengeance."
". To the Hotel de Nevers, mon cher," said Henri, turning to Crichton, "and arrest the Prince of Mantua. Interfere not with our passion," he added, in his blandest accents, "and we have no favour to refuse you."

Amid renewed fanfares of trumpets, the splendid assemblage then separated. But the troop of laughing dames did not return in the strict array it came. The ranks were disordered, and in place of a page, by the side of each bright-eyed equestrian rode a favoured cavalier. Henri III. took the lead with the reluctant Princess of Condé; the Bourbon attached himself to La Rebours; while Crichton returned to the pavilion, where the armourer proceeded to free him from his knightly habiliments.

As the two monarchs quitted the tilt-yard, lond shouts were raised of "Vive le roi! vivent les rois!"
"You hear, Rosni," said the Bourbon, addressing his counsellor.
"Vivent les rois! 'tis a good angury,"
By-and-by three figures alone remained within the precinets of the arena.
"Since the mêlée is abandoned, thy scheme falls to the ground, my hidalgo," said the formost, who was no other than the Sorbonist.
" Perdition!" exclaimed Caravaja, twisting his moustache, after his wonted ferocious fasioion. "I know not what to think of it. I would give my soul to Sathanas, that that aecursed Scot should fall in my way."
"The compact is concluded," said the Bernardin, "for lo! he appears."

And as he spoke, Crichton, attired in a pourpoint of velvet and short Spanish martle, issued from the pavilion. He was followed by Blount, bearing Druid carefully in his arms, and directed his steps towards the outer court.
"After him," cried Caravaja, drawing a knife, and placing it in his sleeve. "A muerte!"

## CHAPTER XIII.

TIIE DUNGEON.

## Paolo. Aurait-il abjuré?

Elci. Pas encore.
Paolo. Mais cet acte il n’est que différé?
Casimer Deidivigne. Une Fumille au temps du Luther.
The Louvre once enclosed within its walls a number of subterranean cells, appropriated to the confinement of prisoners of state. Into one of these gloomy receptacles Florent Chrétien had been thrust. Deprived, by the rigour of his persecutors, of the consolation which had ever been afforded hime in hours of affliction by reference to the "healing balm" of Scripture, the good man passed the brief space allotted him on earth in deepest prayer. As the time drew nigh when his dreadful sentence was to be carried into execution, his devotions were interrupted by the entrance of one of the hooded officials, who introduced a masked female into the dungeon, and then silently departed. The dull light of a brazen cresset suspended from the ceiling imperfectly illumined the apartment, and a few moments elapsed ere Chrétien, whose eyes had been closed in earnest supplication, could distinguish the muffled object that stood before him.
"Is it you, my daughter?" he asked, as the figure remained stationary.
"It is," replied Esclairmonde, unmasking; "but I feared to disturb your devotions."
"Approach," rejoined the preacher; "your name has mingled with my prayers, let your voice also ascend with mine towards the throne of mercy. The sand of my life is almost run out. Each moment is precious. I have much counsel to give yon. But ere I
wher such precepts for your guidance as may be needful for the spiritnal welfare of one whose passage will be longer than mine own through this Vale of 'Tears, I would fain invoke a blessing on your head."

Esclairmonde knelt by his side. The benediction was besought and bestowed. The voice of the princess joined in the fervent petition for heavenly grace that succeeded. Scarcely, however, was their devout employinent brought to a close-scarcely had the holy man begun to address himself to those instructions which he deemed it necessary to impart to his religious pupil, when the door again opened, and the hooded oflicial having introduced another figure enveloped in a large mantle, departed as noiselessly as he had entered the chamber.
"He comes!" cried Esclairmonde.
"The executioner?" asked Chretien, calmly.
"The Chevalier Crichton," returned the princess.
"He here!" exclaimed Chrétien, a slight shade passing across his benevolent countenance.
"He is here to bid me an etemal furewell," sighed Esclairmonde.
"Princess of Condé," said the preacher, with some severity, " it must be an eternal farewell."
" You have said it, good father," replied Eselairmonde, in a tone of sorrowfinl resignation.
"Your rank forbids an alliance so disproportionate, even if the Chevalier Crichton's religious opinions coincided with your own." pursued Chrétien.
"Alas!" murmured Esclairmonde, "our creeds are adverse; a wide disparity of rank exists between us; but our learts are indissolubly united."
"You love him then most tenderly, my daughter?"
"Love him!" echoed the princess, passionately. "Father, to you I look to strengthen me in the resolution I have taken. This interview is my last."
"I will not fail you, my danghter," replied the old man, kindly. "Think only that he is the enemy of your faith; and that were you mited to him he might interfere with the important services it may hereafter be in your power to render to your persecuted church. The thought that will most alleviate the anguish of my latest moments is, that I have sown the good seed within your bosom, which, in due season, shall bring forth a plenteons harvest for our suffering people. Princess of Comlé, promise me solemnly that yon will never wed a Romanist."
"Eselairmonde," said Crichton, advancing.
"Hesitate not," said the preacher, severely, "or you are lost. Promise me."
"My soul is wedded to the Reformed Faith," replied the princess, firmly; "and I here vow never to bestow my hand upon a Catholic."
"Amen!" responded Chrétien, fervently.
A deep groan burst from the bosom of the Scot.
"Chevalier Crichton," said Eselaimonde, " you have heard my vow."
" I have," replied the Scot, mournfully.
"Hear me yet further," continued the princess. "My zealmy love-my gratitude, prompt me to lay aside feminine reserve. When I desired that our final interview should take place in the presence of this reverend man, it was that I might address you freely; it was, that I might avow my love in the presence of one whose holier aspirations have not rendered him insensible or indifferent to the frailties of his fellows; it was"-she added, with some hesitation, and blushing deeply as she spoke, "in the hope that our united efforts might induce you to embrace the religion I profess; and that as convert to a faith, the purity of which your severest judgment must acknowledge, I might, without violation of my conscientious seruples, though in disregard of the elevated position I am compelled to assume, offer you my hand, and request him from whose lips I have imbibed the precepts of truth and humanity, which inspire me at this moment, to affiance us together before heaven."
"You have spoken with a voice of inspiration, my daughter," said Chrétien, with a benignant smile, " and I have olfered no interruption to your words, because they flow from a source whence true wisdom only springs. You have appealed to me in a manner which I camot resist. Your heart, I know, is already betrothed to the Chevalier Crichton. Let him cast off the bondage to which he has so long heedlessly subjected himself. Let him not view religion through the medium of the senses, but by the purer light of the sacred Scriptures. Let him abjure the errors and idolatries of Rome, and exert the mighty intellectual powers with which he has been intrusted for the noblest purposes from on high-in the advancement of the true faith, and your betrothment shall not, for one moment, be delayed."
" Crichton," inquired Esclairmonde, tenderly, "is this our last mecting, or are we for ever united?"
"It is our last," replied the Scot, in a despairing tone, "if the condition annexed to the continuance of our love be my apostacy, Eselairmonde, for you I would make any sacrifice consistent with honour and rectitude of principle. For you I would resign those projects of ambition which have hitherto engrossed my soul; for you I would repress that desire for miversal distinction which has ever formed the ruling passion of my existence; for you I would be aught but a renegade to my fiith-a traitor to my God. Glory has been my guiding star; my gaze has been steadfastly fixed upon it; I have stecred my barque by its rays. Fane is dearer to me than life; love is dearer than fame; but honour is dearer than love. Listen to me, Esclairmonde. You are the Princess of Conde.

Your rank is the most illustrious in France; but that rank has had no inlluenee in engraging my affections. My heart was yours when our stations were supposed to be equal; my heart is yours now a barrier is placed between us. I can neither cease to love, nor feel increase of passion. To me you are unchanged. To me you are the orphan Esclairmonde. Rank can add nothing to your beauty, as it can detract nothing from it. 'To link my fate with yours was to realise the wildest dream of my youthful inagination. It were to attain at onee the droal to which I have aspired. It were to raise me to the proudest pinnacle of felicity to which man may attain."
"Reflect," said Chrétien.
"I have reflected," returned the Scot. "Think not my fixed resolve upon a point involving my eternal welfare has been the result of ineonsiderate caprice;-think not because I have elung to the faith of my fathers, through trials, of which this, though the severest, is not the most formidable-think not it has been from a preverse adherence to wrong; think not, because you are strong in your own belief-a belief which I regard as false and pernicious -that I am not equally inflexible. I have disputed on the tenets of my faith with my sage preceptor, Buchanan, and he has failed to convince me of my errors. I am a Catholic from conviction; and as such, am as fully prepared as yourelf to embrace the alternative of death rather than departure from that religion which is derived from truth, and sustained by holiest tradition."
"If the great Buehanan has failed to work your conversion, my son, my endeavours must prove ineffectual," returned the preacher, shaking his head; "nevertheless, I will essay-"
"It is in vain," replied Crichton, sternly. "My martyrdom is past-yours is to come, old man. I have twice endured temptation to-day -I have twice resisted it. The hand of the Princess of Condé was to have been the price of my disloyalty-the same hand has been made a lure to drag me to perdition."
"Say rather to direct you to salvation," rejoined Eselairmonde. "Oh! Crichton, if I have any inlluence over your heart I would now exert it-if, as the humble instrument of the divine will, I can wean you from the dangerous and idolatrous creed to which you are bigoted, the whole of my future life shall evince the extent of my gratitude and devotion."
"Eselairmonde!" exclained Crichton, mournfully, "for that ereed I have quitted my father's roof-for that creed I have braved a father's malediction-for that creed I now renounce all I hold dear on earth. We must part for ever."
"Crichton, you love me not."
"Let the sacrifice I have just made attest my love," returned the Scot, bitterly. "Tempt me not, Eselairmonde. My bosom is torn asunder by conflicting emotions-my brain reels-I cannot support this struggle longer. Your own lips shall seal my fate."
"Be mine, then."
A shudder ran through Crichton's frame.
"I am lost," he murmured.
"No, you are saved," replied the princess, triumphantly; " kneel with me at the feet of this holy man."
"Hold!" exclained Chrétien; " this must not be. Gladly as I would number the Chevalier Crichton among the faithful servants of the true God, his conversion must be accomplished by other influence than that of the passions. Evii means cannot work grood ends. The faith which is not the result of conviction is little better than hypocrisy. Differing as I do with him upon essential points of religious eredence, I appland the Chevalier Crichton's constancy:-nor would I attempt to shake it save by arguments such as my brief span of life will not permit me to cmploy; and I must think better of a creed which can strengthen the bosom of one so young against snares and temptations that hoary zealots might have found it difficult to resist."
"Your hand has arrested my downfal, good father," said Crichton.
"I rejoice at it, my son," replied the preacher. "Fly while your resolution still continues. I would not incur your reproaches. You must part from the princess, but not, I hope, for ever. A time-not far distant-may arrive when your opinions will undergo a change, and when she may bestow her hand without violating her sacred promise."

A tear stood in Esclairmonde's eye as she regarded her lover, and, unable to control herself, she fell into his outstretched arms.
"When I uttered that fatal vow, I pronounced my own sentence of death," she cried.
"Alas!" returned Crichton, "I would have prevented it-but it is now too late."
"It is," rejoined Chrétien, in a severe tone. "Depart quickly. You interrupt my devotions. I would prepare for eternity."
" Father," said Crichton, "I trust you will have a longer period for that preparation than your persecutors would allow you. Your life is of more consequence than mine; the services which you ean render the Princess Esclairmonde are greater than I can render her. Live then for her."
"You speak in parables, my son," retumed the preacher, in surprise.
"Tuke this mantle and this ring," said Crichton, "and your evasion is easy. It is the signet of the king. Display it to the guard at the portals of the Louvre, and the gates will fly open at your approach. Waste no time, but mufle up your features, and figure in this cloak."
"And you?"
" Heed me not. I will remain here in your stead."
"I cannot accept freedom on such terms, my son."
"Hear me, good father," replicd Crichton, earnestly. "You to not forth alone. Eselairmonde must accompany you. If she returns to the masque she is lost."
" Gracious heaven!" exclaimed the preacher.
"Henri"s plans are so contrived that she cannot escape him. The King of Navarre is the dupe of his royal brother, and will unwittingly increase the risk, if not precipitate the fate of his newfound cousin, in the wild scheme he has devised for her flight. Catherine de Medicis is occupied with her own dark designs. But Whe will not interfere with, if she declines to forward, those of her son. An hour hence the Louvre may be the scene of fiercest strife. But an hour hence it may be too late to save the princess from dishonour."
"And your life will be the sacrifice of your devotion?" said Eselairmonde. "No, I will rather return to the bancuet, and place myself under the protection of Henri of Navarre."
" He is unable to protect you," replied Crichton. "Fear nothing for me."
"Why should not you accompany the princess, Chevalier ('richton?" asked the preacher.
"Question me not, but go," replicd Crichton, hastily: "her life, her honour is endangered by this delay."
"I will not consent to your destruction," said Esclairmonde, passionately.
"You destroy me by remaining," rejoined Crichton; "a moment more, and it may be too late."

As he spoke, the iron door revolved upon its hinges, and a huissier, bearing a flambean, entered the cell, and in a loud voice amounced "The king."

Accompanied by Marguerite de Valois, Henri III. immediately followed this amouncement. A malicions smile played upon the features of the monareh as he noticed the dismay of the group at his appearance. "You were right in your conjecture, sister," he said, turning to the Queen of Navarre; "our stray turtle-doves have flown hither. The prison of a Huguenot is as favourable, I find, to the assignations ol love as the bower of a Phryne. Messire Florent Chrétien might, perhaps, have found fitter occupation for his latest moments than to assist at such a rendezvons. But it is quite in character with his doctrines. His meditations, however, shall not be longer disturbed. The damps of this cell strike chilly on my senses after the perfumed atmosphere 1 have quitted. Princess of Condé," he continued, advancing towards Esclairmonde, who recoiled at his approach, "the masque claims your presence."
"Sire," replied the princess, firmly, "I will rather remain a captive for life within this dungeon than return to your polluted halls."
"Obey him," whispered Crichton; "I may yet be able to deliver you from this perilons strat."
" Our attendants are at hand, fair cousim," said the king, significantly; "I neither mean to detain them as prisoners, nor to endanger my own health, by longer continuance in this unwholesome vault."
"Go, my daughter," said Chrétien; " the Power that watches over innocence will protect you. Fear nothing."
"Your hand, fair cousin," said Henri, impatiently.
"Your majesty will not refuse to conduct me to the King or Navarre?" said Esclairmonde, reluctantly complying with the monarch's request.
"Of a surcty not," rejoined lienri, smiling; "but you will find him so completely engrossed by the languishing regards of La Rebours, that he will searcely desire your company."
""Indeed!" exclaimed the princess, starting.
"Chevalier Crichton," said Henri, pausing, "you have disobeycd our injunctions. Henceforth you are banished from our presence."
"Henri," interposed Marguerite de Valois, " for my sake overlook his fault."
"For your sake, Margucrite!" returned the king, in surprise; " a moment ago you would have changed his banishment to death."
" Tax me with inconsistency if you will; but grant my request."
"Souvent femme varie," returnal Henri, laughing; " be it as you please. To banish him from the revel might tend to throw a shade over its gaiety. Retain him by your side, and I an content. Allons."
" Margucrite," said Crichton, as the Queen of Navarre took his arın, " your generosity has savel your brother's crown."
" If it has revived your love I an satisfied," returned Marguerite, tenderly.
" You may revive it, my queen," said Crichton.
"In what way?" demanded Marguerite, trembling with eager-ness.-" But I can guess. You require my assistance to free the Princess of Condé from her present danger. You shall have it."
" Yours is a noble heart, Marguerite."
"It is a faithful and a fund one, Crichton. Trifle not with i tenderness."
"If I survive this night, my life is yours."
"Survive it, Crichton!-what mean you?"
"I am half distracted, Marguerite. But linger not. IIenri already gone."
"And Esclairmonde," added the queen, with a look of jealous reproach.

Many minutes had not elapsed after their departure, when Chrétien, who had again addressed himself to his devotions, was aroused by the harsh volee of the hooded official, who commanded him to arise. The grood man instantly obeyed. The cell was filled with a crowd of tigures in sable robes and masks.
"Thy last hour is come," said the official.
"I am prepared," returned Cluétien, in a firm tone. "Lead me forth."

While the hands of the preacher were bound together, the voice of a priest, who formed one of the dismal group, thundered forth the following psalm :-" Exurge, quare obdormis Domine? exurge, et ne repellas in finem: quare faciem tuam avertis? oblivisceris tribulationem nostram: adhasit in terra venter noster: exurge, Dumine, adjuva nos. et libera nos."

Chrétien was then conducted through a variety of intricate passages to the edge of the Seine, now lighted up by the lurid glare of the torches borne by the expectant crowds on the other side of the river, and being placed in a barque was rowed swiftly over to the Pre-alux-cleres, where a fierce shout of exultation welcomed his arrival.
"Kindle the pile," shonted a thousand voices; " let the heretic dic!"
"We are starved to death," cried the Sorbonist; " and want a fire to warm us-to the stake-quick-quick!

> Death to the Muguenot!-fagot and flame! Death to the Inuguenor:-torture and shame:"

The red glare which shortly afterwards tinged the inky waters of the Seine was the reflection of Chretien's funeral pyre.

## CHAPTER XIV.

## THE CONSPIRACY.

Dis-ınoj, mon maitre, comment crois-tu que finira cet imbroglio?
L. Viter. Les Barricades.

Wuen the royal party retumed to the masque the festivity of the evening was at its height. The music was breathing its softest strains-the cavaliers were whispering their most impassioned lovespecehes - the dames were making their tenderest responses. The universal ficedom that prevailed gave the revel somewhat of the character of an orgie. Esclairmonde shrunk back as she beheld the license of the scene, and would have retreated, had retreat been possible. But Henri huried her quickly onwards.
"The King of Navarre is seated near yon beaufet," he said; "his right hand grasps a goblet, while lis left is passed around the waist of his mistress. We shall be rather in the way. No matter. I am ready to commit you to his care."

Eschirmonde hesitated.
"At all events we had better wait till he has fimished his song," contimed Henri; "for it is evident from his gestures that he is pouring forth his passion in verse. In the mean time, you will oblige us by resuming your mask, fair cousin."

As the princess complied with the monarch's request, Henri of Navarre arose. Takinir the hand of his partner, he hastened to join the dancers, and was quickly lost to view.
"You must, perforce, remain with me a few moments longer," said Henri; "let us take our station within yon embrasure, whence we can command the room, and as soon as the bransle is ended, I will smman the Bérnais to our presence."

Esclairmonde suffered herself to be led towards the window. As they proceeded thither, Henri ventured to take her hand within his own.
"Sire," she said, gently endearouring to withdraw it from his grasp, "I will only consent to remain with you, on the condition that you do not renew the suit which has hitherto so much distressed me."
"Your condition is a hard one, fair cousin; but I will strive to obey you."

The princess looked around for Crichton. Amid the crowd of gay masks, however, that surrounded her, she could not discern his stately figure, or that of Margucrite de Valois. "He has left me," she mentally cjaculated; "that royal syren has regained all her influence over his soul."

Henry divined her thoughts. "My sister has imposed no such condition on her lover as you would impose on me, fair cousin," he said. "Their quarrel is evidently arranged, and he is restored to his old place in her affections."
"Sire!"
"They have disappeared. Shall we pay another visit to the oratory ?"
"Suffer me to join the queen-mother, sire. I perceive her majesty in the further salon conversing with the Duc de Nevers."
"With De Nevers," repeated Henri, angrily. "No, ma mic, I cannot part with you thus. I have a word or two to say respecting this Admirable Scot. A little more this way, fair coz. I would not be overheard. What if I tell you that Crichton's life hangs on your compliance."
"His life, sire?" gasped Esclairmonde.
"Your hand alone can arrest the sword that trembles o'er his head."
"You terrify me, sire."
"I would not do so, mignonne," replied Henri; " on the contrary, I wish to re-assure you. Princess," he added, passionately, "it is in your power to save him."
" I understand your majesty," said Esclairmonde, coldly.
"Not entirely," returned the king; " you may divine my motive, but you scarcely, I think, foresee the proposal I am about to make to you. I must premise by recounting the history of my earliest amourette. Renée de Rieux, my first mistress, before I beheld her, had disposed of her heart to Philippe Altoviti."
"Spare me this recital, sire."
"She is now his consort. You love the Chevalier Crichton. On the same terms you shall be his bride."
"I an the daughter of Louis of Bourbon, sire."
"The Chevalier Crichton shall be a peer of France."
"Were the King of France to suc for my hand I would refuse him!" replied lsclaimonde, haughtily; "let him seek out his minions among those complaisant dames who, because he is a king, have nothing to refuse him."
"You have sealed your lover's fate, finir cousin," rejoined Henri. "Du Halde," added he, motioning to the chief valet, " bid the Duc de Nevers attend us."
"Sire," said Esclairmonde, becoming pale as death, but speaking in a firm tone, "take heed how you proceed to extremities. I am a woman, and a threat from me may weigh little with your majesty. But, it from mere jealous anger, and on no just ground, you adjudge a knight, loyal and true as Crichton, to a shameful death, such vengeance as one of my sex may take, I will have. Look to it, sirc. My threat is meither an idle nor a light one."
"Par la Mort-dicu!" exclamed Hemri; "if I had entertained any doubts as to your origin, fair cousin, the spirit you have just displayed would have removed them. The fire of the old Bourbons is not extinct. I accept your defiance. Crichton dics-or you are mine. Decide, for here comes his exccutioner."
"I answer, as the Chevalier Crichton would," replied Esclairmonde, "Death rather than dishonour."

Whatever reply Henri meditated was cut short by a merry peal of laughter from a party of frolic dames who occupied a fautenil near them, and the voice of the Abbé de Brantôme was heard reciting the following lines, which produced a very edifying effect apon the fair anditors:

## 

[^26]> Fcr, it he the fire of one region should smother, He is sure to be scorched iny the flames of the other! And this is the reason, perhaps, why Saint Gregory (The Pope, who reduced the stout Arians to begrary) Iverral-(keep this comsel for ever before ye) That the lover on earth has his sole purgatory:

## zacroration.

Let your minds then be wrappd in devout contemplation Of the precepts convey'd by this grave exhortation; Be loving, beloved, and never leave ofl--it's The way to fulfil both the law and the prophets!

To return to Crichton. Upon entering the grand salon the Scot detached himself from Marguerite de Valois, and hastily resuming his mask, proceeded with a quick step, in the direction of the queen-mother. Catherine, at that moment, was engaged in deep conference with the Due de Nevers, and the Scot was enabled to approach her unperceived. Stationing himself behind a pillar, his quick ear failed not to catch each word of their discourse, though it was carried on for the most part in whispers.
"And the Duc d'Aujou, you say, madame, alarmed at the discovery of his letter contained in the missal, has quitted the Lonvre withont striking a blow?" said De Nevers.
"The moment I received your billet I despatched it to him by a faithful messenger," returned Catherine. "Apprehensive of discovery, he fled."
"Confusion!" muttered the duke; "his head was to have been the price of my lieutenant-generalship. Henri will dare nothing against the queen-mother."
"You are thoughtfin, Monsicur le Duc," said Catherine, suspiciously.
"I am full of regret that our plot is defeated," replied De Nevers.
"It is not utterly defeated," answered the queen.
" Indeed!"
"What Anjou dared not do I will execute alone."
"Yon, madame?"
"Failing in my attempts upon the honesty of our incorruptible Scot, I have found a hand as sure as his, and less reluctant. Hold your partisans in readiness, De Nevers. Henri dies to-night."
"And your majesty can fully rely upon the instrument of your will?"
" Fully," replied Catherine; " he is a Spanish bravo, aceustomed to the use of the stiletto-and will not need to repat the blow."
"'Tis well," rejoined the duke-" and the signal!"
"Will be the king's assassination," said Catherine. "Mark me, De Nevers. I will contrive that Henri and Crichton sha! enter the oval clamber together. The assassin is already posted behind the arras. As the king passes he will strike. Do you and
your attendants rush in at the cry and despatch the Scot. Hew him down without mercy. Henri's death will lie at his door."
" It shall be done, madame."
"Ah! here comes Du Halde. We must separate."
Possessed of the plans of his enemies, Crichton hastened back to Marguerite de Valois, who awaited his return with impatience. "To the oral chamber, my queen," he said; " quick-quick."
"Wherefore?" demanded Marguerite.
"Henri's life is menaced by an assassin," replied Crichton. "I must seek him, and apprise him of his danger."
"Henri is there already," returned Marguerite. "He has this moment entered that chamber with Esclairmonde."
"Ha!" exclaimed Crichton, darting from her; "I may be too late to save him."

It will be necessary to return for a moment to the Princess of Condé. After rejeeting Henri's proposal in the disdainful manner described, and in order to escape from his further assiduities, while he lent an attentive ear to Brantôme's homily, Eselairmonde retired into the embrasure, and throwing open the window, stepped forth upon the balcony. A terrible spectacle was presented to her view. In the midst of a bright and spiring flame which mounted high in the still air of night, brilliantly illuminating a confused mass of threatening figures, liung a black and shapeless object. The prineess turned aside in horror. Just then a loud exulting roar arose from the multitude. 'The remains of the martyred Chrétien had dropped into the devouring element. Esclairmonde heard no more. She fell, without sense, into the arms of Henri, and, by his command, was instantly conveyed to the oval chamber.

When Crichton arrived at the doors of this chamber he found them elosed. Two huissiers stationed before them peremptorily refused him admittance.
"Follow me," said Marguerite de Valois; "I will show you a secret entrance to the room."

Passing through a suite of apartments with the rapidity of thought, Crichton and the queen reached a small ante-chanber, in the comer of which, a suite of tapestry having been removed by Marguerite, a masked door was disclosed. Another valve admitted them to the oval chamber.
"Help!" exelaimed Henri, who, pursued by Caravaja with a drawn dagger in his hand, flew in the direction of the sound"an assassin! help!"
"Sangre di Dios! I have missed my first blow," cried the Spaniard, catching hold of Henri's mantle-" but this shall find the way to thy heart, tyrant."

But as he uttered the words, the sword of Crichton passed through his body, and he fell heavily upon the person of the king, which he deluged with his blood.
"Crichton!" exclaimed Esclairmonde, aroused from her insensi-
bility by Itenri's outcries; "ah! what do I behohl? -the king assassimated!"'
"No, fair cousin," replicd Henri, extricating himelf with aifficulty from the gripe, which death had not relasel. fixed by the Spamard upon his cloak. "The Virgin be prased, I have escaped without injury-though not without alarm. Chevalier Crichton, let those doors be thrown open."

The command was obeyed; and the monarch, pale, trembling, and covered with blood, was revealed to the general gaze. liy his ide stood Crichton with his drawn sword in his hand, still giving ghastly evidence of the execution he had done. Amid the universal constemation that prevailed, the voice of the Due de Nevers was heard exclaiming-
"The king is mortally wounded-the assassin stands before us. It is Crichton. Slay him! Cut him in pieces!"
" Hold!" cjaculated Henri, checking the movement of this faction. "I am unhurt, messicurs," he continuel, addressing the guard; "I command you to attach the person of the Duc de Yevers, whom we accuse of lèze-majesté and treason.——Madame." added he, turning to Catherine, "you will answer me on the same charges."
"At once, and boldly, my son," replied the queen-mother. "You are deceired. The sole traitor stands by your side. I will prove the Chevalier Crichton guilty of the crimes you have imputed to me."
"Let Cosmo Ruggieri stand forth," said Crichton.
At this summons the astrologer fored his way through the crowd.
"What hast thon to advance agrainst me?" demanded the queen, imperiously.
"That you have conspired against the life of the king, your son, and against his crown," returned Ruggieri, firmly, "and that the Due de Nevers is your accomplice. Will your majesty deign to regard this scroll?"
"It is thine own condemnation, Rugrieri," said Henri, glancing at the document; "thoia art deeply implicated in this conspiracy."
"I deny it not," replied the astrologer; "let cqual justice be dealt upon all who have betrayed you."
"Ruggieri," said the king, "thy doom is the galleys. De Nevers shall lose his head. For yon, madame," he added, looking at the queen-mother, "I will reflect upon your sentence."
"I am content," said Ruggrieri, with a look of gratified revenge; " one of those accursed Gonzagas will fall by my hands."
"Away with him," said Henri. "Chevalier Crichton," he added, embracing the Scot, "you are my preserver, and henceforth my brother. I have played the tyrant and the libertine long enough. I will now endeavour to assume the part of the generous
monarch. The hand of the Princess of Conde is yours-ha! what means this hesitation?"
"Sire! a greater obstacle than you have raised divides us," replied Crichton; " our creeds are different."
" What of that?" said Henri of Navarre, who had joined the group; " Margucrite de Valois is a Catholic. I am a Protestant."
"An excellent cxample, certes," said Chicot, screaming with laughter.
"There is one favour which you can confer, sire, and which I can accept," said Crichton.
" Name it."
"The freedom of the King of Navarre."
"It is granted," replied Henri, " on condition that he takes his queen with him."
"Exense me, sire," replied the Bourbon. "I have too much consideration to separate her from the Admirable Crichton. Fair cousin of Condé, you will accompany me. His majesty has promised you a fitting escort."
"I have," replied Henri; " but I would rather find her a fitting husband."
"Crichton," said Esclairmonde, blushingly turning towards her lover, " have I your dispensation if I break my vow?"
"From the bottom of my heart," replied Crichton, passionately. "And I begin to find I am not so staunch a Catholic as I fancied myself when I quitted Florent Chrétien's cell."
" I would be of any creed for the woman I love," said the Bourbon.
" And I," said Henri III.
"Then no more nced be said about the matter,' cried Chicot. "Let us send for a priest at once. He will remove every difficulty. Points of faith are easily settled where love plays the umpire."

## APPENDIX.

Duning Criehton's residence in Venice in the autumn of the year 1550, when, as he himself has told us,

## Dum procul a Patria Hadriaci prope litora Ponti Consedi,

when his eloquence had electrified the doge and the assombled signomy when he had disputed in utramque partem upon the subtile doctrines of the Thomists and Seotists (a parte rei, et a parte montis) with the learned Padre Fiamma, e con molti altri valorosi prelati, in the presence of the Cardinal Ludovieo D'Este, the patron of Tasso, and the brother of Affonso II., Duke of Ferrara; had discussed with the Greek theologians. in the house of the Patriareh of Aquileia, the mysterious subjeet of the procession of the Holy Ghost, overwhelming his opponents with the weight of authorities which he adduced; had astonished the ready Italian improvisatore by a faculty more wonderful than his own ; had confounded the mathematician, the astrologer, and the cabalist; had foiled the most expert swordsman, and the most brilliant wit at their own weaponswhen his grace and beauty had captivated many a fair signora, and his unequalled prowess in the revel and the masque had driven many a rival gallant to despair ; and when, at length, satiated with enjoyment, and crowned with suceess, to eseape from the enervating allarements of the sea Phryne, he erossed her blue lagoons, and secluded himself ir some villa on the Brenta, to prepare for that final triumph which he was destined so gloriously to achieve in the three days' disputation held in the Chiesa San Giovanni e Paolo; then it was, that Aldus Manutius, prompted by his ardent admiration of the youthful Seot, or urged to the task by the curiosity of his noble correspondent, furnished Jacomo Buoncompagno, Duke of Sora, an eminent patron of men of letters, and brother to the reigning pontiff, Gregory XIII., with the following particulars of the mostro de mostri.
Relatione della qualita di Jacono mi Crettone fahta da Aldo Manutio al Deea di Sora Adix Ottobre, 1581.*
Lo Scozzese detto Jacomo di Crettone è giovane di xx anni, finiti alli 19 d'Agosto passato, grande di statura, di pelo biondo, e d'aspetto bellissimo. Possiede diece lingue, la latina più bella et più pronta di quella di Monsignore

[^27]Moretto,* la Francese ed Italiana in cecellenza, la Greca bellissima e ue fa epigrammi, l’llebrea, la Caldea, la spagnuula, la Fiamenga, Inglesa, Sco\%zesa, e intende la 'Tedesca. l'ossicde Filosofia, Theologia, Mathematica, ed Astrologia, e tiene tutti i calcoli fatti sin ad hoggi per falsi. Di Filosofia e Theologia ha disputato più volte in questa Cittir con li primi letterati di questa professione con stupore di tutti. Ha perfettissima cognitione della Cabala, e di memoria tale che non sà she cosa sia il dimenticarsi ed ogni oratione udita da lui recita a parola per parola. Fa versi all' improviso di tutti li metri, e di tutte le materie vulgare e latine e ne far improvise e belle. Ragiona di cose di stato con fondamento. Cortegiano con maraglivi e gratissimo nelle consultationi, soldato at tutta botta. e ha speso due ami in Francia alla guerra con carico assai honorato; salta e balla per eccellenza; armeggia e ginoca d'ogni sorta d'armi e ne ha fatto qui la prova; maneggiatore aggarhato di cavalli, giostratere singolare, di sangue nobite anzi per madre Regrale stuardo. $\dagger$ Ha disputato con greci in easa del Nuntio e del l'atriarea d'Aquilata materia dellat processione del Spirito Santo con gramde applanso e con grandissima copia d'untorita de Dottori e consigli come Aristotele e commentatori alle mani recitando le facciate intiere non che le righe greche. Sit tutto S. 'Thomaso, Scoto, Thomisti e scotisti a mente, e disputa in utramque partem, il che ha fatto felicemente laltro giorno col l'adre Fiamma, e con molti altri valorosi Prelati alla presenza di Monsignore Mhstrissimo il Cardinale da Este. Volse il Patriarca e la Signora ulirlo e ne restorono maravigliosi e stupefatti; das. Serenità fù premiato di 200 senuli. In somma è mostro de mostri, e tale che molti udendo cosi fatte qualitit in man corpo benissimo proportionate e loutinno dalla malinconia famo di molte chimere. Ilieri si ridusse fuori in villa, per stendere due mila conclusioni le quali in tutte le perfettione vole mantenere (qui in Venctianelle Chiesa di S. Giovan e Paolo; fra due mesi tutto in mondo corre per udirlo.
'There is only one perplexing point about this letter; and if I could follow my Uncle Toby's advice to Corporal Trim, and "leave out the date entirely," much tedions speculation might be spared. For the genmineness of the edition in my possession-that it is actually, as it, title states, appresso Aldu-I camot vouch. Counterfeits of the productions of this celebrated press are too numerous and too skilful to suffer me to hazard such an assertion. But at all events it is, beyond doubt, a fac-simile of the original. Obtained from Milan, my copy consists of a few leaves, yellow with age, with the device of the elder Ildus on the title-page,

* The famous Marcus Antonius Muretns, the friend of the Manutii, and one of the most profound scholars of his day. He was sneceeded in the Roman datir of philosophy by the younger Aldus. The wonderful skill of Muretus in Latin versification will readily be conceivel when it is stated that he palmed certain scenes of his own composition upon the learned Joseph Sealiger as frayments of two ancient comic writers, Attius and 'Trabea, which that great philologist unhesitatingly introducel into his edition of 'Terentius Varro.
$\dagger$ Compare the above description with the following passage from the "Dedication to the Paradoxes of Cicero," subsequently published by Aldus:-" Magna sunt ista profecto, et inaudita. mediocria tamen, si cetera speetemus; guod, scilicet decem linguarum, multorm idiomatum, omnium diseiplinarmm cog. nitionem ante vigessimmm primum atatis annmm, sis adeptus; et digladiandi. saltandi, ommum gymnasticarum exercitationm, et equitandi studia, tanta cum alacritate ingenii, inimique hmmanitate, mansuetudine, et facilate conjunxeris, ut nihil te admirahilins reperiri possit. Sed non inmmerabiles vitæ tux transacte laudes; non mirificam illam coram Serenissimo Principe ac Illustrissimis Venete Reipublice proceribus actionem; non subtilissimas tuas de Theologia, philosophia et rebus Mathematicis, disputationes in plerisque maximorum hominum romecsibus, recensebo; non tantorum hominum ad te videndum concursum, ut olim l'latoni a Sicilia revertenti, relicto Olympico spectaculo, tota Atheniensium celebritas oceurrisse fertur; cum te omnes, signo rubex liose, quod tibi natura circa dextru'n lumen impressit, tamquam unicam et raram in terris avem, homines cognoscerent."
and purports to have been printed "in Venegia, M.DLXXXI." The memoir is not mentioned by Renouard; nor is it inehaded in the small quarto volume of the letters of Aldus Manutius, published at Rome. none of which, as Dr. Black observes (fir I have not seen the collection). is written prior to 1585 . Having premised thus mueh, I shall proceer with my reasons for the emendation of the date, which, I conceive should be the tenth of October, 1.580, not 81 . From another contemporary authority (a manuscript chronicle cited by Serassi, the writer of whicli evidently derived his information from Aldus) we learn that Crichton reached Venice "nel mese d'Agosto del löso." Coupling this intelligence with the fual passage of the Relutione, "fra Lue mesi tutto ilmondo corre per udirlo," we have the exact period of his arrival and departure, and my hypothesis is confirmed. He remained in Venice two months. And here I may note that the Affiche (the date of which is 1 i80) is made, owing to its faulty punctuation, to announce to the learned world that Crichton's disputation in the Chureh of Saint John and lanl would take place within two months; whereas we are expressly told by Aldus Mamutius, who was not only the adviser, but a spectator, of this memorable controversy, that it commenced on the day of Pentecost. 1.551. Aldus, indeed, seems to refer to some such panegyrie as this Relutione, when he states in the "Dedication to the Paradoxes of ("icero," " munc rero etiom lator, toii Italic, et orli fortusse terrarme muirerso perspectum esse judicium de te meum, mit ea quae cum hec venisses scriptis commendayi;" and mark what follows, "que tili ipsi, , пe nonnudlis ucerrimis censoribus, aspira utque injucunda videbantur. Niom, liret tum amorem malui ostendere, quamprudentian, nunc ambo, cum anicis tuis, tum inimieis, si qui amplius tam feri atque inhnmani reperinntur, manifista sunt, postpuam tha virtus tam clarum suli splentorem diffudit." Intluenced by a desire to serve his friend, the great printer may have allowed his letter to the Duke of Sora to be widely cirenlated, and perhaps connived at its publication by the brothers Guerra, for which injudicious zeal he appears to have ineurred the censure, as well of the high-minded object of his adulation, as of those envions detractors, which a celebrity like that of Crichton was certain to a waken. That Dr. Black, after a careful investigation of the colleeted letters of Aldus, could ouly discover this solitary passage, which he thinks may relate to Crichton-" $S a$ V. S. Illustrissima, che io sempre fienctus sum officio cotis, o deve ricordarsi dello Scozzese, il quale godè lu beniguitù, e liberalità di cotesta Republica, favorito anche da lei, che si mosse e per farorir lui, e per obligar me"-proves nothing. Aldus might uot probably desire to introduce his letter to Buoncompagno in a volume containiug a similar eulogy on the Polish Crichton, Stanislaus Niegossevio, addressed to the same nobleman.

It follows, from what has been advanced, that upon the validity of the evidence afforded by Aldus Manutius - whether considered as the author or originator of the Affiche, the Relatione, the "Manuseript Chronicle," or the "Dedication to the Paradoxes" (for they are one and the same thing), rests Crichton's chaim to that glorious epithet by which he has since been distinguished. His mighty intellectual powers are attested by Astolfo and Scaliger; but his universal accomplishments and personal graces are recorded by Imperialis, Dempster, David Buchanan, Johnston,
amd other later writers on the testimony of Aldus.* And that testimony, notwithstanding it has been impugned by Doetors Kippis and Black, has heen satisfactorily shown by Mr. Fraser 'Tytler to be unimpeachable.

If any proof, indeed, were wanting of the sincerity of Aldns's affection for, and admiration of, his friend, it would be found in the following pathetic lament, which (deceived hy a false rumour of Crichton's death) he inseribed to his memory:-

## Armés Manutius to the Memoiy of James Crichton.

"O Crichton, it is just that praise should attend thy memory, since we have heen deprived of thee by an untimely death! Who is there that did not admire thee in life? who that does not mourn thee dead? While alive, the judyment I had formed of thy merits was my honour cmel whrantuge; and now that thou art no more, my grief is immeasurable. Would to God thou wert yet alive, and that this fatal land (though the native country of Virgil) had never possessed thee! For such has been our wretched destiny, that the same land which to him gave birth, should in this latter year deprive thee of life (alas, in thy twenty-second year, a spen of existence, though sufficient for thy glory, yet too short for us). For ever shall I revere thy memory! For ever shall thy image be present to my eyes! To me thou wilt ever be the same, ever cherished in my heart, as in the affections of all worthy men! God grant that thy lot alove may be the consummation of heavenly felicity, as on earth thou wert ever attached to what was of heavenly origin, ind ever employed in the contemplation of such objects. O melancholy duy, the third of July! This to thee I write, from this mehncholy sojourn on earth. to that heavenly habitation, with my carnest prayer for every blessing to thy spirit." $\dagger$

The date of this affectionate tribute is the 4 th of November, 1583 : it is prefixed to the Addine edition of "Cicero de Universitate." I mention these circumstances because they are important to the consideration of two inedited poems of Crichton, which have falleu into my hands, to which I shall now proceed.

I do not know how I can better introduce the subject than in the words of Mr. Tytler. "Serassi," says this gentleman, + "an author of high character fo: accuracy, asserts that he has amongst his miscellanies an 'Epicedion,' written on the death of the Cardinal and Saint, Charles Borromeo, by James Crichton, a Scotsman, and printed the very day after his death. Serassi copies the title of this 'Epicedion' verbatim, and evidently must have had it before him when he wrote the passage. All supposition of mistake upon his part is thus nearly preeluded. The concidence of the two names, Jucobus Critomius, the additional appellative Scotus, and the circumstance that the elegy was written, printed, and published the day after the death of the cardinal, fises the poem upon James Crichton of Cluny; as the improbability of the supposition that

[^28]there should have been another Scotsman of the name of James Crichton in Italy, in the year 1584, possessed of the same remarkable facility in poctical composition, is quite apparent. And lastly, the subject on which this elegy was composed, renders any error almost impossible. Had it been a poem on any indifferent subject, or a prose work relating to any disputed point in physies or in morals, we might have been allowed to conjecture that the date 1584 was erroneous; but the death of the cardinal, Charles Borromen, fixes us down to a certain time. An 'Epicedion' on this venerable character conld not have been written anterior to the year 1584. On the one hand, therefore, we have Aldus, Imperialis, and all his succeeding biographers, fixing the death of Criehton to the year 1582 or 1583 ; on the other hand, we have it asserted, that the Admirable Crichton, on the th of November, 1584, composed an 'Epicedion' on the Cardinal Borromeo. On which side the truth lies, must be left for future writers to discern."

To this I answer by producing the "Epicedion" in question.
Epicemili Illestrissimi et Reverendissimi Cardinalis Caroli Boromei, ab Lacobo Critonio Scoto, rogaty Clabishim, Sumiaque in optimem Pastorem scum pietate, viri, Ioannis Antoni Magh Mediolanem. Pronimo post obitcm de exaratui. De Consensu Superiorun. [Mediolani. Ex. Typoghapha l'acifici Pontio. medxixin.]

Heu pullâ clamyde, et scissis Elegia capillis Prodeat, et calamos Egloga nacta nigros.
Nox erat, et mostas agitabam pectore curas, Horaque me noetis tertia vexat atrox.
Nulla datur requies; sed mens insana vagatur Semper, et objectis horret imaginibus.
Ast tandem sero deelinant lumino sommo, Et (dolor) obrepunt somnia dira mihi.
Namque fretum ingressus portu prodire videbar, Quique ratem regeret Navita nullus erat.
Hie Ephyre, Drymo, Cydiple, Glaucia, Doris, Nanthia, Cymodoce, Lysis et Opis erant.
Hæc velut in gyrum duplicato poplite fertur, Remigat hae pedibus, nee resupina jacet.
Intonat horrisono Coelun se murmure miscens, Hinc Notus, hine Boreas, Africus inde rumat.
Involuere diem nubes, cacæque tenebræ Insurgunt, et nox ingruit atra salo.
Deficit eximio spoliata carina Magistro, Atque procellosis ingemit icta notis.
Extimui, steteruntque coma, et timor occupat artus, Prolı dolor, en veris sommia mixta noto.
Pro stupor, Aretois peregrinus Scotus ab oris, Nauclerum Latii defleo jure pium.
Flete Viri, lugete senes, diseindite vultus 0 pueri, heu juvenes imbre rigate genas.
Stridulus emissis certatim ululatibus ether Horreat, et finem non habeant gemitus.
Quales cum Troix jam tum Fortuna labaret, Iliades scisso crine dedere Nurus.
Ne mea suspensum teneant te metra, benigne Lector, Cliristigenar Navita, puppis hic est.
Caboles Insubri Boromels sanguine eretus, Cui virtus claro stemmate major erat.
Caroles æterno Boromiefs Numine fultus. Et miserx gentis dux foret ille suæ.

Nom prece, non pretio, non vi sed ceelitus alnum, Illius texit purpura sacra caput,
Menteque perpetuâ Christum spectabat Iesva, l'urpureos inter gloria summa l'atres.
Non aliter quam vel radiis solaribus ather Cynthia vel bigis nox taciturna suis.
Scilicet Jusubres vitiorem mole ruentes, Erexit priesul dexteritate pius.
lirectoş̧ue manu validâ fulcivit Ephebus, Contudit et saera Relligione seelns.
Hunc lens elegit solide pietatis alumnum, Ut magnos patrixe splendor ubique foret.
Sapins ille homines media de morte recepit, Quum pestis latè serperet atra Lues.
Hle Dei classem remis, velisque carentem lnstituit medio Fortins ire freto.
E.t licet extinctus sit corpore nomine vivit, Cujus fama mitent pulsat utrmaque polum.
In (fuo virtutes fixere selilia cuncta, De vitiisque ferunt alta trophea beo.
Integritas animi, placidoque modestia vultu, Et mullis probitas contemerata malis.
1)espectu-que sui, legis respectus avita, lrovidus, et casto plemus amore timor
Factis culta fides, non solis tumea verbis, Sed supero accensas quax dat ab igne faces.
Aures nobilibus mites prebebat; egenis Consuluit pariter nobilis ille parens.
Ergo non alio fils est hone nomine dici. (Zuam suia, quo, pietas nota sit, atque fides.
Sic virtute sua clarus, nec carmine nostro, Laule nee alterius clarior esse potest.
Hand equidem varios cristallina globa colores 'Tot dabit, hì morum quot simulachra nitent,
Et tamen (o l'ietas) vitales exuit auras, lit cerl proprias itque reditque vias.
Eheu nil valuit fugientem sistere vitam, Ah nil morte homini certins esse patet.
1lla malis requiem, metamque laboribus affert, Ommiaque alternas constat habere vices.
Sic pluvialis hyems, Zephyro spirante recedit, Sic pial naterus pramia vester habet.
Admonet eece Dens, Deus athere missus ab alto, Currat ut in portus thta carina suos.
Intereà l'ressul visit pia fana Varallae, Ut presagus olor filta subire parans.
Suncie, quem dederat, cursum Natura peregit, Molliter ossal cubant, spiritns astra colit.
Quem mus felicem, terris pelagoque relictis, Fatidico cecinit Delphicus ore Dens.*

* A free translation of this Elegy will be found in the following page. A copy alluded to by M. Byries (the writer of the article on "Crichton" in the Biog. Universelle) is preserved in the Bibliotheque du hoi at l'aris, of whe? I have procured a transeript, agreeing in all respeets with another impression obtained from Milan.


## Epícoíum:

ON IHI:
CARDINAL CARLO bORROMEO

## 1.

With black funcreal robe, and tresses shorn, Oerwhelmed with grief', sad Elegy appears;
Aul by her side, sits Eecioga forlorn,
Blotting each line she traces with her tears

## II.

'Twas night !--long pondering on my secret woes The third hour broke upon my vigil lone; Far from my hreast had sorrow ehased repose, And fears presagetul threatened ills unknown.

## III.

Slumber, at length, my heavy eyelids sealed;
The self-same terrors sared me as I slept.
Portentons dreams events to come revealed, Amb oer my couch fantastic visions swept.

## IV.

Upon the shoreless sea methought I sailed, No helmsman steered the melancholy barque; Aromen its sides the pitying Nereids wailed, Clearing with show-white arms the waters dark.
V.

Cydippe, dolphin-borne, Ephyra fair, And Xanthia leave their halcyon-haunted cave3, With Doris and Cymodece to chare
'The maddening strife of storm-awaken'd waves
VI.

Drawn, unresisting, where the whirling gyre $V$ exes the deep, the ship her prow inchines;
While, like a pharos' yleam, the lightning's fire Over the raging vortex redly shines.

## VII.

Mix'd with the thunder's roar that shakes the skies. Notus and Afriens and Loreas sound ;
Black wreathing clouds, like shadowy legions, rise, Shrouding the se:t in midnight gloom profound.

V1II.
Disablect, straining, by the tempest lashed, hett of her storm-tried helmsman's gaiding hand,
The vessel sinks :-amid the surges dashed, Vainly I stiugrgle-vainly cry for land!

## IX.

Alas! stern truths with dreams illusive meet! Latime the shipwreck of her hopes deplores !
The pious leader of the Insubrian fleet
I nourn-a wandering Scot frons Northern shores !

## X.

Weep, youths ! weep, aged men. weep ! rend your hair !
Let your wild plaints be on the breezes tost !
Weep, virgins! matrons! till your loud despair
Ontbraves her children's wail for Ilion lost :
XI.

In that wreck'd barque the Ship of Christ behold!
In its lost chief the Cardinal divine,
of princely Lombard race;* whose worth untold
Eelipsed the lofty honours of his line.
XII.

His suffering conntrymen to rule, sustain, By the All-wise was Bormoneo given;
And he, who stoop'd not dignity to gain, $\dagger$ Derived his high investiture from hearen.

## XiII.

Bright as the sum o'er all pre-eminent. Or Cynthia glittering from her star-girt throne, The saintly Cuarues, on truths sublime intent, Amid the purple hierarchy shone.
XIV.

The Christian fleet, deroid of helm and sail,?
He mann'd and led where roughest billows roll ;
And, though no more, his virtues wide prevail,
Their sacred intluence spreads from pole to pole.
XV.

His, was the providence that all foresces,
His, the trist placed, unchangeably, above
His, strict observance of his sires' decrees, Rapt adoration, and fear-chasten'd love.
XVI.

The faith in practice, nut profession, shown, Which borrows all its glory from on high
Was his :-nor did his holiness, alone, Consist in outward forms of sanctity.

* Saint Carlo Borromeo was born at Arona, near the Lago Maggiore, the loveliest of Italian lakes, on the 2nd of Octuber, 1538. Ilis fimnily was, and still continues to be, the most illustrious in Lombardy. It derives, however, its proudest distinction from its comexion with the virtuons cardinal and his exalted nephew Frederigo, whose sublime character has been of late so exquisitely portrayed by Mamzoni. If ever man deserved canonisation, it was the smbject of this elegy, whose whole life was spent in practices of piety; and whose zeal, munificence, wisdom, toleration, and beneficence, have conferred lasting benefits on his ereed and country.
+ He was made Cardinal and Arehbishop in his twenty-third year by his uncle, Pius VI., who had resigned several rich livings to him twelve years before. -Liustace. Classical Tour through Italy.
$\ddagger$ Borromeo found the diocese of Milan in the most deplorable state of disorter. But with a vigorous and unsparing hand he reformed all ecelesiastical abuses"C'est ainsi," observes M. Tabauraud, the writer of his life in the Biog. Universelle, "que l'Eglise de Milan, tombée dans une espèce d'anarchie depuis quartrevingts ans que ses archevêques n'y résidaient pas, reçut en peu d'années cette forme admirable qui, par la vic toute angèlique de son clergé, la rendit le modèle de toutes les antres Eglises. Tant de reformes ne purent se faire sans de grands obstacles, qu'il surmonta par sa fermeté, sa patience et son imperturbable charité."
XVII.

A willing ear minto the nobly-born,
Nobler himself, he neer retused to yield; Nor, Jesus' meek disciple, did he scorn The humble frayer that to his heart appealed.*
XVIII.

Can no remembrance dearer than his name Bequeathed us, link his memory with the earth Nor cam my praise and lustre to his fame Iroud heritage of unexampled worth! $\dagger$

NIX.
When orer his desolated city fell
The livid plague's inexorable breath ; Oft, in the lazzarettos tainted cell, Fervent, he prayed beside the couch of death. +

$$
x x
$$

As through the fane the pale procession swept, $\|$ Betore its shine he bent in lowliest wise; Imploring heaven, in merey, to accept His life, for them, a willing sacrifice.

## XXI.

When from the assassin's arm the bullet sped, Ile blemehd not, nor his deep devotions stopt;
"Be not dismay'd in heart:"-the anthem sidid, IIe rose-the bullet from his vestment dropt !s

[^29]X゙XI．
Not in the prism more varied hues reside．
Than bright examples in his comrse are traced ．－ Alas！his longer sojourn here denied，

Ilis guiding star is from its splere effaced．
XXIII．
Alas！life＇s ebhing tide no hindrance knows！
With man is nothing certain but to dice ！
Mortality，alone，presents a close
Immutable，mill mutability．
N心15．
As．in some strean remote，the swan expires，
l3reathing，mheard，her fate－foreboding strain，
So the declining Cardinat retires
＇I＇o steep Varalla＇s solitary fine．＊
NXV．
Like the fair flower that springs from winter＇s crust， Lombarts！your P＇rimate bursts his earthly chains；
And，in his Father＇s mansion with the Just， $A$ portion and inheritance obtains．$\dagger$

XXV1．
Within his chosen tomb calm may he sleep！$\ddagger$ Beatified，aloft，his spirit soars！
White Virtue＇s loss irreparable，deep， With reverential grief the Muse deplores．

The authenticity of this poem canot for an instant be disputed．It bears the strongest internal evidence of emanating from the same mind
restrum neque formidet，lassassin，éloigne seulement de cinq ou six pas，tire un coup d＇arquebuse sur Siant Charles，it genoux devant lautel．A ce bruit，le chant cesse，la consternatixn est générale ；le Saint，sans s＇émouvoir，fait signe de continuer la priere：il se eroyait cependant blessé mortellement．et offrait it Dien le sacrifice de sa vic．La prière fimie，il se relève，et voit tomber à ses pieds la balle： qu＇on lui avait tirée dans le dos，et qui n＇avait fait qu＇effeurer son roehet．${ }^{\text {－}}$－Broga Universelele．＇The holy primate endeavoured，ineffectually，to preserve Farina and the instigators of his crime from the pmishment they merited．They were put to death，and Pius VI．dissolved the order（ Gli Umili）to which they belonged．
＊The Monastery of Monte Varalla is situated in the Piedmontese states，near the banks of the Sesia．＇Shither Saint Charles retired immediately previous to his dissolution，attended only by his confessor，the Jesuit Alorno，－ind returnert thence to Milan in a dying state．＂Franeiseum Adormum Societatis Jesuphrimi fecit qui cum in extremo vite curriculo per dies plurimos，quo tempore in Monte Varallo meditationibus se totum tradiderat Caroles ab ejus latere numqum discesserit．＂－Caroli Cardin．Borromai Iitu－Valerio．Antone Godeav，Bishnp， of Grasse，who has written the life of the illustrious Primate，gives the following partieulars of his melancholy visit to the Monastery ：－＂Encore que toute la vie de Saint Chambes finst me retraite mentale，toutefo＇s it avait acoutume den faire une locale tous les ans en quelque monastère ćcarté，où il employoit quel－ ques jours pour faire une revue sévère de sil vie，et pour prendre un nouvel esprit e zèle et de piété．Avant que de s＇en retourner à Milan，il voulut paseer an Mont Varalle，dont nous avons parlé，et y faire ses exereices．＂－Vie de S．C／h Borromée．Liv．II．Ch．dernier．M．Melhin，in his Vogage dans le Mitanais，de－ scribing the mountain oratory of Varese，observes ：－＂Un va de là à Varalie，ou： les Histoires de l＇Ancien et du Nouveau－T＇estament sont figurées dans cinquante－ deux chapelles．＂
$\dagger$＇Ihe earthly pilgrimage of Saint Charles terminated on the 4 th of November， 1584，at the age of forty－six years．He was camonized by Paul V．in 1610.
$\ddagger$＂Cupiens hoc loco sibi monumentum vivens elegit．＂－Epitaph inscribed upon： Zurromeo＇s tomb by his own desire．
that eonceived the -tppulaus ad Venetam: and the vexata quastio so longe agitated, as to Crichton's having survived the perilous Nones of July may be now eonsidered finally settled. As an extemporaneons clition (and its author twice intimates that it is to be so esteemed), it must be allowed to be a remarkable production. Its versification is singularly fluent and harmonious; and it breathes a spirit of tender melaneholy perfectly in unison with the subject. It was dashed off at a heat, at the request of a friend, with its writer's characteristic rapidity; and, if we should fail to diseover phaseses of such transcendent beautr as might be expected from a genius of an order so high as that of Crichton, we must bear in bind the disadvantageons eirenmstances under which, in all [robability; it was composed. The grief of the youthful Seot was. 1 am persuaded, no poetie fiction. Be this as it mar, his reputation will suffer no diminution from the connexion of this - lepicedion" with his name.

## Famigeras iterum Critonius exit in auras

 Et volat ingenio docta per ora virum.Not only, however, was Crichton alive in November, 1584 -not only on the death of the divine Borromeo did he pour forth his elegriac strains; but in the succeeding month we have further proof of his existence and unabated poetical powers in the following congratulatory address, with which he celebrated the imduction of Gaspar Visconti to the archiepiscopal see of Milan.

Jacobi Critonil Scoti ad amplissimum ac reverendissimum maru Gasbarem Vicecomitem* Suma omnidm ordinum Voluntate, ad preclaram Arehiepiscopatus Mediolanen. Ahministrationem, delectum.

## GRATULATIO. $\dagger$

I'rimus in Exequiis ferali carmine Scotus lastoris dolui funera mœesta pii. Finera mœsta pii Bonowner Prasulis ah ah, Deplanxit tristi nostra 'Ihalia stylo.
Apice post nimbos, nitidum quàm sape reducat V'eetus Lucifero Cynthius axe, diem.
Namque salo pridem Navis spoliata Magistro, More poctarum, fluctibus obruitur.
Sevit hyems, venti ingeminaut striduntque rudentes, Soll citoque tremunt corda pavore virum.
Nee spes ulla fuit melior, quin deficit ommis Naucleri posito, turba, magisterio.
Nee quicquam nisi vota facit divosque deasque Orat, ut aflictis rebus adesse velunt.
Tanta sed externi fuerit elementia l'arris Ut non humanas deseruisect opes.
Sic pelagi tandem compescuit Euhus astus, Atque reluctantes traxit in antra Notos.

[^30]Lit caput exerıit formosior equore Titan, Huxit votis mille petita dies.
Eece relut fulgur media quod nocte cornscat, Hiter adest prastans nivita puppis, lio.
('ujus opes magnas, virtus et glorial\}nge lixuperint, hujus non levis urbis nonor.
liostral Ruta,* Ioma, recta ratione rotabat, limantique ratem relligione reget.
Colloquio prasens prasenten denique novi, Sensibus injecit qui pia vinela meis.
l'awsule ter felix o nune Insubria tali, Inclyta cui virtus cernitur esse parens.
Quem propriis ultrò tendentem laudibus, omnes Hoe norunt sacrum promeruisse jubar.
Currite jam cives, dignis ornate lapillis, Nobile, facundum, conspicuumque caput.
Exoptatus ades patrix rectorque paterque Gaspar præsignis nomine reque Comes.
Ruid potuit mostre contingere latius Urbi? Qui suavi pasces pectora nostra cibo.
l'articipes hujus concurruut undique gentes latitiæ, et cura est omnibus unt tui,
Deponunt luetus, et te succedere gandent, Nam cui succedis non latet orbe viros.
Illum Sarmaticus Boreas, et Cancasus asper l'rotulerit, Charites qui neget ore tuas.
Magnanimum sydus, tu gloria splendor avorum, T'u generis columen, portus et aura tui.
Integritas morum, pietas, facundia, virtus, Musa, tibi probitas, dexteritasque placent.
Relligione Numam, antiquum gravitate Catonem, Augustum illustrem nobilitate refers.
Hine te Gregorids, summi qui Numinis instar, Clavigerî, reserat regna beata, manu.
Eximio magnus donavit munere Pastor, Ut tegat emeritas sacra Tiara comas.
Auguriis sibi quisque animum felicibus implet, Exoptat longos, et tibi quisque dies.
Critonius Scotis Aretoa in finibus oræ I'rogenitus, Gasisar, gratulor ecce tibi, Sis felix, carmenque meum lege fronte serenâ, Giaudebit, Prœsul, Musal fivore tuo.

Ci ID SXCIV. V. Idus Decembris.

## To Gaspar Viscontí.

## I.

When her fair land with grief o'erspread, Insubria mourn'd lier limate dead; When Borromen to the tomb Was borne 'mid all-pervading gloom; When dinm'd witl tears was every eye, When breathed one mirersal sigh The sorrowing lyre for him who slept, Lfirst-a Scottish minstrel-swept.

* The well-known Papal court called the Rota. Gaspar Visconti was one of the twelve judges, as we learn from Sacius, who says that he proceeded to Rome -ut una cum auditoribus quos vocant Rote Romanes in eo insigni sapientum collegio considerct. The reader will admire the singular alliterative splendour of this couplet.


## II.

The night is pass'd, and dawn awakes, Bright Cynthins throngh the vapour breaks And Lacifer, with cheering beans, From out his golden axte gleams. Where late upon the raging sea The wild winds rush'd tumultuonsly; And the frail barfue by surges tost. Her tempest-braving helmsman lost, Fier timbers straind, her canvas riven, Wide o'er the weltering waste was driven; While her pale crew, with fear aghast, Gazed (as they deem'd) on heaven their last! With shrieks their hapless fate bewailing! With prayers the threatening skies assailing!--A change is wrought !-hushed are the gates A sott and summer calm prevails; And the glad ship, in safety, glides Over the gently-rolling tides. In troops o'er the ocean's broad expanse, Day's rosy harbingers advance; Bland Eolus careers the wave,
Fierce Notus hurries to his cave; Young 'Titan irrom the waters springs, With new-born lustre on his wings;
And over all things shines that smm, Whose light a thousand vows have won.

## III.

Iö! with shouts the deck resound!
Iö! another chief is found!
Another leader hath been sent
To rule the Christian armament; Whose firmness and undaunted zeal Fisure usinterrupted weal: Whose voice the Roman Rota sway'd, Whose laws that synod sage obey'd: Whose hand will guide with equal eate,
I'eligion's barque through stormy seas:
Whose power in exhortation shown,
Whose wisdom I myself have known;
When by his eloquence subdued,
In admiration lost, I stcod.
Rejoice, thrice-happy Lombardy!
That such a chief is given to thee!
A chice so free from aught of sin,
Virtue might be his origin:
Whose heavenly purpose, onward-tending,
Whose resolution-calm, usbending,
Shall lead thee through the shades of night
'To realms of everlasting light.

## IV.

Haste, Milanese! your Primate greet!
P'relates! your leader fly to meet!
Run, maidens! youths! let each one bring
Some gift, some worthy offering!
Surrounding nations hail your choice,
Surrounding nations loud rejoice!
Like him, whom ye lave lost, was none
Save him your choice has fall'n upon!

## v .

A father fonl, a ruler wise Gaspar, in thee, we recognise: Thy hame, Viscosti, seems to be All earnest of prosperity. T'o us thon art in our distress, As mama in the wilderness. Inhospitable Cancasus, Sarmatian Boreas rigorous, seize on the caitiff, who denies Thy all-acknowleng'd charities: A glory art thon, and a star, A light, a pharos seen afar! Aud, clothed with majesty divine, Shalt prove the pillar of thy line. High rectitude and preseience Are thine, and wide beneficence; A Numa in thy sanctity, A Cato in thy gravity, Augustus in nobility. Hence the lligh Pontiff Gregory,* Who holds of l'aradise the key, For thee earth's chains hath cast aside, For thee heaven's gate hath opened wile; Milan's white robe hath romd thee spread, Her mitre placed upon thy head.

## VI.

In thy blest adrent all men see Of peace a certain augury; All tongues are clamorous in thy praise, All pravers are for thy length of days. Anid the crowd. I, Cbichton, born On Caledonian shores forlorn, Not all unknown, congratulate Thee, Gaspar, on thine honour'd state. Perpetual happiness be thine: Thy bright, approving smile be mine! Nor let thy taste, severe, disdain, Primate, this welcome-breathing strain.

Unnoticed by, and evidently unknown to all his former biographers, this congratulatory poem closes the intellectual career of the Admirable Crichton. $\dagger$ All beyond is wrapped in obsenrity.

To the consideration of the present and the preeeding performance should be brought a knowledge of Crichton's strong devotion to the Church of Rome; to that ancient faith-shorn of its glory in his owre land, for which, after encountering those unhappy differences advertet to by Aldus (prelia domestica contra te suscitata qua cum patre gessisti), and rejecting the brilliant offers held out to him by the leaders of the popular faith, whose cause and opinions his family had em-

[^31]braced, he had so long absented himself from his comtry, his friends, his home.*

Attached to the Clurch of Rome. he was necessarily attached to her priestlood. Milan, mender the sway of the divine Borromeo, became the model of ecclesiastical jurisdiction. To Milam, Crichton repaired. His grief for the loss of the exalted primate was deep and heartfelt; his rejoicing at the appointment of his successor, whose piety he himself, as he informs us, had approved-

> Whose power in exhortation shown, Whose wisdom, I myself have known, When by his eloquence subdued, In admiration lost, I stood-
was unfeigned:-and if the verses just quoted do nothing more, they at least prove that the adherence to the faith of his mcestry, which sent him forth a wanderer from their heresy-girt halls, was still unchanged.

Efforts have been made on the part of some recent writers to shake the celebrity of the Admirable Scot, by assailing the few poetical pieces which he has left us, and by measuring the grasp of his intellect by this unfair standard. This is to judge of the fire of Sappho by her twin odes; of the comic humour of Menander by his fragments. The prejudices of the learned biographer of Tasso minst indeed have been blinding, if he could see no beauties in the "Appulsus"-no inspiration, no poetic nerve, no classic taste and feeling in the odes to Massa and Donatus. It is not, however, from what remains to us of his writings, but from the effect produced upon his contemporaries (and such contemporaries), that we can form a just estimate of the extent of Crichton's powers. By them he was esteemed a miracle of learning-divinum plane juvenem: and we have an instance in our own times of a great poet and philosopher, whose published works scarcely bear out the high reputation he enjoyed for colloquial ability. The idolised friend of Aldus Manutius, of Lorenzo Massa, Giovami Donati, and Sperone Spreroni, amongst the most accomplished scholars of their age ; the antagonist of the redonbted Arcangelus Mercenarius and Giacomo Mazzoni-(whose memory was so remarkable that he could recite entire books of Dante, Ariosto, Virgil, and Lucretius, and who had somnded all the depths of philosophy)-could not have

[^32]been other than an extraordinary person ; and we may come to the conclusion respecting him, arrived at by Dr. Johnson, that "whatever we may suppress as surpassing credibility, yet we shall, upon incontestible authority, relate enough to rank him among prodigies."

## THE END.

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[^0]:    * Scholars either not living within the walls of the university, or not iveing en persion at the colleges.

    广 Yellow-beaks; a nicknama applied to newly admitted students.

[^1]:    * Crichton is described in the letter of Aldus Manutius to the Duke of Scra e'scwhere quoted, as "grande ci statura, di petu biondo, et danpetto bellissimo."

[^2]:    * See what Thuanus says, upon the post mortem examination of Charles IX. jib. Ivii, -er causî incoumitiâ reperti livores. The end of Charles was, indeed, awful; but its horror would ive increased, if we could be assured that his excruciating pangs were occasioned by his mother.

[^3]:    * A catalogue of Marguerite's various amourettes will be found in the Fivorce Satirique, published under the anspices of ler consort, Henri IV. More than half, however, are, nost probably, scandal.
    + Marguerite was then of the tender age of eleven.
    $\ddagger$ Colonel-General of the French infantry. Brantôme has written his Eloge.
    This refrain is attributed to the Duchesse de Guise.
    II The Sieur La Mole, surnamed " I.e Baludin de la Cour ;" beheaded by Charles
    IX., it is said, from jealousy. Mollis V'ta, Mollior interitus.
    - Pussi D'Amboise.-Formos l'eneris furiosi Bon tis alumnus.
    ** The Duc de May eme, brother to the Duc de Ciaise.

[^4]:    * Bislop of l'aris.
    $\dagger$ IMilip 11. $\ddagger$ Ifenri of Navarre, afterwards Henri IV.

[^5]:    * These verses are imitated from a trentaine of beaux Sis, recorded in the Dames Galantes. Brantome gives them in Spanish prose from the hips of a fair Toledan, mentioned in the text; they are, however, to be met with in an old French

[^6]:    - Sec Callot's magnificent piece of diablerie, upon this subject, and the less exfravagant, but not less admirable picture of Teniers; and what will well bear comparison with either, Reizch's ilhstration of the Walpurgis Night Revels of Gouihe.

[^7]:    * Pope Alexauder VI., of the family of Lenzuoli. hot who assumed previous to his pontificate the mame of lorgia, a name rendered infamous, as well by his own erimes and vices, as by those of the monster offspring Cæsar and Lucrezia, whom be had by the courtezan Vianoza, aceording to Gordon, instigated to the murder of Zizime or Djem, son of Mahomet IL., by a reward of 300,000 ducats, gromised by Bajazet, brother to the ill-fitted Othman l'rince.

[^8]:    * Paraphrased from Ronsards Ode.-Lorsizue Bucchus entre cinez mei, sc.

[^9]:    * The famous engagement with the Swiss, near Milan, in which Francis the First came off victorious. Fleuranges places the ceremony of the king's knighthood before the battle. The "Loyal Servant," however, states that it occurred, as is must probable, after the confict.

[^10]:    * "'Tu es bien heureuse d'avoir aujourdhui, à un si beau et si puissant roí, dome lordre de chevalerie. Certes, ma boune épée, vous serez comme reliques gardée, et sur tout antre honoré !"-P'récis de la Chevalerie.
    $\dagger$ Estour-al grand mêlec.
    $\ddagger$ "This sword has been lost. Charles Emannel, Duke of Savor, requested it of Bayard's heirs. One of them, Charles du Motet, Lord of Chichiliane, sent him, in default of it, the battle-axe of which Bayard made use. The duke told the Dauphinese gentleman, when he wrote to thank him for the present, "That in the midst of the pleasure he felt at beholding this weapon placed in the worthiest part of his gallery, he could scaree elioose, but regret that it was not in such good hands as of its original owner.' "-Champier.-Sce also the account of Bayard's death in the Chronicle of the Loyal Servunt.

[^11]:    $\dagger$ A very free adaptation of a sparkling little romance by Audefroy-le Bastard to be found in the Ronancero Frangois, entitled Bele Yolans. Mnch liberty has been taken with the concisting stinzu-inded the song altogether bears but slight resemblance to its original

[^12]:    - The above lines are little more than at versification of some of the celebrated President D'Espagnet's hermetic canons, with which the English adept must he familiar in the translation of Elias Ashmole. D' Espagnet's Arcanam Philosophice Hermetice has attained a classical celebrity among his disciples, who were at one period sufficiently numerous. The subjoined interpretation of this philosophical allegory may save the uninitiated reader some speculation. "La Fontaine que l'on tronve à l'entrée du Jardin est le Mercure des sages, qui sort des sept sources, paree qu'il est le principe des sept métaux, et qu'il est formé par les sept planetes, quoique le soleil seul soit appeté son père et la lune seule sá mère. Le Dragon qu'on y fait boire est la putrefaction qui survient à la matière qu ils ont appelée Dragon, à cause de sa couleur noire, et de sa puantenr. Ce dragon quite ses vêtemens, lorsque la conleur grise suceède à la noire. Vous ne réussirez point si Vénus et Diane ne vous sont favorables, c'est it dire, si par la régime de fen, vous ne parvenez à blanchir la matière quill appelle dans cet etat de blancheur le règne de la line." -Dictionnaire Mytho-Hermetique. The mysterions influence of the mumber Seven and its relations with the planets is too well known to need explanation here. Jacques Bohom has noticed it in the enigma contaned in his Aquarium Sapientium beginning-

[^13]:    - Le Loyer obscrves, that the Saboe, evohe, sung at the orgia, or Bacchamalia, agree with the exclamations of the conjurers and witches - "Her Subat-Sabat ;" and that Bacchus, who was only a devil in disguise, was named Saborssus, from the Sabbath of the Bacchanals. The accustomed form of their initiation was expressel in these words, -"I have drank of the drum, and eaten of the cymbal; and am become a proficient ;" which Le Loyer explains in the following manner :-By the cymbal is meant the caldron used by the modern conjurers to boil those infants they intend to eat; and by the drum the goat's skin, blown up, whence they extract its

[^14]:    - Sathan will have an ointment composed of the flesli of unbaptized children, that these innocents. being deprived of their lives by these wicked witches, their poor little souls may be deprived of the glories of l'aradise.--De Lancre.
    + The devil marks the sorcerers in a place which he renders insensible. And this mark is, in some, the figure of a hare; in others, of a toad's foot. or a black cat.-Dcbio, Disquisitiones Magica.

[^15]:    * Adapted from an old French Imetatoyre Bachique.

[^16]:    - An adaptation of a few verscs of a Macaronic poem of little merit. entitled Des fames, des dez, et de la faverne, appended to the last edition of the Fabliaux et ©Contes des I'oétes François.

[^17]:    - Gaudebiilaux sont grasses trippes de coiraux. Coiraux sont bocufz engresses à la criche, et prés guimaulx. Prés guimaulx sont qui portent herbe deux foys l’an.

[^18]:    - The anagram of François Rabelais.

[^19]:    * Elizabeth of Austria, daughter of the Emperor Maximilian, an amiable and excellen princess, whose genuine piety presented a striking contrast to the sanguinary fanaticism of her tyrannical and neglectfnl spouse. "O mon Dieu!" she cried, on the day of the massacre, of which she had been kept in ignorance; "quels conseillers sont ceur-lù, qui ont donné le ıoi tel avis? Mon Dieu! je te supplie, et je requiers de lui pardonner, car situ i'en as pitié j'ui grand peur que celte offense ne lui soit pas pardomnée."
    $\dagger$ Jean Poltrot de Méré, the assasin of Francois de Guise, father of the Bulufré, probably, in order to screen himself, accused Coligni and leza of being the instigators of his offence. His flesh was afterwards torn from his bones by red-hot pincers, but Henri of Lorraine never considered his futher's death fully avenged until the massacre of the admiral. Coligni's head was sent by Catherine de Medicis to Rome as an offering to Gregory XIII. Upon this occasion the pope had a medal struck off, stamped with an exterminating angel and subseribed-Ugonotorum Strages.
    $\ddagger$ l'ereat suâ arte Perillus. Enguerrand de Marigni, grand chamberlain of France during the reign of Philippe-le-Bel, constructed the famous gibbet of Montfaucon, and was himself among the first to glut its horrible fourches patibuluires, whence originated the ancient adage-I'lus mallheureux que le bois dont on fait le gibet

[^20]:    * Eusuite Coligni fut traîné aux fourches patibularies de Montfucon. Le Roi vint jouir de ce spectacle, et s'en montra insatiable. On ne concevait pas quïl put résister ì une telle odeur ; on le pressait de se retircr. Non dit-il, le cadurre d'm enncmi sent toyjours bon!-Lacratenes.
    $\dagger$ La maladie de Charles IX.était accompagnée de symptômes plus violens qu'on n'en remarque dans les malades de langueur; sa poitrine était paticulièrement affectée ; mais son sang coulait par tous les pores; daffreux souvenirs persécuaaient sa pensée dans un lit toujours baigné de sang; il voulait et ne pouvait pas s'arracher de ecte place.-Lacieablle: Histoire de France pendant les Guerres de Religion.

[^21]:    * These, or nearly these words, were addressed by the Pope Benedict XIV. to Horace Walpole.

[^22]:    * From a bitter pasquinade in the Journal of IIenri III., entitled "Compa:uisin Satherire et de Jezabel."

[^23]:    * Cruentus sanguine uxoris, Pictavii ob improperatan sibi propudiosam vitam interfecte. Thuanus.

[^24]:    * That these details are not exaggerated, will be perecived by a glance a the subjoined account of the assassination of the Sieur Du Guast, taken from. the .Jurnal de Henri III. "La reine Margnerite, piquée an vif, et animée encore par les plaintes de toutes celles que Du Guast avoit outrayées, s'addressa à Guillaume Du Prat, Baron de Viteaux, alors caché à Paris, dans le Couvent des Augustins, pour un meurtre, qu'il avoit commis quelque temps auparavant en lia persome d'Antoine d'Alegre; tele l'engagea par ses caresses à devenir son rengeur. Viteaux, pour faire son coup, choisit le premier de Novembre, vielle de la Fète des Morts, paree que le bruit de toutes les cloches de Paris qui se fait entendre alors, étoit propre à eacher le bruit inséparable de l'exécution de son entreprise. Il se rend, avec quelques autres sur le soir, au logis de Du Guast, monte dans sa chambre, et le trouve au lit, où il le perce de plusieurs coups."

[^25]:    * Giacomo di Grassi, his True Arte of Defence. First written in Italian by the foresaid author, and Englished by I. G., Gentleman, 1594.

[^26]:    Saint Augustin, one day, in a fair maiden's presence, Declared that pure love of the soul is the essence! And that faith, he it ever so firm and potential, If love be not its base, must prove mo-influential. Saint Bernard, likewise, has a homily left us(Sole remmant of those, of which fate hath bereft us!) Where the good Saint confers, without any restriction, On those who love most, his entire benediction. Saint Ambrose, again, in his treatise, "De Virgme," To love one another is constantly urging ye; Aud a chapter he adds, where he curses-not blessesThe ill-fited wight who no mistress possesses! Wise De Lyra, hereon, makes this just observation, That the way to the heart is the way to salvation; Aud the further from love-we're the nearer dammation' Besides, as remarks this profound theologian, (Who was perfectly versed in the doctrine Ambrogian)He, who loves not, is worse than the infamous set ye call 1'rofane, unbelieving, schismatic, heretical-

[^27]:    * Relatione delle qualita di Jacomo di Cretone fatta da Aldo Manutio all Illustrimo ed eccelentissimo S. Jacomo Boncompagno Duca tii Sora e Gover. Gen. di S. C. In Venegia, M.bLXXXI Appresso Aldo.

[^28]:    * It may be curions to glanee at the different terms of enlogy applied to Crichton by various authors. By Aldus Manutius, in the Relatione and the Iffiche, he is styled "mostro de mostri;" by the same writer, in the " Dedication to the Paradoxes of Cicero," "unicam ct raram in terris avem;" and in the address prefixed to the "Dialogue de Amieitiâ." "divinam plane juvenem ;" by Astolfi, "mostro maraviglioso ;" by Imperialis," saculi monstrum-orbis phanix-damonium prorsus ;"," by Scaliger, "ingeninm prodigiosnm;"by Bocalini (satirieally), "il portento dinatura;" by Iotinus, "Phauix Critonius ;" by Lonconius, "Ingenio Phwnix;" by Dempster, "miraculum orbis;" by Johnston, "omribus in studiis admirabilis;" by Abernethy, "Juvenis incomparabilis;" and by Sir Thomas Urquhart he was first entitled, " T'ie Admirable Cricuron."
    $\dagger$ 'This translation appears in Dr. Black's "Life of 'rasso." It was furnished by Lord Woodhouselee.
    $\pm$ Life of Crichton, pp. 211-12 13 Second edition.

[^29]:    * So unbounded was Borromeo's charity, that he sold his principality of Oria, and distributed the proceeds amongst the poor.
    $\dagger$ The private virtues of Saint Charles, that is, the qualitics which give true sterling value to the man, and sanctify him to the eyes of his Creator-I mean humility, self-command, temperance, industry, prudence, and fortitude-were not inferior to his public endowments. His table was for his guests; his own diet was confined to bread and vegetables; he allowed himself no amusement or relaxation, alleging that the variety of his duties was in itself a sufficient recreation. His dress and establishment were such as became his rank, but in private he dispensed with the attendance of servants, and wore an under dress, coarse and common; his bed was of straw; his repose short; and in all the details of life he manifested an utter contempt of personal ease and indulgence.-Eustack.
    $\ddagger$ During a destructive pestilence he erected a lazzaretto, and served the forsaken victims with his own hands.- Eustace.
    $\|$ The incidents described in this and the following stanza do not occur in the original. As, however, they appear necessary to complete the picture of the holy Primate's career presented by the poem, I have ventured upon this introduction. These actions, as well as his heroic devotion to the plague-stricken in the lazzaretto, mentioned in the preceding verse, form subjects for part of the eight magnificent silver bas-reliefs which adorn the vaulted roof of the gorgeous subterranean chapel in the Duomo at Milan, where the body of the Saint reposes enshrined amid "barbaric pearl and gold." During the period of the plaguc. Borromeo was indefatigable in his exertions to arrest the terrible calamty. * Cherchant," says M. 'Tabaurand, "ì désarmer la colère du ciel par des processions générales, anxquelles il assistait mu-pieds, la corde au cou, les yeux fixés sur son crucifix, qu'il arrosait de ses larmes, en s'offrant à Dieu comme une c'ictime de proptiation pour les péchés de son peuple!"
    § The ecclesiastical reformation effected by Saint Charles met, as was natural, with considerable opposition on the part of the corrupt and disorderly priesthood, and he became the object of their bitterest amimosity. "Les plus opposés it la réforme," writes M. Tabauraud; "susciterent un frère Furina, qui se posta a l'entrée de la chapelle archiépiscopale, où le Saint Prélat faisait sa priere aveg toute sa maison - et, an moment où l'on chantait cette antienne: Non turbetur cor

[^30]:    * Gaspar Visconti, a prelate eminent for learning and piety (though thrown mito the shade by the superior sanctity of his immediate precursor and successor, Sint Charles, and Frederick Borroneo) was appointed to the archbishopric of Milan, on the 29th of November, and consecrated during the ides of December, 1584 (Vide Saxii scrics Archiepic. Mil. Tum. III.), the period when Crichton's congratulatory poem was published. A translation of the address will be found in the ensuing page.
    $\dagger$ Mediolani. Ex. Typographia Pacefici Iontii, M.DIXXXIII.

[^31]:    * Gregory XIII., the I'ope by whom Gaspar Visconti was appointed to the Archiepiscopal see of Milan.
    $\dagger$ Any further information respecting Crichton will probably be derived from the voluminous manuseript letters of San Carlo Borromeo, preserved in the $\Lambda \mathrm{m}$ brosian Library at Milan;-from the letters of Sperone Speroni, in the edition of Forecllini, which have not come under my observation; or from some contemporary memoir or correspondence published at Mantua.

[^32]:    * Quod scilieet regno, patria, domoque, ob Catholicæ fidei ardorem, tam longue abes.-Aldi Dedicatio in P'arodoxa Ciceronis.

